AN ACT

1 Amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the

Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in particular rights and

immunities, providing for immunity for constitutionally

4 protected communications.

- 5 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 6 hereby enacts as follows:

3

- 7 Section 1. The General Assembly finds and declares that
- 8 there has been a disturbing increase in lawsuits brought
- 9 primarily to chill the valid exercise of the constitutional
- 10 rights of freedom of speech and petition for the redress of
- 11 grievances. The General Assembly also finds and declares that it
- 12 is in the public interest to encourage continued participation
- 13 in matters of public significance and that this participation
- 14 should not be chilled through abuse of the judicial process.
- 15 This act is intended to grant immunity to those groups or
- 16 parties exercising this right and shall be construed broadly.
- 17 Section 2. Title 42 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated
- 18 Statutes is amended by adding a section to read:
- 19 § 8340.4. Immunity for constitutionally protected

communications. 1 (a) General rule. -- A person who engages in a 2 constitutionally protected communication shall be immune from 3 civil action for claims based upon the communication. If a legal 4 action is instituted against a party that is based on, relates 5 to or is in response to a party's constitutionally protected 6 communication, that party may file a motion to dismiss the legal 7 action as provided in this section. 8 (b) Motion to dismiss. --9 (1) A motion to dismiss under this section may be filed 10 at any time before the passage of 30 days after the filing of 11 a responsive pleading by the moving party or, in the court's 12 discretion, at a later time upon terms the court deems 13 14 proper. (2) The motion to dismiss shall be scheduled by the 15 court for a hearing not more than 30 days after the service 16 of the motion unless the docket conditions of the court 17 require a later hearing. 18 (3) An order granting or denying a motion to dismiss 19 shall be immediately appealable. 20 (4) In the event that a court grants a motion to dismiss 21

- 21 (4) In the event that a court grants a motion to dismiss

 22 but fails to award costs, fees or damages, as required, the

 23 order shall also be immediately appealable and the moving

 24 party may file a separate action to recover the moving

 25 party's costs, fees and damages.
- (c) Stay of discovery.--All discovery proceedings in the
 action shall be stayed upon the filing of a motion to dismiss
 under this section, which stay shall remain in effect until the
- 29 entry of the order ruling on the motion. The court, on the
- 30 court's own motion or on motion and for good cause shown, may

- 1 order that specified discovery be conducted limited to matters
- 2 pertinent to the motion filed under this section.
- 3 (d) Determination by court. --
- 4 (1) The court shall dismiss any action arising from a
- 5 constitutionally protected communication if the court
- 6 initially determines that the moving party establishes by a
- 7 preponderance of the evidence that the claim is based upon a
- 8 constitutionally protected communication and, having made
- 9 that initial determination, the court determines that the
- 10 nonmoving party has not demonstrated a probability of
- prevailing on those portions of the claim which are not based
- 12 upon, in whole or in part, or are not separable from, a
- constitutionally protected communication.
- 14 (2) In making its determinations, the court shall
- consider the pleadings and any supporting and opposing
- 16 pleadings and affidavits or other evidence submitted stating
- the facts upon which the liability or defense is based.
- 18 (3) If the court determines that the moving party is not
- entitled to the immunities granted under this section, as to
- 20 all or part of the claim, that claim or part of the claim
- 21 shall proceed as a civil action pursuant to general rules. In
- 22 that event neither the determination that the claim is not in
- 23 whole or in part based on constitutionally protected
- 24 communication nor the fact of that determination shall be
- 25 <u>admissible in evidence at any later stage of the case or in</u>
- 26 any subsequent action and no burden of proof or degree of
- 27 proof otherwise applicable shall be affected by that
- determination in any later stage of the case or in any
- 29 <u>subsequent proceeding.</u>
- 30 (e) Authorized recovery.--

1	(1) A moving party who prevails in whole or in part on a
2	motion to dismiss under this section shall be entitled to
3	recover attorney fees and costs, and any additional tax
4	liability that occurs as a direct consequence of the recovery
5	of the attorney fees and costs, from any party who has filed
6	an action, part or all of which has been dismissed under
7	subsection (b)(1).
8	(2) The court shall hold a hearing, to be scheduled by
9	the prothonotary not more than 30 days from the ruling under
10	this section in favor of the moving party, to determine
11	damages to be assessed against the nonmoving party. In
12	determining the damages, the court shall consider any change
13	in present or future expenses or operating costs to the
14	moving party. The damages shall be a minimum of \$10,000.
15	Attorney fees, costs or damages due under this section shall
16	be payable by any person deemed responsible for the attorney
17	fees, costs or damages.
18	(3) If the court finds that a motion to dismiss is
19	frivolous or is solely intended to cause unnecessary delay,
20	the court shall award costs and reasonable attorney fees, and
21	any additional tax liability that occurs as a direct
22	consequence of the recovery of the attorneys fees and costs,
23	to the nonmoving party prevailing on the motion. Attorney
24	fees, costs or damages due under this section shall be
25	payable by any person deemed responsible for the attorney
26	fees, costs or damages.
27	(f) Construction This section shall be interpreted broadly
28	as to make its applicability the norm, not the exception, and
29	any doubt regarding whether a communication is protected speech
30	shall be resolved in favor of the position that it is.

1	(g) DefinitionsAs used in this section, the following
2	words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
3	subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
4	"Constitutionally protected communication." A communication
5	in furtherance of a right to petition or a right to free speech,
6	which right is exercised in connection with an issue of public
7	concern or social significance under the following
8	circumstances:
9	(1) a written, oral, audio, visual or electronic
LO	statement or writing in connection with an issue under
L1	consideration or review by a legislative, executive,
12	judicial, administrative or other governmental body or in
13	another governmental or official proceeding;
14	(2) a written, oral, audio, visual or electronic
15	statement or writing that is reasonably likely to encourage
16	consideration or review of an issue by a legislative,
17	executive, judicial, administrative or other governmental
18	body or in another governmental or official proceeding;
19	(3) a written, oral, audio, visual or electronic
20	statement or writing reasonably likely to enlist public
21	participation in an effort to effect consideration of an
22	issue by a legislative, executive, judicial, administrative
23	or other governmental body or in another governmental or
24	official proceeding; or
25	(4) a written, oral, audio, visual or electronic
26	statement or writing that falls within the protection of the
27	right to petition government or the right to free speech
28	under the Constitution of the United States or the
29	Constitution of Pennsylvania.
30	"Governmental proceeding." A proceeding, other than a

- 1 judicial proceeding, conducted by an officer, official or body
- 2 of this Commonwealth or a political subdivision of this
- 3 Commonwealth, including a board or commission, or by an officer,
- 4 official or body of the Federal Government.
- 5 Section 3. This act shall take effect in 60 days.