

# COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

## LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1993

SESSION OF 1993

177TH OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

No. 43

### SENATE

MONDAY, November 22, 1993

The Senate met at 2 p.m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant Governor Mark S. Singel) in the Chair.

### PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend Dr. PAUL GEHRIS, of American Baptist Churches of the United States of America, Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

We will pray.

Almighty and everlasting God, who has made us for Yourself alone so that our hearts are restless until they find their rest in You, I pray this day for this honorable Senate of Pennsylvania, for the women and men called by that venerable title, Senator, and for this historic institution.

May the brightness of a refurbished Chamber be a symbol of the ongoing renewal of the body. In seeking knowledge, may they find wisdom. In deciding order, may they kindle justice. In voting public policy, may they strengthen our State.

By Your spirit, empower these, Your servants, to rise above any temptation to pettiness and self-serving and keep the high ground of integrity, magnanimity, in the service of this Commonwealth. May Your strength and power and compassion be felt and voiced and modeled in this upper Chamber. Amen.

The PRESIDENT: The Chair thanks Reverend Gehris for his prayer and for his gentle admonition. He is the guest today of Senator Mowery and Senator Reibman.

### SPECIAL ORDER OF BUSINESS GUESTS OF SENATOR DAVID J. BRIGHTBILL PRESENTED TO THE SENATE

The PRESIDENT. As a special request, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Lebanon, Senator Brightbill.

Senator BRIGHTBILL. Mr. President, I am very pleased to be able to speak here on the floor as a representative of the Berks County area. It is my pleasure to introduce Ferrol Peters. She is 10 years old and has been recently crowned Pennsylvania's favorite preteen. She will be traveling to Orlando in December to represent Pennsylvania at the national pageant. She is here with her parents, Bruce and Cindy Peters. They are here on the floor because we know that the gallery is not completed and is shut off. And she is also here with Mrs. Lyster, who is her chaperone.

I would ask the Senate to unanimously do one thing today, and that is to welcome Ferrol and her parents to the Senate of Pennsylvania.

The PRESIDENT. Would the Senators welcome Pennsylvania's preteen.

(Applause.)

Senator BRIGHTBILL. Mr. President, her smaller brother is also here, and I would ask him to rise.

(Applause.)

The PRESIDENT. The Senate joins Senator Brightbill in welcoming these very special guests to the Chamber of the Senate of Pennsylvania.

### JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present, the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding Session of June 23, 1993.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding Session, when, on motion of Senator LINCOLN, further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

### COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

#### APPROVAL OF SENATE BILLS

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate communications in writing from the office of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, advising that the following Senate Bills had been approved and signed by the Acting Governor:

SB 1, SB 263, SB 687, SB 691, SB 692, SB 694, SB 801, SB 864, SB 871, SB 893, SB 970, SB 1018, SB 1047 and SB 1052.

#### APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL WITH OBJECTIONS

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate a communication in writing from the office of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, advising that the following Senate Bill had been approved and signed by the Acting Governor, with objections:

SB 1098.

Said bill having been returned with the following message:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
HARRISBURG

July 2, 1993

TO THE HONORABLE, THE SENATE  
OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill 1098, Printer's No. 1525, entitled, "A SUPPLEMENT to the act of (P.L. , No. ), entitled 'An act providing for the capital budget for the fiscal year 1993-1994,' itemizing public improvement projects, furniture and equipment projects, transportation assistance projects, flood control projects and redevelopment assistance projects to be constructed or acquired or assisted by the Department of General Services, the Department of Environmental Resources, the Department of Community Affairs or the Department of Transportation, together with their estimated financial costs; authorizing the incurring of debt without the approval of the electors for the purpose of financing the projects to be constructed or acquired or assisted by the Department of General Services, the Department of Environmental Resources, the Department of Community Affairs or the Department of Transportation; stating the estimated useful life of the projects; authorizing certain waivers; and making appropriations; AND MAKING REPEALS," except as to the following:

Section 13 14. Appropriations.

(a) Public improvements.—The net proceeds of the sale of the obligations authorized in this act are hereby appropriated from the Capital Facilities Fund to the Department of General Services in the maximum amount of ~~\$465,890,000~~ ~~\$1,492,380,000~~ ~~\$1,319,669,000~~ to be used by it exclusively to defray the financial cost of the public improvement projects specifically itemized in a capital budget. After reserving or paying the expenses of the sale of the obligation, the State Treasurer shall pay to the Department of General Services the moneys as required and certified by it to be legally due and payable.

This item is approved in the sum of \$297,386,000.

(B) FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT.—THE NET PROCEEDS OF THE SALE OF THE OBLIGATIONS AUTHORIZED IN THIS ACT ARE HEREBY APPROPRIATED FROM THE CAPITAL FACILITIES FUND TO THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES IN THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF \$22,291,000 TO BE USED BY IT EXCLUSIVELY TO DEFRAY THE FINANCIAL COST OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS CONSISTING OF THE ACQUISITION OF ORIGINAL MOVABLE FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT SPECIFICALLY ITEMIZED IN A CAPITAL BUDGET. AFTER RESERVING OR PAYING THE EXPENSES OF THE SALE OF THE OBLIGATION, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL PAY TO THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES THE MONEYS AS REQUIRED AND CERTIFIED BY IT TO BE LEGALLY DUE AND PAYABLE.

This item is approved in the sum of \$2,419,000.

(b) (C) Transportation assistance.—

(1) The net proceeds of the sale of the obligations authorized in this act are hereby appropriated from the Capital Facilities Fund to the Department of Transportation in the maximum amount of ~~\$251,199,000~~ ~~\$295,687,000~~ ~~\$296,344,000~~ to be used by it exclusively to defray the financial cost of the transportation assistance projects specifically itemized in a capital budget. After reserving or paying the expense of the sale of the obligation, the State Treasurer shall pay to the Department of Transportation the moneys as required and certified by it to be legally due and payable.

This item is approved in the sum of \$173,251,000.

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(e) (D) Flood control.—The net proceeds of the sale of the obligations authorized in this act are hereby appropriated from the Capital Facilities Fund to the Department of Environmental Resources in the maximum amount of ~~\$45,000,000~~ ~~\$71,700,000~~ ~~\$82,850,000~~ to be used by it exclusively to defray the financial cost of the flood control projects specifically itemized in a capital budget. After reserving or paying the expenses of the sale of the obligation, the State Treasurer shall pay to the Department of Environmental Resources the moneys as required and certified by it to be legally due and payable.

This item is approved in the sum of \$3,500,000.

(d) (E) Redevelopment assistance.—The net proceeds of the sale of the obligations authorized in this act are hereby appropriated from the Capital Facilities Fund to the Department of Community Affairs in the maximum amount of ~~\$79,965,000~~ ~~\$427,747,000~~ ~~\$485,173,000~~ to be used by it exclusively to defray the financial cost of the redevelopment assistance projects specifically itemized in a capital budget. After reserving or paying the expenses of the sale of the obligation, the State Treasurer shall pay to the Department of Community Affairs the moneys as required and certified by it to be legally due and payable.

This item is approved in the sum of \$177,488,000.

As in previous capital project itemization bills received by this Administration, parts of the above appropriations have been deleted because some projects included in this bill are not legal or are duplicates of projects approved in previous capital project authorization acts. In addition, significant reductions have been made for projects which were not included in an agency five year capital plan. Those projects would not have received or passed an agency review as to need or legality. These reductions are necessary because the total contained in this bill, added to the projects remaining from prior capital project authorization acts which are still pending implementation, is beyond the financial capability of the Commonwealth to undertake.

The aggregate capital debt authorized but not issued now stands at over \$14.4 billion for all categories of projects. The aggregate capital debt authorized but not issued for public improvement projects accounts for over \$2.9 billion of the total. Senate Bill 1098 without reduction would have increased this amount by over \$1.3 billion, to a total of over \$4.2 billion for public improvement projects alone. This Administration remains committed to maintaining our financial integrity through exercising restraint in the amount of new construction and other capital projects undertaken, and approving the substantial increase which Senate Bill 1098 contained without disapproval could have a negative impact on our bond rating which would result in higher costs to issue those bonds needed to insure the continued operation of the Commonwealth and its programs including the capital program.

Substantial capital project itemization acts have been passed in 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992 and now 1993. It is beyond reasonable expectations that all projects approved in those acts could be started and still maintain our financial integrity. Therefore consideration was given to approving projects which are most likely to be undertaken.

Some recurring problems with recent capital project itemization acts should be noted here. The first is the number of projects which cannot be undertaken by the Commonwealth which are included in the acts. Some of these projects are in the wrong category, such as community college projects in the public improvement projects and furniture and equipment projects categories which are reserved exclusively for Commonwealth owned facilities. Community college projects, like the Montgomery Community College projects, are not funded through the capital budget process but receive funding from the State share of capital costs from the annual General Fund appropriation to community colleges. Other projects contained in the bill do not meet additional requirements of the category of project, such as sewer, water and housing projects, are not eligible for funding under the redevelopment assistance category, or are below the minimum re-

quired for bond funding.

A second problem is the number of duplicates contained in the bill. Some projects are placed in more than one category and other projects, like the Nescopok State Park project in public improvement and the Wyoming Valley flood control project in flood control, are already approved in prior acts.

Finally, projects which were vetoes in previous acts because they were not included in an agency five year plan are again appearing in this bill and must again be vetoed for the same reason. Such projects have not received the needed review and inclusion in an agency plan which allows us to prioritize projects and move them in an orderly way through the capital process. This is especially true for the higher education institutions whose voluminous projects are again vetoed for lack of review. The higher education institutions need to work more closely with the Department of Education to assure that those projects which the institutions view as needed can pass department review and be included in the five year plan so that in future years these projects could be approved.

Some of the projects vetoed from Senate Bill 1098 could be funded from the Keystone Recreation, Park and Conservation Fund which is in House Bill 52, also on the Governor's desk for approval. If approved by the electorate, \$50 million in bond funds will be available for both State and local parks and cultural facilities in addition to other uses. The Fund will also receive 15% of the Realty Transfer Tax collected by the Commonwealth beginning in 1994-95. This will be an estimated \$30 million annually for the purposes of the Fund.

As in previous item vetoes of capital project authorization acts, those projects which will not be undertaken are listed below.

Section 3. Itemization of public improvement projects.

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(1) DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

(i) State Correctional Institution - Cambridge Springs

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- (B) Improvements to the water line from the water plant to the existing tank 590,000  
(Base Project Allocation - \$500,000)  
(Design and Contingencies - \$90,000)
- (C) Construction of a 500,000-gallon water storage tank 367,000  
(Base Project Allocation - \$250,000)  
(Land Allocation - \$37,000)  
(Design and Contingencies - \$80,000)
- (D) Replacement of sewer line from the Cambridge Springs Correctional Facility to the sewer plant 350,000  
(Base Project Allocation - \$300,000)  
(Design and Contingencies - \$50,000)
- (E) Improvements to the water filtration plant 402,000  
(Base Project Allocation - \$350,000)  
(Design and Contingencies - \$52,000)
- (F) Increase of hydraulic capacity of sewage treatment plant to eliminate discharge into French Creek 978,000  
(Base Project Allocation - \$850,000)  
(Design and Contingencies - \$128,000)

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(III) STATE CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION - CLEARFIELD

- (A) CONSTRUCTION OF SEWAGE SYSTEM FOR FACILITY 2,000,000

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(2) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

(i) The Pennsylvania State University

(A) University Park Campus

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- (IV) Classroom building - Phase II 10,500,000

- (V) Renovation of and addition to Ferguson Building 8,570,000
- (VI) Academic support services complex - Phase I 15,750,000
- (VII) Conversion of electrical engineering - East Building 3,990,000
- (VIII) Chilled water distribution system for West Campus - Phase II 12,730,000
- (IX) Renovation of Sparks Building 5,220,000
- (X) Renovate and construct addition to Support Services Facilities 6,930,000
- (XI) Expansion and improvements to Telecommunications Infrastructure 15,000,000
- (XII) New electrical distribution system DGS 800-217, to provide electrical service to the Convocation Events Center and existing academic research facilities 2,583,000
- (XIII) CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW ENGINEERING RESEARCH CENTER - PHASE I 32,750,000
- (XIV) RENOVATIONS TO SCHWAB AUDITORIUM 3,150,000
- (XV) CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITION TO COMPUTER BUILDING 9,650,000
- (XVI) CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW CENTRALIZED BIOLOGICAL LABORATORY 11,025,000
- (XVII) CONSTRUCTION OF NEW LIBRARY 20,000,000
- (XVIII) RENOVATION OF OSMOND LABORATORY 28,000,000
- (XIX) ACADEMIC SUPPORT SERVICES COMPLEX- PHASE II 15,000,000
- (XX) CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITION TO MITCHELL BUILDING 4,400,000
- (XXI) CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITION TO CARNEGIE BUILDING 4,000,000
- (XXII) CONSTRUCTION OF NEW LIBRARY FOR COLLEGE OF EDUCATION 5,000,000
- (B) ALLENTOWN CAMPUS
  - (I) CONSTRUCTION OF LIBRARY 2,750,000
  - (II) CONSTRUCT MULTI-PURPOSE BUILDING 2,020,000  
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$1,500,000)  
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$120,000)  
(FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT - \$400,000)
- (C) Altoona Campus
  - (I) Construct multistory Classroom Building 4,620,000
  - (II) CONSTRUCTION OF NEW MAINTENANCE BUILDING 1,050,000
- (D) Berks Campus
  - (I) Construct Academic Building 4,390,000
- (E) Behrend College, Erie
  - (I) Improvements and expansion of utility systems 18,240,000
- (F) Harrisburg Campus (Capital College)
  - (I) Renovation to utility systems 11,580,000
- (G) Fayette Campus
  - (I) Improvements and expansion of utility systems 2,760,000
  - (II) RENOVATIONS AND ADDITION TO GYMNASIUM BUILDING 1,500,000

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- (H) Hazleton Campus

(I) Construction of new library and classroom building	2,600,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$7,200,000)	
(Base Project Allocation - \$2,600,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,440,000)	
(II) CONSTRUCTION OF NEW MAINTENANCE BUILDING	1,050,000	(C) RENOVATIONS TO BARTON HALL DGS1104-01 - MAIN CAMPUS	10,624,000
(I) HERSHEY MEDICAL CENTER		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$8,853,000)	
(I) CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW NURSING EDUCATION FACILITY	6,895,000	(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,771,000)	
(H) (J) Mont Alto Campus		(D) PALEY LIBRARY EXPANSION	18,100,000
(I) Renovation of General Studies Building	3,000,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$15,083,000)	
* * *		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$3,017,000)	
(L) YORK CAMPUS		(E) RENOVATIONS TO BIO-LIFE SCIENCES BUILDING DGS 1104-11 - MAIN CAMPUS	18,700,000
(I) CONSTRUCT LIBRARY ADDITION AND AUDITORIUM AND CLASSROOM BUILDING	11,320,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$15,583,000)	
(II) Construct new Maintenance Building	1,100,000	(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$3,117,000)	
(M) PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY - WILLIAMSPORT		(F) RENOVATIONS TO DENTAL-SCHOOL HEALTH SCIENCES-CENTER FACILITY PHASE IV - H.S.C. CAMPUS	14,800,000
(I) CONSTRUCTION OF NEW DIESEL CENTER	2,000,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$12,333,000)	
(II) CONSTRUCTION OF AN ACADEMIC/LIBRARY BUILDING	8,000,000	(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$2,467,000)	
(K) (N) All Locations		(G) LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE AND HORTICULTURE EDUCATION CENTER - AMBLER CAMPUS	5,460,000
(I) Alterations of facilities for compliance with Federal law, the Americans with Disabilities Act	20,000,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$4,550,000)	
(ii) Montgomery County Community College - West Campus		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$910,000)	
(A) Acquisition of property, construction of new building and parking lot for a new approved branch campus of Montgomery County Community College to serve the western portion of the service area	12,983,000	* * *	
(Base Project Allocation - \$11,190,000)		(I) RENOVATION OF MITTEN HALL INCLUDING FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS	1,128,000
(Land Allocation - \$240,000)		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$940,000)	
(Design and Contingencies - \$1,553,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$188,000)	
(iii) University of Pittsburgh		(J) RENOVATION OF CURTIS HALL FOR MATHEMATICS LEARNING CENTER	870,000
(A) Bradford Campus		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$725,000)	
(I) Fine Arts Building	12,300,000	(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$145,000)	
(Base Project Allocation - \$12,000,000)		(VII) (VI) ALLEGHENY COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE	
(Land Allocation - \$300,000)		(A) CONSTRUCTION OF BRADDOCK BRANCH	1,000,000
(II) Frame-Westerberg Commons Expansion	7,500,000	* * *	
(Base Project Allocation - \$7,500,000)		(4) DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES	
(III) Sports Center Expansion	6,000,000	* * *	
(Base Project Allocation - \$6,000,000)		(iii) State Forest District Number 15	
(IV) Maintenance Building	1,800,000	* * *	
(Base Project Allocation - \$1,800,000)		(B) Capping and revegetating of Thompson-Hollow Landfill	2,000,000
(V) Construction of academic building classrooms, offices, laboratories	2,600,000	(Base Project Allocation - \$2,000,000)	
(Base Project Allocation - \$2,600,000)		* * *	
(IV) Reading Area Community College		(ix) Nescopeck State Park	
(A) Construction of learning resource center and humanities center	5,000,000	(A) Development of recreational facility	5,400,000
(B) Renovation of former East Shore Office Building into classrooms	2,300,000	(Base Project Allocation - \$5,400,000)	
(V) TEMPLE UNIVERSITY		* * *	
(A) LIBRARY AND LEARNING RESOURCES CENTER - H.S.C. CAMPUS	16,400,000		
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$13,660,000)			
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$2,740,000)			
(B) RENOVATIONS TO BEURY HALL DGS 1104-03 - MAIN CAMPUS	8,640,000		

(xi) Little Buffalo State Park		***	
(A) Construction of an arts building	80,000	(viii) (IX) Muhlenberg House	450,000
(Base Project Allocation - \$80,000)		(Base Project Allocation - \$400,000)	
(B) CONSTRUCTION OF A PERMANENT PERFORMANCE PAVILION. THE PAVILION IS TO BE CONSTRUCTED USING NATIVE WOOD, WHERE POSSIBLE, AND BE DESIGNED TO COMPLEMENT LOCAL TERRAIN AND OTHER PARK BUILDINGS	105,000	(Design and Contingencies - \$50,000)	
***		(X) OLD ECONOMY VILLAGE	
(XIII) GIFFORD PINCHOT STATE PARK		(A) RESTORATION AND PRESERVATION OF GREAT HOUSE	540,000
(A) CONSTRUCTION OF SWIMMING POOL COMPLEX CONSISTING OF BATHHOUSES, CONCESSION STAND, PARKING FACILITIES AND AN 18,800 SQUARE FOOT POOL	6,900,000	(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$450,000)	
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$5,300,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$90,000)	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,600,000)		(B) REHABILITATION OF GEORGE RAPP HOUSE	650,000
***		***	
(xii) (XV) Schuylkill Canal		(xiii) (XV) The Highlands, Ft. Washington, Pa.	
(A) Restoration and maintenance	200,000	(A) Restoration and maintenance	100,000
***		(XVI) SCHUYLKILL COUNTY	
(XVIII) CLEARFIELD BOROUGH		(A) ANTHRACITE MUSEUM OF MINING; CONSTRUCT A MULTI-USE AUDITORIUM/ COMMUNITY ROOM	484,000
(A) RESTORATION OF BANK ALONG LITTLE SUSQUEHANNA CREEK	1,000,000	(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$421,000)	
(XIX) GULICH TOWNSHIP		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$63,000)	
(A) IMPROVEMENTS TO JANESVILLE DAM	500,000	***	
(XX) BIGLER TOWNSHIP		(9) DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
(A) RESTORATION OF LITTLE MUDDY RUN	1,000,000	(i) City of Philadelphia	
***		***	
(XXII) MONTGOMERY COUNTY		(C) Purchase of two helicopters for police department	2,600,000
(A) RECONSTRUCTION OF THE MARLBOROUGH TOWNSHIP DAM ON UNAMI CREEK	100,000	(II) PORT OF PHILADELPHIA	
(B) RECONSTRUCTION OF DAM ON THE CREEK BETWEEN PERKIOMEN AND SKIPPACK	120,000	***	
(XXIII) BUCKS COUNTY		(F) PROPERTY ACQUISITION AND FACILITY CONSTRUCTION	80,000,000
(A) TO STABILIZE 2,000 LINEAL FEET OF SERIOUS BANK EROSION ON THE EAST BRANCH OF THE PERKIOMEN CREEK, SELLERSVILLE SIDE, AS REQUIRED	100,000	(G) BASIC INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE AND IMPROVEMENTS	15,000,000
(5) DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES		***	
***		(11) STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION	
(iii) Former Byberry Hospital site		(I) BLOOMSBURG STATE UNIVERSITY	
***		(A) ADDITION TO HARTLINE SCIENCE	7,648,000
(C) RENOVATE LAUNDRY BUILDING FOR COMMUNITY RECREATION CENTER	500,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$6,373,000)	
***		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,275,000)	
(V) STATE RECORD CENTER HARRISBURG		(B) RENOVATION OF BEN FRANKLIN BUILDING	4,312,000
(A) CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITION TO AND RENOVATION OF EXISTING FACILITY	2,400,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$3,593,000)	
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$2,000,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$719,000)	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$400,000)		(C) RENOVATION OF NAVY HALL	5,381,000
(B) PURCHASE AND INSTALLATION OF SHELVING	1,600,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$4,484,000)	
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$1,400,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$897,000)	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$200,000)		(D) RENOVATION OF BAKELESS CENTER	4,862,000
(6) HISTORICAL AND MUSEUM COMMISSION		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$4,052,000)	
(i) Butler Industrial Museum		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$810,000)	
(A) Building and site improvement	500,000	(E) CONSTRUCTION OF PARKING AREAS	1,386,000
(Base Project Allocation - \$415,000)		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$1,155,000)	
(Design and Contingencies - \$85,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$231,000)	
		(II) CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY	
		(A) RENOVATION OF OLD MAIN	5,831,000
		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$4,859,000)	
		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$972,000)	

(B) RENOVATION OF OLD INDUSTRIAL ARTS BUILDING (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$2,747,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$549,000)	3,296,000	COMPLEX FOR PHYSICAL EDUCATION (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$4,427,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$885,000)	5,312,000
(C) CONSTRUCTION OF CENTRAL STORES/ MAINTENANCE FACILITY (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$1,711,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$342,000)	2,053,000	(H) CONSTRUCTION OF MAINTENANCE BUILDING AND GARAGE (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$5,433,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,087,000)	6,520,000
(D) RENOVATION OF VULCAN HALL (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$954,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$191,000)	1,145,000	(I) CONSTRUCTION OF PARKING AREAS (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$679,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$136,000)	815,000
* * *			
(H) (IV) CLARION STATE UNIVERSITY (A) ADDITION TO CARRIER HALL (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$1,169,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$234,000)	1,403,000	(V) EDINBORO STATE UNIVERSITY (A) RENOVATION OF MCCOMB FIELD HOUSE BLEACHERS (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$720,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$144,000)	864,000
(B) OIL CITY CAMPUS (I) CONSTRUCTION OF CARLSON LIBRARY (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$14,353,000) (II) RENOVATION OF PIERCE SCIENCE CENTER (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$6,436,000)	14,353,000	(B) REHABILITATION OF CAMPUS DRAINAGE (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$508,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$102,000)	610,000
(V) EAST STROUDSBURG STATE UNIVERSITY (A) SUPPLEMENTAL 405-49, RENOVATION OF GESSNER SCIENCE (B) RENOVATION OF KOEHLER FIELD HOUSE (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$4,989,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$998,000)	900,000	(C) RENOVATION OF MEMORIAL AUDITORIUM (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$1,300,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$260,000)	\$1,560,000
(C) RENOVATION OF AUDITORIUM (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$1,395,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$279,000)	1,674,000	(D) RENOVATION OF LOVELAND HALL (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$1,689,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$338,000)	2,027,000
(D) CONSTRUCTION OF PHYSICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE FACILITY (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$10,384,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$2,077,000) (LAND ALLOCATION - \$1,930,000)	14,391,000	(E) CONSTRUCTION OF MAINTENANCE/ STORAGE FACILITY (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$4,876,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$975,000)	5,851,000
(E) RENOVATION OF ROTC & UPWARD BOUND BUILDING (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$136,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$27,000)	163,000	(F) ADDITION TO MCCOMB FIELD HOUSE (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$4,203,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$841,000)	5,044,000
(F) ADDITION/RENOVATION INSTRUCTIONAL COMPLEX AND STADIUM (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$4,360,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$872,000)	5,232,000	(G) REPLACEMENT OF WHITE HALL (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$699,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$140,000)	839,000
(G) CONSTRUCTION OF INSTRUCTIONAL		(H) CONSTRUCTION OF NEW CLASS-ROOM BUILDING (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$5,711,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,143,000)	6,854,000
		(VI) (VII) INDIANA STATE UNIVERSITY (A) REHABILITATION OF MILLER STADIUM (BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$5,568,000)	6,682,000

(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,114,000)		\$4,685,000)	
(B) RENOVATION OF STABLEY LIBRARY	5,843,000	(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$937,000)	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$4,869,000)		(C) ADDITION TO MAINTENANCE BUILDING AND GARAGE	2,849,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$974,000)		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$2,374,000)	
(C) RENOVATION OF ELCHER HALL	2,405,000	(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$475,000)	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$2,004,000)		(D) ADDITION AND RENOVATION TO SCIENCE BUILDING	9,907,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$401,000)		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$8,256,000)	
(D) ADDITION/RENOVATION OF ACKERMAN HALL	6,046,000	(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,651,000)	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$5,038,000)		<del>(VIII)</del> (IX) LOCK HAVEN STATE UNIVERSITY	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,008,000)		(A) RENOVATION OF ROGERS GYM	2,954,000
(E) ADDITION/RENOVATION OF COGSWELL HALL	6,925,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$2,462,000)	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$5,771,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$492,000)	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,154,000)		(B) ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR DGS 409-54	500,000
(F) RENOVATION OF KEITH HALL	9,307,000	(C) PURCHASE AND RENOVATION OF ARMY RESERVE CENTER FOR USE AS CLEARFIELD BRANCH CAMPUS BUILDING	850,000
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$7,756,000)		(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$750,000)	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,551,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$100,000)	
(G) RENOVATION OF SUTTON HALL	13,621,000	(D) LAND ACQUISITION FOR AND CONSTRUCTION OF CLEARFIELD CENTER OF LOCK HAVEN UNIVERSITY	10,000,000
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$11,351,000)			
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$2,270,000)		This item is approved in the sum of \$5,000,000.	
(H) RENOVATION OF LEONARD HALL	7,189,000	(E) ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF SOUTH PARKING FACILITY	860,000
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$5,991,000)		(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$300,000)	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,198,000)		(LAND ALLOCATION -\$500,000)	
(I) ADDITION/RENOVATION FISHER AUDITORIUM	9,289,000	(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$60,000)	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$7,741,000)		(F) ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR DGS 409-53, ULMER HALL	821,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,548,000)		(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$684,000)	
(J) RENOVATION OF WILSON HALL	3,007,000	(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$137,000)	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$2,506,000)		(G) ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR DGS 409-52, JACK STADIUM, PHASE III	600,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$501,000)		(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$500,000)	
* * *		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$100,000)	
(L) CONSTRUCTION OF BEHAVIORAL SCIENCE CLASSROOM BUILDING	15,950,000	<del>(IX)</del> (X) MANSFIELD STATE UNIVERSITY	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$11,146,000)		(A) ADDITION TO GRANT SCIENCE, PHASE III	3,715,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$2,229,000)		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$3,096,000)	
(LAND ALLOCATION - \$2,575,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$619,000)	
<del>(VII)</del> (VIII) KUTZTOWN STATE UNIVERSITY		<del>(X)</del> (XI) MILLERSVILLE STATE UNIVERSITY	
(A) CONSTRUCTION OF COLLEGE OF BUSINESS BUILDING	7,084,000	(A) ADDITION TO MCCOMSEY HALL	7,840,000
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$5,903,000)		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION - \$6,533,000)	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,181,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,307,000)	
(B) CONSTRUCTION OF COMMUNICATIONS DESIGN BUILDING	5,622,000	(B) CONSTRUCTION OF INSTRUCTIONAL ARTS COMPLEX	17,945,000
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -	

\$14,954,000)		EDUCATIONAL BUILDING	8,232,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -	
\$2,991,000)		\$6,860,000)	
(C) CONSTRUCTION OF PARKING	2,150,000	(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -	
AREAS		\$1,372,000)	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		(C) RENOVATION OF MORROW	
\$1,792,000)		FIELD HOUSE	12,666,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -	
\$358,000)		\$10,555,000)	
(XII) SHIPPENSBURG STATE UNIVERSITY		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -	
(A) RENOVATION OF ATHLETIC	895,000	\$2,111,000)	
SERVICE FACILITY		(D) RECONSTRUCTION OF ROAD-	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		WAYS/PARKING	3,220,000
\$746,000)		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		\$2,683,000)	
\$149,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -	
(B) RENOVATION OF GILBERT AND	4,255,000	\$537,000)	
STEWART HALLS		(E) CONSTRUCTION OF HEALTH	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		PROFESSIONALS BUILDING	7,800,000
\$3,546,000)		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		\$6,500,000)	
\$709,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -	
(C) CONSTRUCTION OF INSTRUC-	16,483,000	\$1,300,000)	
TIONAL ARTS FACILITY		(XIII) (XIV) WEST CHESTER STATE	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		UNIVERSITY	
\$16,483,000)		(A) RENOVATION OF MCCOY CENTER	577,000
(D) ADDITION TO LEHMAN LIBRARY	9,034,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		\$464,000)	
\$7,528,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		\$113,000)	
\$1,506,000)		(B) CONSTRUCTION OF ARTS	
(E) CONSTRUCTION OF CENTRAL	1,231,000	COMPLEX	20,300,000
SERVICES/RECEIVING FACILITY		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		\$16,997,000)	
\$1,026,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		\$3,303,000)	
\$205,000)		(C) RENOVATION OF OLD LIBRARY	3,046,000
(F) CONSTRUCTION OF ROADWAYS	3,708,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -	
AND PARKING		\$2,538,000)	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -	
\$3,090,000)		\$508,000)	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		(D) ADDITION AND RENOVATION	
\$618,000)		TO MITCHELL HALL	8,287,000
(G) RENOVATION OF FRANKLIN	10,494,000	(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -	
SCIENCE CENTER		\$6,906,000)	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -	
\$8,745,000)		\$1,381,000)	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		(XIV) (XV) STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER	
\$1,749,000)		EDUCATION	
(H) ADDITION AND RENOVATION OF	9,332,000	(A) ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - PHASE II	10,625,000
MEMORIAL AUDITORIUM		(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		\$8,854,000)	
\$7,777,000)		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		\$1,771,000)	
\$1,555,000)		Section 4. Itemization of furniture and equipment projects.	
(I) RENOVATION OF SHIPPEN HALL	4,622,000	* * *	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		(1) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	
\$3,852,000)		* * *	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		(iii) The Pennsylvania State University	
\$770,000)		(A) Original furniture and equipment for	
(XIII) SLIPPERY ROCK STATE		Agriculture Instruction Center	
UNIVERSITY		DGS 800-204 - Berks Campus	850,000
(A) RENOVATION OF VINCENT	17,422,000	(B) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND	
SCIENCE BUILDING		EQUIPMENT FOR THE UTILITY	
(BASE CONSTRUCTION ALLOCATION -		SYSTEMS EXPANSION AND	
\$14,518,000)		IMPROVEMENTS - BERKS CAMPUS	140,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES -		(C) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND	
\$2,904,000)		EQUIPMENT FOR THE ACADEMIC	
(B) RENOVATION OF MCKAY		BUILDING - BERKS CAMPUS	420,000

(B) (D) Original furniture and equipment for classroom building DGS 800-208 - Delaware Campus	620,000	UNIVERSITY PARK CAMPUS (U) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE ACADEMIC SUPPORT SERVICES COMPLEX - PHASE I - UNIVERSITY PARK CAMPUS	1,000,000
(E) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE ACADEMIC SUPPORT SERVICES BUILDING - DUBOIS CAMPUS	150,000	(V) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE LIBRARY ADDITION AND AUDITORIUM - YORK CAMPUS	1,500,000
(C) (F) Original furniture and equipment for multi-purpose facility for student activities DGS 800-220 - Behrend College, Erie	1,550,000	(iv) Montgomery County Community College - West Campus	1,075,000
(G) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE UTILITY SYSTEMS IMPROVEMENT- BEHREND COLLEGE, ERIE	870,000	(A) Furniture and equipment	2,000,000
(H) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE RENOVATION OF THE REED BUILDING AND CARRIAGE HOUSE - BEHREND COLLEGE, ERIE	225,000	***	
(I) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE LIBRARY AND CLASSROOM BUILDING-CAPITAL COLLEGE, HARRISBURG	1,650,000	(3) STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION	\$1,996,000
(D) (J) Original furniture and equipment for multi-purpose technological cultural "Southwest Institute" support regional socioeconomic development DGS 800-209 - Fayette Campus	620,000	(I) CALIFORNIA UNIVERSITY	
(E) (K) Original furniture and equipment for Agriculture Sci Classroom Lab Building DGS 800-210- Fayette Campus	460,000	(A) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT - DIXON HALL, DGS 402-5	684,000
(L) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE UTILITY SYSTEMS IMPROVEMENTS - FAYETTE CAMPUS	130,000	(II) EDINBORO UNIVERSITY	
(F) (M) Original furniture and equipment for Academic Building DGS 800-212 - New Kensington Campus	260,000	(A) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT - LOVELAND HALL, DGS 406-47	30,000
(N) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE WATER, ELECTRICAL AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS-MONT ALTO CAMPUS	165,000	(B) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT - COOPER SCIENCE, DGS 406-51	234,000
(O) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE RENOVATIONS OF CONKLIN HALL, THE WIESTLING BUILDING AND THE GENERAL STUDIES BUILDING-MONT ALTO CAMPUS	670,000	(III) KUTZTOWN UNIVERSITY	
(P) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE EXPANSION OF THE HUB/PAUL ROBESON CULTURAL CENTER - UNIVERSITY PARK CAMPUS	2,000,000	(A) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT - ATHLETIC FACILITY, DGS 408-54	280,000
(Q) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE NEW CHEMISTRY BUILDING - UNIVERSITY PARK CAMPUS	6,000,000	(IV) MANSFIELD UNIVERSITY	
(R) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE IMPROVEMENTS AND EXPANSION OF THE UTILITY SYSTEM - UNIVERSITY PARK CAMPUS	1,700,000	(A) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT - BELKNAP/RETAN, DGS 410-49	768,000
(S) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE RENOVATIONS OF AND ADDITIONS TO FOUR BUILDINGS - UNIVERSITY PARK CAMPUS	2,600,000	Section 5. Itemization of transportation assistance projects.	
(T) ORIGINAL FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE CLASSROOM BUILDING - PHASE I-		(a) Mass transit.—***	
		(2) Bedford County Air Industrial Authority, Bedford County	
		(i) Improvements to facility	300,000
		(Base Project Allocation - \$250,000)	
		(Design and Contingencies - \$50,000)	
		***	
		(4) Blair County Airport Authority, Blair County	
		(i) Access road, parking lot and terminal expansion	2,600,000
		(Base Project Allocation - \$2,000,000)	
		(Design and Contingencies - \$600,000)	
		(5) Bradford Regional Airport	
		(i) Parallel taxiway for Runway 1432	2,500,000
		(6) Cambria County Transit Authority	
		***	
		(iii) Garage roof	10,000
		***	
		(v) Storm water system	10,000
		(vi) Floor replacement	34,000
		(vii) Building repairs	5,000
		(viii) Inclined plane fare collection equipment	4,000
		***	
		(x) Accessible vans (2)	9,000
		(xi) Bus wash/water recycler	6,000
		(xii) Road safety vehicle	4,000
		***	
		(8) Centre Area Transportation Authority	
		***	
		(ii) Bus replacement (16 vehicles)	534,000
		***	
		(iv) Office, shop, bus and capital maintenance items	42,000

(v) Update, replace and expand bus signage and passenger shelters	22,000	This item is approved in the sum of \$3,333,000.
(vi) Equip fixed routes buses with bicycle racks	5,000	(ii) Fixed FISCAL YEAR 1994 FIXED guideway modernization
***		4,000,000
(viii) Service vehicle replacement	13,000	This item is approved in the sum of \$3,667,000.
***		
(12) Dubois-Jefferson County Airport		(iii) Fiscal Year 1994 Section 9 Program of Projects
(i) Paving taxiway parallel to Runway 7	300,000	***
(ii) De-icing pad	10,000	(20) (21) Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Authority
(iii) State Route 830 terminal area relocation	19,000	***
(iv) Resurface Runway 25	63,000	(ix) Fiscal Year 1993 Section 3 Fixed Guideway
(v) Snow removal equipment and storage building	8,000	Program of Projects - additional
(13) Elk County		2,000,000
(i) ATA-Area Transportation Authority	50,000	(x) Frankford elevated reconstruction - Fiscal Year 1994 requirement
(A) Compressed natural gas compression station and conversion of vehicles (Base Project Allocation - \$50,000)		8,334,000
***		***
(15) Erie Metropolitan Transit Authority		(xii) For construction of an intra-suburban transit line from Downingtown, Chester County, to Morrisville, Bucks County
***		16,000,000
(iii) Fiscal Year 1992-1993 Section 9 Program of Projects including facility rehabilitation, renovations and acquisition of equipment	13,000	(21) (22) St. Marys Airport
***		(i) Runway reconstruction Phase I and access road relocation
(16) TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE PROJECTS		750,000
(I) LACKAWANNA COUNTY TRANSIT AUTHORITY COUNTY PROJECTS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PURCHASE OF TRANSIT VEHICLES, IMPROVEMENTS TO TRANSIT FACILITY, SERVICE VEHICLE REPLACEMENT AND OFFICE, SHOP, BUS AND CAPITAL MAINTENANCE ITEMS AND VEHICLE RENOVATIONS (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$3,000,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$300,000)	3,300,000	(ii) Runway reconstruction Phase II
		750,000
		(iii) Runway extension - 700 feet
		500,000
		(iv) Instrument Landing System
		150,000
		***
This item is approved in the sum of \$300,000.		(27) (28) Reading Regional Airport, Berks County
***		(i) Replacement of HVAC system in passenger terminal building (Base Project Allocation - \$450,000) (Design and Contingencies - \$50,000)
(16) Lehigh and Northampton Transportation Authority		500,000
***		(ii) Removal of storage tanks during property cleanup
(ii) Purchase five community service transit buses	130,000	250,000
(iii) Purchase ten vans/minibuses for special service division- Metro Plus	55,000	(iii) Demolition of Hangar 501
(17) Luzerne County Transportation Authority		300,000
(i) Maintenance area improvements and purchase of office equipment	39,000	***
(II) PURCHASE OF TRANSIT VEHICLES	450,000	(b) Rural and intercity rail.—***
(III) IMPROVEMENTS TO FACILITIES (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$220,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$30,000)	250,000	(2) Bucks County
***		(i) Morrisville Transportation Center (A) CONSTRUCTION OF TRANSPORTATION CENTER
(19) (20) Port Authority of Allegheny County		25,000,000
(i) Bus procurement and related equipment and facilities	13,600,000	(3) Butler County
		(i) Buffalo and Pittsburgh Railroad (A) Butler to Bruin main line track road crossing and bridge work rehabilitation
		1,625,000
		(4) Centre County
		(i) Nittany and Bald Eagle Railroad (A) Rail replacement between Milepost 34 and Milepost 40
		1,200,000
		This item is approved in the sum of \$580,000
		***
		(6) Columbia County
		(i) North Shore Railroad (A) Rail replacement between Milepost 191 and Milepost 199
		1,440,000
		(7) CRAWFORD COUNTY
		(I) SOUTHERN TIER RAIL COALITION (A) PURCHASE OF CONRAIL LINE BETWEEN HORNELL, NEW YORK, AND MEADVILLE
		20,000,000
		(8) CUMBERLAND COUNTY
		(I) CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAILROAD (A) PURCHASE OF CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAILROAD BRIDGE
		40,000

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(8) (10) Fayette County  
 (i) LaBelle Processing Plant  
 (A) Upgrade and relocate leased Conrail track and construct clean coal storage area and high speed loadout in Brownsville 3,920,000

(II) GREATER UNIONTOWN INDUSTRIAL FUND  
 (A) CAPITAL ACQUISITION AND REHABILITATION OF CSX TRANSPORTATION INC., FM&P SUBDIVISION BETWEEN SMITHFIELD AND GREENE JUNCTION AND CONNECTING TRACKAGE TO CONNELLSVILLE 4,000,000

(9) (11) Luzerne County  
 (I) CANADIAN PACIFIC RAIL SYSTEM/ DELAWARE AND HUDSON RAILWAY COMPANY, INC. OR THEIR SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST  
 (A) UPGRADE TRACK, BRIDGES AND OTHER FACILITIES BETWEEN DUPONT IN LUZERNE COUNTY AND SUNBURY IN NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY INCLUDING DESIGN, ENGINEERING AND ALL OTHER ASSOCIATED COSTS 5,500,000

This item is approved in the sum of \$2,500,000.

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(10) (12) Montgomery County  
 (i) Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Authority  
 (A) Repair and restoration and feasibility study for developing a comprehensive plan for utilization of the Stony Creek railroad for freight and mass transportation purposes between Norristown Borough and Lansdale Borough 500,000  
 (Base Project Allocation - \$500,000)

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(14) (16) York County  
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 (II) MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD  
 (A) REHABILITATION AND RENOVATION OF WEST BRANCH 657,000

This item is approved in the sum of \$328,000.

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(19) DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 (I) ACQUISITION OF TRAINSETS  
 (A) ACQUISITION OF TWO COMPLETE TRAINSETS FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING PASSENGER SERVICE ON A PROPOSED ROUTE TO BE KNOWN AS THE VALLEY SPECIAL SERVING THE MUNICIPALITIES OF EASTON, BETHLEHEM/ALLENTOWN, READING, LEBANON, HARRISBURG, LEWISTOWN, HUNTINGDON, TYRONE, ALTOONA, JOHNSTOWN, BLAIRSVILLE, VANDERGRIFT,

TARENTUM/NEW KENSINGTON, HARMARVILLE, PITTSBURGH, SEWICKLEY AND BEAVER FALLS 10,000,000

This item is approved in the sum of \$2,000,000.

Section 6. Itemization of flood control projects.  
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(1) DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES  
 (I) CLEARFIELD COUNTY  
 (A) TANNERS RUN FLOOD CONTROL PROJECT - CURWENSVILLE BOROUGH 2,000,000  
 (B) FLOOD CONTROL PROJECT FOR BECCARIA TOWNSHIP, COALPORT AND IRVONA BOROUGHS BY BCI AUTHORITY 2,000,000

(II) DELAWARE COUNTY  
 (A) RIDLEY PARK BOROUGH, REPLACEMENT OF EAST LAKE DAM 400,000

(III) LACKAWANNA COUNTY  
 (A) CITY OF SCRANTON, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP FLOOD CONTROL COSTS ON THE LACKAWANNA RIVER AND ALL STREAMS WITHIN THE CITY OF SCRANTON, INCLUDING EXISTING FLOOD CONTROL PROJECTS (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$10,000,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$1,000,000) 11,000,000

This item is approved in the sum of \$2,500,000.

(B) BOROUGH OF TAYLOR, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP COSTS OF FLOOD CONTROL AND STORM WATER PROJECTS 3,300,000  
 (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$3,000,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$300,000)

(C) BOROUGH OF DUNMORE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP COSTS OF FLOOD CONTROL AND STORM WATER PROJECTS 3,300,000  
 (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$3,000,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$300,000)

(D) BOROUGH OF THROOP INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP COSTS OF FLOOD CONTROL AND STORM WATER PROJECTS (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION -

\$3,000,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$300,000)		SERVING LINCOLN, LEMINGTON, LARIMER AND BELMAR	3,000,000
***		(Q) PITTSBURGH CHILDREN'S MUSEUM, RENOVATIONS AND BUILDING EXPANSION	5,000,000
(+) (iv) (v) Luzerne County		(R) RESTORATION, REHABILITATION AND CONSTRUCT PARKING FOR NEW GRANADA THEATRE	5,000,000
(A) Wyoming Valley flood protection	45,000,000	(S) PITTSBURGH ZOO, CONSTRU- TION OF AN EDUCATION COMPLEX (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$250,000)	250,000
(B) JENKINS TOWNSHIP, PORT BLANCHARD FLOOD CONTROL PROJECT	800,000	(T) PHIPPS CONSERVATORY, RENOVATION OF THE PALM COURT (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$150,000)	150,000
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$725,000)		(U) NATIONAL AVIARY, RENOVATIONS	100,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$75,000)		(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$100,000)	
(C) CONSTRUCT FABRI-DAM ON THE SUSQUEHANNA RIVER	8,000,000	(V) BOYS AND GIRLS CLUB OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA, RENOVATION AND CONSTRUCTION OF JUVENILE JUSTICE AND YOUTH DEVELOPMENT FACILITIES (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$2,500,000)	2,500,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$800,000)		(W) REHABILITATION AND EXPANSION OF THE MACINTOSH AND HEMPFIELD BUILDING FOR THE PITTSBURGH FILMMAKERS	500,000
(D) REPAIR AND RENOVATION OF PLYMOUTH BOROUGH PUMP STATIONS AND FLOOD DAMS	1,300,000	(II) CITY OF DUQUESNE AND CITY OF MCKEESPORT	
(E) REPAIR AND RENOVATION OF HANOVER TOWNSHIP FLOOD CONTROL PUMP STATIONS	1,450,000	(A) CENTER CITY OF DUQUESNE/ MCKEESPORT INDUSTRIAL CENTER	3,485,000
Section 7. Itemization of redevelopment assistance projects.		(#) (III) Moon Township	
***		(A) Conversion of the abandoned terminal at the Greater Pittsburgh International Airport into an air and space museum	10,000,000
(1) Allegheny County		(IV) BOROUGH OF WILKINSBURG	
(i) City of Pittsburgh		(A) CONSTRUCTION OF MULTI- PURPOSE CENTER SERVING WILKINSBURG	3,000,000
(A) Acquisition and renovation of five additional properties at 500 Sampsonia Way for the Mattress Factory Art Institution	500,000	***	
(Base Project Allocation - \$500,000)		(VII) HARRISON TOWNSHIP	
(B) Feasibility study to evaluate construction of moving sidewalk to connect the City of Pittsburgh with the Northside	500,000	(A) NATRONA RIVER AND HOUSING DEVELOPMENT PROJECT	2,000,000
(Design and Contingencies - \$500,000)		(VIII) RANKIN BOROUGH	
(C) Lawrenceville Industrial Park Project, Phase II site development (Base Project Allocation - \$3,000,000)	3,000,000	(A) RANKIN MARINA AND FISHING DOCKS ON MONONGAHELA RIVER	500,000
(D) Fifth and Forbes, infrastructure and public space improvements (Base Project Allocation - \$9,000,000)	9,000,000	***	
(E) Women's Research Institute, restoration of land and renovation and rehabilitation of buildings	5,000,000	(X) MILLVALE BOROUGH	
(F) CARNEGIE MUSEUM OF ART FOR THE ANDY WARHOL MUSEUM	6,000,000	(A) REPLACEMENT OF POTABLE WATER STORAGE FACILITY	275,000
(G) REDEVELOPMENT OF THE BANK CENTER BUILDING INTO A "LIBRARY CENTER" IN DOWNTOWN PITTSBURGH	1,000,000	(XI) ASPINWALL BOROUGH	
(H) CULTURAL DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT - PHASE II	17,750,000	(A) CONSTRUCTION OF POTABLE WATER WELL FOR PUBLIC CONSUMPTION	125,000
(I) PITTSBURGH REGIONAL HISTORY CENTER	7,000,000	(XII) COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY	
(J) FEDERAL/NORTH DEVELOPMENT	3,000,000	(A) ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR ALLEGHENY RIVER BOULEVARD	300,000
***		(2) Bedford County	
(M) KEYSTONE COMMONS DEVELOPMENT	2,100,000	(i) Bedford County Center	
(N) REHABILITATION AND EXPAN- SION OF COMMUNITY CENTER IN HOMEWOOD-BRUSHTON	1,800,000	(A) Construct facility	1,000,000
(O) REGENT SQUARE THEATRE PROJECT	200,000	(3) Berks County	
(P) CONSTRUCTION OF MULTIPUR- POSE COMMUNITY CENTER		***	
		(ii) Bern Township	
		(A) Construction of new county	

juvenile detention facility	3,500,000	(A) INFRASTRUCTURE AND WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS	1,000,000
* * *		(V) CITY OF DUBOIS	
(4) (5) BUCKS COUNTY		(A) REPLACEMENT/RENOVATION OF SOUTH SIDE SEWER INTERCEPTOR	900,000
(I) MIDDLETOWN TOWNSHIP		(9) (10) CRAWFORD COUNTY	
(A) PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BUILDING ADDITION	121,000	(I) CRAWFORD COUNTY FAIRGROUNDS	
(B) PUBLIC WORKS SUBSTATION AND OPERATION SITE	169,000	(A) RESTORATION OF GROUNDS	200,000
(C) PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK REPLACEMENTS	320,000	(II) MEADVILLE	
(D) POLICE DEPARTMENT BUILDING RENOVATIONS	130,000	(A) DEMOLITION, RESTORATION, RECONSTRUCTION OF DILAPIDATED HOUSING	1,150,000
(E) FIRE COMPANIES APPARATUS REPLACEMENT AND REFURBISHMENT PLAN	1,700,000	(III) TITUSVILLE	
(F) DEVELOPMENT OF COMMUNITY PARK IN NORTHERN AREA OF TOWNSHIP	2,000,000	(A) DEMOLITION, RESTORATION, RECONSTRUCTION OF DILAPIDATED HOUSING	1,150,000
(G) BEECHWOOD COMMUNITY PARK DEVELOPMENT	250,000	(IV) SPARTANSBURG BOROUGH	
(H) TWIN OAKS RECREATIONAL FACILITY REHABILITATION	200,000	(A) RAILS TO TRAILS PROJECT	1,000,000
(I) MILL CREEK AND QUEEN ANNE CREEK DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	2,207,000	(10) (11) ELK COUNTY	
(J) LANGHORNE GABLES AREA DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	451,000	(I) BENZINGER TOWNSHIP	
(II) BRISTOL TOWNSHIP		(A) CONSTRUCTION OF SEWAGE SYSTEM	1,100,000
(A) IMPROVEMENTS TO DRAINAGE AND ROAD SURFACE IN TOWNSHIP	2,000,000	(B) CONSTRUCTION OF SOLIDS-HANDLING FACILITY FOR WATER TREATMENT PLANT	500,000
(III) LANGHORNE BOROUGH		(II) FOX TOWNSHIP	
(A) EXPANSION OF BOROUGH HALL/FIRE HOUSE	200,000	(A) SEWER EXTENSION TO FAIRVIEW SUBDIVISION	200,000
(5) (6) BUTLER COUNTY		(B) UPGRADE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT FOR REMOVAL OF TOXIC METALS	700,000
(I) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION		(C) EXPANSION OF SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT	800,000
(A) CONSTRUCTION OF A YOUTH ATHLETIC CENTER	1,500,000	(D) SEWER LINE EXTENSION TO TRAILER PARK	200,000
(II) COUNTY OF BUTLER		(III) HIGHLAND TOWNSHIP	
(A) IMPROVEMENTS TO ALAMEDA PARK, CONSISTING OF ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND REHABILITATION OF GROUNDS, RIVERFRONT AND FACILITIES	1,000,000	(A) SEWAGE COLLECTION AND TREATMENT PLANT FOR JAMES CITY	800,000
(III) CHICORA BOROUGH AND DONEGAL TOWNSHIP		(IV) JAY TOWNSHIP WATER AUTHORITY	
(A) JOINT SEWER PROJECT	2,000,000	(A) RENOVATIONS TO JAY TOWNSHIP WATER SYSTEM	2,000,000
* * *		(B) WATER STORAGE TANK CONSTRUCTION IN VILLAGE OF WEEDVILLE	250,000
(7) (8) CAMERON COUNTY		(C) ENGINEERING STUDY FOR BACKUP SOURCE WATER SYSTEM	500,000
(I) EMPORIUM BOROUGH/SHIPPEN TOWNSHIP		(V) JONES TOWNSHIP	
(A) SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT IMPROVEMENTS	1,500,000	(A) SANITARY SEWER COLLECTION SYSTEM FROM WILCOX TO JOHNSONBURG BOROUGH FACILITY	3,800,000
(8) (9) CLEARFIELD COUNTY		(VI) JOHNSONBURG MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY	
(I) PHILIPSBURG		(A) CONSTRUCTION OF THIRD AVENUE RESERVOIR TANK NO. 2	400,000
(A) IMPROVEMENTS TO PHILIPSBURG AREA HOSPITAL TO PROVIDE FOR AN ACUTE CARE NURSING HOME	2,000,000	(B) CONSTRUCTION OF WATER STORAGE RESERVOIR AND SILVER CREEK WATER LINE EXTENSION	900,000
(II) COOPER TOWNSHIP		(5) (11) (12) Erie County	
(A) REDEVELOPMENT OF SEVERIN CHURCH SITE	1,000,000	(i) Corry Redevelopment Authority	
(III) MORRIS TOWNSHIP		(A) Acquisition of abandoned industrial building for multitenant facility (Base Project Allocation - \$1,000,000)	1,000,000
(A) DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES MANDATED IMPROVEMENTS TO WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM	1,000,000	* * *	
(IV) GRAHAM TOWNSHIP		(12) (14) FOREST COUNTY	
		(I) TIONESTA TOWNSHIP	
		(A) ACQUISITION OF 25 ACRES, INCLUDING 3 COMMERCIAL	

BUILDINGS, FOR CREATION OF AN INDUSTRIAL PARK (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$243,000)	243,000
(II) TIONESTA BOROUGH	
(A) ACQUISITION OF 11 ACRES FOR AN INCUBATOR PROJECT (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$395,000)	395,000
(III) JENKS TOWNSHIP	
(A) ACQUISITION OF 90 ACRES FOR AN INDUSTRIAL PARK (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$100,000)	100,000
* * *	
(13) (16) JEFFERSON COUNTY	
(I) BROCKWAY BOROUGH	
(A) RELINE EXISTING SANITARY SEWER LINES ALONG GREEN WAY	86,000
(B) INSTALLATION OF AN ELEVATOR IN TOBY TERRACE APARTMENT BUILDING	55,000
(C) IMPROVEMENTS TO ROADWAY TO BROCKWAY INDUSTRIAL PARK	200,000
(II) BROOKVILLE BOROUGH	
(A) RESTORATION OF JEFFERSON COUNTY COURTHOUSE AND ACQUISITION OF ANNEX	700,000
(III) CORSICA BOROUGH	
(A) WATER LINE IMPROVEMENTS/ ACCESS ROAD	550,000
(IV) PINE CREEK TOWNSHIP	
(A) RESTORATION OF JEFFERSON COUNTY SERVICE CENTER	450,000
(B) ESTABLISH INCUBATOR/ MULTITENANT BUILDING	750,000
(V) SNYDER TOWNSHIP	
(A) CONSTRUCTION OF SANITARY SEWER LINES ALONG KEARNEY ROAD, BROAD STREET AND ARCH STREET	243,000
(14) (17) LACKAWANNA COUNTY	
(I) CIVIC CENTER AND HOTEL COMPLEX	
(A) EXPENDITURES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP COSTS (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$50,000,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$5,000,000)	55,000,000
This item is approved in the sum of \$22,000,000.	
(II) HERITAGE VALLEY VISITORS CENTER	
(A) EXPENDITURES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP COSTS (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$3,600,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$360,000)	3,960,000
This item is approved in the sum of \$1,750,000.	

(III) HERITAGE VALLEY TROLLEY MUSEUM	
(A) EXPENDITURES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP COSTS (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$3,600,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$360,000)	3,960,000
This item is approved in the sum of \$1,750,000.	
* * *	
(V) LACKAWANNA COAL MINE	
(A) EXPENDITURES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, RENOVATION, REHABILITATION AND RESTORATION OF LAND AND BUILDINGS AT MCDADE PARK (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$4,000,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$400,000)	4,400,000
(VI) SLOCUM HOLLOW PARK PROJECT	
(A) EXPENDITURES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP COSTS (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$5,000,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$500,000)	5,500,000
(VII) LACKAWANNA COUNTY PARK SYSTEM	
(A) EXPENDITURES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP COSTS, RENOVATION, REHABILITATION AND RESTORATION OF LAND AND/OR BUILDING WITHIN THE LACKAWANNA COUNTY PARK SYSTEM (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$5,000,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$500,000)	5,500,000
(VIII) MONTAGE TROLLEY EXCURSION PROJECT	
(A) EXPENDITURES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP COSTS, RENOVATION, REHABILITATION AND RESTORATION OF LAND, TUNNELS, BRIDGES, TROLLEY TRACK AND BUILDINGS (BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$6,000,000) (DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$600,000)	6,600,000

This item is approved in the sum of \$1,750,000.		(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$300,000)	
* * *		(III) HUGHESTOWN BOROUGH	
(X) CITY OF SCRANTON		(A) INDOOR/COVERED ICE SKATING RINK	1,500,000
(A) JASON MILLER PUBLIC THEATER EXPENDITURES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY AND LAND ACQUISITION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND START-UP COSTS	3,300,000	(IV) AVOCA BOROUGH	
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$3,000,000)		(A) DEVELOPMENT OF AVOCA FLATS PARK	1,000,000
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$300,000)		(V) DUPONT BOROUGH	
(B) SCRANTON PARK SYSTEM EXPENDITURES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, RENOVATION AND RESTORATION TO PARKS AND MUSEUMS WITHIN THE CITY OF SCRANTON	7,700,000	(A) DEVELOPMENT OF BOROUGH PARK	800,000
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$7,000,000)		(VI) JENKINS TOWNSHIP	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$700,000)		(A) DEVELOPMENT/IMPROVEMENTS TO SPADI PARK	1,000,000
(XI) LACKAWANNA COUNTY PRISON		(VII) DURYEY BOROUGH	
(A) INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION AND EXPANSION OF COUNTY PRISON	5,500,000	(A) DEVELOPMENT OF BASEBALL FIELD AND TENNIS/BASKETBALL COURTS	1,200,000
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$5,000,000)		(VIII) YATESVILLE BOROUGH	
(DESIGN AND CONTINGENCIES - \$500,000)		(A) RECREATION IMPROVEMENTS	750,000
(XII) DALTON BOROUGH		(IX) PITTSTON TOWNSHIP	
(A) REPAIR RETAINING WALL ON LILY LAKE ROAD	300,000	(A) ACQUISITION OF LAND AND PARK DEVELOPMENT IN SUSCON	800,000
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$300,000)		(B) RECREATIONAL PARK	100,000
(XIII) NEWTON TOWNSHIP		(X) CITY OF NANTICOKE	
(A) DRAIN POND AND RECONSTRUCT DAM ON FORD'S POND ROAD	100,000	(A) DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL PARK OF GREATER NANTICOKE	2,500,000
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$100,000)		(B) RECONSTRUCT SIDEWALKS TO PROVIDE ACCESSIBILITY RAMPS	30,000
(XIV) SOUTH ABINGTON TOWNSHIP		(C) DEMOLITION OR REHABILITATION OF LOW-INCOME HOUSING	1,370,000
(A) EXPAND RAILROAD CULVERT ON SHADY LANE ROAD IN CHINCHILLA	3,000,000	(XI) SWOYERSVILLE BOROUGH	
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$3,000,000)		(A) CONSTRUCTION OF SENIOR CITIZENS' RECREATION BUILDING	350,000
(B) STREAM MAINTENANCE PROJECT ON LEGGETT'S CREEK IN CHINCHILLA	2,000,000	(7)-(17) (20) Mercer County	
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$2,000,000)		(i) Springfield Township	
* * *		(A) Improvements to water system (Base Project Allocation - \$690,000) (Land Allocation - \$104,000) (Design and Contingencies - \$104,000)	898,000
(6)-(16) (19) Luzerne County		(48) (21) MONROE COUNTY	
* * *		(I) BOROUGH OF MOUNT POCONO	
(II) CITY OF PITTSTON		(A) EXTENSION OF SEWER LINE	275,000
* * *		(B) RECONSTRUCTION OF CENTRAL WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM	5,350,000
(B) CONSTRUCTION OF A DOWNTOWN PARKING GARAGE	2,800,000	(II) COUNTY OF MONROE	
(BASE PROJECT ALLOCATION - \$2,500,000)		(A) CONSTRUCTION OF COUNTY-WIDE FIRE TRAINING SCHOOL AND CENTER	965,000
		* * *	
		(8)-(20) (23) Philadelphia County	
		(i) City of Philadelphia	
		* * *	
		(F) RENOVATION OF THE PENNSYLVANIA ACADEMY OF THE FINE ARTS	7,500,000
		(G) RENOVATION AND REHABILITATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL HOUSE OF PHILADELPHIA	3,679,000
		(H) RENOVATION AND EXPANSION OF THE PHILADELPHIA DANCE COMPANY	2,100,000
		(I) RENOVATION AND EXPANSION OF THE MOVEMENT THEATRE INTERNATIONAL INTO THE PERFORMING ARTS CENTER	3,500,000
		(J) AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACCESSIBILITY RENOVATIONS TO	

THE ANNENBERG CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS	1,000,000	(B) EXTENSION OF WATER LINES TO NEW 11-ACRE TRACT	10,000
(K) RENOVATIONS, INCLUDING AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACCESSIBILITY TO THE HARRISON AUDITORIUM, UNIVERSITY MUSEUM OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND ANTHROPOLOGY	2,916,000	(C) CONSTRUCTION OF ACCESS ROAD THROUGH 11-ACRE TRACT	50,000
(L) DREDGE SCHUYLKILL RIVER BETWEEN FAIRMOUNT DAM AND FALLS BRIDGE	15,000,000	<del>(23)</del> (26) WARREN COUNTY	
(M) RECREATION DEPARTMENT TO BE ALLOCATED AS FOLLOWS: OUTDOOR LIGHTING - 350,000; ROOF REPAIRS -125,000; HEATING SYSTEMS AND CONTROLS - 125,000; OUTDOOR BASKETBALL AND TENNIS COURTS - 500,000; SITE IMPROVEMENTS-500,000; SWIMMING POOLS - 250,000; REPLACEMENT OF PEPPER MIDDLE SCHOOL - 250,000; RECONSTRUCTION OF FRANCIS MYERS RECREATIONAL CENTER - 560,000; REPLACEMENT OF L. YOUNG RECREATIONAL CENTER -950,000;	3,610,000	(I) CITY OF WARREN	
(N) CONSTRUCTION OF THE OGONTZ COMMUNITY PUBLIC LIBRARY	1,731,000	(A) ACQUISITION, RENOVATION AND SITE PREPARATION OF FORMER WARREN COMPONENTS BUILDING FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES	200,000
(O) FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR LIBRARY	300,000	(II) PLEASANT TOWNSHIP	
(P) REHABILITATION OF 150 HOMES FOR HABITATION	700,000	(A) PROVIDE A RAIL SPUR TO FORMER PHILLIPS BUILDING AT THE WARREN INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX	100,000
(Q) RENOVATIONS OF THE LONNIE YOUNG RECREATION CENTER	1,900,000	<del>(9)</del> <del>(24)</del> (27) Washington County	
* * *		(i) Northwest Economic Development Project	
<del>(21)</del> (24) POTTER COUNTY		(A) Installation of water line	1,000,000
(I) AUSTIN BOROUGH		(ii) Marianna Borough	
(A) CONSTRUCTION OF COMPLETE SEWER SYSTEM IN AUSTIN BOROUGH	2,750,000	(A) Engineering and design and correction work for slide problem	200,000
(II) COUDERSPORT BOROUGH		(iii) Carroll Township and Monongahela City	
(A) DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND REMOVAL OF DILAPIDATED STRUCTURE, TANNERY VATS AND ABANDONED INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES IN THE INDUSTRIAL PARK	630,000	(A) Sewage treatment system	2,000,000
(B) UPGRADE AND EXPANSION OF COUDERSPORT BOROUGH SEWER SYSTEM; ELIMINATION OF INFILTRATION INFLOW AND PLANT EXPANSION	550,000	(iv) Smith Township	
(C) EXTENSION OF BOROUGH FLOOD CONTROL TO BOROUGH LIMITS	4,500,000	(A) Eliminate acid mine drainage problem	750,000
(III) GENESEE VILLAGE		<del>(10)</del> <del>(25)</del> (28) Westmoreland County	
(A) REPAIR, REPLACEMENT AND EXPANSION OF WATER SYSTEM, INCLUDING FIRE PROTECTION AND POTABLE WATER LINE DISTRIBUTION	475,000	(i) Westmoreland Trust	
<del>(22)</del> (25) VENANGO COUNTY		(A) CULTURAL DISTRICT REDEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING THE RENOVATION AND REHABILITATION OF GREENSBURG TRAIN STATION AND THE PALACE THEATRE	5,100,000
(I) SANDY CREEK TOWNSHIP		(ii) Rostraver	
(A) ACQUISITION OF 11-ACRE TRACT TO SUPPLEMENT SANDY CREEK INDUSTRIAL PARK	200,000	(A) Acquisition and/or construction of a combination public library and senior citizen center	1,300,000
		(III) HEMPFIELD TOWNSHIP	
		(A) INSTALL NEW WATER LINE EXTENSION TO STONE CHURCH HILL	180,000
		(IV) MT. PLEASANT TOWNSHIP	
		(A) INSTALL NEW WATER LINE TO THE JUNCTION OF ROUTES 819 AND 981	200,000
		(V) LIGONIER TOWNSHIP	
		(A) REPLACE WATER LINES IN LOYALHANNA COTTAGES	150,000
		(VI) SEWARD BOROUGH	
		(A) REPLACE EXISTING WATER LINES	220,000
		(VII) NORTH IRWIN BOROUGH	
		(A) TOWN HALL RENOVATION	150,000
		(VIII) NORTH HUNTINGDON TOWNSHIP	
		(A) WINCHESTER ROAD MAIN WATER LINE EXTENSION	145,000
		(B) MURRYSVILLE ROAD MAIN WATER LINE EXTENSION	116,000
		(C) ELEVATION OF WINCHESTER ROAD AND MURRYSVILLE ROAD	210,000
		<del>(11)</del> <del>(26)</del> (29) York County	
		* * *	
		(II) COUNTY OF YORK, RAILS TO TRAILS PROJECT	
		(A) TRAIL IMPROVEMENTS; MARYLAND LINE TO HANOVER JUNCTION	500,000
		(B) TRAIL IMPROVEMENTS; HANOVER JUNCTION TO YORK	800,000

(C) STATION RENOVATIONS AT HANOVER JUNCTION	150,000
(D) STATION RENOVATIONS AT NEW FREEDOM	150,000
(E) RELOCATION AND RENOVATION OF RAILROAD HOUSE	100,000

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor  
Acting Governor

The PRESIDENT. The communication and the bill will be laid on the table.

**COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE ACTING GOVERNOR**

**NOMINATIONS REFERRED TO COMMITTEE**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communications in writing from the office of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations:

**MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF BARBER EXAMINERS**

June 28, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Lois K. Herr (Public Member), 2297 Camp Road, Manheim 17545, Lancaster County, Thirty-sixth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Barber Examiners, to serve for a term of three years and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice William T. Krahe, Pittsburgh, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**MEMBER OF THE HEALTH POLICY BOARD**

June 28, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Daniel Milliron, 101 South Beckman Drive, Altoona 16602, Blair County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Health Policy Board, to serve for a term of one year and until his successor is appointed and qualified, pursuant to Act 179, approved December 18, 1992.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF MEDICINE**

June 28, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Oliver Morris Johnson, II, Esquire (Public Member), 301 Race Street, C-6, Philadelphia 19106, Philadelphia County, First Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Medicine, to serve for a term of four years or until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Gerald A. Chesin, Ph.D., resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF NURSING**

June 28, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Betty McFarland, R. D. 1, Box 56, Volant 16156, Lawrence County, Twenty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Nursing, to serve for a term of six years or until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice H. Jean Bruhn, Lancaster, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF NURSING HOME ADMINISTRATORS**

June 28, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Angela Blackston, 148 Fawn Ridge North, Harrisburg 17110, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Examiners of Nursing Home Administrators, to serve until November 20, 1994 or until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Barbara Afflerbach, Allentown, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF BARBER EXAMINERS**

July 2, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Nancy E. McCallister (Public Member), 22 Foxfield Lane, Elizabethtown 17022, Lancaster County, Thirteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Barber Examiners, to serve until March 16, 1995 and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Joseph A. Belcastro, West Aliquippa, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF OPTOMETRY

July 2, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Patricia Jackson (Public Member), 7011 Idlewild Street, Pittsburgh 15208, Allegheny County, Thirty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Optometry, to serve until January 26, 1997 and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Lawrence A. Ceisler, Esquire, Philadelphia, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF  
THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY

July 2, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Donald R. Lamuth, 1907 O'Block Road, Pittsburgh 15239, Allegheny County, Forty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of The Pennsylvania State University, to serve until July 1, 1996 and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Edward J. Shaffer, Jr., Tunkhannock, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF WARREN STATE HOSPITAL

July 7, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, William W. Durney, 733 Cherry Lane, Bellefonte 16823, Centre County, Thirty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Warren State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1997, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice John D. Haggerty, Jr., Clarendon, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA  
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

July 12, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Patrick Beaty, 202 Gettysburg Street, Dillsburg 17019, York County, Thirty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Industrial Development Authority, to serve until July 24, 1993, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Maurice A. Lawruk, terminated.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA  
NURSING HOME LOAN AGENCY

July 12, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Zara Waters, 1003 Buttonwood Drive, Harrisburg 17109, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Nursing Home Loan Agency, to serve until October 10, 1994 and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Bruce E. Toll, Rydal, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

JUDGE, COURT OF COMMON PLEAS,  
DAUPHIN COUNTY

July 19, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Louis J. Adler, Esquire, 4338 Brandywine Court, Harrisburg 17110, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1994, vice The Honorable Herbert A. Schaffner, deceased.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

JUDGE, SUPERIOR COURT  
OF PENNSYLVANIA

July 19, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the

advice and consent of the Senate, John Pushinsky, Esquire, 1312 Sheridan Avenue, Pittsburgh 15206, Allegheny County, Thirty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as Judge of the Superior Court of Pennsylvania, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1994, vice The Honorable Frank J. Montemuro, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA  
ENERGY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

July 20, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Alfred A. Slowik, 107 Maple Drive, Ligonier 15658, Westmoreland County, Thirty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Energy Development Authority, to serve for a term of four years and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Daniel S. Nagin, Pittsburgh, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF PODIATRY

July 20, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Judy Carhart, M.D., 1502 Knoll Crest Road, Harrisburg 17112, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Podiatry, to serve until November 25, 1996 or until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Joseph J. Trautlein, M.D., Harrisburg, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE DELAWARE VALLEY  
REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

July 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Louis J. Gambaccini, 604 Washington Square South, Philadelphia 19106, Philadelphia County, First Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission, to serve until terminated, vice Thomas G. McCloskey, Esquire, Philadelphia, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

July 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Larry L. Ridenour, 736 Jefferson Drive, Pittsburgh 15229, Allegheny County, Fortieth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the State Board of Landscape Architects, to serve for a term of three years and until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL OF TRUSTEES  
OF MANSFIELD UNIVERSITY OF  
PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM  
OF HIGHER EDUCATION

July 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Thomas R. Horn, D.C., 8 State Street, Towanda 18848, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Council of Trustees of Mansfield University of Pennsylvania of the State System of Higher Education, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1997, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Robert M. Jones, Sr., Blossburg, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF  
EXAMINERS IN SPEECH-LANGUAGE  
AND HEARING

July 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Joyce A. Skowronski (Public Member), 262 Main Street, Duryea 18642, Luzerne County, Twenty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Examiners in Speech-Language and Hearing, to serve for a term of three years and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Molly M. Daly, Pittsburgh, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF  
VEHICLE MANUFACTURERS,  
DEALERS AND SALESPERSONS

July 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Lee G. Kachel, 131 East Summit Street, Mohnton 19540, Berks County, Eleventh Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Vehicle Manufacturers, Dealers and Salespersons, to serve until June 5, 1994 and until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Eugene J. Schlanger, Scranton, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL OF TRUSTEES  
OF MILLERSVILLE UNIVERSITY OF  
PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM  
OF HIGHER EDUCATION

August 2, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Dr. Jack C. VanNewkirk, 860 South Beaver Street, York 17403, York County, Twenty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Council of Trustees of Millersville University of Pennsylvania of the State System of Higher Education, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1999, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Nelson R. Rosario, M.D., Lancaster, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF NURSING

August 2, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Kathryn H. Aumiller, 706 Linwood Street, New Cumberland 17070, Cumberland County, Thirty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Nursing, to serve for a term of six years and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Ruby L. Bollinger, Manheim, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY  
EDUCATION AND LICENSURE

August 2, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Patricia Sharer, 90 Providence Avenue, Doylestown 18901, Bucks County, Tenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Occupational Therapy Education and Licensure, to serve for a term of three years and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Samuel E. Bishop, Philadelphia, terminated.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF SOCIAL WORK EXAMINERS

August 2, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Karen Marie McClarnon, 333 Broad Street, Butler 16001, Butler County, Twenty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Social Work Examiners, to serve for a term of four years and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice John R. Baublitz, Erie, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF AUCTIONEER EXAMINERS

August 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Paula Jean Cindric (Public Member), 445 Olivet Avenue, Pittsburgh 15210, Allegheny County, Forty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Auctioneer Examiners, to serve until April 16, 1994 or until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Margaret H. Hamilton, Franklin, deceased.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

PROTHONOTARY, CARBON COUNTY

August 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, William J. O'Gurek, 228 West Hazard Street, Summit Hill 18250, Carbon County, Twenty-ninth Senatorial District, for appointment as Prothonotary, in and for the County of Carbon, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice Patrick E. Gallagher, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA DRUG,  
DEVICE AND COSMETIC BOARD

August 13, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, L. Paul Sinotte, Ph.D., 403 South Ninth Street, North Wales 19454, Montgomery County, Twenty-fourth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Drug, Device and Cosmetic Board, to serve for a term of four years or until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF HAVERFORD STATE HOSPITAL

August 13, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Theresa Andreozzi, 15 East Mercer Avenue, Havertown 19083, Delaware County, Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Haverford State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1995, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Patricia Jenkins, Esquire, Media, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

August 13, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, William A. Moyer, V.M.D., 105 Ridgeway Lane, Kennett Square 19348-1721, Chester County, Thirty-sixth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the State Board of Veterinary Medicine, to serve for a term of four years or until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF  
THE EASTERN YOUTH DEVELOPMENT CENTERS

August 20, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Donna A. Frisby, 706 North Franklin Street, Apartment 1R, Philadelphia 19123, Philadelphia County, First Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of The Eastern Youth Development Centers, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1999, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Gude Wimbish, Philadelphia, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF PSYCHOLOGY

August 20, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Nancy Marie Scalise, Esquire, 22 Oakland Square, Pittsburgh 15213, Allegheny County, Thirty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Psychology, to serve for a term of four years or until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Quentin C. Weaver, Swarthmore, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL  
HEARING BOARD

August 23, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Raymond Sannie, 2638 Columbia Street, Allentown 18104, Lehigh County, Sixteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Environmental Hearing Board, to serve for a term of six years and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Terrance J. Fitzpatrick, Esquire, Hummelstown, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF DANVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

August 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Karen Crossley, 1100 South Market Street, Bloomsburg 17815, Columbia County, Twenty-seventy Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Danville State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1997, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Leonard P. Majikas, Bloomsburg, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
DANVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

August 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Richard Larcom, Ph.D., 915 Catherine Street, Bloomsburg 17815, Columbia County, Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Danville State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1995, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice John F. Trowbridge, Danville, deceased.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE PLANNING BOARD

August 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Anthony Barbush, 3336 North Third Street, Harrisburg 17110, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Planning Board, to serve for a term of four years and until his successor is appointed and qualified, pursuant to Act 42, approved July 7, 1989.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE  
ON PROBATION

August 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Yvonne B. Haskins, Esquire, 7035 McCallum Street, Philadelphia 19119, Philadelphia County, Fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Advisory Committee on Probation, to serve for a term of four years and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than ninety days beyond that period, vice Daniel B. Michie, Jr., Esquire, Meadowbrook, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE REGISTRATION  
BOARD FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS,  
LAND SURVEYORS AND GEOLOGISTS

August 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Ronald L. Schrock, 602 Tayman Avenue, Somerset 15501, Somerset County, Thirty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Registration Board for Professional Engineers, Land Surveyors and Geologists, to serve for a term of six years or until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, pursuant to Act 151, approved December 16, 1992.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE REGISTRATION  
BOARD FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS,  
LAND SURVEYORS AND GEOLOGISTS

August 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Richard E. Wright, 3240 Schoolhouse Road, Middletown 17057, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Registration Board for Professional Engineers, Land Surveyors and Geologists, to serve for a term of four years or until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, pursuant to Act 151, approved December 16, 1992.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF WESTERN CENTER

August 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Zara Waters, 1002 Buttonwood Drive, Harrisburg 17109, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Western Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1995, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Nidia Henderson, Pittsburgh, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

DISTRICT JUSTICE

August 26, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Alfred B. Coleman, 1195 William Penn Avenue, Conemaugh 15909, Cambria County, Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as District Justice, in and for the County of Cambria, Magisterial District 47-3-01, to serve until the first Monday of January 1996, vice Stephen J. Yesenosky, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF  
PENNSYLVANIA COUNCIL ON THE ARTS

September 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Kenneth D. Hill, 1476 Hancock Lane, Wayne 19087, Chester County, Nineteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Council on the Arts, to serve until July 1, 1995 and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Bernard C. Watson, Ph.D., Elkins Park, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

SHERIFF, ELK COUNTY

September 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John G. Herzing, 164 Terrace Road, St. Marys 15857, Elk County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as Sheriff, in and for the County of Elk, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice Ray Krasinski, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

DISTRICT JUSTICE

September 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Robert McNelis, 439 Wylie Avenue, Clairton 15025, Allegheny County, Forty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as District Justice, in and for the County of Allegheny, Magisterial District 5-3-09, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice Sarge Fiore, mandatory retirement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

DISTRICT JUSTICE

September 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Brian K. Baker, R.D. 1, Box 28A, Saxton 16678, Bedford County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as District Justice, in and for the County of Bedford, Magisterial District 57-3-03, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice Charles O. Guyer, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

DISTRICT JUSTICE

September 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Rocco Gaspari, 1689 Hewes Avenue, Lower Chichester 19061, Delaware County, Ninth Senatorial District, for appointment as District Justice, in and for the County of Delaware, Magisterial District 32-1-36, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice George W. Paige, mandatory retirement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA  
GAME COMMISSION

September 7, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Robert J. Gilford (District 1), P. O. Box 69, Lickingville 16332, Clarion County, Twenty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Game Commission, to serve until October 23, 1997, vice Roger J. Wolz, Meadville, deceased.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA  
GAME COMMISSION

September 7, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Eugene P. Nelson (District 5), HC 64, Box 372A, Trout Run 17771, Lycoming County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania

Game Commission, to serve for a term of eight years, vice Mary Jane Kuziak, Danville, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA  
GAME COMMISSION

September 7, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Vernon K. Shaffer (District 8), 3711 Stoudts Ferry Bridge Road, Reading 19605, Berks County, Eleventh Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Game Commission, to serve for a term of eight years, vice Clair W. Clemens, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE HEALTH  
POLICY BOARD

September 7, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Mary Del Brady, 153 Yellowstone Drive, Pittsburgh 15235, Allegheny County, Forty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Health Policy Board, to serve for a term of three years and until her successor is appointed and qualified, pursuant to Act 179, approved December 18, 1992.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE HEALTH  
POLICY BOARD

September 7, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Jeffrey P. Lindtner, CIGNA Corporation, 1600 Arch Street, Philadelphia 19103, Philadelphia County, First Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Health Policy Board, to serve for a term of one year and until his successor is appointed and qualified, pursuant to Act 179, approved December 18, 1992.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF COSMETOLOGY

September 13, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Melissa Chapman, 537 West Market Street, Marietta 17547, Lancaster County, Thirty-sixth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Cosmetology, to serve for a term of three years and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Regina Schrenko, Northampton, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA  
ENERGY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

September 13, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Dr. Peter T. Luckie, 246 Wooded Way, State College 16801, Centre County, Thirty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Energy Development Authority, to serve for a term of four years and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Franklin H. Mohney, Camp Hill, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF  
PENNSYLVANIA COUNCIL ON THE ARTS

September 21, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Jean E. Brannon, 116 Locust Way, Dillsburg 17019, York County, Thirty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Council on the Arts, to serve until July 1, 1994 and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Barbara B. DeFrees, Warren, deceased.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF EBENSBURG CENTER

September 23, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Ruth W. Kline, 210 East Horner

Street, Ebensburg 15931, Cambria County, Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Ebensburg Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1997, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice James E. Porcher, Johnstown, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

CONTROLLER, BLAIR COUNTY

September 24, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, David G. Fox, 1802 Tenth Street, Altoona 16601, Blair County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as Controller, in and for the County of Blair, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice Robert A. Grove, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF SOMERSET STATE HOSPITAL

October 8, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Walter V. Rucosky, P. O. Box 281, Jennerstown 15547, Somerset County, Thirty-second Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Somerset State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1999 and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF MAYVIEW STATE HOSPITAL

October 12, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Elaine McGraw, 1258 Oakridge Road, McDonald 15057, Allegheny County, Thirty-seventh Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Mayview State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1997, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Janice C. Porter, Eighty-four, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF MAYVIEW STATE HOSPITAL

October 12, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Donna G. Nativio, Ph.D., 7402 Lighthouse Point, Pittsburgh 15221, Allegheny County, Thirty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Mayview State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1995, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Reverend C. Leroy Hacker, Pittsburgh, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

DISTRICT JUSTICE

October 19, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Thomas A. Palladino, 640 Morello Drive, Stowe 19464, Montgomery County, Forty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as District Justice, in and for the County of Montgomery, Magisterial District 38-1-11, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice Charles A. Dasch, mandatory retirement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

DISTRICT JUSTICE

October 19, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Elizabeth R. Frownfelter, Esquire, R. D. 1, Box 139, Blain 17006, Perry County, Thirty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as District Justice, in and for the County of Perry, Magisterial District 41-3-05, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice Jane R. Dyar, mandatory retirement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF  
EASTERN STATE SCHOOL AND HOSPITAL

October 28, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Elvis Solivan, 1302 North Orianna Street, Philadelphia 19122, Philadelphia County, First Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Eastern State School and Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday

of January 1999, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Charles Steinbach, Warminster, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF  
EASTERN STATE SCHOOL AND HOSPITAL

October 28, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Lucille Wienczkowski, 1110 Stanley Avenue, Bethlehem 18015, Lehigh County, Sixteenth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Eastern State School and Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1999, and until her successor is appointed and qualified.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA  
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FINANCING  
AUTHORITY

November 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Patrick Beaty, 202 Gettysburg Street, Dillsburg 17019, York County, Thirty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Authority, to serve for a term of four years and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice John J. Curran, Esquire, Orwigsburg, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

JUDGE, COURT OF COMMON PLEAS,  
ALLEGHENY COUNTY

November 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Kathleen R. Mulligan, Esquire, 1124 La Clair Avenue, Pittsburgh 15218-1204, Allegheny County, Thirty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1994, vice The Honorable Eunice L. Ross, mandatory retirement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

JUDGE, COURT OF COMMON PLEAS,  
ALLEGHENY COUNTY

November 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John A. Zottola, Esquire, 6129 Jackson Street, Pittsburgh 15206, Allegheny County, Thirty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1994, vice The Honorable Michael J. O'Malley, mandatory retirement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF  
SCRANTON STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

November 4, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Harold Diamond, Esquire, 1250 Hemlock Drive, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, Fifth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Scranton State School for the Deaf, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1997, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF  
VEHICLE MANUFACTURERS,  
DEALERS AND SALESPERSONS

November 4, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Lawrence E. Filiaggi, R. D. 6, Box 634, Uniontown 15401, Fayette County, Thirty-second Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the State Board of Vehicle Manufacturers, Dealers and Salespersons, to serve for a term of three years and until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

JUDGE, COURT OF COMMON PLEAS,  
PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

November 8, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Aaron Charles Finestone, Es-

quire, 9921 Bustleton Avenue, Apartment J-12, Philadelphia 19115, Philadelphia County, Fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1996, vice The Honorable Nelson A. Diaz, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE UNEMPLOYMENT  
COMPENSATION BOARD OF REVIEW

November 15, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Anthony Barbush, 3336 North Third Street, Harrisburg 17110, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Unemployment Compensation Board of Review, to serve until July 1, 1999 and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Dale Groman, Bethlehem, deceased.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

DISTRICT JUSTICE

November 15, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Daniel R. Hoffman, II, 805 Seibert Road, Bellefonte 16823, Centre County, Thirty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as District Justice, in and for the County of Centre, Magisterial District 49-3-02, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice Robert T. May, mandatory retirement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY  
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

November 17, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Louis A. Aquilio (Democrat), P. O. Box 127, Wysox 18854, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1995, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, to add to complement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY  
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

November 17, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Erma L. Bishop (Democrat), R. D. #2, Wysox 18854, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1995, and until her successors appointed and qualified, vice Helen E. Barrett, Towanda, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY  
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

November 17, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John J. Griffin (Republican), P. O. Box 335, Wysox 18854, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1995, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Margaret Johnson, Towanda, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY  
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

November 17, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Francis S. Hunt (Democrat), 209 Warren Street, Sayre 18840, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1995, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, to add to complement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY  
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

November 17, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Frederick R. Gerrity (Democrat), P. O. Box 7, Towanda 18848, Bradford County, Twenty-third

Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1995, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, to add to complement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY  
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE**

November 17, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Francis T. Guinan (Republican), R. R. #2, Box 333, Rome 18837, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1994, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Eunice R. Kier, Monroeton, whose term expired.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY  
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE**

November 17, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Marjorie McGroarty (Democrat), R. D. #1, New Albany 18833, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1995, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, to add to complement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**DISTRICT JUSTICE**

November 17, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Eileen Conroy, 3385 Parkview Avenue, Pittsburgh 15213, Allegheny County, Thirty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as District Justice, in and for the County of Allegheny, Magisterial District 5-2-27, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice Nicholas A. Diulus, mandatory retirement.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF WHITE HAVEN CENTER**

November 18, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John Kaschak, Route 924, Harleigh 18225, Luzerne County, Fourteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of White Haven Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1997, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Fay M. Palen, Tunkhannock, resigned.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**RECALL COMMUNICATIONS  
REFERRED TO COMMITTEE**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communications in writing from the office of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows and referred to the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations:

**MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA  
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY**

August 13, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated July 12, 1993 for the appointment of Patrick Beaty, 202 Gettysburg Street, Dillsburg 17019, York County, Thirty-first Senatorial District, as a member of the Pennsylvania Industrial Development Authority, to serve until July 24, 1993, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Maurice A. Lawruk, terminated.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination on the premises.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF AUCTIONEER EXAMINERS**

September 23, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated August 3, 1993 for the appointment of Paula Jean Cindric (Public Member), 445 Olivet Avenue, Pittsburgh 15210, Allegheny County, Forty-second Senatorial District, as a member of the State Board of Auctioneer Examiners, to serve until April 16, 1994 or until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Margaret H. Hamilton, Franklin, deceased.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination on the premises.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF PSYCHOLOGY

September 23, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated August 20, 1993 for the appointment of Nancy Marie Scalise, Esquire, 22 Oakland Square, Pittsburgh 15213, Allegheny County, Thirty-eighth Senatorial District, as a member of the State Board of Psychology, to serve for a term of four years or until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Quentin C. Weaver, Swarthmore, whose term expired.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination on the premises.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF WARREN STATE HOSPITAL

November 3, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated July 7, 1993 for the appointment of William W. Durney, 733 Cherry Lane, Bellefonte 16823, Centre County, Thirty-fourth Senatorial District, as a member of the Board of Trustees of Warren State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1997, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice John D. Haggerty, Jr., Clarendon, resigned.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination on the premises.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF DENTISTRY

November 8, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated April 27, 1993 for the appointment of Daniel A. Lucyk, 17 Brookhill Road, Conyngham 18219, Luzerne County, Fourteenth Senatorial District, as a member of the State Board of Dentistry, to serve for a term of six years or until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Morris Jacobson, D.D.S., Williamsport, whose term expired.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination on the premises.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

JUDGE, COURT OF COMMON PLEAS,  
DAUPHIN COUNTY

November 8, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated July 19, 1993 for the appointment of Louis J. Adler, Esquire, 4338 Brandywine Court, Harrisburg 17110, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1994, vice The Honorable Herbert A. Schaffner, deceased.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination on the premises.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

DISTRICT JUSTICE

November 8, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated September 3, 1993, for the appointment of Robert McNelis, 439 Wylie Avenue, Clairton 15025, Allegheny County, Forty-fifth Senatorial District, as District Justice, in and for the County of Allegheny, Magisterial District 5-3-09, to serve until the first Monday of January 1994, vice Sarge Fiore, mandatory retirement.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination on the premises.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

RECALL COMMUNICATIONS  
LAID ON THE TABLE

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communications in writing from the office of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows and laid on the table:

JUDGE, COURT OF COMMON PLEAS,  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY

November 8, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated June 10, 1993 for the appointment of Andrew B. Cantor, Esquire, 224 Waring Road, Elkins Park 19117, Montgomery County,

Fourth Senatorial District, as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Montgomery County, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1994, vice The Honorable William H. Yohn, Jr., resigned.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination on the premises.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

JUDGE, COURT OF COMMON PLEAS,  
SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

November 8, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated May 10, 1993 for the appointment of Maryann D. Conway, Esquire, 1908 Mahantongo Street, Pottsville 17901, Schuylkill County, Twenty-ninth Senatorial District, as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Schuylkill County, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1994, vice The Honorable Wilbur H. Rubright, mandatory retirement.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination on the premises.

MARK S. SINGEL  
Lieutenant Governor,  
Acting Governor

**CORRECTIONS TO NOMINATIONS BY THE  
GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communications in writing from the office of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations:

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF BARBER EXAMINERS

July 6, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

Please note the nomination dated July 2, 1993 for the appointment of Nancy E. McCallister (Public Member), 22 Foxfield Lane, Elizabethtown 17022, Lancaster County, Thirteenth Senatorial District, as a member of the State Board of Barber Examiners, to serve until March 16, 1995 and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Joseph A. Belcastro, West Aliquippa, resigned, should be corrected to read:

Nancy E. McCallister (Public Member), 22 Foxfield Lane, Elizabethtown 17022, Lancaster County, Thirty-sixth Senatorial District, as a member of the State Board of Barber Examiners, to serve until March 16, 1995 and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Joseph A. Belcastro, West Aliquippa, resigned.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA CANCER  
CONTROL, PREVENTION AND RESEARCH  
ADVISORY BOARD

July 7, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

Please note the nomination dated June 7, 1993 for the appointment of Michael A. Rackover, 120 Marvin Road, Elkins Park 19117, Montgomery County, Fourth Senatorial District, as a member of the Pennsylvania Cancer Control, Prevention and Research Advisory Board, to serve until June 5, 1995, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Thomas A. McGoff, Moscow, resigned, should be corrected to read:

Michael A. Rackover, 120 Marvin Road, Elkins Park 19117, Montgomery County, Fourth Senatorial District, as a member of the Pennsylvania Cancer Control, Prevention and Research Advisory Board, to serve for a term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Thomas A. McGoff, Moscow, resigned.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD  
OF MEDICINE

October 8, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

Please note the nomination dated June 28, 1993 for the appointment of Oliver Morris Johnson, II, Esquire (Public Member), 301 Race Street, C-6, Philadelphia 19106, Philadelphia County, First Senatorial District, as a member of the State Board of Medicine, to serve for a term of four years or until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Gerald A. Chesin, Ph.D., resigned, should be corrected to read:

Oliver Morris Johnson, II, Esquire (Public Member), 69 Radcliff Drive, Doylestown 18901, Bucks County, Tenth Senatorial District, as a member of the State Board of Medicine, to serve for a term of four years or until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Gerald A. Chesin, Ph.D., resigned.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF  
SCRANTON STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

November 8, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of  
Pennsylvania:

Please note the nomination dated November 4, 1993 for the reappointment of Harold Diamond, Esquire, 1250 Hemlock Drive, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, Fifth Senatorial District, as a member of the Board of Trustees of Scranton State School for the Deaf, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1997, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, should be corrected to read:

Harold Diamond, Esquire, 1250 Hemlock Drive, Philadelphia 19116, Philadelphia County, Fifth Senatorial District, as a member of the Board of Trustees of Scranton State School for the Deaf, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1997, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

**MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY  
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE**

November 19, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Please note the nomination dated November 17, 1993 for the appointment of Louis A. Aquilio (Democrat), P. O. Box 127, Wysox 18854, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1995, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, to add to complement, should be corrected to read:

Louis A. Aquilio (Democrat), P. O. Box 127, Wysox 18854, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1994, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Sheila C. Wilson, Troy, whose term expired.

**MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY  
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE**

November 19, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Please note the nomination dated November 17, 1993 for the appointment of Francis S. Hunt (Democrat), 209 Warren Street, Sayre 18840, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1995, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, to add to complement, should be corrected to read:

Francis S. Hunt (Democrat), 209 Warren Street, Sayre 18840, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1994, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

**HOUSE MESSAGES**

**HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILLS**

The Clerk of the House of Representatives returned to the Senate **SB 565, 845, 1015, 1099** and **1126** with the information the House has passed the same without amendments.

**SENATE RESOLUTION RETURNED  
WITH AMENDMENTS**

The Clerk of the House of Representatives returned to the Senate **SR 43**, with the information the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The PRESIDENT. Pursuant to Senate Rule XV, Section 5, this bill will be referred to the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations.

**HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE**

The Clerk of the House of Representatives presented to the Senate the following bills for concurrence, which were referred to the committees indicated:

June 28, 1993

- HB 287** -- Committee on Aging and Youth.
- HB 292, 296, 297, 298, 733** and **1344** -- Committee on Banking and Insurance.
- HB 734, 1356** and **1767** -- Committee on Transportation.
- HB 1268** -- Committee on Labor and Industry.
- HB 1303** -- Committee on Consumer Protection and Professional Licensure.
- HB 1513** and **1718** -- Committee on State Government.
- HB 1515** -- Committee on Agriculture and Rural Affairs.
- HB 1640** -- Committee on Public Health and Welfare.
- HB 1704** -- Committee on Game and Fisheries.
- HB 1706** -- Committee on Education.
- HB 1717** -- Committee on Judiciary.
- HB 1721** -- Committee on Intergovernmental Affairs.

September 30, 1993

- HB 116** and **1140** -- Committee on State Government.
- HB 216** and **1242** -- Committee on Local Government.
- HB 1898** -- Committee on Environmental Resources and Energy.

October 4, 1993

- HB 1453** -- Committee on Urban Affairs and Housing.

October 5, 1993

- HB 1432** and **1434** -- Committee on Judiciary.

October 6, 1993

- HB 952** and **1895** -- Committee on Community and Economic Development.

- HB 1001** -- Committee on Aging and Youth.
- HB 1777** -- Committee on Agriculture and Rural Affairs.

October 7, 1993

- HB 1559** -- Committee on Education.

October 13, 1993

- HB 144** and **1214** -- Committee on Education.

October 18, 1993

- HB 553** -- Committee on Law and Justice.
- HB 956** -- Committee on Labor and Industry.
- HB 1662** -- Committee on Judiciary.
- HB 1827** -- Committee on Veterans Affairs and Emergency Preparedness.

**HOUSE RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE**

The Clerk of the House of Representatives presented to the Senate the following resolution for concurrence, which was referred to the committee indicated:

June 28, 1993

**House Concurrent Resolution No. 147** -- Committee on Environmental Resources and Energy.

**BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following Senate Bills numbered, entitled, and referred as follows, which were read by the Clerk:

June 28, 1993

Senator FATTAH presented to the Chair **SB 1251**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of July 5, 1947 (P. L. 1217, No. 498), entitled "State Public School Building Authority Act," further providing for definitions, for purposes and general powers, for refunding bonds, for moneys of the authority, for competition in award of contracts and for transfer of projects to school districts or other lessees or sublessees; and making editorial changes.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, June 28, 1993.

Senator FATTAH presented to the Chair **SB 1252**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," further providing for exceptions to compulsory attendance; increasing penalties for violations of child labor requirements; and making editorial changes.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, June 28, 1993.

Senators FATTAH and WILLIAMS presented to the Chair **SB 1253**, entitled:

An Act providing for construction financing for energy-efficient housing; authorizing competitive grants for low-cost, energy-efficient housing design; providing for powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Energy Office; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on URBAN AFFAIRS AND HOUSING, June 28, 1993.

Senators STAPLETON, MADIGAN, MUSTO, AFLERBACH, BRIGHTBILL, WENGER, BAKER and DAWIDA presented to the Chair **SB 1254**, entitled:

An Act providing for the protection of public health and prevention of food-borne illness by establishing a food service certification program, a Food Service and Retail Food Certification Board of Advisors; and providing for the authority of the Department of Agriculture to approve certification programs and authorize the training of food service and retail food managers in all licensed facilities in this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on AGRICULTURE AND RURAL AFFAIRS, June 28, 1993.

Senators STAPLETON, MADIGAN, BRIGHTBILL, PUNT, STEWART, WENGER and RHOADES presented to the Chair **SB 1255**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 23, 1978 (P. L. 537, No. 93), entitled "Seasonal Farm Labor Act," further providing for definitions, for minimum wages, for piece rates, for employment of minors, for prohibitions on gender, for inspections and entry, for registration, for employment agencies, for seasonal farm labor contractors and agents, for enforcement orders, for prohibited activities, for powers and duties

of the Secretary of Labor and Industry and the Secretary of Environmental Resources, for administrative procedure, for pending proceedings and criminal penalties, for civil penalties and for remedies.

Which was committed to the Committee on AGRICULTURE AND RURAL AFFAIRS, June 28, 1993.

Senator HART presented to the Chair **SB 1256**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P. L. 177, No. 175), entitled "The Administrative Code of 1929," requiring the Secretary of the Budget to file records of expenditures on legislative initiatives with the Auditor General and making these records public information.

Which was committed to the Committee on APPROPRIATIONS, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, REIBMAN, BELAN, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES, SCHWARTZ, STEWART and FATTAH presented to the Chair **SB 1257**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of July 31, 1941 (P. L. 616, No. 261), entitled "Employment Agency Law," further defining "employment agent"; further providing for prohibited acts; and imposing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, BELAN, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES, SCHWARTZ, STEWART and FATTAH presented to the Chair **SB 1258**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of July 12, 1972 (P. L. 847, No. 187), entitled "Strikebreaker Employment Act," further defining "strikebreaker"; adding definitions; further providing for unlawful acts; providing for enforcement of the act by the Department of Labor and Industry; requiring the adoption of regulations and standards; further providing for penalties; and making editorial changes.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, BELAN, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES, PECORA and FATTAH presented to the Chair **SB 1259**, entitled:

An Act requiring employers to maintain certain benefits for striking employees who are replaced; and providing for enforcement.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, REIBMAN, BELAN, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES and FATTAH presented to the Chair **SB 1260**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 2, 1915 (P. L. 736, No. 338), entitled, as reenacted and amended, "The Pennsylvania Workmen's Compensation Act," further providing for injuries subject to compensation.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, BELAN, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES and FATTAH presented to the Chair **SB 1261**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 4, 1971 (P. L. 6, No. 2), entitled "Tax Reform Code of 1971," prohibiting the use of replace-

ment worker expenses in determining corporate net income tax; and requiring sworn statements by employers.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, REIBMAN, BELAN, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES, SCHWARTZ, FATAH and DAWIDA presented to the Chair **SB 1262**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 21, 1939 (P. L. 566, No. 284), entitled "The Pennsylvania Occupational Disease Act," changing references to "workmen's" to "workers'."

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES and FATAH presented to the Chair **SB 1263**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 2, 1937 (P. L. 1198, No. 308), entitled "Labor Anti-Injunction Act," further providing for injunctions in case of labor disputes and lawful picketing during labor strikes.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, BELAN, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES, SCHWARTZ, FATAH and PECORA presented to the Chair **SB 1264**, entitled:

An Act limiting the terms of conditions for employment of replacement workers hired during labor disputes; protecting seniority rights of employees involved in labor disputes; and providing remedies.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES, SCHWARTZ and FATAH presented to the Chair **SB 1265**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 2, 1937 (P. L. 1198, No. 308), entitled "Labor Anti-Injunction Act," further providing for restraining orders and injunctions.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, BELAN, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES, SCHWARTZ, FATAH, PECORA and DAWIDA presented to the Chair **SB 1266**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 1, 1937 (P. L. 1168, No. 294), entitled "Pennsylvania Labor Relations Act," further providing for unfair labor practices.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators LINCOLN, BODACK, BELAN, MUSTO, PORTERFIELD, JONES and FATAH presented to the Chair **SB 1267**, entitled:

An Act requiring certain employers who relocate or terminate operations to pay covered employees severance pay; imposing additional powers and duties on the Department of Labor and Industry; and requiring employers to give notice to affected employees and municipalities.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

Senators STOUT and CORMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1268**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for revocation or suspension of operating privilege, for revocation of habitual offender's license and for occupational limited license; and providing for probationary license.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, June 28, 1993.

Senators SCHWARTZ, AFFLERBACH, FATAH, JONES, WILLIAMS and LEWIS presented to the Chair **SB 1269**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for informed consent; and deleting providing relating to parental consent, spousal notification and restrictions on the performance of abortions in publicly owned facilities and State payments for abortions.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, June 28, 1993.

Senators JONES, SCHWARTZ, AFFLERBACH, FATAH, WILLIAMS and LEWIS presented to the Chair **SB 1270**, entitled:

An Act providing for the public funding of necessary medical procedures; prohibiting discrimination based on a choice to obtain or to advocate for contraceptives or abortion; protecting the liberty of conscience in abortion matters; and making repeals.

Which was committed to the Committee on PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE, June 28, 1993.

Senators AFFLERBACH, SCHWARTZ, FATAH, JONES, WILLIAMS, CORMAN and LEWIS presented to the Chair **SB 1271**, entitled:

An Act requiring practitioners of the healing arts to disclose their prenatal diagnosis policy to patients; imposing civil penalties; and providing for private rights of action.

Which was committed to the Committee on PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE, June 28, 1993.

Senators CORMAN, SCHWARTZ, AFFLERBACH, FATAH, JONES, WILLIAMS and LEWIS presented to the Chair **SB 1272**, entitled:

An Act requiring municipal police to report to the Office of Attorney General actions taken to prevent and combat anti-abortion and anticontraception violence; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, June 28, 1993.

Senators AFFLERBACH, FATAH, JONES, SCHWARTZ, WILLIAMS, LEWIS and CORMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1273**, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing that the right to make personal reproductive decisions shall not be violated.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, June 28, 1993.

Senators CORMAN, SCHWARTZ, FATTAH, AFFLERBACH, JONES, WILLIAMS and LEWIS presented to the Chair **SB 1274**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, changing reporting requirements for abortions when pregnancies are initiated by acts of rape or incest.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, June 28, 1993.

Senators ANDREZESKI and BELAN presented to the Chair **SB 1275**, entitled:

An Act regulating and requiring the licensure of construction contractors; establishing the Construction Contractor Licensing Board; creating the Construction Contractor Licensing Board Fund; providing penalties; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, June 28, 1993.

July 2, 1993

Senators BELL and SHUMAKER presented to the Chair **SB 1276**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of October 27, 1955 (P. L. 744, No. 222), entitled, as amended, "Pennsylvania Human Relations Act," providing for certain programs or awards conducted or given by civic organizations.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 2, 1993.

Senator PETERSON presented to the Chair **SB 1277**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," providing for transportation of pupils.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, July 2, 1993.

Senator PETERSON presented to the Chair **SB 1278**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," providing for qualifications of business administrators.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, July 2, 1993.

Senators PETERSON, SHUMAKER and DAWIDA presented to the Chair **SB 1279**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," further providing for teaching certificates; providing for intern certificates; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, July 2, 1993.

Senator PETERSON presented to the Chair **SB 1280**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," further providing for qualifications of principals; providing for standard principal and provisional principal certificates; and making an editorial change.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, July 2, 1993.

Senator PETERSON presented to the Chair **SB 1281**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," further providing for qualifications of superintendents; and providing for provisional superintendent and standard superintendent certificates.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, July 2, 1993.

Senators HART, JUBELIRER, HELFRICK and SHUMAKER presented to the Chair **SB 1282**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," further providing for granting of tenure to professional employees.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, July 2, 1993.

July 9, 1993

Senators LAVALLE, STOUT, CORMAN, BELAN, HELFRICK, HART and MUSTO presented to the Chair **SB 1283**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for suncreening.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, July 9, 1993.

Senators LAVALLE, STOUT, BELAN, WENGER, HART and MUSTO presented to the Chair **SB 1284**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for removal of vehicles from limited access highways and for the movement of vehicles after an accident on limited access highways.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, July 9, 1993.

Senators LAVALLE, STOUT, BELAN, HELFRICK and MUSTO presented to the Chair **SB 1285**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for the removal of unattended vehicles, for the notice on abandoned vehicles and for the disposition of unclaimed vehicles.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, July 9, 1993.

July 12, 1993

Senators GREENLEAF, BELL, CORMAN, HART, PUNT, SALVATORE, TILGHMAN and WENGER presented to the Chair **SB 1286**, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, changing provisions relating to prohibited activities by justices and judges.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, July 12, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, BELL, CORMAN, HART, SALVATORE, TILGHMAN and WENGER presented to the Chair **SB 1287**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P. L. 1333, No. 320), entitled "Pennsylvania Election Code," providing for arrangement of names on ballots.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 12, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, BELL, CORMAN, SALVATORE, TILGHMAN and WENGER presented to the Chair **SB 1288**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P. L. 1333, No. 320), entitled "Pennsylvania Election Code," further providing for the form of the primary ballot.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 12, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, CORMAN, SALVATORE, TILGHMAN and WENGER presented to the Chair **SB 1289**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P. L. 1333, No. 320), entitled "Pennsylvania Election Code," eliminating cross-filing by candidates.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 12, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, HART, SALVATORE and TILGHMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1290**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P. L. 1333, No. 320), entitled "Pennsylvania Election Code," further providing for voting at primary elections; and making repeals.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 12, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, HELFRICK, SALVATORE, TILGHMAN and WENGER presented to the Chair **SB 1291**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," providing for voter education programs and for voter registration forms.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 12, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF and MOWERY presented to the Chair **SB 1292**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P. L. 1333, No. 320), entitled "Pennsylvania Election Code," providing limited public funding of judicial Statewide elections; limiting certain contributions; imposing powers and duties on the Department of State; imposing penalties; and making a repeal.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 12, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF and MOWERY presented to the Chair **SB 1293**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P. L. 1333, No. 320), entitled "Pennsylvania Election Code," providing for certain political contributions by attorneys and law firms.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 12, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF and MOWERY presented to the Chair **SB 1294**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P. L. 1333, No. 320), entitled "Pennsylvania Election Code," providing for public disclosure of contributions to judicial campaigns.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 12, 1993.

#### July 15, 1993

Senator BELL presented to the Chair **SB 1295**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 4, 1971 (P. L. 6, No. 2), entitled "Tax Reform Code of 1971," further defining "taxable income" for corporations.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, July 15, 1993.

#### July 21, 1993

Senators GREENLEAF, JUBELIRER, AFFLERBACH and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1296**, entitled:

An Act establishing a pilot program to provide information on government services through the use of kiosks or touch screen computer stations; granting powers to and imposing duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, July 21, 1993.

#### July 22, 1993

Senators MOWERY, HELFRICK and SHAFFER presented to the Chair **SB 1297**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 15 (Corporations and Unincorporated Associations) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for county fees in Uniform Commercial Code matters.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, July 22, 1993.

#### July 26, 1993

Senators AFFLERBACH, SALVATORE, PECORA, MUSTO, SHUMAKER, CORMAN, HELFRICK, BELAN and MADIGAN presented to the Chair **SB 1298**, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, prohibiting retroactive tax levies.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, July 26, 1993.

#### July 27, 1993

Senators SALVATORE and SCANLON presented to the Chair **SB 1299**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of

the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for Delaware River Port Authority Police.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, July 27, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE and SCANLON presented to the Chair **SB 1300**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," further providing for distance requirements for transportation of pupils.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, July 27, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE and SCANLON presented to the Chair **SB 1301**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 6, 1951 (P. L. 69, No. 20), entitled "The Landlord and Tenant Act of 1951," further providing for notice to quit.

Which was committed to the Committee on URBAN AFFAIRS AND HOUSING, July 27, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1302**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for a penalty for use of counterfeit financial responsibility identification cards.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, July 27, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1303**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 29, 1937 (P. L. 487, No. 115), entitled, as reenacted and amended, "The Permanent Registration Act for Cities of the Second Class, Cities of the Second Class A, Cities of the Third Class, Boroughs, Towns, and Townships," further providing for manner of registration of certain persons.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 27, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1304**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 30, 1937 (P. L. 115, No. 40), entitled "The First Class City Permanent Registration Act," further providing for manner of registration of certain persons.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 27, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1305**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P. L. 1333, No. 320), entitled "Pennsylvania Election Code," further providing for applications for official absentee ballots.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 27, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE, HELFRICK and SHUMAKER presented to the Chair **SB 1306**, entitled:

An Act providing for low-interest loans to eligible municipal fire

departments; establishing rules and regulations relating to such loans; and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Emergency Management Agency.

Which was committed to the Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT, July 27, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1307**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of October 27, 1955 (P. L. 744, No. 222), entitled, as amended, "Pennsylvania Human Relations Act," further providing for unlawful discriminatory practices; and providing for preemployment testing.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 27, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1308**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," further providing for sabbatical leaves of absence.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, July 27, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1309**, entitled:

An Act specifically authorizing collective bargaining between school administrators in school districts of the first class and their public employers; providing for arbitration in order to settle disputes and requiring compliance with collective bargaining agreements and findings of arbitrators; and making repeals.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, July 27, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1310**, entitled:

An Act requiring the licensing of locators of missing persons; and regulating the practice of locators.

Which was committed to the Committee on CONSUMER PROTECTION AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE, July 27, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1311**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P. L. 343, No. 176), entitled, as amended, "The Fiscal Code," further regulating abandoned property.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, July 27, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1312**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of August 14, 1991 (P. L. 342, No. 36), entitled "Lottery Fund Preservation Act," further providing amnesty for certain claimants.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, July 27, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1313**, entitled:

An Act requiring the Department of Public Welfare to provide and increase a State supplement to the Federal Supplemental Security Income Program for individuals requiring personal-care services who reside in licensed personal-care homes; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE, July 27, 1993.

July 28, 1993

Senator DAWIDA presented to the Chair **SB 1314**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 11, 1971 (P. L. 104, No. 3), entitled, as amended, "Senior Citizens Rebate and Assistance Act," further providing for the definition of "income."

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, July 28, 1993.

Senator DAWIDA presented to the Chair **SB 1315**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of August 14, 1991 (P. L. 342, No. 36), entitled "Lottery Fund Preservation Act," further providing for the definition of "income" for purpose of determining eligibility for pharmaceutical assistance.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, July 28, 1993.

Senator DAWIDA presented to the Chair **SB 1316**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 29, 1953 (P. L. 304, No. 66), entitled "Vital Statistics Law of 1953," further providing for information on death and fetal death certificates.

Which was committed to the Committee on PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE, July 28, 1993.

Senator DAWIDA presented to the Chair **SB 1317**, entitled:

An Act providing for emergency service responders' preference for civil service purposes.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, July 28, 1993.

Senator DAWIDA presented to the Chair **SB 1318**, entitled:

An Act requiring certain information to be provided in connection with the consideration by the General Assembly of legislation relating to licensure, certification or registration of members of a profession or occupation.

Which was committed to the Committee on CONSUMER PROTECTION AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE, July 28, 1993.

Senator DAWIDA presented to the Chair **SB 1319**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for volunteer medical professional civil immunity.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, July 28, 1993.

July 30, 1993

Senators GREENLEAF, BELL, CORMAN, HELFRICK, LAVALLE, MUSTO, PETERSON and SALVATORE

presented to the Chair **SB 1320**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 24 (Education) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for a cost-of-living supplement.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, July 30, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, MUSTO, HELFRICK and PECORA presented to the Chair **SB 1321**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 1, 1974 (P. L. 90, No. 24), entitled "Pennsylvania Pesticide Control Act of 1973," regulating the application of pesticides by the Department of Transportation; and further providing for prohibited acts.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, July 30, 1993.

August 9, 1993

Senators BRIGHTBILL, GREENLEAF and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1322**, entitled:

An Act providing for a Statewide residential building code.

Which was committed to the Committee on URBAN AFFAIRS AND HOUSING, August 9, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, TILGHMAN and WENGER presented to the Chair **SB 1323**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for voluntary intoxication or voluntary drugged condition as a defense to a criminal charge.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, August 9, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1324**, entitled:

An Act requiring that certain electric signs be approved by Underwriter's Laboratory; and providing a penalty.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, August 9, 1993.

August 23, 1993

Senators FISHER, SHAFFER, HART, DAWIDA, LOEPER, MADIGAN, ARMSTRONG, HELFRICK, SALVATORE and SHUMAKER presented to the Chair **SB 1325**, entitled:

An Act providing for a capital access program in the Department of Commerce; providing for a loan program for industrial, commercial and agricultural purposes; prescribing powers and duties of the Department of Commerce; creating a Capital Access Fund; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, August 23, 1993.

Senators FISHER, SHAFFER, HART, DAWIDA, LOEPER, MADIGAN, ARMSTRONG, HELFRICK, SALVATORE, PUNT and SHUMAKER presented to the Chair **SB 1326**, entitled:

An Act creating the Export Trade Alliance Board and providing for its powers and duties; and providing for tax credits.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, August 23, 1993.

August 24, 1993

Senator BORTNER presented to the Chair **SB 1327**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of August 9, 1955 (P. L. 323, No. 130), entitled "The County Code," providing for the abolition of jury commissioners.

Which was committed to the Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT, August 24, 1993.

Senator FISHER presented to the Chair **SB 1328**, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of General Services, with the approval of the Governor, to convey to the Chartiers Valley School District three tracts of land situate in Collier Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, August 24, 1993.

August 26, 1993

Senators GREENLEAF, BELL, PECORA and SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1329**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for the occupational limited license, for required financial responsibility, for reinstatement of operating privilege or vehicle registration and for the authority of police officers regarding proof of financial responsibility.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, August 26, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, AFFLERBACH, O'PAKE, SALVATORE and TILGHMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1330**, entitled:

An Act prohibiting the use of a document facsimile production, or FAX, machine to transmit unsolicited advertising messages.

Which was committed to the Committee on COMMUNICATIONS AND HIGH TECHNOLOGY, August 26, 1993.

August 30, 1993

Senators PETERSON, LOEPER, SHUMAKER, WENGER, ROBBINS, TILGHMAN, SHAFFER, FISHER, HELFRICK, AFFLERBACH, HART, LEMMOND, SALVATORE and RHOADES presented to the Chair **SB 1331**, entitled:

An Act establishing the Legislative Tax Commission to study the impact of the taxation of business services, to recommend a business services taxation policy, to provide guidance for the adoption of a general taxing policy and to update these policies annually.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, August 30, 1993.

Senator HOLL presented to the Chair **SB 1332**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of July 2, 1993 (P. L. , No. 47), entitled "Capital Budget Project Itemization Act of 1993-1994," further providing for a public improvement project for Muhlenberg House.

Which was committed to the Committee on APPROPRIA-

TIONS, August 31, 1993.

Senator HOLL presented to the Chair **SB 1333**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of July 2, 1993 (P. L. , No. 47), entitled "Capital Budget Project Itemization Act of 1993-1994," further providing for a public improvement project for the Highlands, Ft. Washington, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on APPROPRIATIONS, August 31, 1993.

September 2, 1993

Senators MOWERY, HART, MADIGAN and PUNT presented to the Chair **SB 1334**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 4, 1971 (P. L. 6, No. 2), entitled "Tax Reform Code of 1971," further providing for the definition of "purchase price."

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, September 2, 1993.

Senators MOWERY, HART, MADIGAN and PUNT presented to the Chair **SB 1335**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of December 22, 1983 (P. L. 306, No. 84), entitled "Board of Vehicles Act," further providing for civil actions for violations.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, September 2, 1993.

Senators MOWERY, HART, MADIGAN and PUNT presented to the Chair **SB 1336**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for certificates of title and registration plates.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, September 2, 1993.

Senators MOWERY, HART, MADIGAN and PUNT presented to the Chair **SB 1337**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 4, 1971 (P. L. 6, No. 2), entitled "Tax Reform Code of 1971," further providing for the definition of "sale at retail."

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, September 2, 1993.

Senators MOWERY, HART, MADIGAN and PUNT presented to the Chair **SB 1338**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of December 22, 1983 (P. L. 306, No. 84), entitled "Board of Vehicles Act," further providing for the sale of certain motor vehicles and for penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, September 2, 1993.

September 3, 1993

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1339**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for sentences for offenses committed with firearms.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 3, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1340**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of January 17, 1968 (P. L. 11, No. 5), entitled "The Minimum Wage Act of 1968," further providing for the definition of "wages."

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, September 3, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1341**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of December 5, 1936 (2nd Sp. Sess., 1937 P. L. 2897, No. 1), entitled "Unemployment Compensation Law," providing for a work-sharing benefit plan.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, September 3, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1342**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 25, 1982 (P. L. 629, No. 178), entitled "An act providing for an annual assessment for the necessary expenses of the association of district attorneys in counties of the first class," further providing for annual assessments for the association of district attorneys.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 3, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1343**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, prohibiting ownership of firearms by certain individuals; further providing for the sale of firearms; providing for criminal record checks; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 3, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1344**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of July 9, 1976 (P. L. 817, No. 143), entitled "Mental Health Procedures Act," providing for notification of the Department of Public Welfare of certain individuals; establishing a central location for mental health record information and telephone lines; providing the right to challenge mental health records; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE, September 3, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE, HELFRICK and SHUMAKER presented to the Chair **SB 1345**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 24 (Education) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further defining the term "maternity leave of absence."

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, September 3, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1346**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for civil immunity in apprehension cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 3, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1347**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for the use of cash or proceeds of property forfeited to the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 3, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1348**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, requiring employers of school bus drivers to notify the Department of Transportation and requiring the Department of Transportation to inform employers of any suspension or revocation of a school bus driver's license.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, September 3, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1349**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, making a stun gun a prohibited offensive weapon but allowing certain police officers to use stun guns.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 3, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1350**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for the jurisdiction of the Philadelphia Municipal Court.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 3, 1993.

#### September 8, 1993

Senators REIBMAN and AFFLERBACH presented to the Chair **SB 1351**, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission to convey and exchange a Project 70 tract of land in Northampton County under certain conditions.

Which was committed to the Committee on GAME AND FISHERIES, September 8, 1993.

Senators REIBMAN and AFFLERBACH presented to the Chair **SB 1352**, entitled:

An Act designating a certain interchange in Northampton County as the Walter Dealtrey Interchange.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, September 8, 1993.

Senator BORTNER presented to the Chair **SB 1353**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P. L. 90, No. 21), entitled, as reenacted, "Liquor Code," further providing for special occasion permits.

Which was committed to the Committee on LAW AND JUSTICE, September 8, 1993.

September 13, 1993

Senators HART and ROBBINS presented to the Chair **SB 1354**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 24, 1931 (P. L. 1206, No. 331), entitled "The First Class Township Code," further providing for political activity by police force employees.

Which was committed to the Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT, September 13, 1993.

Senators HART, LOEPER, BRIGHTBILL, HELFRICK, SHUMAKER and ROBBINS presented to the Chair **SB 1355**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 11, 1971 (P. L. 104, No. 3), entitled, as amended, "Senior Citizens Rebate and Assistance Act," further providing for the definition of "income."

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, September 13, 1993.

Senators HART, FISHER, JONES, PETERSON, HELFRICK, SALVATORE and MADIGAN presented to the Chair **SB 1356**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 4, 1971 (P. L. 6, No. 2), entitled "Tax Reform Code of 1971," further providing for special tax provisions for poverty.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, September 13, 1993.

September 20, 1993

Senators FISHER, GREENLEAF, SHAFFER, CORMAN, SALVATORE, MADIGAN, HELFRICK, MOWERY and PUNT presented to the Chair **SB 1357**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," further providing for the suspension and expulsion of pupils.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, September 20, 1993.

Senators FISHER, GREENLEAF, SHAFFER, CORMAN, SALVATORE, MADIGAN, HELFRICK, MOWERY, HART and PUNT presented to the Chair **SB 1358**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for firearms in school zones.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 20, 1993.

Senators FISHER, GREENLEAF, SHAFFER, CORMAN, SALVATORE, MADIGAN, HELFRICK, MOWERY and HART presented to the Chair **SB 1359**, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment, implementation and operation of a charter school program for troubled youth.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, September 20, 1993.

Senators FISHER, GREENLEAF, SHAFFER, CORMAN, SALVATORE, MADIGAN, HELFRICK and MOWERY presented to the Chair **SB 1360**, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment and operation of the Drug-Free School Program; and imposing a penalty.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, September 20, 1993.

Senators FISHER, GREENLEAF, SHAFFER, CORMAN, SALVATORE, MADIGAN, HELFRICK, MOWERY, HART and PUNT presented to the Chair **SB 1361**, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment and operation of the Youth Apprenticeship Program.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, September 20, 1993.

Senators FISHER, SHAFFER, SALVATORE, HELFRICK, HART and REIBMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1362**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for access to juvenile court records.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 20, 1993.

Senators FISHER, SHAFFER, SALVATORE, HELFRICK, HART, SCANLON and REIBMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1363**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," providing for the reporting of drug, violence and weapon violations occurring on school premises.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, September 20, 1993.

September 22, 1993

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1364**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of August 15, 1961 (P. L. 987, No. 442), entitled "Pennsylvania Prevailing Wage Act," defining "financing"; making amendments to conform with these definitional amendments; specifying duties of certain officers of public bodies; adding criminal and civil remedies; and changing certain time limitations.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, September 22, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1365**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for firearm licenses.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 22, 1993.

September 28, 1993

Senators GREENLEAF, BRIGHTBILL, HART, HELFRICK, LEWIS, MOWERY, PUNT, SALVATORE, TILGHMAN, WENGER and ROBBINS presented to the Chair **SB 1366**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 4, 1971 (P. L. 6, No. 2), entitled "Tax Reform Code of 1971," further providing for classes of income.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, September 28, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, AFFLERBACH, FISHER, HART, HELFRICK, LEWIS, PUNT, SALVATORE and ROBBINS presented to the Chair **SB 1367**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of May 29, 1956 (1955 P. L. 1804, No. 600), entitled "Municipal Police Pension Law," further providing for vesting.

Which was committed to the Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT, September 28, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, BRIGHTBILL, HELFRICK and REIBMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1368**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for penalties for cruelty to animals.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, September 28, 1993.

September 29, 1993

Senators HART, TILGHMAN, CORMAN, SHUMAKER, SALVATORE, HOLL and HECKLER presented to the Chair **SB 1369**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P. L. 343, No. 176), entitled, as amended, "The Fiscal Code," providing for the time within which an action to collect certain taxes must be commenced.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, September 29, 1993.

Senators HART, CORMAN, TILGHMAN, SHUMAKER, SALVATORE and RHOADES presented to the Chair **SB 1370**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 74 (Transportation) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for the Public Transportation Assistance Fund.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, September 29, 1993.

October 4, 1993

Senator O'PAKE presented to the Chair **SB 1371**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P. L. 177, No. 175), entitled "The Administrative Code of 1929," providing for composition of Board of Finance and Revenue.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, October 4, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF and HELFRICK presented to the

Chair **SB 1372**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 22, 1937 (P. L. 1987, No. 394), entitled, as amended, "The Clean Streams Law," further providing for approval of plans, designs and relevant data by the Department of Environmental Resources.

Which was committed to the Committee on ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY, October 4, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF and RHOADES presented to the Chair **SB 1373**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, prohibiting concealment of public hazards.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, October 4, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, HELFRICK and MOWERY presented to the Chair **SB 1374**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of July 7, 1980 (P. L. 380, No. 97), entitled "Solid Waste Management Act," providing for hazardous waste facility prohibited near agricultural property.

Which was committed to the Committee on ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY, October 4, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, AFFLERBACH, CORMAN, FISHER, HELFRICK, MADIGAN, MUSTO and PECORA presented to the Chair **SB 1375**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P. L. 177, No. 175), entitled "The Administrative Code of 1929," providing for prime agricultural land.

Which was committed to the Committee on AGRICULTURE AND RURAL AFFAIRS, October 4, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, FISHER, HELFRICK and MOWERY presented to the Chair **SB 1376**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of December 19, 1974 (P. L. 973, No. 319), entitled "Pennsylvania Farmland and Forest Land Assessment Act of 1974," further providing for determining the value of land in agricultural use, agricultural reserve use or forest reserve use.

Which was committed to the Committee on AGRICULTURE AND RURAL AFFAIRS, October 4, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, BRIGHTBILL, DAWIDA, FISHER, LEWIS, MADIGAN, MOWERY, O'PAKE and RHOADES presented to the Chair **SB 1377**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 30, 1981 (P. L. 128, No. 43), entitled, "Agricultural Area Security Law," further providing for agricultural conservation easements.

Which was committed to the Committee on AGRICULTURE AND RURAL AFFAIRS, October 4, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, FISHER, HELFRICK, HOLL, RHOADES and MOWERY presented to the Chair **SB 1378**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P. L. 177, No. 175), entitled "The Administrative Code of 1929," providing for the Agricultural Lands Preservation Board.

Which was committed to the Committee on AGRICULTURE AND RURAL AFFAIRS, October 4, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, O'PAKE, RHOADES and TILGHMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1379**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of July 31, 1968 (P. L. 805, No. 247), entitled, as amended, "Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code," further providing for approval of subdivision and land development plans by municipal governing bodies and planning agencies.

Which was committed to the Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT, October 4, 1993.

October 5, 1993

Senators BRIGHTBILL, MUSTO, FISHER, STOUT, RHOADES, STAPLETON, HELFRICK, O'PAKE, SHAFFER, SALVATORE, HART and SHUMAKER presented to the Chair **SB 1380**, entitled:

An Act providing for negotiated regulation and policy guidance proceedings by the Environmental Quality Board and for the Department of Environmental Resources; authorizing the Environmental Quality Board to review requests for negotiated regulation and policy guidance proceedings; creating the Public Rulemaking Assistance Fund; and authorizing the formation of advisory committees, the scheduling of workshops and public meetings and the formation of procedures for giving the public access to department documents.

Which was committed to the Committee on ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY, October 5, 1993.

October 6, 1993

Senator BELL presented to the Chair **SB 1381**, entitled:

An Act prohibiting contractors from certain states from contracting with governmental units.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, October 6, 1993.

October 7, 1993

Senator PORTERFIELD presented to the Chair **SB 1382**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 2, 1915 (P. L. 736, No. 338), entitled, as reenacted and amended, "The Pennsylvania Workmen's Compensation Act," providing that certain sports officials be considered employees of the school district which utilizes their services for compensation purposes.

Which was committed to the Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, October 7, 1993.

October 12, 1993

Senators FISHER, HART, CORMAN, SALVATORE, TILGHMAN, ROBBINS, HELFRICK and BRIGHTBILL presented to the Chair **SB 1383**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for sentencing and penalties for trafficking drugs to minors; and providing for sentencing and penalties for recruiting minors to commit crimes.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, October 12, 1993.

October 13, 1993

Senators MUSTO, PETERSON, FISHER, BELAN, SHAFFER, DAWIDA, CORMAN, REIBMAN, STOUT, O'PAKE, AFFLERBACH, STAPLETON, BAKER, WENGER, ROBBINS and MADIGAN presented to the Chair **SB 1384**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for damages for conversion of timber.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, October 13, 1993.

October 14, 1993

Senator LEWIS presented to the Chair **SB 1385**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for appeals from government agencies; and making a repeal.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, October 14, 1993.

October 18, 1993

Senators SALVATORE and HELFRICK presented to the Chair **SB 1386**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 11, 1971 (P. L. 104, No. 3), entitled, as amended, "Senior Citizen Rebate and Assistance Act," removing a restriction to eligibility relating to claims made by tenants of owners of real property exempt from real property taxes.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, October 18, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1387**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of July 28, 1953 (P. L. 723, No. 230), entitled, as amended, "Second Class County Code," prohibiting autopsy report fees in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT, October 18, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1388**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of August 9, 1955 (P. L. 323, No. 130), entitled "County Code," prohibiting autopsy report fees in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT, October 18, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1389**, entitled:

An Act authorizing deferral of real property tax for senior citizens and persons with total disability residing in a city of the first class.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, October 18, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1390**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for the period for which children may be detained or kept in shelter care.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, October 18, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1391**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for expiration and renewal of drivers' licenses.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, October 18, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1392**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 1 (General Provisions) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for definitions.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, October 18, 1993.

Senators SALVATORE and RHOADES presented to the Chair **SB 1393**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," authorizing the board of school directors to contract for energy conservation matters.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, October 18, 1993.

Senator SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1394**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P. L. 90, No. 21), entitled, as reenacted, "Liquor Code," further providing for the disposition of forfeited property.

Which was committed to the Committee on LAW AND JUSTICE, October 18, 1993.

October 20, 1993

Senators GREENLEAF, HART, HOLL and SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1395**, entitled:

An Act requiring political subdivision, school and day-care center playgrounds to be designed, installed and maintained in compliance with safety standards adopted by the Department of Community Affairs.

Which was committed to the Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT, October 20, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, FISHER, HELFRICK, JONES, PECORA and MUSTO presented to the Chair **SB 1396**, entitled:

An Act establishing a public information and education program on diethylstilbestrol in the Department of Health; and providing for the powers and duties of the Department of Health and for certain health insurance policies.

Which was committed to the Committee on PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE, October 20, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF and SALVATORE presented to the Chair **SB 1397**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 4, 1971 (P. L. 6, No. 2), entitled "Tax Reform Code of 1971," providing for release of certain tax records; and making a repeal.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, October 20, 1993.

Senators FISHER, LOEPER, TILGHMAN, WENGER, CORMAN, HART, HELFRICK, ROBBINS and PUNT presented to the Chair **SB 1398**, entitled:

An Act protecting lenders from liability under environmental laws in certain situations.

Which was committed to the Committee on ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY, October 20, 1993.

Senators BORTNER and BRIGHTBILL presented to the Chair **SB 1399**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of July 7, 1947 (P. L. 1368, No. 542), entitled, as amended, "Real Estate Tax Sale Law," further providing for the notice of filing returns and entry of claim, for the period for discharge, for notice of sale, for removal of sale, for judicial sales and for qualifications of purchaser.

Which was committed to the Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT, October 20, 1993.

October 25, 1993

Senators O'PAKE, AFFLERBACH, RHOADES and SHUMAKER presented to the Chair **SB 1400**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of January 24, 1966 (1965 P. L. 1527, No. 535), entitled "Landscape Architects' Registration Law," requiring continuing education as a condition for license renewal.

Which was committed to the Committee on CONSUMER PROTECTION AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE, October 25, 1993.

October 28, 1993

Senators GREENLEAF, BELL, BRIGHTBILL, HELFRICK, MUSTO, PECORA, ROBBINS, SALVATORE, STAPLETON and TILGHMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1401**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 51 (Military Affairs) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, creating the Veterans' Transportation Assistance Program in the Department of Military Affairs.

Which was committed to the Committee on VETERANS AFFAIRS AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS, October 28, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF and TILGHMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1402**, entitled:

An Act providing that bond counsel to perform legal services necessary with respect to the issuance of State general obligation bonds or notes or other bonds and notes shall be selected on a competitive bid basis.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, October 28, 1993.

Senator STEWART presented to the Chair **SB 1403**, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Transportation, with the approval of the Governor, to sell and convey to the Johnstown Redevelopment Authority certain excess land situate in the City of Johnstown, Cambria County.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, October 28, 1993.

November 3, 1993

Senators FUMO, MOWERY, MADIGAN and PUNT presented to the Chair **SB 1404**, entitled:

A Supplement to the act of June 28, 1993 (P. L. 134, No. 31), entitled "Highway Supplement to the Capital Budget Act of 1993-1994," itemizing public highway projects to be constructed by current revenues of the Department of Transportation, together with the estimated financial costs; and making appropriations.

Which was committed to the Committee on APPROPRIATIONS, November 3, 1993.

Senators STOUT, CORMAN, LAVALLE, DAWIDA, BRIGHTBILL, AFFLERBACH, REIBMAN, GREENLEAF, MUSTO and MELLOW presented to the Chair **SB 1405**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P. L. 90, No. 21), entitled, as reenacted, "Liquor Code," providing for seasonal outdoor cafe, for additional activities of limited wineries and for money paid into the State Stores Fund.

Which was committed to the Committee on LAW AND JUSTICE, November 3, 1993.

November 5, 1993

Senators BRIGHTBILL, SHUMAKER, PETERSON, BELAN, FISHER, CORMAN and HART presented to the Chair **SB 1406**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of August 14, 1991 (P. L. 342, No. 36), entitled "Lottery Fund Preservation Act," further providing for the responsibilities of the Department of Aging.

Which was committed to the Committee on AGING AND YOUTH, November 5, 1993.

Senators PORTERFIELD, GREENLEAF, RHOADES, O'PAKE, MUSTO, AFFLERBACH, BORTNER and BRIGHTBILL presented to the Chair **SB 1407**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 28, 1935 (P. L. 477, No. 193), entitled, as amended, "Enforcement Officer Disability Benefits Law," further providing for coverage.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, November 5, 1993.

November 8, 1993

Senator BORTNER presented to the Chair **SB 1408**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 4, 1971 (P. L. 6, No. 2), entitled "Tax Reform Code of 1971," exempting sales of Christmas trees by charitable organizations from the sales tax.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, November 8, 1993.

Senator BORTNER presented to the Chair **SB 1409**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, authorizing the use of radar by local police officers who meet certain qualifications.

Which was committed to the Committee on TRANSPORTATION, November 8, 1993.

November 9, 1993

Senators O'PAKE, MUSTO, REIBMAN, HELFRICK, HART, AFFLERBACH, BELAN, CORMAN, STOUT, FISHER, STAPLETON and SHUMAKER presented to the Chair **SB 1410**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," providing for display of flags.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, November 9, 1993.

Senators MOWERY, SHUMAKER, CORMAN, HART, BELL, PUNT, ROBBINS and BRIGHTBILL presented to the Chair **SB 1411**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 4, 1971 (P. L. 6, No. 2), entitled "Tax Reform Code of 1971," further defining "taxable income"; providing for a limited tax amnesty program; and repealing in part certain appropriations in the General Appropriations Act of 1993.

Which was committed to the Committee on FINANCE, November 9, 1993.

November 15, 1993

Senators FISHER and MOWERY presented to the Chair **SB 1412**, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, limiting the period of time for scheduling session days; and reducing the number of senatorial and representative districts.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, November 15, 1993.

Senators FISHER, BELL and AFFLERBACH presented to the Chair **SB 1413**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for gambling devices.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, November 15, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, FISHER and TILGHMAN presented to the Chair **SB 1414**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P. L. 90, No. 21), entitled, as reenacted, "Liquor Code," establishing a private liquor system; imposing a tax; establishing a fund; and making repeals.

Which was committed to the Committee on LAW AND JUSTICE, November 15, 1993.

Senators GREENLEAF, CORMAN, HELFRICK, PETERSON and STAPLETON presented to the Chair **SB 1415**, entitled:

An Act establishing the Forest Stewardship Program and the Stewardship Incentive Program in the Bureau of Forestry of the Department of Environmental Resources; and establishing the Pennsylvania Forest Stewardship Committee and providing for its powers and duties.

Which was committed to the Committee on ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY, November 15, 1993.

November 16, 1993

Senators RHOADES, GREENLEAF, REIBMAN, HELFRICK, HART and MOWERY presented to the Chair **SB 1416**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for notice to parents or guardians of certain detained children.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, November 16, 1993.

Senators RHOADES, GREENLEAF and AFFLERBACH presented to the Chair **SB 1417**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of December 19, 1990 (P. L. 1200, No. 202), entitled "Solicitation of Funds for Charitable Purposes Act," further providing for registration fees and late filing fees.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, November 16, 1993.

Senators BRIGHTBILL, PETERSON, O'PAKE and BELL presented to the Chair **SB 1418**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 23 (Domestic Relations) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for administrative agency cooperation in support matters.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, November 16, 1993.

November 19, 1993

Senators GREENLEAF, HOLL, BRIGHTBILL and LEMMOND presented to the Chair **SB 1419**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P. L. 177, No. 175), entitled "The Administrative Code of 1929," providing that legislative initiative grants be listed as a separate line item within the General Budget.

Which was committed to the Committee on APPROPRIATIONS, November 19, 1993.

Senators CORMAN, TILGHMAN, SHUMAKER, MOWERY, FISHER, HELFRICK, BELL, HART, PUNT and WENGER presented to the Chair **SB 1420**, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for compensation and retirement of justices, judges and justices of the peace and for financial affairs of the judiciary.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, November 19, 1993.

Senator BRIGHTBILL presented to the Chair **SB 1421**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of August 21, 1953 (P. L. 1323, No. 373), entitled "The Notary Public Law," further providing for eligibility and for oaths and affirmations.

Which was committed to the Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, November 19, 1993.

Senators BRIGHTBILL, SHAFFER, MUSTO, CORMAN, FISHER, PETERSON, HELFRICK, WENGER, JONES and JUBELIRER presented to the Chair **SB 1422**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further defining and providing for missing children.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, November 19, 1993.

Senators BRIGHTBILL, SHAFFER, MUSTO, CORMAN, FISHER, PETERSON, HELFRICK, WENGER, JONES and JUBELIRER presented to the Chair **SB 1423**, entitled:

An Act requiring registration of sexual offenders; providing penalties; and imposing powers and duties on the Attorney General and on local police departments.

Which was committed to the Committee on JUDICIARY, November 19, 1993.

Senators BRIGHTBILL, SHAFFER, MUSTO, CORMAN, FISHER, PETERSON, HELFRICK, WENGER, JONES and JUBELIRER presented to the Chair **SB 1424**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P. L. 30, No. 14), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," requiring the establishment of a missing child program in all schools of this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on EDUCATION, November 19, 1993.

## RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following Senate Resolutions numbered, entitled, and referred as follows, which were read by the Clerk:

June 28, 1993

### DESIGNATING THE DATE ON WHICH THE OATH OF OFFICE IS TO BE ADMINISTERED TO THE SENATOR ELECTED IN THE 10TH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

Senator LOEPER offered the following resolution (**Senate Resolution No. 70**), which was read and referred to the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations:

In the Senate, June 28, 1993

#### A RESOLUTION

Designating the date on which the oath of office is to be administered to the senator elected in the 10th Senatorial District.

WHEREAS, A special election is scheduled for July 13, 1993, to fill the vacancy currently existing in the 10th Senatorial District; and

WHEREAS, The residents of the 10th Senatorial District have been without representation in the Senate of Pennsylvania since January 5, 1993; and

WHEREAS, It is highly desirable to restore representation to the 10th Senatorial District at the earliest possible time; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Senate hereby direct that the oath of office be administered to the Senator elected in the 10th Senatorial District at a ceremony to be conducted in the Chamber of the Senate no later than:

(1) seven days following the transmission of the returns of the election to the Secretary of the Commonwealth by the Bucks County Board of Elections; or

(2) seven days after all reports and statements of contributions and expenditures required to be filed by the successful candidate and treasurers of committees authorized by such candidate have been filed as required by law; whichever date may be later; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Secretary of the Senate shall, after consultation with the Senator-elect, establish a specific time and date for such ceremony and shall coordinate with the other officers, members, the Senator-elect and the Secretary of the Commonwealth to achieve the orderly administration of the oath to the Senator-elect from the 10th Senatorial District; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a record of such proceeding shall be made by the official reporter and shall be entered into the Journal no later than the next succeeding session day.

October 8, 1993

**URGING VARIOUS STATE AGENCIES  
TO STUDY THE CHILDREN OF  
INCARCERATED PARENTS**

Senators PORTERFIELD, AFFLERBACH, BELAN, WILLIAMS and O'PAKE offered the following resolution (**Senate Resolution No. 71**), which was read and referred to the Committee on Judiciary:

In the Senate, October 8, 1993

A RESOLUTION

Urging various State agencies to study the children of incarcerated parents.

WHEREAS, There is very little information on the problems and needs of children in this Commonwealth whose parents are incarcerated; and

WHEREAS, Only two comprehensive studies have been conducted in the United States, those in California and Virginia; and

WHEREAS, Washington D.C. is in the process of conducting a study of children in the district whose parents are incarcerated; and

WHEREAS, In Pennsylvania, between 1980 and 1990, the number of women incarcerated increased by 260%, and the rate of men increased by 177%; and

WHEREAS, These children are at risk academically as well as socially in the school environment; and

WHEREAS, Out of the number of processed delinquents, up to 52% of them are children whose parents have also been incarcerated; and

WHEREAS, Children whose parents are incarcerated are at a higher risk of deviant behavior than other children; and

WHEREAS, Children of incarcerated parents experience feelings of desertion, ridicule, isolation and guilt associated with parental absence; and

WHEREAS, These same children suffer from emotional, economic and educational deprivation through no fault of their own, resulting in low self-esteem which is a major factor in adult and juvenile be-

havior leading to conviction and incarceration; and

WHEREAS, An investment in early intervention and services may result in the long-term reduction in this Commonwealth's inmate population; and

WHEREAS, Parental incarceration is a risk factor in the victimization of these children; and

WHEREAS, The at-risk population of children of incarcerated parents requires the special consideration of each State agency in planning and developing programs to address issues of social services, mental health, medical needs and education; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Senate urge the Department of Education, the Department of Health and Welfare, the Commission on Crime and Delinquency and the Council of Basic Education to study the children of incarcerated parents; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Commission on Crime and Delinquency is requested to provide an analysis of this study to the General Assembly no later than six months from passage of this resolution; and be it further

RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to Sandra Johnson, P.O. Box 180, Muncy, PA 17756.

**MEMORIALIZING CONGRESS TO  
DEFEAT THE NORTH AMERICAN FREE  
TRADE AGREEMENT**

Senator BELL offered the following resolution (**Senate Resolution No. 72**), which was read and referred to the Committee on Intergovernmental Affairs:

In the Senate, October 8, 1993

A RESOLUTION

Memorializing Congress to defeat the North American Free Trade Agreement.

WHEREAS, Congress is considering the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA); and

WHEREAS, NAFTA will have a disastrous effect on certain Pennsylvania industries such as oil refineries; and

WHEREAS, The Pennsylvania AFL-CIO is strenuously opposed to NAFTA; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania memorialize the Congress of the United States to defeat the North American Free Trade Agreement; and be it further

RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to the presiding officers of each house of Congress and to each member of Congress from Pennsylvania.

October 20, 1993

**PROCLAIMING THE WEEK OF  
OCTOBER 23 THROUGH 30, 1993,  
AS "RED RIBBON WEEK"**

Senators GREENLEAF, BAKER, BRIGHTBILL, CORMAN, FISHER, HELFRICK, JUBELIRER, O'PAKE, PECORA, SALVATORE, TILGHMAN, WENGER, and WILLIAMS offered the following resolution (**Senate Resolution No. 73**), which was read and referred to the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations:

In the Senate, October 20, 1993

A RESOLUTION

Proclaiming the week of October 23 through 30, 1993, as "Red Ribbon Week."

continues to exist in epidemic proportions; and

WHEREAS, It is imperative that visible, unified prevention education efforts by community members be launched to reduce the demand for drugs; and

WHEREAS, Pennsylvanians AWARE is once again sponsoring the Red Ribbon Campaign offering citizens of this Commonwealth the opportunity to demonstrate their commitment to a drug-free lifestyle; and

WHEREAS, The Red Ribbon Campaign will be celebrated in every community during "Red Ribbon Week," October 23 through 30, 1993; and

WHEREAS, Business, government, law enforcement, schools, religious institutions, service organizations, youth, physicians, senior citizens, military, sports teams and individuals will demonstrate their commitment to drug-free, healthy lifestyles by wearing and displaying red ribbons during this week-long campaign; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Senate proclaim October 23 through 30, 1993, as "Red Ribbon Week" and encourage the citizens of this Commonwealth to participate in drug education and prevention activities to make a visible show of support for our strong commitment to a drug-free community; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Senate encourage all citizens to pledge:  
THE CHOICE FOR ME: DRUG-FREE!

November 16, 1993

**PROCLAIMING NOVEMBER 15 THROUGH 19,  
1993, AS "NATIONAL EDUCATION WEEK"  
IN PENNSYLVANIA**

Senators REIBMAN, FATTAH, MADIGAN, WILLIAMS, FUMO, CORMAN, ROBBINS, BELAN, STOUT, LEWIS, JONES, SHUMAKER, DAWIDA, HELFRICK, LaVALLE, MUSTO, STAPLETON, BORTNER, SCANLON, WENGER, SALVATORE, AFFLERBACH, O'PAKE, JUBELIRER, LEMMOND and MELLOW offered the following resolution (**Senate Resolution No. 74**), which was read and referred to the Committee on Education:

In the Senate, November 16, 1993

A RESOLUTION

Proclaiming November 15 through 19, 1993, as "National Education Week" in Pennsylvania.

WHEREAS, National attention must be focused on the integral role that education plays in preparing citizens of the United States for the future in an increasingly competitive and interdependent world; and

WHEREAS, A well-educated work force is vital to the economic well-being of the United States and this Commonwealth; and

WHEREAS, A good education leads to more skilled and higher paying jobs; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Senate proclaim the week of November 15 through 19, 1993, as "National Education Week" in Pennsylvania; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Senate urge educators, parents and students throughout this Commonwealth to observe "National Education Week" and to use it to improve the education system in this Commonwealth.

November 19, 1993

**DIRECTING THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT  
COMMISSION TO STUDY THE STATE TAX  
LAW AND CREATING A TASK FORCE**

Senators GREENLEAF, BRIGHTBILL, HELFRICK, LEMMOND, MOWERY, TILGHMAN, WENGER and ROBBINS offered the following resolution (**Senate Resolution No. 75**), which was read and referred to the Committee on Finance:

In the Senate, November 19, 1993

A RESOLUTION

Directing the Joint State Government Commission to study the State tax law and creating a task force.

WHEREAS, The State tax law involves many acts of the General Assembly, as well as administrative regulations; and

WHEREAS, These tax acts have been amended by the General Assembly and interpreted by the courts many times since their enactment; and

WHEREAS, The State tax law should be reviewed to identify ambiguities and inconsistencies in the law; and

WHEREAS, These ambiguities and inconsistencies should be clarified and the State tax law should be consolidated into one coherent State tax code, specifically Title 72 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes; and

WHEREAS, These tax acts should be reviewed in light of the General Assembly's policy and duty to make the State tax structure as straightforward, fair and efficient as possible; and

WHEREAS, The State tax law should be reviewed to assure that the tax structure is as fair as possible for both individuals and businesses and to identify ways in which their tax burdens may be reduced; and

WHEREAS, The State tax law should be studied to determine whether sole proprietors and other small businesses, specifically, are being treated fairly under the law and whether changes may be made in the tax structure to reduce their tax burdens; and

WHEREAS, The General Assembly recognizes that the number of work hours businesses must devote to compliance with the State tax law is counterproductive; and

WHEREAS, The review of the State tax law should identify ways in which the administrative burden placed on individuals and businesses by the tax law may be reduced; and

WHEREAS, Many Pennsylvanians, individuals and businesses must file similar but not identical tax forms on the Federal, State and local level; and

WHEREAS, While the Department of Revenue accepts Federal forms in certain cases, the State tax law should be reviewed to determine whether revisions might be made so that Pennsylvanians may make greater use of Federal forms in filing their State tax forms, thus saving time and paperwork; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Senate direct the Joint State Government Commission to undertake a study of the State tax law, including the consolidation of the State tax law in Title 72 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes; and be it further

RESOLVED, That to accomplish this goal, a task force be created comprised of 12 members of the General Assembly, including three members appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate, three members appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate, three members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and three members appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and be it further

RESOLVED, That an advisory committee be created to assist the task force composed of individuals expert in State tax law and State tax administration as deemed appropriate by the task force; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the task force and advisory committee continue in existence after the initial study and consolidation is completed, providing an ongoing review of Title 72 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the task force shall issue reports from time to time to the General Assembly which shall include the legislative and administrative recommendations of the task force.

## GENERAL COMMUNICATIONS

### LIST OF LOBBYISTS AND ORGANIZATIONS

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

November 1, 1993

To the Honorable, the Senate of the  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives  
of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

In compliance with Act No. 712 of the 1961 Session and Act No. 212 of the 1976 Session of the General Assembly titled the "Lobbying Registration and Regulation Act," we herewith jointly present a list containing the names and addresses of the persons who have registered from June 1, 1993 through October 31, 1993 inclusive, for the 177th Session of the General Assembly. This list also contains the names and addresses of the organizations represented by these registrants.

Respectfully submitted:

MARK R. CORRIGAN  
Secretary  
Senate of Pennsylvania

JOHN J. ZUBECK  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives

(See Appendix for complete list.)

### ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF TEMPLE UNIVERSITY

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

TEMPLE UNIVERSITY  
Office of Financial Affairs  
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19122

October 29, 1993

The Honorable Mark R. Corrigan  
Secretary of the Senate  
462 Main Capitol Building  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120

Dear Secretary Corrigan:

In compliance with Act 22A of July 1, 1992, I submit to you herewith the audited financial statements of Temple University for fiscal year 1992-93. The report of the Treasurer of Temple University

- Of The Commonwealth System of Higher Education for the fiscal year 1992-93 will follow upon completion.

Sincerely,

TIMOTHY C. O'ROURKE  
Associate Vice President  
and Controller

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

### ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD  
30 North Third Street  
P. O. Box 1147

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17108-1147

Honorable Robert P. Casey, Governor  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Members, Pennsylvania General Assembly  
Members, Pennsylvania State Employees' Retirement System

Dear Governor Casey, Legislators and Members:

The Pennsylvania State Employees' Retirement Board is pleased to present its Annual Financial Report which discusses the operations and investments of the Fund for 1992. This report contains investment highlights and financial information including an independent audit of the Fund by Coopers & Lybrand for 1991.

The total market value of the Fund's investments as of December 31, 1992 was \$12.4 billion which reflects a total investment rate of return of 7.4 %, after all fees and expenses, for the year. The average annual investment rate of return for the past five years was 12.1%.

SERS investment portfolios have always had substantial investments in Pennsylvania firms. In addition, SERS has invested in portfolios which were designed to give emphasis to in-state investments. As of December 31, 1992, SERS had invested \$1 billion or over 8.1% of its total Fund in a diversified portfolio of in-state investments. Details regarding the investments, investment managers, and other pertinent information that you may find of interest are contained within this report.

I am strongly committed as Chairman of the State Employees' Retirement Board to improving services for the SERS membership and making prudent investments for the Fund to include investing with minority and female investment managers and brokerage firms.

Sincerely,

NICHOLAS J. MAIALE  
SERS Board Chairman

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

### ANNUAL REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF CITY TRUSTS OF PHILADELPHIA

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA, TRUSTEE  
BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF CITY TRUSTS  
21 S. 12th Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19107

June 23, 1993

Mr. Mark Corrigan  
Secretary of the Senate  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
462 Capitol Building  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Dear Mr. Corrigan:

I am pleased to enclose herewith the One Hundred Twenty-third Annual Report of the City of Philadelphia, Trustee, acting by the Board of Directors of City Trusts.

Sincerely,

MARLENE BRENNER  
Secretary

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

**JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION  
TASK FORCE REPORT ON DEFENSE  
RELATED INDUSTRIES**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE  
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
Joint State Government Commission  
Room 108 - Finance Building  
Harrisburg 17120

July 1993

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

The Joint State Government Commission is pleased to present this report of the Task Force on Defense Related Industries, chaired by Senator Terry Punt. The study was conducted pursuant to Senate Resolution 176, Printer's No. 2279, adopted June 17, 1992, which directed the Joint State Government Commission to study methods of aiding the conversion of Pennsylvania's defense related industries to civilian production.

The task force conducted hearings and received testimony concerning the problems faced by defense related industries in Pennsylvania and has responded with the recommendations set forth and discussed in this report. Furthermore, the report includes an analysis of Pennsylvania's defense related industries as well as descriptions of federal and State legislation and programs which will aid defense contractors who are or who may be impacted by defense cutbacks.

Respectfully submitted,

ROGER A. MADIGAN  
Chairman

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

**ANNUAL REPORT ON  
CHILD WELFARE SERVICES**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
Department of Public Welfare  
P.O. Box 2675  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105-2675

June 24, 1993

The Honorable Robert J. Mellow  
President Pro Tempore  
Senate of Pennsylvania  
Main Capitol Building  
Room 292  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120

Dear Senator Mellow:

Section 709 of the Public Welfare Code, as amended, requires that the Department of Public Welfare prepare and submit to the General Assembly an annual report on Child Welfare services.

Enclosed for your information and review is a report on Child Welfare services for Fiscal Year 1991-1992. The data prepared for your review includes state reimbursement for Child Welfare expenditures, state share of expenditures for Youth Development Centers and Youth Forestry Camps, and sources of federal funds augmenting the Child Welfare program.

It is the Department's pleasure to prepare this report for Legislative review. If you have any questions or need further information, please contact me.

Sincerely,

KAREN F. SNIDER  
Secretary

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

**SIX-MONTH REPORT ON  
TAX-EXEMPT BOND ALLOCATION**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
Department of Commerce  
Harrisburg

August 19, 1993

Mark R. Corrigan  
Secretary of the Senate  
The Senate of Pennsylvania  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
462 Capitol Building  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

RE: 1993 Bi-Annual Allocation Report

Dear Mr. Corrigan:

As required by the Tax-Exempt Bond Allocation Act of 1985, Act 113, Section 7(3), I am providing a report on tax-exempt bond allocation during the first half of 1993.

This report consists of a list of approved allocations and pending allocation requests for housing and exempt facility bonds, as of July 1. There were no allocation requests for small issue bonds, since federal authorization had ceased during this period, or for education bonds, since the Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance Agency has \$150 million of carryforward allocation from prior years.

If you have any questions concerning this report, please contact my office.

Sincerely,

ANDREW T. GREENBERG  
Secretary of Commerce

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

### ANNUAL REPORT ON MINING ACTIVITIES

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
Department of Environmental Resources  
Post Office Box 2063  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120

I am pleased to provide you with a complimentary copy of the Department's 1992 Annual Report on Mining Activities.

Sufficient copies have been printed making the publication available to all those interested in obtaining a copy. However, it is necessary to impose a charge for other than complimentary copies. Please contact our Coal Statistics Office for further information on the cost and procedure for ordering copies of the Annual Report. Telephone number (717) 783-7515.

Sincerely,

ARTHUR A. DAVIS  
Secretary

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

### ANNUAL REPORT OF THE INTERSTATE PEST CONTROL COMPACT

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
Department of Agriculture

September 24, 1993

To: The Honorable Robert P. Casey  
Governor of Pennsylvania

Mark R. Corrigan, Secretary  
Pennsylvania Senate

John J. Zubeck, Chief Clerk  
Pennsylvania House of Representatives

From: BOYD E. WOLFF,  
Secretary

The Interstate Pest Control Compact, created in 1968 under the Council of State Governments to bridge economic and jurisdictional gaps among state and federal governments to respond to plant pest infestations, requires that an Annual Report be made available to the Governor and Legislatures of each participating state.

I am happy, therefore, to transmit that report to you. If you have any questions, please let me know.

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

### OFFICE OF SMALL BUSINESS ADVOCATE BUDGET REQUEST FOR 1994-95

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

OFFICE OF SMALL BUSINESS ADVOCATE  
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
Suite 1102, Commerce Building  
300 North Second Street  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17101

October 29, 1993

Hon. Mark S. Singel  
Acting Governor of Pennsylvania  
Room 225, Main Capitol Building  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Hon. H. William DeWeese  
Speaker of the House  
House of Representatives  
Room 139, Main Capitol Building  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Hon. Robert J. Mellow  
President Pro Tempore  
Senate of Pennsylvania  
Room 292, Main Capitol Building  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Dear Acting Governor Singel, Senator Mellow and Representative DeWeese:

In accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of Act 181 of 1988, 73 P.S. 391.41 *et seq.*, and Section 610 of the Administrative Code of 1929, I am submitting the enclosed Budget Request of the Office of Small Business Advocate for Fiscal Year 1994-1995. Copies are also being delivered today to the Secretary for Budget, the Secretary of Commerce and the Insurance Commissioner of Pennsylvania.

The enclosed Budget Request reflects for the first time the expenses that the Office of Small Business Advocate expects to incur in connection with its new duties involving workers' compensation insurance rates. Under the terms of Act 44 of 1993, the Office of Small Business Advocate was given standing to represent the interests of employers in proceedings before the Insurance Department involving the setting of rates and terms for worker's compensation insurance in Pennsylvania. The addition of this entirely new area of responsibility, combined with an expected increase in the volume of utility litigation, will require us to hire one more attorney for our staff. We will also have to retain the services of economists and actuaries as expert witnesses to assist in the analysis of the filings made by insurance companies and their rating agencies and to testify at proceedings before the Insurance Department concerning those filings.

As explained in detail in the enclosed budget request, the total expenses that the Office estimates it will incur in fiscal year 1994-1995 for both its utility and insurance regulatory activities are \$1,085,000. I should point out, however, that none of the funds used to support the Office of Small Business Advocate come from the general funds of the Commonwealth. The utility regulatory activities on which we are engaged are funded by assessments on public utilities while the funds to support our new work concerning workers' compensation insurance rates will come from assessments on the insurance companies that issue such policies in Pennsylvania.

Please let me know if you or members of your staffs have any questions or would like to meet with me to discuss this Budget Request.

Sincerely yours,

BERNARD A. RYAN, JR.  
Small Business Advocate

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

**PENNSYLVANIA LABOR RELATIONS BOARD  
REPORT FOR 1990, 1991 AND 1992**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

PENNSYLVANIA LABOR RELATIONS BOARD  
1601 Labor and Industry Building  
Harrisburg, PA 17120  
(717) 787-1091

October 22, 1993

The Honorable Mark R. Corrigan  
Secretary - Parliamentarian  
PA Senate  
Senate Post Office  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Dear Secretary Corrigan:

As Chairman of the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board, I am pleased to transmit to you on behalf of the Board, the enclosed copy of the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board Report for 1990, 1991 and 1992.

The Report contains statistics filed and concluded cases in all areas of the Board's jurisdiction and outlines the cases decided by the Board and the courts which have contributed to the continued development of labor relations law and precedent in Pennsylvania.

I hope that you will find this an informative overview of the Board's services and activities.

Sincerely,

L. DENNIS MARTIRE  
Chairman

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

**HAZARDOUS SITES CLEANUP PROGRAM  
1992 ANNUAL REPORT**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
Department of Environmental Resources

October 6, 1993

Subject: 1992 Annual Report to the General Assembly  
To: Honorable Mark Corrigan  
Secretary of the Senate  
From: JAMES R. AKERS  
Legislative Liaison

The Hazardous Sites Cleanup Act (Act 108) was passed by the General Assembly and signed into law by Governor Robert P. Casey in October 1988. Section 902(c) of Act 108 requires the Secretary of

the Department of Environmental Resources to prepare an annual report to the General Assembly concerning activities and expenditures for the preceding fiscal year. This report has been prepared to satisfy that requirement.

If you have any questions feel free to contact me at (717) 783-8303.

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

**PENNSYLVANIA ENERGY  
DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY  
ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1992-93**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

PENNSYLVANIA ENERGY OFFICE  
116 Pine Street  
Second Floor  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17101-1227

October 12, 1993

Dear Senator/Representative:

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the Pennsylvania Energy Development Authority's Annual Report for Fiscal Year 1992-93.

During Fiscal Year 1992-93, the Pennsylvania Energy Development Authority received 21 applications for financial assistance requesting over \$1 million. Eight of these received allocations totalling \$314,441. The energy research projects focused primarily on air pollution control, waste fuel utilization, coal cleaning and energy efficient building practices.

Over the past several years, the Authority has been faced with fewer and fewer dollars on which to operate its programs. Although the Authority was able to fund a number of outstanding research projects during these hard times, continuing in this mode of operation will surely have a detrimental effect on the amount and quality of energy research conducted throughout the Commonwealth.

With your ongoing support, the Authority can continue to have a positive impact on energy development in the Commonwealth. The Authority continues to focus on energy projects that address environmental issues, such as compliance strategies for the Clean Air Act, which will aid the efforts of state officials to improve Pennsylvania's environment.

Your support of the Authority is appreciated.

Sincerely,

DANE C. BICKLEY  
Director

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

**ANNUAL REPORT ON  
OIL OVERCHARGE FUNDS**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

PENNSYLVANIA ENERGY OFFICE  
116 Pine Street, Second Floor  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17101-1227

September 30, 1993

Mr. Mark R. Corrigan  
Secretary of the Senate  
Senate of Pennsylvania

Room 462 Main Capitol Building  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120

Dear Mr. Corrigan:

I am pleased to forward a report to the General Assembly that describes in detail the use of oil overcharge funds by the Pennsylvania Energy Office during FY 1992-93. Act 122 of 1986 requires this report be made available to the General Assembly by September 30 of each year.

I hope you find the report informative and if I can provide you with any additional information, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

BRIAN T. CASTELLI

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

**OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCATE  
BUDGET REQUEST FOR 1994-1995**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCATE  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
1425 Strawberry Square  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120

October 26, 1993

Hon. Mark S. Singel  
Acting Governor of Pennsylvania  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Room 200, Main Capitol Bldg.  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Hon. William H. DeWeese  
Speaker  
House of Representatives  
Room 139, Main Capitol Bldg.  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Hon. Robert J. Mellow  
President Pro Tempore  
Senate of Pennsylvania  
Room 292, Main Capitol Bldg.  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Gentlemen:

Enclosed with this letter is the Budget Request of the Office of Consumer Advocate (OCA) for Fiscal Year 1994-1995. The OCA's requested budget for Fiscal Year 1994-95 is \$3,853,000. This amount represents an increase of \$123,000, or 3.3%, over our approved 1993-94 budget of \$3,730,000.

The present budget request is submitted pursuant to Act No. 25 of July 20, 1983. Under this Act, which amended the OCA budget-setting mechanism, this budget request must be submitted simultaneously to the Governor and General Assembly. The OCA budget is not derived from the General Fund, but is funded through a direct assessment on the public utilities which are regulated by the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission (PUC).

It should be noted that, by law, the OCA budget may never exceed five one-hundredths of one percent (0.05%) of the prior calendar year's total intrastate gross revenues of the public utilities subject to the jurisdiction of the PUC. According to the present PUC estimate of 1992 public utility revenues, the OCA's budget "cap" for Fiscal Year 1994-95 would be approximately \$8,828,065. The OCA's proposed budget thus represents approximately 44% of its cap.

If you have any questions about the OCA's budget request or about the Office of Consumer Advocate, I would be pleased to meet with you or members of your staff at your convenience.

Sincerely,

IRWIN A. POPOWSKY  
Consumer Advocate

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

**OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCATE  
1992-93 ANNUAL REPORT**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCATE  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
1425 Strawberry Square  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120

October 29, 1993

Honorable Mark S. Singel  
Acting Governor of Pennsylvania  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Room 200, Main Capitol Building  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Dear Acting Governor Singel:

I am pleased to present to you a copy of the 1992-93 Annual Report of the Office of Consumer Advocate. This Report has been prepared pursuant to the statutory requirements governing our Office. 71 Pa Stat. Ann. 309 - 7.

If you, or any members of your staff have any questions about the enclosed report or other matters pertaining to our activities, I would be happy to assist you.

Sincerely,

IRWIN A. POPOWSKY  
Consumer Advocate

The PRESIDENT. This report will be filed in the Library.

**APPOINTMENTS BY  
PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE**

The PRESIDENT. The Chair wishes to announce the President pro tempore has made the following appointments:

Senator Buzz Andrezeski to serve as Chairman of the Child Protective Services Law Legislative Oversight Committee.

Senator Gerald J. LaValle to serve on the Legislative Audit Advisory Commission.

Senator Michael E. Bortner as a member of the Joint Committee to Review Cost-of-Living.

Senator Allyson Y. Schwartz as a member of the Joint Committee to Review Cost-of-Living.

Senator H. Craig Lewis to serve on the Judicial Council for Fees and Charges.

Senator D. Michael Fisher to serve on the Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance Agency.

Senator Hardy Williams as a member of the Pennsylvania Housing Advisory Committee.

Senator Chaka Fattah to serve as a Trustee for Lincoln

University.

Senator Michael A. O'Pake to serve on the Ben Franklin/IRC Partnership.

Senator Edwin G. Holl to serve on the Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance Agency and on the State Transportation Advisory Committee.

The Honorable Gerald T. Sajer to serve on the Council for the Northeastern Veterans' Center.

Mrs. Jane Scaccetti Fumo to serve as a Commonwealth Trustee of Temple University.

Mr. Robert M. Valentini as a member of the Pennsylvania Quality Leadership Awards Council.

Mr. Alex E. Brogna to serve on the Advisory Commission on Interstate Banking.

Ms. Veronica McLaren to serve on the Health Care Cost Containment Council.

Mr. William E. Cockerill, Jr., to serve on the Health Care Cost Containment Council.

Mr. Nunzio J. Tanase to serve on the General State Authority.

Mr. William J. Campbell to serve on the Fire Safety Advisory Committee.

Mr. Gregg M. Rosen to serve on the Environmental Hearing Board Rules Committee.

Mr. Thomas Speicher to serve on the Pennsylvania Export Partnership Advisory Board.

#### APPOINTMENTS BY MINORITY LEADER

The PRESIDENT. The Chair wishes to announce the Minority Leader has made the following appointments:

Senator Gibson Armstrong as a member of the Task Force of the Joint State Government Commission to study the issuance of bonds for economic development in the former Soviet Bloc.

Senator Robert D. Robbins to serve as a member of the Community Service Advisory Board.

Senator James Rhoades as a member of the Advisory Committee for the Federal Family Resource and Support Program.

Senator Harold F. Mowery as a member of the Legislative Data Processing Committee.

Mr. Bruce R. Hockman to serve as an Employer Representative on the Pennsylvania Workers' Compensation Advisory Council.

Mr. Nicholas DeBenedictis as a member of the Philadelphia Regional Port Authority.

Mr. Raymond E. Raab as a member of the Pennsylvania Export Partnership Advisory Board.

#### BILLS SIGNED

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant Governor Mark S. Singel) in the presence of the Senate signed the following bills:

**SB 565, SB 845, SB 1015, SB 1099 and SB 1126.**

#### SPECIAL ORDER OF BUSINESS GUESTS OF SENATOR ROBERT D. ROBBINS PRESENTED TO THE SENATE

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes Senator Robbins.

Senator ROBBINS. Mr. President, I would like to take the opportunity to introduce two guest Pages whom I have with me today. Lynne Hummer is from Titusville High School. She is a junior and is doing a project for her history class, and I thought this might be a good day for her to participate. Beth Bardeen is a senior from Saegerton High School, and for those of you who are interested, she will be attending Penn State University next year. And with them is their chaperone, Jody Bruckner, from Meadville.

Thank you.

The PRESIDENT. Will the guests of Senator Robbins please rise so that we could welcome you to the Chamber.

(Applause.)

#### PRESENTATION OF ELECTION RETURNS

The PRESIDENT. And, finally, communications from the Secretary of the Commonwealth, which the Clerk will read.

#### COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

TO THE HONORABLE PRESIDENT AND MEMBERS OF THE SENATE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, GREETINGS:

I have the honor to present the returns of the Special Election for Senator in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania held in the Second Senatorial District, as the same has been certified to and filed with my office by the Philadelphia County Board of Elections. William Stinson, having received the highest number of votes in the Special Election and having complied with the provisions of Article XVI of the Pennsylvania Election Code pertaining to Primary and Election Expenses, was duly elected a Senator in the General Assembly.

(SEAL) IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office at the city of Harrisburg, this eighteenth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ninety-three and of the Commonwealth the two hundred and eighteenth.

BRENDA K. MITCHELL  
Secretary of the Commonwealth

SPECIAL ELECTION  
SENATOR IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
2ND SENATORIAL DISTRICT  
COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA  
NOVEMBER 2, 1993

	Total Votes
Democrat - William G. Stinson	20,518
Republican - Bruce S. Marks	20,057

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Department of State  
Bureau of Commissions, Elections and Legislation

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer. For what purpose does the gentleman rise?

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I move that the matter just read be returned to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and I ask for a roll call.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Jubelirer moves that the document just read by the Clerk be returned to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

On the question,  
Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I would oppose the motion and ask for a negative vote.

#### POINT OF INFORMATION

The PRESIDENT. On the motion, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I raise a point of information as to whether a Senator from the Second Senatorial District is on the roll.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would respond that indeed the gentleman from the Second Senatorial District is on the roll.

#### POINT OF INFORMATION

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I raise a further point of information as to when Mr. Stinson was credentialed.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would advise the gentleman that he was certified by the Philadelphia Elections Commission, certified by the Department of State, and sworn in as a Member of the Senate last Thursday evening.

#### POINT OF INFORMATION

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I raise a further point of information as to whether the President knows that the certificate issued by the Philadelphia County Board of Elections is invalid since, one, the certificate was issued in violation of the 2-day right of appeal on board decisions on absentee ballots; two, the certificate was issued despite a requirement that no certificate can be issued until 5 days following completion of computation; and, three, the deliberations and decisions of the board leading up to certification were taken in closed-door meetings, which violated the Sunshine Law, and are therefore void. That is a question.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appreciates the gentleman's comments and would suggest that these are his own opinions and conjecture and thanks the gentleman for his points but respectfully disagrees.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL POINT OF ORDER

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I therefore raise a constitutional point of order as to the propriety of Mr. Stinson's inclusion on the roll, given the invalidity of the certification underlying his oath of office.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, point of—

The PRESIDENT. Is the gentleman raising a point of order relating to the suitability of Mr. Stinson to sit as a Member of the Pennsylvania Senate?

Senator JUBELIRER. I am, Mr. President.

#### POINT OF ORDER

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo. For what purpose does the gentleman rise?

Senator FUMO. A point of order, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will state it.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, the gentleman is making representations that are not in fact. It is the alleged illegal count, not the illegal count.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair thanks the gentleman for his point of order.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, on the issue, I think that the Chair's response to Senator Jubelirer that his assertions are simply his opinion are more deeply rooted than just the Chair making that comment back. The fact that the Federal court just minutes ago refused to issue the order that the Republican Party in Pennsylvania has been trying to force down everybody's throat I think more clearly identifies the issue as one that ultimately may be decided by the courts, but at this particular time the certificate is valid, it is legal, the swearing-in is valid and legal, and I would ask for a vote that would oppose the current motion made by Senator Jubelirer on this issue.

The PRESIDENT. The issue before the body actually is in the nature of a constitutional point of order raised by Senator Jubelirer. This is a matter that must be decided by the body.

The question to the body is, is the gentleman from the Second Senatorial District properly seated in the Senate of Pennsylvania at this time?

On the question,  
Will the Senate sustain the constitutional point of order?

The PRESIDENT. On that question, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, may we be at ease.  
(The Senate was at ease.)

#### CONSTITUTIONAL POINT OF ORDER

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I would like to raise a secondary point. Mr. President, I would ask the Chair to rule

on whether it is illegal for a Member to vote on any measure in which the Member has a personal or private interest, noting that the rules of the Senate, and the State Ethics Act likewise, prohibit voting where the vote represents a conflict of interest. I raise this as a constitutional point of order, Mr. President. Mr. Stinson should be ineligible to vote on the question of his own status, and I ask that the Chair so rule.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair interprets the gentleman's remarks to request a ruling of the Chair on the suitability of Mr. Stinson to vote on his own suitability. The Chair would rule that he, in fact, is a seated Member of the Senate and is capable of voting in that matter. The Chair has ruled similarly in other circumstances, and the question before the body is on the gentleman's constitutional point of order.

#### RULING OF THE CHAIR APPEALED

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I appeal the ruling of the Chair and ask to be recognized for the purpose of debate, which is appropriate in this instance.

The PRESIDENT. There is an appeal to the ruling of the Chair that has been lodged by Senator Jubelirer. That is the issue that is now before the body. That is a debatable motion.

On the question,

Shall the ruling of the Chair be sustained?

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, members of a free press and independent press, for 5 months this Senate has been in recess because some 24 Democrats, with the assistance of a tie-breaking vote supplied by the President of the Senate, Lieutenant Governor Singel--

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln. For what purpose does the gentleman rise?

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I would ask that the debate on this issue be kept very strictly to the debate of the issue, and the issue is not 5 months of not being in Session. The issue is none of the things that have anything to do with that particular fight that has been going on, and I would ask you to be very strict in your interpretation of what debate can take place.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair is attempting and has made a commitment personally today to attempt to keep the level of anxiety to a minimum in this Chamber. However, the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln, is correct. The issue before us has nothing to do with what may have transpired up to this point. The issue is simply, is the gentleman from the Second Senatorial District eligible to vote on the question of his own seating in the Senate?

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I am satisfied to give these remarks at another point. It really matters not. The issue before us is very clear as to whether Mr. Stinson is capable of voting on, first of all, his own self-interest in being able to vote on an issue of whether he is a member of this Senate, and

I think that is very clear, but the clearer issue and the more pertinent issue is what has happened during this election and since this election, and I have no qualms in making these remarks at some future point.

I would point out, Mr. President, as I have indicated before I came in this building, that I view this as one of the darkest days in the history of the Pennsylvania Senate, and I would believe that the Constitution of Pennsylvania on the appropriateness of voting on your own qualifications should at least be followed. I would cite to you Article III, Section 13, of the Pennsylvania Constitution, which provides that "A member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the General Assembly shall disclose the fact to the House of which he is a member, and shall not vote thereon."

Further, in Rule XXI, section 2, it states that, "Senators who have a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the Senate shall disclose the fact to the Senate, and shall not vote thereon."

Further, under Jefferson's Manual of parliamentary practice, Section 376, entitled "Disqualifying personal interest of a Member," according to Jefferson's, when a Member's private interests are concerned in a question, he is to withdraw. The laws of decency and the fundamental principle of the social compact make it improper for a man to be a judge in his own cause. I think that is the clear focal point.

House of Representatives Rule VIII, clause 1, prohibits a Member from voting when his private interests are concerned, and I believe that it is very clear that no one has a greater interest here than does Mr. Stinson, and he should not be permitted to vote on whether he has the option to vote on what will eventually be his ability to sit in this Senate.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I would hope that the arguments that Senator Jubelirer just put forth are very clear in that they have nothing to do with this issue. The only thing interesting about his debate was that he has already assumed and has stated that Senator Stinson is a Member, and I would say to you that Senator Stinson has every right to vote on this issue and that the arguments cited by Senator Jubelirer are so far away from and remote from this issue that it is very clear that the decision should be made that Senator Stinson should be allowed to vote.

The PRESIDENT. And the Chair would simply add to that colloquy Rule XXI, section 3, of our own Senate rules which says that, "Every Senator...shall be recorded as voting on each question stated from the Chair which requires a roll call vote unless excused by the Senate." Senator Stinson, not having been excused, is required to vote on this measure, and the Chair would stand by its ruling.

The question before the Senate is an appeal to the ruling of the Chair. The Chair has ruled in favor of Senator Stinson.

## RULING OF THE CHAIR APPEALED

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I appeal the ruling of the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair did not hear the gentleman. I was in the process of articulating the appeal.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Williams.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, very briefly, the problem with the argument advanced by Senator Jubelirer is that he is talking about rules and regulations regarding ethics. The right for any Senator to sit has a constitutional base to it, a fundamental base to it. It has to do not with the person but with the institution, and so I just wanted to suggest to the gentleman that his arguments are misplaced. The rationale he is using is an argument that has a lesser and lower applicability than the constitutional right of each and every Member to sit in this body. And also the attack, apparently on a personality, is also misplaced, because those rules of sitting have to do with the institution, not the person and their interests. It is to the interest of the Commonwealth and of this body.

The PRESIDENT. On the question, the Chair first recognizes the gentleman from Venango, Senator Peterson.

Senator PETERSON. Would the Majority Leader stand for brief interrogation?

Senator LINCOLN. No, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. He indicates he will not at this time.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer. Do you wish to be recognized formally?

Senator Peterson, are you done?

Senator PETERSON. I will be coming back.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Venango, Senator Peterson.

Senator PETERSON. Yes, Mr. President, I would like to speak to the issue.

I just wanted to ask the Majority Leader to clarify something he said on the 16th of September, and I quote from his—

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would point out to the gentleman that he has opted not to be interrogated.

Senator PETERSON. I am not asking him this question. I am speaking, sir.

## PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Senator LINCOLN. Point of parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will state his point.

Senator LINCOLN. What happened on the 16th of September and any statements I made thereon have nothing to do with the debate taking place today, and I would ask for a very strict interpretation of the debate.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair thanks the gentleman and is compelled to advise the gentleman from Venango, Senator Peterson, that, in fact, we are dealing with a very narrow question. I suspect that there will be plenty of opportunity to get into some very interesting debate later in the day. Right at the moment the question is on the appeal of the ruling of the Chair.

On the appeal of the ruling of the Chair, if the gentleman's focus is that narrow, he is recognized for a few minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Venango, Senator Peterson.

Senator PETERSON. Yes, Mr. President. I think what I was about to say has everything to do with the appeal of the ruling of the Chair. I think the issue before us is, is Mr. Stinson a Member of this body? Is that not the issue before us? Has he been duly sworn in? Does he have the right to vote on behalf of saying that he is a duly elected member of this body? At some point in time it was stated, according to our State Constitution and the rules of the Senate, a newly elected Senator cannot be sworn in until he is judged qualified by the body during a Session of the Senate, and I ask if that has happened in Mr. Stinson's case?

The PRESIDENT. The Chair has already made his ruling. There has been an appeal to the ruling of the Chair, and the question is on the appeal to the ruling of the Chair.

And the question recurring,

Shall the ruling of the Chair be sustained?

## REQUEST FOR RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I regret to have to make this request, but several Members of my Caucus have asked if we could have a brief recess for a brief caucus in the rear of the Senate Chamber, and I would request that at this time.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, there is a very serious issue that has been put before this body that does not need a caucus or a recess, and I would ask for that recess motion to be denied and that we could move on with the business of the Senate.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair tends to agree with the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln. This is a very important matter. It is clearly before the Senate and the Chair would agree with the gentleman. There is an objection to taking a recess at this time, and it would be the preference of the Chair to continue, and the question is on the roll.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Would Senator Lincoln stand for brief interrogation?

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes first the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo.

## PREVIOUS QUESTION MOVED

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, it is with deep regret that I do this, but it is obvious the other side just wants to be dilatory today. I would, therefore, move the previous question and ask for seconds.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Sena-

tor Fumo, moves the previous question. That requires four seconds.

Senator MELLOW. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Senator AFFLERBACH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Senator JONES. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Mellow, Senator Lincoln, Senator Afflerbach, and Senator Jones.

On the question,

Shall the main question now be put?

The PRESIDENT. On the question, which will bring us to the immediate question before us, there is no debate.

The Clerk will call the roll.

#### POINT OF INFORMATION

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, a point of information.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will state his point.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, is Senator Heckler on the roll?

The PRESIDENT. Senator Heckler is not on the roll.

Senator JUBELIRER. Would the President of the Senate explain why Senator Heckler is not on the roll and Mr. Stinson is on the roll?

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. If the gentlemen would all yield for just a moment, the President would be delighted to do that in due time. What is before the Senate is a motion on the previous question.

The Clerk will call the roll.

And the question recurring,

Shall the main question now be put?

(During the calling of the roll, the following occurred:)

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, it goes to the very foundation of this Senate, Mr. President, and I do think that the Senate deserves an answer from you. Mr. President--

The CLERK. Afflerbach.

Senator JUBELIRER. That requires an answer, Mr. President. Why is Senator Heckler not on the roll when Mr. Stinson is?

The CLERK. Afflerbach.

Senator AFFLERBACH. No.

The CLERK. Andrezeski.

Senator ANDREZESKI. No.

The CLERK. Armstrong.

The PRESIDENT. As a point of clarification, we are voting on the previous question; a "yes" moves us directly to the question; a "no" is a vote against moving the previous question.

The Clerk will proceed.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I raise a further point of information as to why Senator Heckler is not carried on the roll.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman knows better than that.

There is a roll call on.

The Clerk will proceed with the roll call.

The CLERK. Stinson.

Senator STINSON. Aye.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I challenge the vote of Mr. Stinson on the roll. The very subject--

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will proceed with the roll call.

Senator JUBELIRER. That is a fair challenge, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will proceed with the roll call.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I challenge the vote of William Stinson on the roll call.

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will proceed with the roll call.

Senator AFFLERBACH. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "no" to "aye."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

Senator ANDREZESKI. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "no" to "aye."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

The yeas and nays were required by Senator FUMO and were as follows, viz:

#### YEAS—25

Afflerbach	Fattah	Mellow	Scanlon
Andrezeski	Fumo	Musto	Schwartz
Belan	Jones	O'Pake	Stapleton
Bodack	LaValle	Pecora	Stewart
Bortner	Lewis	Porterfield	Stinson
Dawida	Lincoln	Reibman	Stout
			Williams

#### NAYS—2

Bell                      Jubelirer

A majority of the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

The PRESIDENT. The vote on the previous question, "ayes," 25; "nays," 2. The motion is carried.

The PRESIDENT. The next immediate item of business is on the appeal to the Chair. Nothing is in order between now and then.

The Clerk will proceed with the roll call.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I think I have the right to be recognized, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. No, the gentleman has been here long enough to know that in fact nothing intervenes between--

#### VERIFICATION OF THE ROLL

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I ask for a verification of the roll.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman is correct. He can ask for a verification of the roll.

The Clerk will proceed with the "aye" votes.

The CLERK. Afflerbach, Andrezeski, Belan, Bodack, Bortner, Dawida, Fattah, Fumo, Jones, LaValle, Lewis, Lin-

coln, Mellow, Musto, O'Pake, Pecora, Porterfield, Reibman, Scanlon, Schwartz, Stapleton, Stewart, Stinson, Stout, and Williams.

The PRESIDENT. Are there corrections or additions?  
Senator Fisher.

Senator FISHER. Mr. President, I would like to be added as a negative vote on the roll call.

The PRESIDENT. Are there additional negative votes?  
The Clerk will read the negative votes now.

The CLERK. Bell, Jubelirer.

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will add Senator Fisher to the negative votes.

Are there other additions on the negative side? Senator Holl, Senator Greenleaf.

Senator LOEPER wishes to be on the negative side?

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Delaware, Senator Loeper.

Senator LOEPER. Mr. President, I wish to be recorded in the negative.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Loeper will be in the negative. Senator Shumaker, Senator Robbins, Senator Punt, Senator Helfrick.

Is it the understanding of the Chair that all the Republicans now wish to be recorded in the negative?

Senator SALVATORE. Mr. President, I would like to be recorded in the negative.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Salvatore, Senator Armstrong, Senator Peterson, Senator Mowery, Senator Brightbill.

The Clerk will proceed with a fast roll call with the instructions that all of the Republicans wish to be recorded in the negative at this time.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, it is so confusing, I would request a slow roll call.

The PRESIDENT. There is nothing confusing about that, Senator.

The Clerk will proceed.

And the question recurring,  
Shall the main question now be put?

The yeas and nays were required by Senator FUMO and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—25

Afflerbach	Fattah	Mellow	Scanlon
Andrezeski	Fumo	Musto	Schwartz
Belan	Jones	O'Pake	Stapleton
Bodack	LaValle	Pecora	Stewart
Bortner	Lewis	Porterfield	Stinson
Dawida	Lincoln	Reibman	Stout
			Williams

NAYS—24

Armstrong	Greenleaf	Loeper	Robbins
Baker	Hart	Madigan	Salvatore
Bell	Helfrick	Mowery	Shaffer
Brightbill	Holl	Peterson	Shumaker
Corman	Jubelirer	Punt	Tilghman
Fisher	Lemmond	Rhoades	Wenger

A majority of the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

The PRESIDENT. The vote on the previous question, "ayes," 25; "nays," 24.

Senator TILGHMAN. Mr. President, how do you have me voting?

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Montgomery, Senator Tilghman--

Senator TILGHMAN. I would like to know how you have me voting. I have a right to know.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman voted "no."

Senator TILGHMAN. Thank you.

The PRESIDENT. Did the gentleman vote "no"?

Senator TILGHMAN. I want to change my vote now to a "no" vote. You asked me. When you cast my vote, you ask me what I am voting, okay?

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will record Senator Tilghman in the negative.

Are there others who wish to come forth now out of hiding and record their votes?

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I challenge the vote of William Stinson on the roll. He has no right to be voting.

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will proceed to the appeal of the ruling of the Chair, which is exactly that issue, Senator, and you know that.

Senator JUBELIRER. You can shut my mike off, Mr. President, but you cannot silence the people.

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will call the roll. The Chair will state the question once again for everybody. Senator Jubelirer has appealed the ruling of the Chair. An affirmative vote upholds the appeal and therefore votes for Senator Jubelirer's position on the subject; a negative vote is against Senator Jubelirer and upholds the ruling of the Chair. Does everybody understand that?

Senator LOEPER. A point of order, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. There are no points of order. There is nothing legitimately between a--

Senator LOEPER. Point of personal privilege, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair apologizes, but the Clerk will call the roll.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, this body has the right to know what the vote is.

And the question recurring,  
Shall the ruling of the Chair be sustained?

(During the calling of the roll, the following occurred:)

The CLERK. Helfrick.

Senator HELFRICK. Aye.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I raise a point of information as to whether the Senator from the 10th Senatorial District is on the roll.

The CLERK. Stinson.

Senator STINSON. No.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I challenge the vote of

William Stinson to vote as a Member of the Senate.

Senator PORTERFIELD. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "aye" to "no."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

Senator MELLOW. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "aye" to "no."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

The yeas and nays were required by Senator JUBELIRER and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—24

Armstrong	Greenleaf	Loeper	Robbins
Baker	Hart	Madigan	Salvatore
Bell	Helfrick	Mowery	Shaffer
Brightbill	Holl	Peterson	Shumaker
Corman	Jubelirer	Punt	Tilghman
Fisher	Lemmond	Rhoades	Wenger

NAYS—25

Afflerbach	Fattah	Mellow	Scanlon
Andrezeski	Fumo	Musto	Schwartz
Belan	Jones	O'Pake	Stapleton
Bodack	LaValle	Pecora	Stewart
Bortner	Lewis	Porterfield	Stinson
Dawida	Lincoln	Reibman	Stout
			Williams

Less than a majority of the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the negative.

The PRESIDENT. The vote on the appeal of the ruling of the Chair is, "ayes," 24; "nays," 25. The appeal has been defeated.

And the question recurring,  
Shall the Senate sustain the constitutional point of order?

The PRESIDENT. That brings us to the question, the constitutional point of order, is William Stinson properly seated as a Member of the Pennsylvania Senate?

And the question recurring,  
Shall the Senate sustain the constitutional point of order?

VERIFICATION OF THE ROLL

The PRESIDENT. On the question, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Fisher.

Senator FISHER. On the previous question, Mr. President, I ask for a verification of the roll call on the appeal of the ruling of the Chair and an explanation from the President as to why the name of Senator Heckler has not been called on the official roll, when the official Senate roll call that was distributed in the Chamber contains Mr. Heckler's name thereon.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair will give you one for two. We will proceed with a verification of the roll.

The Clerk will read the affirmative votes.

The CLERK. Armstrong, Baker, Bell, Brightbill, Corman, Fisher, Greenleaf, Hart, Helfrick, Holl, Jubelirer, Lemmond,

Loeper, Madigan, Mowery, Peterson, Punt, Rhoades, Robbins, Salvatore, Shaffer, Shumaker, Tilghman, and Wenger.

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will read the negative votes.

The CLERK. Afflerbach, Andrezeski, Belan, Bodack, Bortner, Dawida, Fattah, Fumo, Jones, LaValle, Lewis, Lincoln, Mellow, Musto, O'Pake, Pecora, Porterfield, Reibman, Scanlon, Schwartz, Stapleton, Stewart, Stinson, Stout, and Williams.

The PRESIDENT. As to the gentleman's question with regard to the eligibility of Mr. Heckler, that is not properly before us. That is something I am sure we will be dealing with very shortly. What is before us is the constitutional point of order. It has taken us a long time to get there, but--

Senator FISHER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. --the question before the body is--

Senator FISHER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The verification of the roll, incidentally, indicates that, in fact, the appeal of the ruling of the Chair has failed by a vote of 24 to 25.

Senator FISHER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The constitutional point of order before us is William Stinson, is he properly seated as a Member of the Pennsylvania Senate?

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Senator FISHER. Mr. President, a point of parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDENT. On that question, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Fisher.

Senator FISHER. Mr. President, I asked in my question on the verification whether or not Mr. Heckler's name was on the official roll as read by the Clerk. I did not receive an answer to that question.

The PRESIDENT. The answer to the question is that he is not on that roll.

Senator FISHER. Mr. President, do you have any explanation as to why Mr. Heckler's name is on the roll call sheet that is in the Chamber?

The PRESIDENT. The Chair suspects that that was in anticipation of later action that was due after Mr. Heckler was duly sworn in as a Member of the Senate.

Senator FISHER. Mr. President, are you ruling that at this point Mr. Heckler has not been duly sworn in as a Member of the Senate?

The PRESIDENT. The Chair has not made a ruling to that effect. We are not on that order of business. We are not moving forward in that area.

Senator FISHER. Mr. President, I would ask you to request the Clerk to call Mr. Heckler's name on the appeal of the ruling of the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. In checking with the Parliamentarian, the Chair is correct. What is before us and what takes precedence over these other questions and points of order is the constitutional point of order that is before us. The constitutional point of order is very simple: Is William Stinson properly seated as a Member of the Pennsylvania Senate?

Senator FISHER. Mr. President, I believe I have a question on the floor as to why Mr. Heckler's name has not been called.

The PRESIDENT. And the Chair is responding to you that the question is out of order at this time.

#### RULING OF THE CHAIR APPEALED

Senator FISHER. I would appeal the Chair's ruling.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Fisher appeals the ruling of the Chair that it is out of order at this time.

On the question,  
Shall the ruling of the Chair be sustained?

The PRESIDENT. On the appeal, the Clerk will call the roll.

Senator LOEPER. On the appeal, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. A "yes" vote, once again, is supporting Senator Fisher's position and overturns the ruling of the Chair--

Senator LOEPER. On the appeal, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. --and a negative vote is upholding the ruling of the Chair.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President.

Senator LOEPER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. This is a matter that has very limited debate.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Delaware, Senator Loeper.

Senator LOEPER. Mr. President, I would just wonder, when the official roll call also has the name of Senator Heckler on that roll call, why he is not permitted to vote on this question--

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President.

Senator LOEPER. --while the gentleman whose qualifications we are still judging is able to vote on the question?

The PRESIDENT. The Chair understands the gentleman's question and his point and would correct the gentleman. He is not on the official roll call. The only roll that was taken thus far does not have him voting on the first question that appeared before the Senate today.

Senator LOEPER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The question before the Senate is on the appeal of the ruling of the Chair.

Senator LOEPER. Does not the gentleman, Mr. Stinson's, name appear on the roll call before we are judging his qualifications in this body?

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I would ask that you keep the debate in the strictest form. This is not part of the appeal of Senator Fisher, and I would ask that we stick to that narrow scope of debate that is required by our rules.

Senator JUBELIRER. Do I get a microphone, Mr. President, or am I a bad boy?

The PRESIDENT. Let me frame the question for all of the Members so that we can proceed. I have ruled that Senator Fisher's question at this moment is out of order inasmuch as

we are dealing with a constitutional point of order that takes precedence over much of the discourse that has gone on, at some length, I might add. Senator Fisher has appealed that ruling, and that, ladies and gentlemen, is what is before the body.

On that question, an affirmative vote is a vote for Senator Fisher's position on the matter; a negative vote upholds the ruling of the Chair.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair does now recognize the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, perhaps we can straighten this out. Mr. President, while we believe this action to be unnecessary, because I think all of us feel that Senator Heckler has been duly sworn in, I move, as a special order of business, that the Senate conduct an oath of administration for Senator Heckler and that the Honorable Clarence Morrison, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, be invited to the rostrum to administer the oath, an oath we regard as ceremonial but which Members of the Democratic Caucus regard as essential to Senator Heckler's full participation as a Member of the Senate. Senator Heckler deserves to be voting, Mr. President, and any further delay is unconscionable. We would ask that that be done now as a special order of business, and I so move.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. While the President of the Senate would be delighted to accommodate the gentleman and is looking forward to getting this resolved just as eagerly as he is, we have before us a constitutional point of order that goes to the suitability of a Member to be a Member and, therefore, vote. I think that this matter takes precedence and must be dealt with.

And on that, before we get to that, we are still dealing with the appeal of the ruling of the Chair, which is Senator Fisher's appeal motion, and we will deal with that right now.

The Chair recognizes first the gentleman from Bucks, Senator Lewis.

#### PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Senator LEWIS. Mr. President, I rise to a point of parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair is hesitant because the Chair is interested in getting to the appeal and the constitutional point of order. The Chair will allow a point of inquiry.

Senator LEWIS. Mr. President, with respect to the framing of the question, it seems to me that for the sake of clarity and simplicity, to say nothing of the presumption that a ruling by the Chair is in order, I would respectfully request that the Chair consider rephrasing and reframing the issue as it is presented to this body, in that the Chair would consider designating the votes that would be cast in the affirmative as sustaining the ruling of the Chair, rather than in the opposite order in which the question now seems to be presented.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair thanks the gentleman from Bucks, but, with all due respect, I would just as soon proceed.

The Chair thanks the good intentions of the gentleman, but I think that it is very clear that an affirmative vote is a vote affirming the appeal which was made by Senator Fisher; a negative vote says, no, Senator Fisher is incorrect and the Chair's ruling stands. Let us just keep it that simple, if you do not mind.

The Clerk will proceed with the roll.

And the question recurring,  
Shall the ruling of the Chair be sustained?

(During the calling of the roll, the following occurred:)

The CLERK. Stinson.

Senator STINSON. No.

Senator JUBELIRER. I object to William Stinson being on the roll, Mr. President.

The yeas and nays were required by Senator FISHER and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—24

Armstrong	Greenleaf	Loeper	Robbins
Baker	Hart	Madigan	Salvatore
Bell	Helfrick	Mowery	Shaffer
Brightbill	Holl	Peterson	Shumaker
Corman	Jubelirer	Punt	Tilghman
Fisher	Lemmond	Rhoades	Wenger

NAYS—25

Afflerbach	Fattah	Mellow	Scanlon
Andrezeski	Fumo	Musto	Schwartz
Belan	Jones	O'Pake	Stapleton
Bodack	LaValle	Pecora	Stewart
Bortner	Lewis	Porterfield	Stinson
Dawida	Lincoln	Reibman	Stout
			Williams

Less than a majority of the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the negative.

The PRESIDENT. The vote on the appeal to the ruling of the Chair is, "ayes," 24; "nays," 25. The appeal fails.

And the question recurring,  
Will the Senate sustain the constitutional point of order?

The PRESIDENT. The question is, is William Stinson properly seated as a Member of the Pennsylvania Senate?

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. On that constitutional point of order, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, as I indicated before, while we believe this action to be unnecessary, I would move, as a special order of business, that the Senate conduct an oath of administration for Senator David Heckler, and that the Honorable Clarence Morrison, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, be invited to the rostrum to administer the oath, an oath that we regard as ceremonial but which Members of the Democratic side of the aisle consider essential to Senator Heckler's full participation as a Member of the Senate, and that we should take the cloud off immediately. We

believe that Senator Heckler certainly should at least have the oath of office administered, as Senator Mellow has offered to do, and we believe he has been duly sworn on September 14, but if that is going to hold up anything, I frankly do not care, swear him in again—two, three times if necessary—but David Heckler should be allowed to vote on this Senate floor. That district has been disenfranchised in this Senate for long enough, and we would ask, as a special order of business, that that oath of office be administered immediately.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would point out to the gentleman that we do, in fact, have a constitutional point of order before us, and I have to say that has to take precedence over the swearing-in at this point in the procedure.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair, by the way, agrees with the gentleman that we should conduct the swearing-in as quickly as possible so that we could move on with the business—

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I would be pleased to withdraw the constitutional question at this point and raise it after Senator Heckler is sworn in. If you want to do that, that is fine with me, however you want to do it. I think the time has long passed that the cloud over David Heckler's head be removed.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair understands the gentleman's offer. The Chair would put that to the Majority Leader, Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, has the Minority Leader withdrawn his motion?

The PRESIDENT. We may have a method to resolve this. If I could ask Members to approach, we may be able to take care of business.

(The Senate was at ease.)

CONSTITUTIONAL POINT OF ORDER WITHDRAWN

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I temporarily withdraw the constitutional point of order and move—

The PRESIDENT. Senator Jubelirer withdraws the constitutional point of order.

Senator JUBELIRER. —that the Senate conduct an oath of administration for Senator David Heckler—

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette—

Senator JUBELIRER. —and that the Honorable Clarence Morrison, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County—

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I move—

Senator JUBELIRER. I have the floor, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. Would the gentleman please yield.

CONSTITUTIONAL POINT OF ORDER

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I renew Senator Jubelirer's question of constitutionality for the seating of Senator Stinson and I ask for a roll-call vote.

The PRESIDENT. The result of the sidebar at the podium, and as the result of Senator—

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I have a motion on the floor.

The PRESIDENT. Would the gentleman please yield. Just control everybody here.

Senator Lincoln has raised the same constitutional point of order, which is what we agreed upon as a course of action in front of the rostrum. That being the case, the business that is before us is the same constitutional point of order: Is William Stinson properly seated as a Member of the Pennsylvania Senate?

On the question,  
Will the Senate sustain the constitutional point of order?

PREVIOUS QUESTION MOVED

The PRESIDENT. On that question, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Williams.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I move the previous question.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I withdrew that.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman is out of order. The Chair has recognized Senator Williams.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I move the previous question.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Williams moves the previous question. It requires four seconds.

Senator JONES. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Senator MELLOW. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Senator AFFLERBACH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Jones, Senator Mellow, Senator Afflerbach, and Senator Fumo.

On the question,  
Shall the main question now be put?

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will call the roll. This is the motion on the previous question.

(During the calling of the roll, the following occurred:)

The CLERK. Stinson.

Senator STINSON. Aye.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I object to the vote of William Stinson, who is not a Member of the Senate.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "aye" to "no."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

The yeas and nays were required by Senator WILLIAMS and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—25

Afflerbach	Fattah	Mellow	Scanlon
Andrezeski	Fumo	Musto	Schwartz
Belan	Jones	O'Pake	Stapleton
Bodack	LaValle	Pecora	Stewart
Bortner	Lewis	Porterfield	Stinson
Dawida	Lincoln	Reibman	Stout
			Williams

NAYS—24

Armstrong	Greenleaf	Loeper	Robbins
Baker	Hart	Madigan	Salvatore
Bell	Helfrick	Mowery	Shaffer
Brightbill	Holl	Peterson	Shumaker
Corman	Jubelirer	Punt	Tilghman
Fisher	Lemmond	Rhoades	Wenger

A majority of the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

The PRESIDENT. The vote to move the previous question is, "ayes," 25; "nays," 24.

And the question recurring,  
Will the Senate sustain the constitutional point of order?

The PRESIDENT. The next question before the Senate, and the only question before the Senate, is the constitutional point of order raised by Senator Lincoln: Is William Stinson properly seated as a Member of the Pennsylvania Senate?

On the question, the Clerk will call the roll.

And the question recurring,  
Will the Senate sustain the constitutional point of order?

(During the calling of the roll, the following occurred:)

The CLERK. Stinson.

Senator STINSON. Aye.

Senator JUBELIRER. I object to Mr. Stinson voting, Mr. President.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—25

Afflerbach	Fattah	Mellow	Scanlon
Andrezeski	Fumo	Musto	Schwartz
Belan	Jones	O'Pake	Stapleton
Bodack	LaValle	Pecora	Stewart
Bortner	Lewis	Porterfield	Stinson
Dawida	Lincoln	Reibman	Stout
			Williams

NAYS—24

Armstrong	Greenleaf	Loeper	Robbins
Baker	Hart	Madigan	Salvatore
Bell	Helfrick	Mowery	Shaffer
Brightbill	Holl	Peterson	Shumaker
Corman	Jubelirer	Punt	Tilghman
Fisher	Lemmond	Rhoades	Wenger

A constitutional majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

The PRESIDENT. On the constitutional point of order, the "ayes," 25; "nays," 24. The Senate has duly ruled that Mr. Stinson is indeed properly seated as a Member of the Pennsylvania State Senate.

### COMMUNICATIONS

The PRESIDENT. The Chair reads across the communications as mentioned earlier in the proceedings today and hereby orders that a record of the proceedings of the Thursday night swearing-in be spread upon the record and inserted in the Journal of today's Session.

*(The following transcript was made a part of the record by order of the PRESIDENT:)*

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

In re: Swearing-in Proceedings of Senator Stinson

\*\*\*\*\*

Stenographic report of proceedings held  
in the Senate Chamber, Main Capitol  
Building, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Thursday,  
November 18, 1993  
5:46 p.m.

HON. ROBERT J. MELLOW, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, Presiding

JUDGE SEBASTIAN NATALE, Judge, Court of Common Pleas, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, Administering Oath of Office

Reported by:  
Ann-Marie P. Sweeney  
Chief Official Reporter  
Senate of Pennsylvania

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE: Okay, we are going to get started.

First of all, this is, for a number of reasons, this is a precedent-setting day. It gives us the opportunity to use the new Chamber and the way the Chamber has been restored for the swearing in of a new Senator, and I think that's great. We have a new body, the body has been refurbished and restored through the Preservation Committee, and today we also have the swearing in of the new Senator from the Second Senatorial District in Philadelphia.

For the record, the Secretary of the Commonwealth has transmitted, through the Secretary of the Senate, the certified election returns of the Senator from the Second Senatorial District elected at the special election held on November 2, 1993. Further, the Chair is also informed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth that the Senator-elect has filed in her office the accounts and affidavits as required by Act of June 3, 1937, Public Law 1333, Article 16.

On November 18, 1993, the Secretary of the Commonwealth presented the certificate, which reads:

"To the Honorable President and members of the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I have the honor to present the returns of the special election for Senator in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania held in the Second Senatorial District as the same for the certified to be and filed with my office by the Philadelphia County Board of Election.

"William Stinson, having received the highest number of votes in

the special election and having complied with the provisions of Article 16 of the Pennsylvania Election Code pertaining to primary and election expenses, was duly elected a Senator in the General Assembly.

"In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office in the city of Harrisburg this 18th day of November in the year of our Lord One Thousand, Nine Hundred and Ninety-Three, and of the Commonwealth the Two Hundred and Eighteenth."

Signed, Brenda Mitchell, Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The certification reads:

Democrat William Stinson, 20,518 votes; Republican Bruce S. Marks, 20,057 votes.

The election certificate is signed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and under her seal, and the next order of business is the administration of the oath of office to Senator-elect Stinson. The oath will be administered by the Honorable Sebastian Natale, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

Judge Natale.

JUDGE NATALE: Thank you, Senator.

Bill, are you prepared to take the oath?

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: Yes, I am.

JUDGE NATALE: If you'll raise your right hand and place your left hand on the Bible. If you'll repeat after me and take the oath:

I.

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: I.

JUDGE NATALE: And your name.

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: Bill Stinson.

JUDGE NATALE: Do solemnly swear.

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: Do solemnly swear.

JUDGE NATALE: That I will support.

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: That I will support.

JUDGE NATALE: Obey and defend.

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: Obey and defend.

JUDGE NATALE: The Constitution of the United States.

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: The Constitution of the United States.

JUDGE NATALE: And the Constitution of this Commonwealth.

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: And the Constitution of this Commonwealth.

JUDGE NATALE: And that I will discharge.

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: And that I will discharge.

JUDGE NATALE: The duties of my office.

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: The duties of my office.

JUDGE NATALE: With fidelity.

SENATOR-ELECT STINSON: With fidelity.

JUDGE NATALE: Congratulations, Senator.

(Applause.)

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE: The Senate, and especially Senator Stinson and myself, would like to thank Judge Natale for taking the time from his busy day today to come over and to administer the office of the State Senate to Senator Stinson.

I would also like to have the record indicate that the stenographer will make these proceedings as part of our official record and the reporter will prepare transcripts which will be submitted for inclusion in the Senate Journal on Monday.

Having no further business, except to say that we now have a new Senator from the Second Senatorial District, I thank each and every one of you for coming. Thank you.

(Applause.)

(Whereupon, the proceedings were concluded at 5:50 p.m.)

I hereby certify that the proceedings and evidence are contained fully and accurately in the notes taken by me during the proceedings of the within cause, and that this is a true and correct transcript of the same.

ANN-MARIE P. SWEENEY

THE FOREGOING CERTIFICATION DOES NOT APPLY TO ANY REPRODUCTION OF THE SAME BY ANY MEANS UNLESS UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL AND/OR SUPERVISION OF THE CERTIFYING REPORTER.

Ann-Marie P. Sweeney  
 Chief Official Reporter  
 Senate of Pennsylvania  
 Room 644, Main Capitol Building  
 Harrisburg, PA 17120  
 717-787-4206

**SPECIAL ORDER OF BUSINESS  
 SWEARING-IN OF NEW MEMBER**

The PRESIDENT. As a special order of business, we will now proceed to the administration of the oath of office to Senator-elect David W. Heckler, in accordance with the requirements of Article VI, Section 3, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

**ELECTION RETURNS PRESENTED**

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will now read the returns of the Special Election held in the 10th Senatorial District on-- Senator JUBELIRER. Tuesday, July 13, Mr. President, in case you have forgotten.

The PRESIDENT. Indeed it was July 13. And, as always, the Chair is deeply grateful for the gentleman from Blair correcting the record.

The Clerk will proceed.

The Clerk read the election returns as follows:

**COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA**

TO THE HONORABLE PRESIDENT AND MEMBERS OF THE SENATE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, GREETINGS:

I have the honor to present the returns of the Special Election for Senator in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania held in the Tenth Senatorial District, as the same has been certified to and filed with my office by the Bucks County Board of Elections. David W. Heckler, having received the highest number of votes in the Special Election, and having complied with the provisions of Article XVI of the Pennsylvania Election Code pertaining to Primary and Election Expenses, was duly elected a Senator in the General Assembly.

(SEAL) IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office at the city of Harrisburg, this sixteenth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ninety-three, and of the Commonwealth the two-hundredth and eighteenth.

BRENDA K. MITCHELL  
 Secretary of the Commonwealth

SPECIAL ELECTION  
 SENATOR IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
 10TH SENATORIAL DISTRICT  
 COUNTY OF BUCKS  
 JULY 13, 1993

Total  
 Votes

Democratic - Tom Lingenfelter	2,673
Republican - David W. Heckler	15,146
Patriot - Diane Blough	3,462
WRITE-IN VOTES	
Joseph P. Schiaffino	271

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
 Department of State  
 Bureau of Commissions, Elections and Legislation

**STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT**

The PRESIDENT. Such returns having been received and read, David W. Heckler is declared to be a duly elected Senator in the General Assembly for the 10th Senatorial District.

For the record, the Secretary of the Commonwealth has certified that the Senator-elect has filed the accounts and affidavits as required by the Election Code, and the Chair will submit this certificate for the record.

The Senator-elect will now approach the bar of the Senate. Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would first recognize the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. What was the date of that certification again?

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will yield. We will get it for you.

The Chair is advised that the certification occurred on the 16th day of August.

Senator JUBELIRER. The 16th day of August?

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman is correct.

Senator JUBELIRER. Thank you, Mr. President.

**REQUEST TO OFFER REMARKS FOR  
 THE RECORD**

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I offer this for the record.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I object.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Williams. For what purpose does the gentleman rise?

**PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY**

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I rise for a point of inquiry.

In the request for this particular swearing-in, or this ceremony, it was indicated that this was just ceremonial. I assume that what we just went through was unceremonial, and I agree with that. My question really is, we are debating serious matters regarding this body. I, therefore, do not take the fact that we are going to perform something ceremonial.

Now, I would like, therefore, to request of the Chair if it would explain precisely what we are going through and the constitutional or legal reasons therefor, so that no one would

doubt that what we are doing here today, what we have done, is appropriate and proper and without any motivation. On the other hand, those who were making the point that this is ceremonial were actually appealing to emotion, politics, uncertainty, whatever you want to name it, but the Chair and this body are following the Constitution and the law of this Commonwealth, and, therefore, this ceremony is quite in order and the only appropriate ceremony to swear the gentleman in with any legal basis.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair thanks the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Williams, and appreciates his efforts in helping to clarify the record. Indeed, the Chair has just declared Senator-elect David W. Heckler to be the duly elected Senator in the General Assembly from the 10th Senatorial District. The Chair has also indicated that the Commonwealth has certified that the Senator-elect has filed the appropriate accounts and affidavits, and we are about to proceed with the official taking of the oath of office.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. Now, does the Chair understand the gentleman that he is objecting to the insertion into the record the other proceeding that Senator Jubelirer has offered?

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, everybody in this Commonwealth knows that there was a rump swearing-in. It has to be clarified that the only kind of swearing-in could be done through the process you are engaging in now. I think that our citizens should be clear on that in view of the barrage of misinformation that is so off-centered. I want it to be clear on the record that any pretense at a previous swearing-in has no legal basis.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Jubelirer has requested that material be inserted in the record at this point, and that can be done without objection to the Senate. The Chair understands that the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Williams, has objected to the inclusion of that material at this time. Is that correct? Are you objecting to the inclusion of this information at this time, Senator Williams?

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I objected to a package which was sent to you. I do not know what it is. So when you say "this information," I do not even know what you are talking about. I am only saying that it should be clear that any attempt at a swearing-in should be clarified on the record as not proper.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair is advised that we may be able to resolve this with a motion by Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, you know, if you want to get into debate on a rump swearing-in, we can do that, but I will offer this under Petitions and Remonstrances to move on with things, if that be the best way to do it. We believe this belongs as part of the record. I see no difference between offering it now and offering it under Petitions and Remonstrances, but we want it as part of the record because we believe that it is an important part of the record.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair thanks the gentleman and, in fact, it may expedite the proceedings if we can include this in the Petitions and Remonstrances section.

The Chair does recognize the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Williams.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, my point has nothing to do with whatever that piece of paper is. I do not think there should be a cloud over this record or over this debate. There was, in fact, what they would call a rump swearing-in. The fact that the Majority Leader referred to this as ceremonial casts doubts on the legitimacy of this process and legitimacy on another, and I am asking the Chair to state very clearly that the only way a swearing-in would be appropriate under the law and the Constitution would be what is taking place now and not some other process.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman is correct, and let me state as clearly as possible, the Chair has recently, just a few moments ago, declared Senator Heckler to be a duly elected Senator and we are about to proceed with the actual oath taking. That is the official ceremony that officially makes Senator Heckler, in the opinion of this Chair, an official Member of the Pennsylvania State Senate.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

It is also spelled out in the Constitution, and according to our State laws as well. And the Chair thanks the gentleman for holding me to upholding my duty.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. I would just join with Senator Williams, Mr. President, in asking that the Chair differentiate between the swearing-in ceremony last Thursday for Mr. Stinson and the swearing-in ceremony on September 14 for Senator Heckler. If Senator Williams wants to distinguish the difference, I join with him. I think it would be interesting to see what the difference is.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would respond in this fashion. The Chair suspects that we are going to be hearing a lot more about this subject in Petitions and Remonstrances. The Chair is interested in proceeding with the duties and the obligations we have to the people of Pennsylvania. In order to do that, the Chair does not choose to get into a colloquy on that subject at this time. There will be plenty said, I am sure, in the press and there will be plenty said in the caucuses. The Chair would prefer to move to the taking of the oath of office at this time.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Williams.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I am not interested in any debate, but I do not know why we are hiding the quotation in the law that specifies the law under which you are functioning. There is no debate. Just that. The law is the law.

The PRESIDENT. And I do not know how many times I can say that and repeat that. The Chair has performed its duty, and I am going to continue to proceed.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Venango, Senator Peterson.

Senator PETERSON. Mr. President, would Senator Williams answer one question? I want to clarify something he said. I was not sure I heard him correctly.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Williams agrees to be interrogated. The gentleman may proceed.

Senator PETERSON. Mr. President, did I hear you refer to the previous swearing-in of Mr. Heckler as a rump swearing-in?

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I was using the legal term of art. That is what it is called, a rump session, if it is not legal. Not to put a pejorative implication, a rump session would be something that is basically out of the mainstream of legality. Yes, I did.

Senator PETERSON. Mr. President, I thank you.

Mr. President, I would just like to make a brief comment.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman is recognized.

#### REMARKS EXPUNGED

Senator PETERSON. Mr. President, Mr. Heckler, in the view of many, was sworn-in previously legally, timely, and today a Member has cast an aspersion upon that, that it was a rump swearing-in.

(At this point, remarks were expunged from the record by order of the Senate.)

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. I would say to you there has been an effort made to keep this from getting out of hand, and it is a Member on that side now who would have to stand and be a party to some of the most partisan debate that could take place. I do not want to see that, but I also do not intend to stand or sit on this floor and listen to those types of aspersions being cast on any Member of this Senate, and I would ask that there be as much discipline used in controlling that aspect of what takes place today as in the debate that we are going to have and that which has taken place. I would ask that those remarks be stricken from the record.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Lincoln has asked that the immediate previous paragraph from Senator Peterson be stricken from the record. Would you care to put that in the form of a motion to expunge?

Senator LINCOLN. I would so move, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Lincoln moves that we expunge that last presentation.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The PRESIDENT. All those in favor of the motion say "aye"; all those opposed, "no." It is the opinion of the Chair that the "ayes" have it.

And we shall proceed to the swearing-in of Senator Heckler, if there is no further discussion on the subject.

#### ADMINISTRATION OF OATH OF OFFICE

The PRESIDENT. Senator-elect David W. Heckler, would you please approach the bar of the Senate so that the oath of office may be administered. Please bring your Bible with you.

We are pleased to have with us today Judge Clarence Morrison of the Dauphin County Court, who will administer the

oath of office to Senator-elect David W. Heckler.

Would everyone please rise.

Judge MORRISON. Senator Heckler, are you prepared to take the oath of office?

Senator-elect HECKLER. I am.

Judge MORRISON. If you are, sir, would you place your left hand on the Bible and raise your right hand and repeat after me:

I, David W. Heckler, do solemnly swear that I will support, obey and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of this Commonwealth, and I will discharge the duties of my office as a member of the Senate, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with fidelity.

Congratulations, sir.

(Applause.)

#### THANKS OF THE SENATE EXTENDED TO JUDGE MORRISON

The PRESIDENT. The Chair extends thanks to Judge Clarence Morrison for taking the time from his busy schedule to administer the oath of office today.

The Senate will be at ease for just a moment.

(The Senate was at ease.)

#### REQUEST TO ADDRESS SENATE

The PRESIDENT. We are on the order of business of communications, and the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln. For what purpose does the gentleman rise?

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, as a special order of business, I would like to make some remarks relative to the 30th anniversary of the death of President John F. Kennedy.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears no objection to that special order of business.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, could we be at ease a moment?

The PRESIDENT. Would the gentleman just yield for a moment. We will be at ease while we get our signals straight.

(The Senate was at ease.)

#### REQUEST WITHDRAWN

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I withdraw my request to speak highly of President Kennedy. I will defer those remarks until later on in the Session and would ask the Chair to continue with the day's Calendar, or whatever.

#### SENATE RESOLUTIONS

#### DISCHARGING THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS FROM FURTHER CONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 139, PRINTER'S NO. 139

Senator BELL offered the following resolution, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, October 12, 1993

A RESOLUTION

Discharging the Committee on Appropriations from further consideration of Senate Bill No. 139, Printer's No. 139.

RESOLVED, That Senate Bill No. 139, Printer's No. 139, entitled "An act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), entitled 'An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined,' imposing a surcharge on certain public officials for expenditures on legislative initiatives," having been referred to the Committee on Appropriations on January 5, 1993, and the committee not having reported the same to the Senate for a period of over ten legislative days, the committee is discharged from further consideration thereof.

**DISCHARGING THE COMMITTEE ON  
APPROPRIATIONS FROM FURTHER  
CONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL  
NO. 177, PRINTER'S NO. 179**

Senator BELL offered the following resolution, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, October 12, 1993

A RESOLUTION

Discharging the Committee on Appropriations from further consideration of Senate Bill No. 177, Printer's No. 179.

RESOLVED, That Senate Bill No. 177, Printer's No. 179, entitled "An act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), entitled 'An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined,' prohibiting expenditures on legislative initiatives without specific legislation authorizing such expenditures," having been referred to the Committee on Appropriations on January 12, 1993, and the committee not having reported the same to the Senate for a period of over ten legislative days, the committee is

discharged from further consideration thereof.

The PRESIDENT. These resolutions will be placed on the Calendar.

**DISCHARGE PETITION**

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the Senate, November 22, 1993

A PETITION

To place before the Senate the nomination of Daniel A. Lucyk as a member of the State Board of Dentistry.

TO: The Presiding Officer of the Senate

WE, The undersigned members of the Senate, pursuant to section 8 (b) of Article IV of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, do hereby request that you place the nomination of Daniel A. Lucyk, Conyngham, Pennsylvania, as a member of the State Board of Dentistry, before the entire Senate body for a vote, the nomination not having been voted upon within 15 legislative days:

Robert C. Jubelirer  
F. Joseph Loeper  
D. Michael Fisher  
Noah W. Wenger  
Richard A. Tilghman

The PRESIDENT. The communication will be laid on the table.

**SENATE RESOLUTION**

**CONGRATULATING JUDGE FRED C. PACE  
ON HIS RETIREMENT FROM THE  
OFFICE OF CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE  
JUDGE AND CHAIRMAN OF THE  
BOARD OF CLAIMS**

Senators SALVATORE, RHOADES, FUMO, CORMAN, SHUMAKER, SCANLON, FISHER, PECORA, STOUT, JUBELIRER, HECKLER, O'PAKE, BRIGHTBILL, LOEPER, GREENLEAF, TILGHMAN, REIBMAN and ROBBINS offered the following resolution (**Senate Resolution No. 76**), which was read, considered and adopted:

In the Senate, November 22, 1993

A RESOLUTION

Congratulating Judge Fred C. Pace on his retirement from the Office of Chief Administrative Judge and Chairman of the Board of Claims.

WHEREAS, The Honorable Fred C. Pace has a bachelor of arts degree and a law degree from Duke University; and

WHEREAS, Judge Pace was sworn into full practice of law in January 1951; and

WHEREAS, During his practice he was employed as a deputy attorney general during the administrations of Governor Leader, Governor Lawrence and part of Governor Scranton's administration, assigned to the Workmen's Compensation Board; and

WHEREAS, During the early part of Governor Shapp's administration he acted as county attorney for all State matters in Schuylkill County; and

WHEREAS, Judge Pace was initially appointed Chief Administrative Judge and Chairman of the Board of Claims on February 28,

1974; and

WHEREAS, Judge Pace was nominated by Governor Casey and confirmed by the Senate to continue his service as Chief Administrative Judge and Chairman of the Board of Claims; and

WHEREAS, Judge Pace has performed his duties with a spirit of diligence, integrity and judicial determination; and

WHEREAS, Judge Pace's present term would ordinarily expire November 15, 1994; and

WHEREAS, Judge Pace has submitted his resignation from the Office of Chief Administrative Judge and Chairman of the Board of Claims effective October 29, 1993; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Senate congratulate Judge Fred C. Pace on his retirement from the Office of Chief Administrative Judge and Chairman of the Board of Claims; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the Honorable Fred C. Pace, 1601 Oak Road, Pottsville, PA 17901.

### MOTION REQUESTING A SPECIAL ORDER OF BUSINESS

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, as a special order of business, I now move that William Stinson be stood aside and his name be stricken from the roll of the Senate pending a resolution of the election contest pending in the Court of Common Pleas in Philadelphia, as well as the appeals to decisions of the Philadelphia County Board of Elections currently pending in the courts of this Commonwealth.

On the question,

Will Senate agree to the motion?

The PRESIDENT. On the motion to move to a special order of business, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I would object to that. I think it is very clear that the question of the legality of Senator Stinson sitting in the Senate has been very clearly determined, and I would ask that we oppose this motion and any further motions and at this time move to a roll-call vote.

The PRESIDENT. On the motion to move to a special order of business, so that the Chair is correct, the Chair would seek Senator Jubelirer's clarification.

What we are voting on here is the motion to move to a special order of business, not the substance of the motion itself.

### PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Bucks, Senator Lewis.

Senator LEWIS. Mr. President, I raise a point of parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will state his point.

Senator LEWIS. Mr. President, in anticipation of the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer, continuing with his request, I would ask the Chair whether at any point such a motion would be in order considering the following: The Senate earlier in this day dealt with the issue of whether Mr. Stinson was properly seated and resolved in the affirmative on that issue.

And it would seem to me that although a question of reconsideration on that point could be in order, that barring an issue of reconsideration, Mr. Stinson is properly seated and is a Member of this body, and any question with regard to his continuation in serving in this Senate could only be raised in accordance with the rules with respect to the continuation of service of a Member of the Senate. A motion with respect to a certification of election is not within those rules, it is out of order now and should be out of order at all times, to the best of my reading of the rules of this Senate, and I would ask the Chair to so advise with respect to that issue.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair thanks the gentleman from Bucks County, Senator Lewis, for his usual expert analysis of the parliamentary situation, and the Chair finds himself agreeing with the gentleman. Having dealt with this issue previously, the gentleman's efforts are redundant.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. In addition to that, the Chair would refer all the Members of the body to Rule XXX, subsection 9, of our own rules that puts forth a rather extensive procedure for judging qualifications of Members. That being the case, the gentleman's motion is out of order.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, the Chair just indicated in the rule that it dealt with qualifications, not elections, and that is why I believe, Mr. President, this would be in order and suggest that the gentleman, Senator Lewis, is improper, that it does not deal with elections, it deals with qualifications, and I believe that we have the right to do that. And frankly, Mr. President, this is not going to go away. As long as there are court actions out there, it is not going to go away, and we would expect that we would have the right to raise this on a regular basis.

In lieu of that, I will move to reconsider the constitutional question, but I believe that before we do that, and I would ask to be recognized on that, I would ask the Chair to reconsider its ruling on this in lieu of the fact that it is qualifications, not elections.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I submit that there is nothing more basic to an individual's qualifications than the fact that they were elected to get here, and that is clearly encompassed under the rule.

Mr. President, I am also offended by the Minority Leader's continuous postulating that some court somewhere in the world is going to do something to affect this. For the record, Mr. President, this matter has been to the Philadelphia Common Pleas Court, to the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, and to the city Board of Elections. By unanimous vote - two Democrats and one Republican - Mr. Stinson was certified. Mr. President, this matter went to the Federal District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania today with Senator Arlen Specter in tow, who happened to be the sponsoring Senator for the judge in question who threw them out of there. Then, Mr. President, they went to the Third Circuit Court of Appeals today, and that

have 2 more hours of dialogue on nothing?

Therefore, my point of inquiry is, is there such a possibility to stand something aside if you are talking about voting a Member into the Session?

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman is technically correct.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, it is incomprehensible to me that you can now stand aside when I was accepted in. That is a fiction, I suggest, Mr. President, of someone's imagination, a late-hour imagination, and we are strung along like a bunch of puppy dogs, in my opinion. I, therefore, would ask the Parliamentarian if there is such a thing. If not, then that vitiates the whole motion. It is a motion to make fun of us, I would suggest. What is the next motion going to be?

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman is correct. The Chair certainly welcomes the Senator back to the floor because you present interesting, intellectual conundrums and dilemmas for the Chair.

Let me be as—

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I am glad the Chair pronounced that word right.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman is correct in the sense that we have dealt with the issue, that there really is nothing to deal with should the special order of business prevail. Still, it is the right of any Senator to ask for a special order of business. I have already agreed with the gentleman in that I have ruled the request for a special order of business out of order, and the next shoe that you hear drop will be Senator Jubelirer appealing that ruling of the Chair.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, let me just put it, and my point of parliamentary inquiry, very succinctly, is, is there such a motion, if indeed we did vote for a special order of business? Is it anywhere in there, Mr. Parliamentarian? That is all I want to know.

The PRESIDENT. The answer is, yes, the Senate has a continuing responsibility—

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, could the Chair tell me what page it is on? I mean, under what provision?

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Senate has a continuing privilege to deal with the qualifications of any of its Members.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, excuse me.

The PRESIDENT. In that spirit, we do not know what is going to happen in the special order of business.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, is the Chair saying we can re-examine whether you belong here or not, fine, whatever that motion is, but to set something aside until we get with it, that is all the gentleman says he wants to do. He wants to set it aside in a holding pattern. There is no such motion.

The PRESIDENT. Agreed. And that is precisely why I ruled it out of order.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, if his motion for a special order of business is to reconsider the vote by which this was just taken, then he ought to say, I move to reconsider the vote by which it was taken.

The PRESIDENT. Understood. The Chair is agreeing with the gentleman.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, but I do not believe—and I will sit down—that the Chair can let us stand here all day long with just an unlimited amount of motions that do not exist.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair has ruled the gentleman's request for a special order of business out of order.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I understand.

The PRESIDENT. And the Chair understands that he has appealed the ruling of the Chair.

On the appeal of the ruling of the Chair.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I do appeal the ruling of the Chair. But just for the record, in 1939 that was done in this Senate. In 1979 it was done in the House of Representatives. It is not something that Senator Williams, Mr. President, should find so unique, to ask a Member to stand aside while a court proceeding is being heard, and there are court proceedings, regardless of what the gentleman from Philadelphia—and I still will refer to him as that—Senator Fumo, says, there are court proceedings in the Supreme Court still pending, and in the Common Pleas Court as well, and the motion to stand aside is a very legitimate motion. It is not the—

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I object to the discussion. The discussion merely was, is there a motion to set aside—

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, do I have the floor or do I not?

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman wishes to make a point of order.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, that was his motion. I did not ask the whole debate about courts. If he wants to say something about courts, I want to say something about courts, too, but the gentleman is just repeating courts.

The PRESIDENT. Are you raising a point of order, Senator, at this point?

Senator WILLIAMS. Pardon me?

The PRESIDENT. Is it your intention to raise a point of order at this point?

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, my point of order is that the gentleman is out of order in what he is discussing. He is retorting to me—irrelevantly, I might say. All he is saying is something can be set aside sometimes under some circumstances. That is not what exists here. We just voted on his qualifications a few minutes ago. There is nothing to be set aside. We just did that.

The PRESIDENT. I understand.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, and I therefore am requesting—

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I had the floor.

Senator WILLIAMS. —specifically where in that book or any book does it say to set aside the qualifications that we just voted on a few minutes ago.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, do I have the floor or do I not?

The PRESIDENT. Senator Jubelirer technically does have

body is considering something but certainly has not ordered us to do anything.

The mere fact of the matter is, Mr. President, that William Stinson won an election in Philadelphia fair and square. The other fact of the matter is, Mr. President—I will wait until the children are finished—that there will be another election in this district in November of 1994, and the Republicans, through the help of the Philadelphia Inquirer and some others, have been able to put a wonderful spin on this so as to kick off their campaign--

#### POINT OF ORDER

Senator JUBELIRER. Point of order, Mr. President. I believe the gentleman is out of order.

Senator FUMO. Oh, shut up. So they can kick off their campaign for 1994.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman yield.

The gentleman will state his point.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, we have listened to the pontification, but I believe he is out of order. I believe I asked the Chair to rule on, the Constitution says the election and qualifications of a Member. That is all I am asking.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman has made his point. The gentleman from Bucks, Senator Lewis, has raised an objection that the Chair finds to be meritorious. The Chair has said that it finds the gentleman, Senator Jubelirer's point to be out of order at this point.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, point of personal privilege.

#### RULING OF CHAIR APPEALED

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I appeal the ruling of the Chair.

On the question,

Shall the ruling of the Chair be sustained?

#### POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, point of personal privilege.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will state his point of personal privilege.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I would ask that the Chair admonish the Minority Leader for making references to my remarks as being pontification. They are personal insults to me, and I would ask for an apology or an admonishment.

Senator JUBELIRER. The gentleman can continue to wait, Mr. President, and in the meantime, I ask for a ruling of the Chair.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I ask the Chair to admonish the Minority Leader. I refrained from calling him a gentleman, but I would ask that the Chair admonish the Minority Leader.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair is somewhat confused, to be quite frank about it. The term "pontification" is not necessarily a major pejorative denigration.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, this Member views it as such and demands that the gentleman be admonished.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

Senator FUMO. I will wait for a ruling from the Chair, Mr. President, or I will ask, if the Chair is not going to do it, that the Chair be overturned.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair thanks the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo, and suggests to all Members that perhaps we are getting a bit far afield and a bit too sensitive to comments that are being made on both sides. The Chair would proceed to conduct the business of the day.

#### PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

The PRESIDENT. The Chair first recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Williams.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, just to know where we are, I thought I heard a motion to stand something aside, that it be stood aside. So I will know where I am in this debate, could the Chair advise me where that is? This is the first time I heard of a stand-aside motion.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair thanks the gentleman for the opportunity to clarify.

Senator Jubelirer has made a motion to move to a special order of business that would then allow us to take up the issue of setting aside Senator Stinson's qualifications while we await certain judicial actions.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I was asking—I heard that, but I want to know, what is the stood-aside motion? What is that?

The PRESIDENT. He has not made that motion yet. What we are on is whether to move that.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, but if he is going to make a motion to do something that does not exist, why go through that exercise? That is my point.

The PRESIDENT. Agreed.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, is there anywhere something that allows something to be stood aside? Maybe there is. I just want to know what that means, because I do not think it is fair for us to sit here and just talk in the name of doing something appropriate. So I just really wanted to know if there is such a motion to stand something aside.

The PRESIDENT. For different reasons, but to the same end, Senator Lewis has objected to the motion to move to the special order of business. The Chair would point out that I have agreed with him. I have ruled that Senator Jubelirer's motion to move to that special order of business is out of order, and I cannot clarify it any more.

Senator JUBELIRER. And I have appealed the ruling of the Chair, Mr. President.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, so what he is going to do is go through another exercise. Before we go through that exercise, I was asking, is there such a thing? If he did go to a special order of business, or whatever, where do you go from there? Is there such a thing to stand something aside? Is that not exactly what we just did a few minutes ago to vote the gentleman in? How are you going to stand something aside in another name? If we cannot do an impossibility, why do we not find that out before we even go through some motions and

the floor. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

And as much as I tried to address it, apparently I am not doing a very effective job. I hear the gentleman's objection. It is esoteric in nature. Senator Jubelirer is about the business of appealing the ruling of the Chair, and I think we should proceed.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I have done that and I cite the precedents in the House of Representatives in 1979 and the Senate of Pennsylvania in 1939 and the Constitution of Pennsylvania where we not only judge the election but the qualifications of Members. And for that reason, Mr. President, I appeal the ruling of the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. On the appeal of the ruling of the Chair, once again, let us proceed with the procedure that we have established earlier today: An "aye" vote is a vote for Senator Jubelirer's position on the subject; a "no" vote is a position that sustains the ruling of the Chair. An "aye" vote will move us to the issue that Senator Jubelirer wants to address; a negative vote will prevent us from going into a special order of business to deal with the issue at hand. Does everybody understand that? The Chair thanks all the gentlemen.

Senator Williams, do you wish to be recognized one more time?

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, yes.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Williams.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, I do not think this debate is going to end anyway. We have taken all these other votes. So I would like to address the issue as I see it.

The attempt here is merely to put a smear, to cast a cloud, and that is all right because that is politics, but we ought to call it what it is. I remember, Mr. President, that when I as an independent political candidate many times had to go up against a well-organized machine, and time after time after time, with no money and nothing but a bunch of people, in and out of court, I was told, here are the rules, Williams, here are the rules. Well, the rules in this situation are very clear, and, very frankly, the candidate that others would have in place of Senator Stinson did not follow those rules. Now, especially when you are well-financed, there is no excuse for that. And when you do not follow those rules, you do not invoke a cry-baby or whining attitude and smear other people.

I challenge anyone here to say anything relative to the fact that the process that certified Senator Stinson was anything but following the rules, no matter who the candidate is.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Senator LOEPER. Point of order, Mr. President.

Senator WILLIAMS. So all this about a court being involved--

The PRESIDENT. Would the gentleman yield for just a second.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Delaware, Senator Loeper.

Senator LOEPER. Mr. President, I think that the debate has gone far afield of the question before the body, and I would

suggest that the debate be limited to the question that is before us. If we want a recap of the election, I think that many Members would be willing to give their views at this point. However, I think we should keep it to the issue before us.

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, the author of the motion said, we want to set this thing aside because there is something big going on in a court. I am saying--

Senator LOEPER. Point of order, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman must yield again.

Senator WILLIAMS. I am saying that the court proceeding says, you certify, you sit. You can appeal anything. That is why the rules were set that way.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman is correct.

The Chair does want to interrupt and recognize the gentleman from Delaware, Senator Loeper.

Senator LOEPER. Just simply, Mr. President, I raised the point of order. I did not get a ruling from the Chair on it.

The PRESIDENT. I understand. The gentleman is correct.

Senator Williams, we are dealing with the issue of the appeal of the ruling of the Chair. The Chair understands your points, and, in fact, has agreed with them and therefore has ruled that Senator Jubelirer's motion is out of order. The question really is, are we going to sustain or oppose the ruling of the Chair at this point? And the Chair would be grateful for the opportunity to get to the "yeas" and "nays."

Senator WILLIAMS. Mr. President, we keep going back and forth here. We might as well have it out once and for all. I heard the basis of this dilatory motion - and there are going to be 10 others - was there is something wrong in the court, the legality. That is the heart of it. I am just trying to say that on the merits of why he offered that motion--and he said it--was that the system calls for step one, step two, step three, step four. So what is the big problem? What is in a motion to set aside something that has no reason to? I mean, it is incomprehensible, it is unthinkable, very political. It makes you think there is something wrong. I just want to make the point that in case it got lost in the insanity, that the Senator who is being questioned followed the rules, and that those who did not follow the rules are now on appeal because they are dilatory. And why would we substitute this Chamber to debate anybody who would be that unwise with all the money they had? That is all I am saying.

I only pointed to myself because I was a little old politician and I was told time after time after time, these are the rules. And I got my nose bloodied, I got my ears bloodied, and guess what? I followed the rules. I am astounded at a well-financed situation of parties--

Senator FUMO. Mr. President.

Senator WILLIAMS. --being a crybaby about that. That is all I am trying to say.

#### POINT OF INFORMATION

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, as a point of information, I have just been advised by telephone that the Third Circuit

Court of Appeals has denied the application for lack of jurisdiction. I do not know what other court is left. Maybe there is one in Russia.

Thank you, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. On the question, the Clerk will call the roll.

And the question recurring,  
Shall the ruling of the Chair be sustained?

The yeas and nays were required by Senator JUBELIRER and were as follows, viz:

#### YEAS—25

Armstrong	Greenleaf	Lemmond	Rhoades
Baker	Hart	Loeper	Robbins
Bell	Heckler	Madigan	Salvatore
Brightbill	Helfrick	Mowery	Shaffer
Corman	Holl	Peterson	Shumaker
Fisher	Jubelirer	Punt	Tilghman
			Wenger

#### NAYS—25

Afflerbach	Fattah	Mellow	Scanlon
Andrezeski	Fumo	Musto	Schwartz
Belan	Jones	O'Pake	Stapleton
Bodack	LaValle	Pecora	Stewart
Bortner	Lewis	Porterfield	Stinson
Dawida	Lincoln	Reibman	Stout
			Williams

Less than a majority of the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the negative.

The PRESIDENT. The vote on the appeal of the ruling of the Chair is, "ayes," 25; "nays," 25. The vote, not having received the proper affirmative vote, fails. And we move on with the business at hand.

### CALENDAR

Senator BODACK. Mr. President, I move at this time that all bills on today's Calendar go over in their order.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Bodack moves that all bills on today's Calendar go over in their order.

Without objection, the bills will go over.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, could we be at ease for a minute?

The PRESIDENT. Is there an objection to that?

The Senate will be at ease.

(The Senate was at ease.)

### MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE ON CONSTITUTIONAL POINT OF ORDER

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I move that the vote by which the constitutional point of order seating Mr. William Stinson was approved be reconsidered, and I ask for a roll-call vote.

The PRESIDENT. Let the record show that it was defeated. The constitutional point of order went down, just so we are all clear.

Senator JUBELIRER. That is two in a row that MacNett missed.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I would oppose the motion to reconsider and I ask for a negative vote.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Jubelirer has moved that we reconsider the vote by which the constitutional point of order regarding Senator Stinson was defeated. Senator Lincoln opposes the motion to reconsider and asks for a roll-call vote.

On the motion to reconsider, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from York, Senator Bortner.

Senator BORTNER. Mr. President, am I permitted to interrogate the Minority Leader?

The PRESIDENT. If he is so inclined.

Senator Jubelirer, Senator Bortner has a few questions, if you are interested.

Senator JUBELIRER. Yes, Mr. President. Sure.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from York, Senator Bortner.

Senator BORTNER. Mr. President, I have a simple question: Has anything changed since the last time we did this?

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I would say so. Senator Heckler was denied the right to vote the first time and I think he should have the opportunity to vote this time. And, Senator Bortner, you will have an opportunity to vote on this again and again until the court challenges the election contest, which is in the Supreme Court.

Senator BORTNER. Mr. President, that is kind of my question. I am wondering how many times in how many different ways we are going to have to revisit this issue. You know, we have spent an hour and a half when we all knew what the result was going to be and we all knew where we should be - seating two new members of the Senate - and I guess I am wondering if anybody else is as embarrassed as I am to stand around here sort of going through this charade over and over and over again.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, if that is in the form of interrogation, I would be delighted to respond.

Mr. President, the gentleman from York, Senator Bortner, is going to have to recognize that he is going to have to vote on this time after time after time. There is a strong feeling, Mr. President, that this election was not won fair and square, as some would say, that there was fraud, that there was forgery. There are many things that are alleged in the Second Senatorial District.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President. Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, Senator Bortner is

going to have to vote on this.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I think that the gentleman has moved far away from the debate on the issue of reconsideration, and I would ask once again for us to maintain a strict discipline of the rules on what is permissible in the debate at hand, and that is outrageously out of those bounds.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Jubelirer has, in fact, moved that we reconsider the vote by which the constitutional point of order failed. Senator Lincoln has opposed the motion, and we will proceed to the "yeas" and "nays."

Clerk, go.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Senator JUBELIRER and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—25

Armstrong	Greenleaf	Lemmond	Rhoades
Baker	Hart	Loeper	Robbins
Bell	Heckler	Madigan	Salvatore
Brightbill	Helfrick	Mowery	Shaffer
Corman	Holl	Peterson	Shumaker
Fisher	Jubelirer	Punt	Tilghman
			Wenger

NAYS—25

Afflerbach	Fattah	Mellow	Scanlon
Andrezeski	Fumo	Musto	Schwartz
Belan	Jones	O'Pake	Stapleton
Bodack	LaValle	Pecora	Stewart
Bortner	Lewis	Porterfield	Stinson
Dawida	Lincoln	Reibman	Stout
			Williams

Less than a majority of the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the negative.

The PRESIDENT. The vote on the motion is, "ayes," 25; "nays," 25. The motion to reconsider fails passage.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS  
CONGRATULATORY RESOLUTIONS

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following resolutions, which were read, considered and adopted:

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Joseph J. Maura, citizens of the Borough of Fountain Hill, Allentown Human Relations Commission, Kathy Anne Reph, Ray Greene, Allentown Alliance for Families, Ruthann Mantz, Whitehall Memorial Restoration Committee, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Gruber, Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Alfrom Diehl, Queen City Municipal Airport of Allentown, Gold Star Veterans Memorial Post No. 2124 of Allentown, Kiwanis Club of Allentown, Wana Saadzoi, Retired Senior Volunteer Program of Allentown, Mr. and Mrs. William Reed, Dorothy Amanda Burchill, Lehigh Valley Chapter 83 of the Women's Army Corps of Catasauqua, William Hiller, Robert J. Leh, Jr., Brian Nesfeder, Friedens Evangelical Lutheran Church of Center Valley, Wil E. Hahn, Mr. and Mrs. Harold J. Sterner, Phoebe-Devitt

Homes of Allentown, Michael W. Bodnar, Vigilant Fire Company No. 2 of Slatington, Evelyn Soto and to the Alcohol and Drug Dependence Center of the Lehigh Valley of Bethlehem by Senator Afflerbach.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Lehigh County Volunteer Firemen's Association by Senators Afflerbach, Reibman, and Pecora.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the Pennsylvania Public Television Network of Hershey by Senator Afflerbach and others.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Reverend James Peterson, Emma Vecchi, Lake Erie Chapter of the Emergency Nurses Association, Gary Cocolin, Micky Wagner, Ken Vaughan, Ed Thompson, Dan Thomas, Rodger Smith, Gale Ruth, Isaac Reiner, Richard Rehberg, Gayle M. Wright, Jim Wolfe, Sr., Ed Wojtecki, Clayton White, Richard Powers, Richard Pire, Jim Phelps, Ron Outlaw, John O'Donnell, Elmer Morrison, Arnold Moore, Paul McMahon, Chuck Kuneman, Don Kobel, Joe Kestner, Joe Howard, Ross Hall, Al Hall, Joe Grippe, John Furiesz, Moe Elwell, Butch Ellis, Butch DiTonto, Gerald Divell, Russell Cockburn, Dick Cochran, Paul Carroll, Bill Campbell, George Buser, John Bretz, Ron Borst, Tom Blount, Ed Black, Red Anthony, Joe Therasse, Dave Therasse, Chester Osborne, John Matlak, Dick Lewis, Chuck Kertis, Art Hanold, Bob Halladay, Ron Bull, Dick Bernsley, Jim Simpson, Courtney Myers, III, Harry Kulik, Jim Elliott, Frank Dominico, John Cockburn, Frank Sutto, Nick Repoff, Grace Swoap Carman, Bertha Lapping, Joseph Rodriguez, Erie Chapter of the Pennsylvania Credit Union League, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hornaman and to the Mercy Center on Aging of Erie by Senator Andrezeski.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Michelle Y. Luecker, Mr. and Mrs. W. Frank Painter, Reverend and Mrs. Harry C. Mark, Ray Wade, Mr. and Mrs. Emery Einreinhof, William Brown, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Zimmer, Gene Mitchell, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Glen Muirhead, Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Spangler, Mr. and Mrs. Christ E. Harnish, Mr. and Mrs. Warren R. Borthwick, Mr. and Mrs. Donald L. Laukhuff, Mr. and Mrs. Harold R. Musser, Reverend and Mrs. Joseph W. Gantt, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Howard Ressler, Mr. and Mrs. J. Fred Esbenshade, Sickman's Mill of Pequea, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph V. Rinier, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Herr, Mr. and Mrs. H. Paul McClune, Mr. and Mrs. Richard M. Hershey, Mr. and Mrs. H. Oliver Connell, Mr. and Mrs. Dale W. Sensenig, Wilmer P. Bolton, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Patrick Rooney, members of the United States Navy Nurse Corps, Myles F. Henry, Larry Dale Snyder, Joseph P. Geesey, Elizabeth B. Urlass, Big Brothers/Big Sisters of Lancaster County, Donald J. Armer and to the Lancaster Bible College by Senator Armstrong.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. Sam Burke, Thomas F. Robinson, Phyllis Mintzer, Richard William Story, Jesse Frantz, Kevin M. Egan, Kenneth Stout, Cameron R. Fulton, Avondale United Methodist Church, Steven C. Harrop, David Stankiewicz, Jason Miltenberger, Edward L. Woolf, Jr., Andrew Rundle, Stephen V. Keefer,

Robert J. Meitz, Janette Reed, Ronald G. Wagenmann, Jeremy Johnson, Matthew Scott Cantwell, Ian Flynn, William Fitzpatrick, Barbara Radcliff, David A. Gottdiner, Craig J. Emrich, Berwyn Hardware, Christina Bach, Todd A. Lineburger, Peter J. Wyatt, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bernard Wilson, Andrew M. Fernandes, Linda R. Lesnevich, the Honorable Paula Francisco Ott, Corazon G. Gemil, MD, Daniel R. Zima, G. Madeleine Lagoy, Esther Hartman, Ben Bell, Andrew M. Rongaus, George Myers, Mayor William E. Wilson, Andy Smith, Jeanne LeBuhn, Betty A. Beyer, Pennsylvania State Police Camp Cadet of Chester County, Incorporated, Sister Marie Roseanne Bonfini, Paul F. Harron, Jr., Robert H. Campbell, Tricia Defibaugh, Douglas T. Hatch, Jr., Gordon Middle School of Chester, Charles Dannaker, Paul Neubauer, Eliza Cathcart Home of Paoli and to Brian Dannaker by Senator Baker.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Steven Hornyak, David Hornyak, Herm Harrison, Bette Mann, Dennis J. Simon, Mr. and Mrs. Fred C. Vogt, Eleanor A. Rossner, F. Charles Spence, Deborah L. Dyer, Joseph M. Shubert, Mr. and Mrs. William Marino, employees of the Dravosburg Post Office, Holy Trinity Church of McKeesport, Joyce Herrmann, Daniel Kochman, Joseph V. Tortorice, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Diederich, Lane Christine Hornfeck, Mr. and Mrs. John Slack, the Department of Pennsylvania Military Order of the Purple Heart, Daniel LaFave, Patricia Hays, members of the Bethesda United Presbyterian Church of Elizabeth, Captain James K. Dolney and to Rillton Volunteer Fire Department-Station 14 by Senator Belan.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. James Shockley, GFWC The New Century Club of Chester, the Saint Francis DeSales Church of Lenni, Mr. and Mrs. Everett Winfree, Kristine Cunningham, Chester Local 8-234, Oil, Chemical and Atomic Workers, AFSCME Council 13, Marcus Hook Fire Company No. 1, Elizabeth Kirk Rose, MD, Woodlyn Fire Company, William Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Coughlin, Edgmont Township Fire Company No. 1 of Gradyville, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest A. Miles, Patrick T. Boyle, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Tentor, James R. Keith, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Patchell, Mr. and Mrs. David Lee Faust, Jr., Neil J. Vogeley, Douglas R. Maughan, Jr., Pastor and Mrs. Edwin H. Gehret, Mr. and Mrs. William Hunter, Laurence D. Denney, Mr. and Mrs. Virgil N. Renzulli, Mr. and Mrs. Earl H. Stant, William C. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Link, Mr. and Mrs. Louis DiMarco, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Palo, Mr. and Mrs. Dorsey Brown, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Grider, Sr., Roland E. West, Laurence D. Denney, Andrew J. Pitman and to Dennis J. Rushton, Jr. by Senator Bell.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Marilyn Dunlay, Elizabeth J. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Wallie Clark, Sr., Mark H. Loevner, Leonard Schockling, Joseph J. Zunic, Donald J. Funk, John Succop, Bob Carroll, E. Maxine Bruhns, Teresa Heinz, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Steckel, Hildur Lilja Steele, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Presser, Northern Area Multi-Service Center of Pittsburgh, David Hutz, Mr. and Mrs. John Huber, Dr. James Withers, Druh Henry

Grzeskiewicz, Fox Chapel Area School District of Pittsburgh, David Fink, Rich Hluben, citizens of Millvale Borough of Pittsburgh, Mr. and Mrs. James Cerny, Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Wagner, Mr. and Mrs. George Risko, O'Hara Elementray School of Pittsburgh, Beverly Walter, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Scheid, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rizza, Dick Tady Orchestra, Benjamin Philip Mazzoccoli, Tony Grandovic, Bob McBride, Joe Gill, James E. Rohr, Jeremy Nagel, Claire Klein, Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church of Pittsburgh, Saint Mary's Roman Catholic Church of Pittsburgh, Kingsley House of Pittsburgh, Mr. and Mrs. James Velicoff, Mr. and Mrs. William Bland, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John Manion, Stephen Foster Senior Center of Pittsburgh, Reverend John M. Jendzura and to the Wilkensburg Chamber of Commerce by Senator Bodack.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Heatherlyn Dougherty, Rehab Hospital of York, Red Lion Municipal Authority, Harry Platts, citizens of the City of York, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Myers, Jason A. Bisker, Ryan P. Bowles, Luther C. Natter, Mr. and Mrs. Preston Bupp, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Ewell, Mr. and Mrs. Clair Markle, Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Godfrey, citizens of Yoe Borough of York, Mr. and Mrs. Alfoster White, Gladys Iona Perry Hesson, Elizabeth M. Gitt, Ted Feeser, Ben Stiles, Chad Harvey, Jeremy Sykes, Mr. and Mrs. John Klinedinst, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence J. March, Mr. and Mrs. C. Arthur Werner, Mr. and Mrs. William Bortner, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Custis, Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Harrold, Mr. and Mrs. George Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Richard E. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph E. Klinedinst, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond E. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. William Shirey, Stephen Mathies, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis F. Rider, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Kline, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hoffacker, Mr. and Mrs. Walter E. Goshorn, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fitzkee, Mr. and Mrs. James Cannon, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Swartz, Mr. and Mrs. Domenico Sciortino, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Nace, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Grim, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Frigm, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Dickert, Mr. and Mrs. Norman C. Dorworth, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Buchar, Mr. and Mrs. John Albrecht, Kenneth C. Sassaman and to Mr. and Mrs. William D. Stough by Senator Bortner.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to David R. Hedge by Senators Bortner, Armstrong, and Shumaker.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Samuel Donald Evans, Marion L. White, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Herber, Harold W. Risser, Jr., Charles H. Kuder, Rescue Hose Company No. 4 of Lebanon and to Frank C. Sentz, Jr., by Senator Brightbill.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Reverend Gerhard G. Dietrich by Senators Brightbill and Shumaker.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Charlotta Singh, Margaret Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Mickey Earon, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Cubbison, Margaret Lyter, Robert T. May, Mr. and Mrs. Mervin S. Buchanan, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Palmer Haas, Mr. and Mrs. Wade Shearer, James P. Webb, Jr., John Terenzini, Lou Ann Evans, Galen E. Dreibelbis, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bartley, Budd M. Corl, Matthew D. Roland, citizens of the Borough of Port Royal, Doris P. Druckenmiller, Mr. and

Mrs. Max Rager, Gregory L. Woods, Carl H. Long, Jr., Richard C. R. Barth, Colonel and Mrs. Richard Miller, David Bryan Biddle, Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey Love, citizens of the Borough of Newton Hamilton, Jonas Panik, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph E. Walizer, Nora Croak, Matthew D. Roland, Corey G. Rosensteel, Mr. and Mrs. James D. Moyle, Patrick B. Woody, Chad S. Miner, Dr. and Mrs. George J. Treires, Mr. and Mrs. Harry W. McKee, citizens of the Borough of Milesburg, Mr. and Mrs. Clair N. Seyler, Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Goss, Mr. and Mrs. James C. Ehrenfeld, Katheryn Crist, Sara Clemen Parks, Richard Campbell, Anthony Jones, Caroline Poust, Heather Kogelmann, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Bowen, Sr. and to Drew Terenzini by Senator Corman.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to David H. Caster by Senators Corman and Hart.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the Precious Jewel Lodge No. 54 AF&AM, Sarah Melrose Gue Klaus, Barry Piacenza and Catherine Lesko-Piacenza, Dennis F. Irvine, Carolyn Smith, Ruth Goldbach, all Veterans of the Brentwood and Carrick areas of Pittsburgh, Mount Olive Baptist Church of Rankin, Mr. and Mrs. George Hanus, Melanie Z. Sudduth, Master Sergeant Edward W. Hoffman, Annie E. Peay and to James DePaolo by Senator Dawida.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Saint George's Ukrainian Catholic Church of Pittsburgh by Senators Dawida and Bodack.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the Men and Women of the United States Coast Guard by Senators Dawida, Bodack, and Scanlon.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Bessie Williams Session, Dr. C. Delores Tucker, Leontine D. Scott, Consumer Advocate Association, Mr. and Mrs. Hayward Abney, Reverend William B. Moore, Region II of the National Society of Black Engineers, The Philadelphia Committee, Incorporated, Progress Plaza, Sadie T. Smith, Reverend James Sterling Allen, Deborah R. Willig, Overbrook Neighborhood Improvement Council and to the American Jewish Congress by Senator Fattah.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Kenneth W. Enscoe, Pleasant Kingdom Playground Committee, Anthony J. Ray, Anthony J. Sunseri, John B. Nicklas, J. Kent Culley, Mayview State Hospital of Bridgeville, Jimmy Johnson, Desiree Mastriano, Mr. and Mrs. J. Albert Hultz, Schenley High School Classes of February and June 1933 of Pittsburgh, Dr. Paul Christiano, Joseph Faccenda, Rotary Club of Dormont-Mount Lebanon and to Edwin F. Brennan of Pittsburgh by Senator Fisher.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the Honorable Roger A. Madigan by Senator Fisher and others.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Sergeant Littleton Szelagowski, Jean Dielsi, Saint Paul's Roman Catholic Church, the Honorable Eugene Edward J. Maier, Elaine Peden, Philadelphia Commission on Human Relations, Wendell W. Young III, Mr. and Mrs. James J. Vena, Vincent L. Maola, Jr., Mildred Kerns, Saint Casimir Lithuanian Church of Philadelphia, International Longshoremen's Association of Philadel-

phia, Brian G. Perry, Lynne Abraham, Barry T. Milburn, Isadore A. Shrager and to His Eminence Archbishop Iakovos by Senator Fumo.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Erica Park Chang, Alexander W. Brasko, Frances Behringer, Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Straub, John L. Donovan, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Weinmann, Barry L. Cunningham, Dennis Delaney, Natasha Spratt Lange, Pedro DeCervantes, Robert E. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Roland N. Clayton, Jay A. Sweeney, the Honorable James C. Greenwood, Craig Tanner, Commissioner Mario Mele, Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Spindler, Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Christiansen, Mr. and Mrs. James T. Brown, Todd D. Kelly, Ukrainian Educational and Cultural Center of Philadelphia, Musikzug Rellingen Band, Homeless Animals' Day 1993 Planning Committee of Lansdowne, Oscar P. Vance, Jr., Christian J. Grandzol, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Chambers, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smerker, Pennsylvania Trial Lawyers Association, Central Bucks West High School Girls Soccer Team of Doylestown, Mary E. McCrea, Ukrainian American Senior Citizens Association of Philadelphia, Ambler YMCA, Roslyn Nursing and Rehabilitation Center, Fred Briehl, Charles E. Bouc, David Tori, Russell Ott, Julie Krueger, James Rigby, Gerald R. Detweiler, Edward and Shirley Skillman, Michael R. Wood, Judith DiSalvi, Stephen T. Gilbert, David P. DeKorte, II, Pennridge Chamber of Commerce of Perkasio, Saint John the Baptist Catholic Church of Ottsville and to the Register of Wills and Clerk of Orphans Court of Norristown by Senator Greenleaf.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Harry and Marian Barford and to the Bucks County Department of Parks and Recreation by Senators Greenleaf and Lewis.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Negley, Mr. and Mrs. Patsy Perriello, Mr. and Mrs. R. Wade Thomas, William P. Lafayette, North Allegheny High School Girls Golf Team, Judge Donnetta Ambrose, Hampton Girls Tennis Team of Allison Park, Kathryn Dougherty, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lebec, Katherine Krause, Mr. and Mrs. Steve Marutiak, Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Strazisar, Paul H. Hawk, Mary Adele Green, Mr. and Mrs. Zygmund Halwa, North Allegheny Senior High School of Wexford, the Patrick Sacco Family, Mr. and Mrs. James R. Kuhn, Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Kamer, David Woncheck, Katherine Werner, Mr. and Mrs. Steve Meso, Dorothy Riesmeyer, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Landowski, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Rich, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Klaus, Mr. and Mrs. George Poole, Charles Shields, Heidi Love, Matthew Koteski, Mr. and Mrs. Dick Dotterweich, Louis Tarabick, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Weletz, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Otterman, Richard E. Walters, Thelma Greco, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Schick, Mr. and Mrs. James R. Laib, Francis and Theresa Dares, Kevin D. Bresuciak, Staci L. Hubbard, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony T. Hladney, Frank J. Wilkosz III, Brad J. Georgic, Catherine DiGirolamo, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew A. Muntz, Mr. and Mrs. James C. Leichter, Mr. and Mrs. George Heil, Jr., William Heasley, Dr. Donna J. Kuga, Dotti Miller, Dennis Remich, Robert Sprumont, Phillip Lessig, James Pagliari, Jr., Daniel Boland, Jack Tady and to the Highlands

High School Varsity Cheerleading Squad by Senator Hart.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to William H. Schell, Jr., Eric T. Stair, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Benner, Idita Dennehy, Mr. and Mrs. Paul F. Raup, Emma Jean Knapper, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Krum, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Minnier, Michael C. Cicero, Seth M. Eyer, Mr. and Mrs. C. Melvin Snyder, Mr. and Mrs. M. Walter Lynn, Mr. and Mrs. Vincent P. Loftus, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Stauffer, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Drew Weaver, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth R. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Luther K. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Neil Wildt, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Zechman, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kurtz, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Birster, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. George Moore, James E. Lewis, Nicholas J. DePhillips, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lehman, Mr. and Mrs. Jonas S. Troxel, Joseph Suchoski, Grace United Church of Christ of Mount Carmel, Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Straub, Mr. and Mrs. H. Wilt Shuman, Martha Reigle, Dorothy Lauver, Forrest Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Marcincavage, Mr. and Mrs. Metro Kokoles, James A. Magee, Forest Hills Fire Company of Coal Township, Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Nagy, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. John Beury, Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Golden, Mr. and Mrs. Wayne K. Bardo, Mr. and Mrs. Woodrow A. Bartges, Mr. and Mrs. Francis P. Callahan, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Somerday, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Osman, Mr. and Mrs. James Benner, Mr. and Mrs. William J. Liddick, Jr., John Allen Reilly, Peter J. Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. Leo Belfonti, Ida Gharret, Mr. and Mrs. John Higgins, Ester Chappell, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Sloditskie, Catherine Gordon, Mabel Williams, Helen Miller, Alice Felker, Lawrence Dietz, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Luke Haupt, Mr. and Mrs. Leon Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Shuman, Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Hauck, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence H. Ross, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley L. Zechman, Mr. and Mrs. Leon H. Maneval, Mary C. Focht, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Petak, Mr. and Mrs. Earl N. Beagle, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Helms Harter, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson W. Redka, Reverend Lawrence Gross, Mr. and Mrs. Lester R. Belles, Joy Lea Yerger, Reverend and Mrs. Henry L. Reed, David A. Bardo, Eric Remetta, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Marshall, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Russell S. Stettler, Kevin L. Sponenberg, Mr. and Mrs. Merrill J. Fox, Mr. and Mrs. John Dorko, Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. Doyle H. Brewer, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Stitzer, Reverend Dominick A. Mammarella, Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Mero, Reverend Thomas E. Light, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Jay L. Oman, Aaron D. Deihl, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Surowiak, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert F. Trout, Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Ehmer, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Z. Knorr, Mr. and Mrs. Harry E. Vernon, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore S. Sitler, Pamela Ulrich, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Hommel, Mr. and Mrs. Saturno Prosseda, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel W. Reichenbach, John J. Stanko, Jr., Paul A. Morelock, Meredith Berge, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Yeager, Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Readler, Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Stuck, Mr. and Mrs. Ray W. Knecht, Mr. and Mrs. Woodrow Aten, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Moyer, Saint Peter's Lutheran Church of Aristes, Clyde A. Kearnuff, Mr. and Mrs. James Dempsey, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kleman, Mr. and Mrs. Clement Domarecki, Mr. and Mrs. Richard D. Hons, Mr. and Mrs. Glen Lenig, Saint James United Church of Christ

of Ridgeville, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Waskie, Mr. and Mrs. Russell C. Burrows, Dominic McGinley, John Olearnick, Kate Bennick, Mr. and Mrs. Edward I. Fetterman and to Evelyn Fox by Senator Helfrick.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Joseph Diminick by Senators Helfrick, Mellow, and Rhoades.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Scott Joblin, Lansdale Catholic High School Boys Cross Country Team, Harry Foesig, North Penn Marching Knights of Lansdale, Gregory F. Santoro, Bryan J. Cook, citizens of Marlborough Township, George Miller, Edward E. Hodgson, Katherine R. Speers, Hugh G. Dykes, Jeanneane R. Bozzelli, Ford Electronics and Refrigeration Corporation of Lansdale, Ted Kohler, North Penn Chamber of Commerce of Montgomeryville, Nathaniel C. Hersh, Estate of George S. Snyder, Incorporated, of Hatfield, Ralph Rehrig, Norristown Child Care Center, Laura C. Freed, American Translators Association of Virginia, DARE of Lansdale, Matthew G. Shafer, Steven A. Kriebel, Michael P. Gilinger, Kent Lewis Krauss, Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Linden, Porter Instrument Company, Incorporated, of Hatfield, United States Coast Guard Band, Timothy J. Ferguson, Andrew Young, Jeffrey C. Blasiak, United States Marine Band, Steven W. Schmidt, Hershey Museum, Christian Joseph Hershey, Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church of Whitemarsh and to Rhonda Diehl by Senator Holl.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Frank W. Jenkins by Senators Holl, Greenleaf, and Tilghman.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the Fellowship Tabernacle Church of Philadelphia, Dr. E. L. Clark, Habitat for Humanity of Philadelphia, Ethel Napper-Johnson, Abdullah Ali, Arthur A. Coia, Leonard Feingold, CITE of Philadelphia, Jacqueline E. Woods and to Imam Muhammad Abdul-Aleem by Senator Jones.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. Everett McIntyre, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Fanelli, Delia Ray Malone, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Berkstresser, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Ross, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. James Gault, Mr. and Mrs. Albert S. Carney, Mr. and Mrs. Chester C. Rhodes, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Roger J. Datres, Mr. and Mrs. William S. Fitzgerald, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Force, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey N. Wingard, Faith United Methodist Church of Altoona, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Manley, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lee Blowers, Elsie Shimer, Maria Teresita Butler, Juniata Civic Association of Altoona, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Senft, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Carbaugh, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Koehle, Jr., Blair County Civic Music Association, Charlotte Singh, Owens-Corning Corporation of Huntingdon, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph L. Schmidt, N. Ray Kennedy, Robert R. Spaulding, Craig Steven Demchak, Improved Dwellings for Altoona, Incorporated, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth P. Fluke, Mr. and Mrs. John Montz, Mr. and Mrs. Carl G. Bush, Mr. and Mrs. Edward G. Kristofco, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. Chirdon, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. James E. Dumm, Mr. and Mrs. Dale Earnest, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar W. Quarello, Mr. and Mrs. Dear McCarty, Mount Union Trojans Baseball Team, citizens of Allegheny Township, Hollidaysburg Free Public Library, Trini-

ty United Methodist Church of Mapleton Depot, Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Westbrook, Frances Maud Beck, Mr. and Mrs. William Helsel, Mr. and Mrs. Don Amick, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Shaffer, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore M. Gregg, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Israel Williams, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Wertz, Mr. and Mrs. George Stoltz, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Moore, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. John Joseph McMaster, Mr. and Mrs. Clair Walter, Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Claycomb, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Lafferty, Pastor and Mrs. Glenn Stahl and to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gensimore by Senator Jubelirer.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the Second Baptist Church of Beaver Falls, George John Derbaum, Jr., Robert Milnes, Karen Denise Griffin, Bille Jo Woods, Mildred Feeney, Dr. Francis W. Matika, Theodore Darr, Gladys Kincaide and to Oscar Jackson by Senator LaValle.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Raklewicz, Anthony Paul Craparo, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick M. Kotz, Katherine Lazorack, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Hobbs, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Yessen, Corey Wolfe, Greater Wilkes-Barre Association for the Blind, Margaret A. Shilabeer, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Taylor, Anna Blodnikar, Paul Buehler, Jeremy Wall, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley J. Lipski, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McBride, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Bortz, Mr. and Mrs. John White, Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Sparks, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Little, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thomas Kroll, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Barber, Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. White, Michael Martin, Neil Bonner, Huntsville Christian Church of Dallas, the Pennsylvania Association of Tax Collectors, Joseph B. Pratt, Earl S. Gregory, Dr. George E. Cimochoowski, Royal Canadian Mounted Police Degree Team, Bryan E. Hiller, David Evans, Holly Randolph, Karen Wisnieski, Douglas S. Dillmuth, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Poleskie, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gavek, Welsh National Gymanfa Ganu Association, Incorporated, of Wilkes-Barre, Keith Aaron, Harry Faux, Leonard A. Dorrance, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Leo Vosik, Nina Marie Mathers, Paul V. Andrejko, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Gutknecht, John N. Conyngham III, Adeline E. Learn, Bernard B. Yoblonski, Truman Brandt, Thomas F. Sheridan, Jr., Ruth Goss Troy, Mr. and Mrs. William Wilbur, Brian Batten, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Gniazdowski, Verna M. Weaver, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Dobrosielski, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin H. Nordahl, Michael Martin, Matthew D. Principe, Beulah Mae Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Laurence Bunnell, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Patrillo, Mr. and Mrs. George R. Hibbard, Mr. and Mrs. Wendell Swartz, Joan Leehan Diana, Shane Grodack, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Kemmerer, Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Warren M. Stanton, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Odell, David Jeffrey Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. A. Sheldon Glahn, Sean M. Flynn, Mr. and Mrs. John Bidwell, Leila M. Griffis, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Suravitch, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard King, Mamie Eva Bennett Coursen, Beech Grove Grange of Honesdale, Joseph Tscherne, Carol Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Badman, Lee E. Benedict, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Clewell, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gingo, Pinchot Institute for Conservation Studies of Milford, Mr. and

Mrs. Edward A. Lukas and to Geraldine Nesbitt Orr by Senator Lemmond.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Edward F. Sherlinski by Senators Lemmond and Helfrick.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Keystone Junior College of La Plume by Senators Lemmond and Mel-low.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Ethics Institute of Northeastern Pennsylvania, College Misericordia, Dallas and to Elizabeth H. Brennan by Senators Lemmond and Musto.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the Christian Democratic Union of Ostfildern, Germany, Langhorne Athletic Association's Under 11 '82 Strikers Soccer Team, Middletown Athletic Association's 13-15 Babe Ruth League Team, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sokolis, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Ritchey, Mr. and Mrs. Charles O. Marte, Sr., Newtown Lodge No. 427, F&AM, of Woodside, Mr. and Mrs. Edward D. Keyser and to Mr. and Mrs. William Moyer by Senator Lewis.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Dr. George J. Beichl by Senators Lewis and Fattah.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Jacob P. Willson, Boy Scout Troop No. 683 of Fairchance, Loretta L. Filchock, John Broujos, Arlene Lorraine Smith, Margaret I. Frankenbery, Peter B. Marks, Sr., Transport Workers Union Local 234, Randy Lee Walker, Robert R. Dowie, Bradley Duane White, Timothy J. Abraham, Matthew Paul Mazur, Myrna McBeth, Reverend Joseph Chornyak, Thomas Kirby, Jr., successful students of the Community Action Education Center, Harry J. Brownfield, Kerry W. Burd, Jr. and to John Andrew Cominsky by Senator Lincoln.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Wallace H. Nunn, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Zucca, Edgmont Township Fire Company No. 1 of Gradyville, Jonathan Pettus Shepard, citizens of the Borough of Norwood, Ronald J. Lavin and to Jack Evans by Senator Loeper.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to William R. Montone by Senators Loeper and Shumaker.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. Claude J. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Mott, Kelly L. Warriner, Paul Kaster, Jr., Steward Rosengrant, Philip Henken, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Baker, Christopher Sweeney, Mr. and Mrs. G. Fred Springman, Mr. and Mrs. Milton A. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd J. Furman, Theresa Golden, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Walters, Aaron Shaffer, Abby Kinchy, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis R. McCrum, Michael S. Swimley, Seth David Vaughn, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Kressly, Mr. and Mrs. Victor P. Pollock, Mr. and Mrs. Jack H. Markel, Chad Salsman, Tony Bendock, Victoria Telesca, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon R. Lunger, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Probst, Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo C. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Confer, Mr. and Mrs. John Monti, Wayne Everett Neuber, Cara Yadel Shults, Carissa Morrison, Wesley VanZile, Laura Leigh Clark, Carmen Barker, citizens of New Columbia, Sharon Webster, Mr. and Mrs. Warren E. Johnson, Barbara A. Long, Mr. and Mrs. Helsel Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Splain, Franklin B. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rager, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Y. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Mar-

vin, Mr. and Mrs. Richard E. Wacker, Mr. and Mrs. William Winkelblech, Mr. and Mrs. Elwood B. Moon, Mr. and Mrs. Lynn B. Redmond, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence H. Zeafra, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Billingsley, Dean Shepard, Mr. and Mrs. George Pryslak, Mr. and Mrs. Allan Drew, Mr. and Mrs. Russell Ralph, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Livermore, Mr. and Mrs. Emory Bryan, James Taylor, Stacey McMail, Williamsport Lions Club, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hartman, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph DePumpo, Mr. and Mrs. Everitt Vanderhoof, First National Bank of Bradford County, Mr. and Mrs. Dayton P. Loudenslager, Maude E. Neidig, Mr. and Mrs. Millard J. Hilborn, Mr. and Mrs. George Seitzer, Rob Hurley, Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland Russell, Lena Schoonover, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Stackhouse, Reverend Darris Hauser, E. I. DuPont Nemours of Towanda, Robert M. Hockenberry, Mr. and Mrs. Carl F. Schramm, Mr. and Mrs. Willard T. Beck, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Lunger, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis D. Tice, Mr. and Mrs. Dale L. Metzger, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Stopper, Sr., Mildred Myers, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Huggins, Mr. and Mrs. McClellan R. Denius, Mr. and Mrs. E. Jay Long, Mr. and Mrs. C. Eugene Breon, Jason Keith Bogle, Robert G. Messinger, Carmen Barker, W. David Keeler, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Ozzie Roupp, Amy Warburton, Amy VanBlarcom, Mr. and Mrs. William Manley, Richard Koepfel, George Sturgeon, Kirsten Whipple, Betty Gill, Mansfield Baptist Church, Sevelon Tunnickliff, Saint Paul's Episcopal Church of Troy, Clara Kilburn, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Ameigh, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Heydenreich, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence E. Rupert, Mr. and Mrs. Richard L. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Lenig, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Sharrow, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Maule, Violet Bassett, Clerice Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Shaffer, Doug Perry, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Rockwell, Dave Coyle, Greg Garrity, Kevin Ferguson, Jerami Stucchio, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Harkness, Ed Moore, Mr. and Mrs. C. Allen Carington, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Romeyn VanDeMark, Dr. and Mrs. H. Ralph Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Basil H. Short, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Ellery Luther, Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. William M. Lucas, Mr. and Mrs. Elwood F. Reed, Anna Ambrogetti, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd R. Knolles, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor L. Confer, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Reynolds, Mr. and Mrs. Byron Dugan, Brett Harwick, Gabe Greco, Doug McMichael, Mr. and Mrs. Philip E. Stine, Mr. and Mrs. John Radcliffe, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Huff, Mr. and Mrs. Leo D. Godfrey, Richard Wolcott, Lillian Ackley, Florence M. Barton, Kenneth Wayne Snauffer, Walter Hutz, WATS/WAVR Radio Stations of Sayre, Richley's Store of Powell, John R. Adams, Martha Lloyd Community Services of Troy, Grover Church of Christ, Mr. and Mrs. John Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Earl E. Trostle, Herrickville United Methodist Church of Camptown, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford L. McCracken, Mr. and Mrs. Emeron Mosher, Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Dincher, Emma Shaffer Chase, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dibble, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Jenkins, Tanya Lewis and to Lisa Taylor by Senator Madigan.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Allied Services of Scranton, Robert A. Thorne, John W. Fetcho, James L. Kinney, John Bauman, Johnathan Krieger, Nathaniel Kaufman, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Grecco, Lourdes Christina, Anthony J. Artone, John Kulick, Gerald P. Kase, Scranton Women Teachers' Club, James P. Hepburn, Michael W. Lochie, Bethel College of McKenzie, Tennessee, Mr. and Mrs. Angelo Arvonio, Christopher Butler, Telephone Pioneers of America, I. Leo Moskovitz, Anthony J. DePhillips, John R. O'Hara, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Bisciaio, Steve Klingman, Ray A. Alberigi, Jamie C. Asman, Thomas J. O'Donnell, Trooper Joseph M. Farrell, Tim McDonough, Big 33 Scholarship Foundation, Incorporated, Colonel Thomas F. Springer, Mr. and Mrs. Pasquale Capilungo, Mr. and Mrs. William Nestruck, Stella White, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Reynolds, Robert Vincent Negvesky, Anna Filosa, First Presbyterian Church of Jessup, Albert I. Nagle, Reverend Monsignor Constantine V. Siconolfi, Baptist Bible College and Seminary of Clarks Summit, Reverend Nestor S. Kowal, Jude A. R. Allegrucci, David McGraw Kile and to Scott Newberry by Senator Mellow.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Holy Rosary Church of Duryea by Senators Mellow and Musto.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to John George Christopher by Senators Mellow and Mowery.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to James B. Post IV by Senator Mellow and others.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the Carlisle Lions Club, Advance Tactical Rescue Team, Baltimore County Fire Department, Baltimore, Maryland, John V. Thomas, Benatec Associates of Camp Hill, Betty Burd, Brock Austin Brenize, James Ebersole, Mary Ann R. Shughart, the Honorable Dale F. Shughart, South Middleton Township Fire Company of Boiling Springs, Thomas A. Kallmeyer, Seth Patrick Cassell, Jonathan William Donley, Eleanor P. Stanton, Charley Krone, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Meno, Citizen's Fire Company No. 1 of Lemoyne, Wormleysburg Fire Company No. 1, Camp Hill Fire Department, Cumberland Goodwill Fire and Rescue of Carlisle, West Shore Advance Life Support Service, Incorporated, of Camp Hill, Hampden Township Volunteer Fire Company No. 1 of Mechanicsburg, George Drees, Lorraine G. Klippel, David E. Frantz, Hampden Lions Club of Mechanicsburg, Edith Heffelfinger, Ruby Grubb, Mabel Zettlemoyer, Margaret Reimer, citizens of the Borough of Landisburg, Mr. and Mrs. E. Briner Ashway, citizens of the Town of Ickesburg, Dorothy M. Williams Farrand, Ickesburg Ambulance Association, Ickesburg Fire Company, Gerald L. Treon, Owen Yuda, Dr. William R. Freed, Ida May Englehart, E. Russell Ashley, Carmen P. Brutto, Mr. and Mrs. James Thomas Harry, Strinestown Community Fire Company of Manchester, Karen Elaine Brinton, Darren Kiehl and to Averil Irene Shearer by Senator Mowery.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Jan and Janny Wieldraaijer of Dokkum, The Netherlands, by Senators Mowery and Punt.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Robert E. Hetherington and to Activity Professionals of Cumberland,

Dauphin and Perry Counties by Senators Mowery and Shumaker.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Inkerman Presbyterian Church, Mr. and Mrs. Delmo Pantucci, Marino Simonetti, Saint Luke's United Church of Christ of Wilkes-Barre, Rachel Tarnalicki, Julie Barley, Bridget Latona Giunta, Maternal and Family Health Services, Incorporated, of Wilkes-Barre, Plains United Methodist Church, Jorge Cannavale, Damian Smith, Patrick Sicilio, Second Presbyterian Church of Pittston, Clementine Yamona, Thomas J. Poniatowski, Saint Stanislaus Roman Catholic Church of Hazleton, Gordon Michael Williams, David Robert Horn, Paul Shea, Trooper Benjamin G. Grevera, Sergeant Chester J. Zaremba, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sakaduski, Trooper Richard J. Wienckoski, Trooper Robert W. Piavis, Trooper Elias R. Grevera, Trooper James P. Curtin, Sacred Heart of Jesus Roman Catholic Church of Luzerne, Trooper John J. Norwillo, Trooper William N. Paoloni, Daro Hyder, James Martin, Eric Scott Weghorst, Christopher M. Weaver, Tracie Mulhern, Holly Newcomb, Dominick J. Aritz, Jr., Sam Hyder, Richard S. Paton, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Sentigar, Patricia Martin, citizens of the City of Nanticoke, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Kemmerer, Grace Bianco Nolan, Shelly Williams, Nicholas Martin, Sulaiman Ismail, Tricia Rado and to Kenneth Louis DeVito by Senator Musto.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Michael M. Linder and to the Federation of Senior Citizens Clubs and Organizations of Wilkes-Barre by Senators Musto and Lemmond.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Trooper William B. Balchune by Senators Musto and Mellow.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mae Middleton McHugh by Senators Musto, Mellow, and Lemmond.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the Boyertown Bears, Reverend Bealie Stancil, ProKids of Berks County, Barry E. Hoffman Family, Stanton Herbert Clay, Boston University Alumni Concert Band, Madeline M. Conti, Saint Matthew's Greek Orthodox Church of Reading, Helen and Daniel Kubacki, Rocco Santilli, Fred Astaire Dance Studio of Reading, Reverend Charles E. Fair, Kathryn L. Houck, Eric Olena WB3FPL, Ted and Frances Wolicki, Larry Palmer and to the members of the Latino community of Berks County by Senator O'Pake.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Robert J. Knowles, James A. Sabo, Terry J. Hipple, Michael Schutt, Sister Aloysius Como, Kiwanis Club of Pottstown and to Joshua Brody by Senator Pecora.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Boyertown Grizzlies Baseball Team by Senators Pecora and O'Pake.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the County of Elk, Rouse Home of Youngsville, Warren Senior Center, Sabula United Methodist Church of Dubois, Mary Beth Weddock, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Reash, Joe Hinaman, William P. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thomas II, Scott Austen, Mayor Edgar James, Sizerville State Park of Emporium, Paula Marie Dean, Marian E. Davenport Brown, Jimmy Johnson, Exotic Metals of Ridgway, Cherrytree Volunteer Fire Depart-

ment of Titusville, Kurt T. Weaver, Dr. and Mrs. David K. Rice, E. Joan Bohin, Retired Senior Volunteer Program of Elk and Cameron Counties, Andrew P. Palczer, Ruth Virginia Tresse Crone, Shelleen Derrick, Venango Training and Development Center of Oil City and to Carrie Amilkavich by Senator Peterson.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to the Mutual Aid Ambulance Service, Incorporated of Stahlstown, Robert Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sturnick, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Saxman, Mr. and Mrs. Roy W. Yurt, Mr. and Mrs. John Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. William Brinker, Mr. and Mrs. Ray E. Kuhns, Dr. Martin A. Murcek, Saint Vincent College Prevention Projects of Latrobe, Carl Raishart, Ed Collins, Dorothy Sarsfield, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Perret, Slickville American Legion Post 18 and VFW Post 33 of Greensburg, Mr. and Mrs. Steve Basich, Richard J. Hunger, Lurene Lauffer, Mr. and Mrs. William W. Wengert, Michael Kurtz, Honorable Joseph B. Tintori, citizens of Peanut, Mr. and Mrs. David Malamisuro, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hazlinsky, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ralph, Mr. and Mrs. Jack O'Connell, Mr. and Mrs. Martin McCoy, Fort Allen Volunteer Fire Department of Greensburg, Visitation of the Blessed Virgin Mary Parish of Mount Pleasant, Mr. and Mrs. Philson Hoffer, Eric Putt, Kevin Filosemi, Private Industry Council, Incorporated of Greensburg, Mr. and Mrs. William J. Moravetz, Mr. and Mrs. Michael J. Mickolay, Mary Etta Silvis Haines, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Seybold, Americanization Mutual Society of South Greensburg, Mr. and Mrs. John Nohavicka, Rhonda Shepler, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Herrholz, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Glancy, Mr. and Mrs. George Sandrick, Maria Theresa Spina, Seton Hill College of Greensburg, Mr. and Mrs. John Rutan, Robert R. Brewer, Lulu Hays, Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Hill, Mr. and Mrs. A. Bruce Harr, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Finley, Christopher Lehman, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph L. Walton, Patrick Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond F. Varrato, Mr. and Mrs. John Garbin, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Kreuter, Mr. and Mrs. Jack O'Connell, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Datz, Mr. and Mrs. Felix Krynicki, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Papinchak, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Esasky, Ruth Johnson, Laurel Highlands, Incorporated, Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Miller, Casey Chedister and to William R. Schaffer by Senator Porterfield.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Eric Hoffman, Mike Duck, Velma Gladys Bobo, Soroptimist International Gettysburg, Incorporated, Mr. and Mrs. Max H. West, Saint Paul Evangelical Lutheran Church of McSherrystown, Emma Wolf, Roger Allen Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Fredrick Bodenberg and to Mr. and Mrs. Jay R. Schmitt by Senator Punt.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Northampton County Development Corporation, Mark A. Vicario, Turning Point of Lehigh Valley, Incorporated, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Druse, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Ruggiero, Hellertown Area Library, Todd Zieserl, Stan Sutphen, Mr. and Mrs. Ira A. Piatt, Jr., Robert Groegler, James Wiedl, Robert Yost, Michael Faccinnetto, Joseph A. Bushong, H. Robert Daws, Erik M. Kutzler, Miriam Stitzer, Kyle Kutzler, Dorothy Gesler, Mr. and Mrs. Roy E. Nimmo, Mr. and Mrs. Domenic Calabrese, Scott

Piccotti, Thomas A. Hammond, Amanda Cecil Yatko, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond J. Fehnel, Joseph C. Petraglia, The Council of Spanish Speaking Organizations of Lehigh Valley, Incorporated, Kyle Kutler, Suburban Emergency Medical Services of Easton, Nathan Bruce Yonney, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Due, Linda Marie Cuvo, citizens of the borough of Delaware Water Gap, Kiwanis Club of Easton, Shiloh Manor of Easton, Dr. John A. Abbruzzese, Jr., Caroline M. Bachman, Michael Davis, Jeanette Eichenwald and to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pugliese by Senator Reibman.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Dr. John A. Abbruzzese, Jr., by Senators Reibman, Afflerbach and Lemmond.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Jeanette Eichenwald by Senators Reibman and Afflerbach.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to The Pottsville Gymnastic Training Center, Dorothy Polakovics, Mr. and Mrs. Armondo Bruni, Kenneth J. Leffler, Jay R. Fryer, Scott P. Vance, Mr. and Mrs. John Yeager, Randolph Rabenold, M. Virginia Morgan, Debra Blaschak, Mr. and Mrs. Isadore Tudy, Matthew Palmer, Jeneen Klotz, Lehighon Interfaith, LIFE, Richard Keck, Robert Malick, James Ziegenfuss, Wesley United Methodist Church of Lehighon, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Cicioni, Mr. and Mrs. John Kmetz, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hochgertel, Mr. and Mrs. Eric Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. Michael A. Kerico, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Wask, Marguerite E. Haverkost, Darlene Quinn, Ed Meell, Mike Miller, Mr. and Mrs. William G. Clemson, Saint Nicholas Orthodox Church of Lansford, Reverend Benjamin Joseph Reddington, Anna Brennan, Deborah A. Dutcavich, Claude Yost, Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Skubish, Mr. and Mrs. James Kennedy, Pottsville Lions Club, Jerry McGroarty, Harry W. Hintz, Alice M. Henry, Theresa Filipitsch, Agnes McCartney, Charles F. Williams, John T. Herber, III, Ethel Zehner, Minersville Girls Senior League Softball All-Star Team, Mathilda Harrison, Samuel W. Newman, Sister Mildred Ludes, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Keithan, Cory Sholly, Mr. and Mrs. John Fertally, Margaret Marsden, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Doolin, Forrest E. Acker, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Taggart, Hooks' Stationery Store of Shenandoah, John J. Riley, James D. DeAngelo, Marie Alasko Sist, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Guyer, Darren D. Gates, Good American Hose Company No. 3 of Mahanoy City, Frank Zarutskie, Carly Belovesick, Moen of Pennsylvania, Incorporated of Pine Grove, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Keim, David C. Naiko, Dr. and Mrs. Stanley Stanulonis, Brigitte Binns, George Senesky, Jack McCloskey, Mary Melis, Mr. and Mrs. William T. Burke, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Frye, William J. Flynn, Evelyn Widra, Christ United Church of Christ of Jim Thorpe, East Stroudsburg University of Pennsylvania, Yuni Kim, Patrolman Jeffrey Dunkel, Sergeant Joseph Janowski, Richard J. Boyle, Matthew Wentz, Schuylkill County Fair of Schuylkill Haven, Susan Swatski, Kris Dean, Steven Schmidt, Deanna Staskel, Justin Meyers, staff members at the Frackville Memorial Park Pool, Benjamin Wade Boor, Stanley W. Reinhard, Jr., Schuylkill County Visitors Bureau of Pottsville, Bethel AME Church of Pottsville, George Matthew Liebegott, The Frackville Business and Pro-

fessional Association, Willis Parnell, Fred C. Pace and to Anna Krutsick by Senator Rhoades.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Ryan Sweetney, Greenfield Baptist Church of North East, Matthew Ian Taylor, Jennifer Prichard, Kevin Davies, Carrie Bonalewicz, Katie Webster, Jonathan Robert Churchill, Ryan Scott Reed, Lucille Jordan Greenbeck, Corporal James O. Jordan Veterans of Foreign Wars Post 3374, of Greenville, Clayton Sheasley, Michael R. Prince, Jason R. Williams, Kurt McKenna, Jamestown Community Fair, George S. DeArment, Margaret Heazlett, Church of the Epiphany, Episcopal Church of Grove City, Vernon Troyer, Ken Kite, Gregory T. Butchy, Susan Lee Brown, Ed Pears, Victoria VanMeter, Rick Mears, Jason Bryan Roche, Steven P. Hogue, Jeffrey R. Bailey, Halli Reid, Randy Austin, Debbie Bass, Roy Anderson, James Coxson, Kelly Lininger, Robert Schetler, Scott Ekis, Karen Rosati, Jack Schaaf, Erik C. Ralph, Mr. and Mrs. David Benedict, Blanche Lucille Gaede, Susan Dawson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Houy, James Bradley Christy, Susan Elizabeth Stallsmith, Mike Lipfert, Tobey Tamber, Craig Sidelinger, Sister Janet Goetz, Tom Amon, Chris Masson, Shawn Paup, community of Shermansville of Crawford County, Robert G. MacWilliams, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gerard, Brian S. Kelley and to Geraldine T. Shryock by Senator Robbins.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Reverend Monsignor Thomas J. Scanlon, Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Waxman, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Picarello, George and Esther Horowitz, Jerald Gottesman, Jr., Todd D. Kelly, Matthew J. Grum, Jerry Gottesman, James B. Satko, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Bednarek, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Goll, James B. Satko, Todd D. Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. David Flacker, Patrick B. Gillespie, Beatrice Stein, Howard P. Rovner, Justin L. Brown, Barry T. Milburn, Mervin L. Krimins, David Ullrich, Salvatore Iannitto, Brian G. Perry, Edward J. Shields, Sean Taylor and to John K. Holt by Senator Salvatore.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to The Honorable and Mrs. Morris Gerber, Mr. and Mrs. William R. Sonnett and to Richard Saunders by Senator Scanlon.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to The Epilepsy Foundation of Southeastern Pennsylvania, Marvin Barrish, Mike Giardino, the 1993 Battle of Germantown Reenactment at Cliveden, Beth Sholom Congregation of Elkins Park, Jacqueline Demby, James G. Newton, Covenant House Health Services of Germantown and to the Dominican Retreat House of Elkins Park by Senator Schwartz.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Doss, Mr. and Mrs. W. Paul Glenn, Mr. and Mrs. John Corsini, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth E. Nickel, First Baptist Church of New Castle, Miller's Shoes of Butler, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Graybill, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene H. Shaffer, Jason Hansford, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Aggas, Jason Adams, Corey Ace, Mr. and Mrs. Reynold Clamidori, Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Baycura, Mr. and Mrs. John P. Follstaedt, Steve Zavacky, Jr., Norman F. Rettig, Jr., Steven M. Heasley, George Joseph, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Lerch, Steven L. Whitesell, Mr. and Mrs. Bill Burford, Reverend and

Mrs. Walter Kenyon, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Oertel, Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell G. Uram, Mr. and Mrs. Leroy E. Goss, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John Rieger, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hrip, Mr. and Mrs. Duane Hartzell, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Armagost, Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Critchlow, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph L. Grecni, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Stanyard, Richard A. Fry, Birdina Minnick, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Cheeseman, Bradley J. Detlefsen, Michael Arvay, Nevin Reilly, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Keely, Tri-County Private Industry Council, Incorporated, of Butler, Mr. and Mrs. Peter DeSantis, Benjamin Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Dale C. Barkley, Eric Greisinger, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Beichner, Sr., Butler County Ford, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Thomas, Jerry A. Boris, Mr. and Mrs. David G. Delp, Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Swartz, Adam W. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Clinton P. McGowan, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Werner, Ryan Kelley, Gregory Mennow, Alvin Vogel Farm of Evans City, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Vogle, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey H. Phillips, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. William C. Saylor, Mr. and Mrs. John Pederzoli, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Hoover, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Myers, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Ziman, Mr. and Mrs. Dale Winters, Reverend and Mrs. Edgar C. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Love, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Conner, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Ogden, Mr. and Mrs. Alan C. Welder, Mr. and Mrs. Karl Herold, Mr. and Mrs. N. Martin Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Whited, Mr. and Mrs. Lee McLaughlin, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Boyer and to Mr. and Mrs. William Everett Neely by Senator Shaffer.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Earl Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin M. Ebersole, Ernestine Watlington, Stan Custer, Jr., Nila M. Anderson, Cathedral Choir of Men and Boys of Saint Stephen's Episcopal Church of Harrisburg, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Y. Grosh, Jr., Dr. Robert S. Bear, Mr. and Mrs. Clair E. Dohner, Elizabeth Hammell, Downtown Daily Bread Soup Kitchen, North 17th Street Church of God of Harrisburg, Theodora M. Chairsell, Pennsylvania Capital Area Chapter of the National Forum for Black Public Administrators, Stabler Companies, Incorporated, of Harrisburg, Mr. and Mrs. Zane H. Cassell, Honorable John C. Dowling, members of the 193rd Special Operations Group Softball Team, Over 35-Men's Division, Pennsylvania Air National Guard of Middletown, Bonnie Workman Gatling, James E. Tracy, Mary McInroy Sheffer, Harrisburg Senators Baseball Team, Karen Mummert, Golden Sabers of Harrisburg, Incorporated, Christie Farina, David A. Smith, Daisy E. Guarino, Leroy M. Tepsich, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Trenn, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Phil H. Rainey, Mr. and Mrs. Howard G. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. James W. Walker, Carl Marcovici, Mr. and Mrs. Christian Hocker Hershey, Oscar L. Lingle, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Wanamaker, Helen Mrakovich, Keystone Telecommunications, Incorporated of Harrisburg, Mr. and Mrs. Thane Messick, Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Heim, Mr. and Mrs. Merville Messick, Mr. and Mrs. Richard L. Eisenhauer, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Marlin E. Zimmerman, Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Sener, II, Joan R. Baker, Center for Independent Living of Central Pennsylvania of Camp Hill, Zion Lutheran Church of Rife in Millersburg, Church of the Living God, Incorporated

of Harrisburg, Harrisburg-Hiroshima-Nagasaki Committee, Mr. and Mrs. Blair Wilson Fink, Kohlman K. Cohle, Paxton Lodge No. 16 of Steelton, Mr. and Mrs. George Hershberger, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Gaw, Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Lentz, National Education Center-Thompson Institute Campus of Harrisburg, H. Randall Dilling, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony P. Kastelic, Edgar Stern, George Young, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Samuels, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond F. Lenker, Association for Retarded Citizens of Dauphin County of Harrisburg, Ruth Weaver, Sarah Wenrich, Marie Quinn, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Rubendall, Jayanna Kopp, Jane W. Kohn, Pennsylvania Driving Under the Influence Association of Harrisburg, United Way of the Capital Region of Harrisburg, Pearl Madden, Mamie Irby, Rebecca Bier, Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Shelahamer, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Wegemer, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hartman, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth E. Hoover, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond F. Lenker, Helen DeHart Lloyd, The Inclinor Company of America of Harrisburg, Raymond C. Musser, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Van Fossen, Mr. and Mrs. Paul C. Shatto, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Stewart C. Holmes, Mr. and Mrs. W. Crawford Murdoch, Jr., Mount Pleasant Hispanic American Center of Harrisburg, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Shaffer, James H. Troutman and to William D. Boswell by Senator Shumaker.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Nellie Senoski by Senators Shumaker and Helfrick.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Indiana County Community Action Program Food Bank, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Jackson, Sara M. Strohecker by Senators Shumaker and Mowery.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Robert E. Hirschman by Senators Shumaker and Bortner.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to William E. Dearden 1993 Class of Eagle Scouts by Senators Shumaker, Mowery, and Corman.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to The Indiana County Community Action Program Food Bank, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Grover D. Peace, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Bevilacqua, Mr. and Mrs. Berton R. Rearick, Mr. and Mrs. James Brown, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Tulio Saiani, Mr. and Mrs. John Heasley, Mr. and Mrs. Warren O. Rugh, Christopher R. Wain, Gregory J. Balla, Benjamin Banks Buterbaugh, Mr. and Mrs. John Proch, Mr. and Mrs. Abram Flick, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Karns, Geraldine M. Wilkins, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Nemet, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas L. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred F. Young, Rosemarie Cibik, Josephine Barletta, Mr. and Mrs. J. Rodney Chapman, William Washington Conrad, Mary Miller, Edna F. Tyliniski, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Heckman, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Beck, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thomas, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ottenberg, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Kotyk, Mr. and Mrs. George Hepler, Matthew Gallo, Mr. and Mrs. Glenn McKee, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Ceconi, Sr., Samson Wyant, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Kramer, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fitzgerald, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Harter, Mr. and Mrs. James Errett, William J. Umbaugh, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Tiger, Mr. and Mrs. Ford W. Shankle, Mr. and Mrs. John P. Storey, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Pardee, Mr. and Mrs.

Peter P. Kasanicky, Mr. and Mrs. Melvin R. Toy, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Jeffrey, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lydic, Mr. and Mrs. George Borsh, Mr. and Mrs. John Pederzoli, Matthew C. Rapach, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Hutchins, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Morhac, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wyszynski, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph L. Hollis, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Weber, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Prugh, Mr. and Mrs. Robert MacBlane, Mr. and Mrs. Nate Roberto, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Zanetti, Mr. and Mrs. Lester E. Callahan, First National Bank of Reynoldsville, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Auen and to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Roofner by Senator Stapleton.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. George Mentch, Lower Yoder Township Volunteer Fire Company, Mom's House, Inc. of Johnstown, citizens of Spangler Borough, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Muto, citizens of East Conemaugh-Franklin Boroughs, citizens of the Borough of Central City, Robert Young, Roland James, Andrew Donald, Randy James, Doug Garman, citizens of Kernville Borough, citizens of Dale Borough, citizens of Moxham Borough, citizens of Arbutus Borough, Troy Barron and to Community Nursing Service of Johnstown by Senator Stewart.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. Louis P. Driehorst, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Carl Stark, Vera B. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Kelso Maley, Mr. and Mrs. Mario Compeggie, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Ware, Mr. and Mrs. Paul F. Hurley, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Charles Baker, Mr. and Mrs. John Tweardy, Eva K. Bowlby Public Library, Mr. and Mrs. Matt Tekavec, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lindner, Mr. and Mrs. John Voycik, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Trifaro, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Cook, Mr. and Mrs. John Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Ealy, Mr. and Mrs. John Minton, Mr. and Mrs. George Galensky, George Derbaum, Jr., Virginia Snodgrass Cagnon, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ritchie, Mr. and Mrs. Yngve Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Leone, Mr. and Mrs. John Menhart, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. George Rajala, Mr. and Mrs. John Micenko, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wargo, Anna E. Cain, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Cook, District Justice June B. Lilley, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond R. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Oliver, Mr. and Mrs. Harold DeLaney, Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Headlee, Reverend Michael T. Gubanich, Mr. and Mrs. Robert K. Engel, Richard V. Morgan, Sacred Heart of Jesus Polish National Church of Cannonsburg, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Falvo, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Hlavacik, Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Willard, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Funka, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur L. DePoe, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde G. Walch, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Roupe, Saint John the Baptist Orthodox Church of Cannonsburg, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan C. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Bill McCullough, Mr. and Mrs. Mike Dayak, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Soltesz, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Rex Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Kermit Todd, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Riggle, Mr. and Mrs. Ray E. Houston, Mr. and Mrs. Wendell Shea, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Twigger, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. McCombs, III, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen C. Hurnyak, Mr. and Mrs. John Stevulak, Robert E. Crouse, Mr. and Mrs. Ted Malecki, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Funk, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Ellwood, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Russell, Mr. and Mrs. Guy B. McCarrell, Mr. and

Mrs. Lee Roy Delaney, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Orlando Mucci, Frazier-Simplex, Inc. of Washington, Mr. and Mrs. John F. McMurray, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Lillard, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel A. Caruso, Mr. and Mrs. E. Merrill McCullough, McDonald Volunteer Fire Department, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Webster, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Foutz, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Enstrom, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Davis, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Crothers, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John Kramer, Mr. and Mrs. Wendall Palcko, Geraldine and Henry Wilson, Sr., Hilda A. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. John Sroka, Mr. and Mrs. J. Alex Taggart, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Lobis, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Webster, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Kizakevich, Dr. and Mrs. James R. Hughey, Mr. and Mrs. John Schofield and to Mr. and Mrs. Roger Ingram by Senator Stout.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Suzan Mohney by Senators Stout and Fisher.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to James B. Wilson by Senators Stout, Lincoln and Mowery.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Dr. Edmund J. Forte, Dr. Michael J. O'Connor, Saint Teresa of Avila Church of Valley Forge, Christ Church of Swedesburg, Reverend and Mrs. Philip R. Curtis, Jr., Geoffrey Jonathan Michael and to James F. Merriman by Senator Tilghman.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to J. Grant McCabe, III by Senators Tilghman and Shumaker.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Grace Davis, R. Clayton Alspach, Mr. and Mrs. Roy K. Harnish, John W. Neff, Daniel S. Stuckey, H. Lester Weaver, Arthur Hertzog, Harry L. Frankfort Agency, Incorporated, of Adamstown and to Paul F. Diehm by Senator Wenger.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Herbert F. Kolsby, Mount Zion United Methodist Church of Darby, YoAn H. Kim, Bernice Davis, Reverend David L. Randolph, Sr., Louis Richardson, Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church of Yeadon, Dr. Constance E. Clayton and to Edward J. Shields by Senator Williams.

## CONDOLENCE RESOLUTIONS

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following resolutions, which were read, considered and adopted:

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Julian W. Newhart, the family of the late George Berg, the family of the late Richard C. Raab, the family of the late Charles F. Eberhart, the family of the late R. Charlotte Harris and to the family of the late Aaron M. Matte by Senator Aflerbach.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Teresa Magnelli by Senator Bodack.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the wife of the late Reverend Gerhard G. Dietrich and to the family of the late L. E. Meyer by Senator Brightbill.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Evangelyne C. Webb and to the family of the late Odessa McKinnes Pratt by Senator Fattah.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late St. Julian Nathaniel Jamison by Senator Fumo.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Arthur J. Egitto by Senator Greenleaf.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Robert P. Znosko, the family of the late Cecelia K. Plocki, the family of the late King S. Platt, the family of the late Robert D. Aysse, the family of the late Merle A. Atkinson, the family of the late Louis J. Matjasko, the family of the late Rose Nwranski, the family of the late Stella E. Kukieza Bollinger and to the family of the late Anthony A. Taliani, Sr., by Senator Hart.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Reverend Emerson Talmadge, the family of the late Ethel McFadden, the family of the late Cherry E. Cooper, the family of the late Viola Merriman, the family of the late Ceasar Nelson and to the family of the late Albert White by Senator Jones.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Clarence E. Dietz by Senator Jubelirer.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late William H. Taylor, Sr., and to the family of the late Sanford R. "Sandy" Starobin by Senator Mowery.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Earl R. Fillmore, Jr., by Senator Porterfield.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Walter M. Bishop, Sr., and to the family of the late Nicholas L. Serban by Senator Reibman.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Edna Silberman and to the family of the late Gilbert Nurick by Senator Shumaker.

Condolences of the Senate were extended to the family of the late Johnnie Robert Marshall by Senator Williams.

#### **APPOINTMENT OF SENATOR WILLIAM STINSON TO STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE**

The PRESIDENT. The Chair wishes to announce the President pro tempore has appointed Senator William Stinson to the following Standing Committees of the Senate:

- Committee on Law and Justice, Chairman
- Committee on Consumer Protection
- Committee on Education
- Committee on Intergovernmental Affairs
- Committee on Labor and Industry
- Committee on Transportation

#### **PETITIONS AND REMONSTRANCES**

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Bucks, Senator Heckler.

Senator HECKLER. Mr. President, the people of this Commonwealth, and certainly the people of the 10th Senatorial District, understand what has been happening for months, as they will understand what has happened today. They know that this day should have come in late May or early June. They know that the election in the 10th District was delayed until July, and that my seating has been delayed until the seating of William Stinson, that it was delayed even until after the ad-

ministration of the oath to my successor in the House of Representatives. The people out there know what has happened is wrong, that their concept of fair and equal representation has been trampled upon. We hope that the people of this State will respect the process by which they are governed. The shenanigans which have occurred in this Commonwealth, and particularly as they directly affect the people I have been sent here to represent, over the past year have been an outrage which has severely damaged that commitment on the part of our people. I hope that during the years of my service in this place I will see better. I cannot imagine that I will ever see worse.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I have some remarks to make and then there are some documents that I would like to submit for the record, but for the time being, Mr. President, I would like to make some remarks.

Mr. President, for 5 months, 5 long months, this Senate has been in recess because 24 members of the Democratic Caucus of the Senate, with the assistance of a tie-breaking vote supplied by the President of the Senate, the Lieutenant Governor, Mark Singel, dictated that no business would be conducted. Mr. President, that was a political timetable of your choosing, designed to span two unduly delayed special elections. This was your call, intended to work to your advantage. However, the voters of the Second Senatorial District had the good sense not to cooperate in this political scheme. Were it not for the fraudulent abuse of absentee ballots and the unwillingness of the system to recognize what the people themselves are reporting, there is no question Bruce Marks would be the winner, in the face of some 50,000 registration edge.

The dimension of impropriety was such that the winner of the Second District seat will be decided based on the inclusion or exclusion of the tainted ballots. The lack of a clear verdict has prompted the most appalling display of arrogance yet - the presumptive and rushed swearing-in of William Stinson, who is not the declared winner as far as the law is concerned. Most importantly, the fundamental certification was determined in violation of Election Code law and Sunshine Law and thus is not a legitimate basis for any attempt at seating.

Leadership is not the exercise of power, whether or not the circumstances warrant it. Try as you might, you cannot avoid the pursuit of rightful challenges to wrongful actions. And I assure you, Mr. President, they will be coming day after day after day, so long as these challenges are out there.

As the Philadelphia Inquirer and others continue to document, and as will be proved if ever a body takes the time to actually consider the challenges, there was widespread illegality on absentee ballots. In fact, I am going to offer the entire series of the Philadelphia Inquirer articles to date for the Senate Journal so that the record here will forever reflect the circumstances surrounding the premature swearing-in and our objections to that action. Those objections will be continuing.

The hasty swearing-in of William Stinson is not a conclusion. It does not answer a single question. It does not preclude any legitimate legal challenge. It does not stop the criminal

investigation under the direction of Attorney General Ernie Preate. All it does is meets the desperate political timetable to shore up the control of this Senate by those who have been in control since last year. That is important on your score sheet, no doubt, but the price for Pennsylvania is high. The desperation of the action and the blatant disregard of law is an affront to the citizens of this State.

One of the more revealing contrasts is the attempt to paint as legitimate the brazen double standard that a Democrat can be quickly sworn in before the election result is properly certified, but a Republican must wait for months and months after a decisive victory. Since November 2, there has been a constant refrain in response to our objections: That is the way the system works. Well, once upon a time the system tolerated ghost employees. Once upon a time the system tolerated senatorial scholarships and medical school admissions being auctioned off. Eventually, the forces of reform triumphed because the stench of the system made it intolerable to enough people who finally forced elected officials to move on reform. The odor wafting off the shabby election tactics and the even shabbier efforts to railroad results may be just the spark for a new generation of reform.

This is not merely a Republican observation, for Mayor Rendell's top aide, Mr. Cohen, was quoted this morning as saying, and I quote, "You get a sinking feeling in your stomach," unquote. "It does bring back the days of voting for people who are dead and stealing elections," again quoting Mr. Cohen.

People may not like negative, rough and tumble campaigns, but they despise seeing an election being stolen by fraud. They resent seeing a conspiratorial effort to avoid questions being asked and evidence being aired. They could care less who runs this Senate - Bob Mellow, Bob Jubelirer, Bob Casey, no matter whom - but they do care about honest elections. The only thing that separates us from totalitarian countries is the integrity of the ballot and an independent press. They will not sit for the truth being torpedoed through kangaroo court determinations by individuals who have a stake in the outcome. Terminating a hearing by the Board of Elections when testimony begins to implicate the board is not to be confused with extending a clean bill of health. The constant mangling of the law and the rules has soured people in the system even more, and, my, they were soured on it before but it is far worse now.

As far as the people are concerned, the farce run last Thursday was a confirmation that the various parts of government who are supposed to protect the public interest are instead voting to conspire to trample that interest. For years you told Pennsylvanians that if only the Democrats could gain control, Pennsylvania would be much better off, and I have heard that from Democratic leaders and from the President of the Senate. Frankly, the disreputable actions of 1993 have given no credence to that promise.

Mr. President, it is very difficult to have to make remarks of that nature on the floor of the Senate, a Senate I have served for nearly 20 years. I cannot imagine ever, ever facing the situation that we face now, not with control of the Senate

but rather with an election in Philadelphia, in the Second Senatorial District, which will be tainted so long as there cannot be an opportunity to get to the truth. Fortunately, one paper, at least, broke a story with some 13 investigative reporters fanning out to try and get to the truth. And, frankly, the people want to tell the truth in that district. And the truth is there for everyone to see.

No matter what happens here today, no matter what happens, who controls the Senate, a black mark on that district and on the Senate of Pennsylvania forever remains on a body that I have loved and given nearly most of my life. And I think it is a sad day, a sad day for everyone here, a sadder day for the people of Pennsylvania, and the saddest day of all for the constituents in the Second Senatorial District who certainly should have the opportunity to elect their Senator with a majority of the votes cast honestly and under the law.

Mr. President, at this time I submit the following documents for the record: A dictated explanation of rationale regarding the lack of proper certification in the Second Senatorial District; a record of proceedings of September 14, which was the oath of office to Senator Heckler as administered by Judge Kane; the third is the oath administered to Senator Heckler by Judge Kane; and four is a copy, as I said, of the Philadelphia Inquirer series on fraud and absentee ballots in the Second Senatorial District. I now submit them for the record without reading them, Mr. President.

Thank you.

*(The following prepared statement was made a part of the record at the request of the gentleman from Blair, Senator JUBELIRER:)*

#### RATIONALE FOR STINSON'S LACK OF PROPER CERTIFICATION.

Mr. Stinson is not properly certified in accordance with the Election Code (25 P.S. Sec.3154(f)) for the following reasons:

a) 25 P.S. Sec.3146.8(e) allows any decision of the county board of elections in upholding or dismissing any challenge to be reviewed by the court of common pleas of the county upon a petition filed by any person aggrieved by the county board's decision. Such appeal must be taken, whether reduced to writing or not, within two days after the decision, setting forth objections to the board's decision and seeking an order reversing it. Pending the final determination of all appeals, the county board must suspend any action in canvassing and computing challenged ballots. In the election in the 2nd Senatorial District, the two-day appeal right was not afforded.

b) 25 P.S. Sec.3154(f) required a five-day time period after the completion of the computation of the votes before the county board can certify the returns so computed in the manner required by the Election Code. The returns so computed shall be filed, unless appeals taken from any county board decision to the court of common pleas shall have directed any returns to be revised. Since a final decision regarding the absentee ballot challenges is necessary to complete the final computation of the votes, the 5-day period did not start to run until a decision was made by the county board of elections on Thursday night. Therefore, certification of Mr. Stinson could occur no sooner than Tuesday, November 23rd.

c) In addition, the county board of elections violated the Sunshine Law (Act 84 of 1986, 65 P.S. Sec.271 et seq.), by privately deliberating and failing to openly discuss its official action regarding its decision in the Second Senatorial District. The Sunshine Act allows such

a decision to be legally challenged. Should the court determine that the meeting did not meet the requirements of the Sunshine Act, it may find that any or all official action taken at the meeting of the county board of elections shall be invalid.

d) 25 P.S. Sections 3401 to 3409 set forth the procedures to be followed in contested elections of the Fourth Class, which covers elections of Senators. An election contest has been filed in the election for the 2nd Senatorial District. While that action is pending, no one should be certified as having won the race in the Second Senatorial District pending the outcome of the election contest process.

*(The following documents were made a part of the record at the request of the gentleman from Blair, Senator JUBELIRER:)*

SWEARING IN CEREMONY  
SENATOR-ELECT DAVID W. HECKLER

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

BEFORE: SENATOR ROBERT C. JUBELIRER  
HONORABLE MICHAEL J. KANE

DATE: SEPTEMBER 14, 1993, 3:55 P.M.

PLACE: SENATE CHAMBER  
STATE CAPITOL BUILDING  
HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA

KAY C. WILLIAMS, RPR,  
NOTARY PUBLIC

SENATOR JUBELIRER: If I can have your attention, please, I would like to say good afternoon and welcome to the Senate of Pennsylvania. There will be no flowers on the desk today, by special order.

Article VI, Section 3, of the Pennsylvania Constitution provides that Senators, Representatives, and other Officers shall, before entering on the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation before a person authorized to administer oaths and that the oath or affirmation shall be administered to a member of the Senate or the House of Representatives in "the hall of the House to which he or she shall have been elected."

It should be noted that on December 12th, 1939, the then President of the Senate received an opinion from the Attorney General which read in part. I quote, "We have examined the provisions of Article VII of the Constitution of this Commonwealth and the Act of Assembly approved June 3, 1937, known as the Election Code, and are of the opinion that Mr. Kephart may legally take the oath of office at any time after receiving a certificate of election from the Secretary of the Commonwealth; provided, of course, the oath is administered in the hall of the House to which he was elected, that is the Senate. The fact that the Senate is not in session at the time the oath is administered will not affect the validity thereof."

This proceeding is then being held in accord with the controlling constitutional language, precedents of the Senate and the supporting opinion of the Attorney General. A stenographic record will be kept of the proceeding for purposes of submission for inclusion in the next session day's Journal of the Senate.

I report that the Secretary of the Commonwealth has filed certified election returns for the Tenth Senatorial District with the Senate through the Secretary of the Senate, and that the Secretary of the Commonwealth has also certified that Senator-Elect David W. Heckler has filed all the reports and statements of contributions and expenditures required by the provisions of Article XVI of the Pennsylvania Election Code entitled, Primary and Election Expenses."

More particularly, under date of August 16th, 1993, the Secretary of the Commonwealth has presented a certificate which reads as follows: And I quote.

"To the Honorable President and Members of the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Greetings: I have the honor to present the returns of the Special Election for Senator in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania held in the Tenth Senatorial District, as the same has been certified to and filed with my office by the Bucks County Board of Elections.

David W. Heckler, having received the highest number of votes in the Special Election, and having complied with the provisions of Article XVI of the Pennsylvania Election Code pertaining to Primary Election Expenses, was duly elected a Senator in the General Assembly." A copy of which certificate I submit for the record.

Additionally, the Secretary of the Commonwealth again under the date of August 16th, 1993, issued a Certificate of Election to David W. Heckler, which reads in part, and I quote, "I Brenda K. Mitchell, Secretary of the Commonwealth, do hereby certify that at the Special Election held on the 13th day of July, 1993, David W. Heckler having received fifteen thousand one hundred forty-six votes was duly elected to the Office of Senator in the General Assembly in the Tenth Senatorial District of Pennsylvania," which election certificate is signed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth under the seal of her office.

The next order of business will then be the administration of the Oath of Office to Senator-Elect David W. Heckler.

It is an honor to have with us today the Honorable Michael J. Kane, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Bucks County, to administer the oath. Judge Kane.

JUDGE KANE: Thank you, Senator. Senator-Elect Heckler, are you prepared to take the Oath of Office?

SENATOR-ELECT HECKLER: I am.

JUDGE KANE: Will you place your right hand on the Bible, raise your right hand, and repeat after me? I, David W. Heckler.

SENATOR-ELECT HECKLER: I, David W. Heckler.

JUDGE KANE: Do solemnly swear.

SENATOR-ELECT HECKLER: Do solemnly swear.

JUDGE KANE: That I will support, obey and defend.

SENATOR-ELECT HECKLER: That I will support, obey and defend.

JUDGE KANE: The Constitution of the United States.

SENATOR-ELECT HECKLER: The Constitution of the United States.

JUDGE KANE: And the Constitution of this Commonwealth.

SENATOR-ELECT HECKLER: And the Constitution of this Commonwealth.

JUDGE KANE: And that I will discharge the duties of my office.

SENATOR-ELECT HECKLER: And that I will discharge the duties of my office.

JUDGE KANE: With fidelity.

SENATOR-ELECT HECKLER: With fidelity.

JUDGE KANE: Congratulations.

SENATOR JUBELIRER: May I express the thanks of the members of the Senate and all visitors here today, including the Press and to Judge Kane for taking time to join us in Harrisburg on the floor of the Senate to administer the oath to Senator Heckler.

The stenographer will prepare a transcript of these proceedings which will be submitted for inclusion in the Senate Journal of the next succeeding session.

The purpose of this meeting having been fulfilled, this meeting is now concluded.

(Proceedings were concluded at 4:10 p.m.)

#### COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

I, Brenda K. Mitchell, Secretary of the Commonwealth, do hereby certify that at the Special Election held on the Thirteenth day of July, 1993,

David W. Heckler

Having received fifteen thousand one hundred forty-six votes, was duly elected to the office of

SENATOR

IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

in the Tenth Senatorial District of Pennsylvania.

Witness my hand and the seal of my office this sixteenth day of August, 1993.

BRENDA K. MITCHELL Secretary of the Commonwealth

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

TO HIS EXCELLENCY, THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND THE MEMBERS OF THE SENATE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, GREETINGS:

In accordance with the provisions of section 1632(b) of the Pennsylvania Election Code [25 P.S. 3252(b)], I do hereby certify that the candidate who was elected to the State Senate from the 10th District in the Special Election held July 13, 1993, David W. Heckler, has filed all of the reports and statements of contributions and expenditures required by the provisions of Article XVI of the Pennsylvania Election Code entitled "Primary and Election Expenses."

Witness my hand and the seal of my office this sixteenth day of August, 1993.

Brenda K. Mitchell Secretary of the Commonwealth

SPECIAL ELECTION SENATOR IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 10TH SENATORIAL DISTRICT COUNTY OF BUCKS JULY 13, 1993

TOTAL VOTES

Table with 2 columns: Candidate Name and Total Votes. Rows include Democratic - Tom Lingenfelter (2,673), Republican - David W. Heckler (15,146), and Patriot - Diane Blough (3,462).

WRITE-IN VOTES Joseph P. Schiaffino 271

Pennsylvania Bureau of Elections Report ELC505 Department of State Date July 13, 1993 (17:23) Page No. 1

1993 SPECIAL Election Ballot Certification Report

Bucks County (09)

Ballot Position and Election Result Section Part II Use this page to record vote totals and candidate information for write-in votes cast

Insert vote in words Insert vote in digits

Office: Senator in the General Assembly District: 10th

Name: Joseph P. Schiaffino Address: 205 Wyckford Drive City: Perkasio State: PA Zip 18951

Two hundred Seventy One 271

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Date: 06/16/93 Department of State

Bureau of Commissions, Elections and Legislation 1993 Special Election Ballot Certification Report July 13, 1993

Bucks County

Ballot Position and Election Result Section Office Positions Shall Appear On Ballot In Same Order As Listed

Insert Vote In Words Insert Vote In Digits

SENATOR IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY - DISTRICT 10 Vote for one

Tom Lingenfelter - DEMOCRATIC 400 E. Court Street Doylestown, PA 18901 - two thousand six hundred seventy three 2,673

David W. Heckler - REPUBLICAN 2372 Turk Road Doylestown, PA 18901 - fifteen thousand one hundred forty six 15,146

Diane Blough - PATRIOT 23-1 Potters Place Holland, PA 18966 - three thousand four hundred sixty two 3,462

SPECIAL ELECTION July 13, 1993

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF ELECTIONS CERTIFICATION AFFIDAVIT

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA BUCKS COUNTY

COUNTY OF BUCKS) SS: Doylestown, PA July 19, 1993

WE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE PAGES ARE THE OFFICIAL RETURNS AS THEY APPEAR ON RECORD OF THE VOTES CAST AT THE SPECIAL ELECTION HELD JULY 13, 1993.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, WE HAVE HEREUNTO SET OUR HANDS AND SEAL OF OFFICE THIS 21st DAY OF July, 1993.

MARK S. SCHWEIKER, Chairman ANDREW L. WARREN SANDRA A. MILLER County Board of Elections

SEAL

ATTEST DAVID G. STEINBACH, Clerk DEENA K. STRAWSNYDER Director, Board of Elections

I hereby certify that the proceedings and evidence are contained fully and accurately in the notes taken by me on the within proceedings and that this copy is a correct transcript of the same.

KAY C. WILLIAMS, RPR,  
Notary Public

SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

OATH

I, DAVID W. HECKLER, DO SOLEMNLY SWEAR THAT I WILL SUPPORT, OBEY AND DEFEND THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE CONSTITUTION OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, AND THAT I WILL DISCHARGE THE DUTIES OF MY OFFICE WITH FIDELITY.

DAVID W. HECKLER

ADMINISTERED THIS 14TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1993  
BY MICHAEL J. KANE, JUDGE  
COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BUCKS COUNTY

*(The following series of articles were made a part of the record at the request of the gentleman from Blair, Senator JUBELIRER.)*

"STINSON WORKERS MISLED THEM ON BALLOTS,  
VOTERS SAY"

*Vote from home, some say they were told. The campaign has denied wrongdoing.*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/14/93)

By Vanessa Williams  
and Sergio R. Bustos  
Inquirer staff writers

Voters in Latino neighborhoods of the Second Senatorial District say they were misled by campaign workers for Democratic candidate William Stinson into casting absentee ballots in the Nov. 2 special election, although they did not qualify to file such ballots.

Many said the signed applications and ballots after being told they could now "vote from home."

Others said they signed after being told it would be more convenient -- and safer--than walking to the polls.

And some aren't sure what they signed. Maria Quinones Perez of North Bodine Street in the 19th Ward said a Democratic committeeman told her that "since so many people don't vote, the city or somebody decided to let people vote from home."

Another woman, Evelyn Adames of North Howard Street in the Seventh Ward, said she thought she was signing up for a program "where they fix the broken windows and your heating."

And another, Karen DeLoach in the 33rd Ward, said that a campaign worker's urging, she affixed an X by the word Democratic, thinking she was indicating her party affiliation -- only to later learn that she had actually voted a straight Democratic Party ticket.

The pattern appeared heaviest in Latino neighborhoods, among voters who knew little about using absentee ballots, or who spoke little or no English.

In interviews conducted over three days last week with nearly three dozen voters in neighborhoods on both sides of Allegheny Avenue, most of the voters said that campaign workers for Stinson and the Democratic Party provided them confusing, misleading information about absentee voting.

Many said they had planned to go to the polls until a Stinson campaign worker or Democratic Party committee person visited their homes and told them about "la nueva forma de votar" -- the new way to vote.

It is not known how many questionable absentee ballots actually

made it into the official count, which put Stinson ahead of Republican Bruce Marks by 463 votes out of nearly 40,000 cast.

Absentee ballots made the difference for Stinson, who trailed Marks in machine balloting by 562 votes. The Democrat got 1,391 absentee votes to 366 for Marks. The Republican has alleged that Stinson tried to "steal the election" by engaging in a "pattern of widespread fraud and abuse" of the absentee voting process.

Marks, 36, is trying to have hundreds of ballots voided because he said the people who used them had no valid reason to file an absentee ballot.

On Friday, at Marks' request, the state Supreme Court halted further legal action by the Court of Common Pleas, apparently to review who has jurisdiction over allegations of election fraud. Pennsylvania courts have ruled in the past that to overturn an election, the challenger must not only show there was fraud, but that it also was extensive enough to alter the outcome.

Democratic and Republican politicians are anxious for the case to be resolved. The party of the candidate who ultimately takes the seat will control the Pennsylvania Senate.

Stinson, 49, leader of the 33rd Ward and a former aide to Mayor Rendell, has maintained that lopsided results in the absentee balloting simply reflects an effective field organization that outstayed Marks in identifying absentee voters.

On Friday, Chris Simeral, Stinson's campaign spokesman, said Stinson could not be interviewed because he was ill and also wanted to consult his lawyer.

"We have done nothing wrong," Simeral said. "The campaign went into areas of this district that had been largely, if not totally, ignored for years and gave people the right to vote who were qualified to vote by absentee ballot."

Simeral referred further questions to Robert O'Brien, whom he described as the campaign's field coordinator. O'Brien did not respond to messages left for him at the campaign office.

State law allows registered voters to cast absentee ballots only if they have a valid reason why they cannot make it to the polls on Election Day, such as a physical disability or out-of-town travel. Voters must file written applications with the city commissioners. By law, absentee ballots are to be filled out in secret.

The deadline for applying for an absentee ballot in the Marks-Stinson race was Oct. 26, the Tuesday before the election. The completed ballots had to be submitted to the commissioners by 5 p.m. Oct. 29 to be included in the count.

But it was Oct. 30, the Saturday before the election, when a committeewoman came to her home, said Debra Klenicki, 25, who lives in 33rd Ward, just a block from Stinson's campaign office.

"She said that someone said there was an old person who lived in this apartment," said Klenicki, who said she told the woman that only she and her small son lived there. Still, Klenicki said she was allowed to complete the ballot, even though she had planned to go to the nearby voting place Tuesday.

Several voters said they were confused by what they had done. One 19th Ward resident, Victor Torres, 59, said he voted twice -- though, he added, he didn't know it until a city official told him so after the election.

Torres said he was approached by a man who insisted he sign some forms in connection with the election. Torres signed the forms. Uncertain about what he had signed, he said, he went to the polls and voted.

Carmen Cortes, a resident in the 19th Ward, described her encounter with a Stinson campaign worker this way: "He says you don't have to go out in the cold, you don't gotta stand in no long voting lines, all you gotta do is sign this here and that's it."

But Cortes is not a registered voter, so she didn't sign for herself. At the worker's request, she said, she did sign absentee ballots for her mother and a neighbor.

Ana Santiago said she agreed to vote by absentee ballot rather than walk to her usual polling place, across the street, because "the man told me the whole world was voting this way, y' know, voting at home."

Ana Lopez, a committee woman in the 19th Ward, said that during the week before the election, her phone rang constantly with queries from neighborhood residents about "some guy walking around here telling people they didn't have to vote in person, that they could vote at home.

"I told them it was illegal and that they shouldn't do it. They said they were told this was a new way of voting from home," Lopez said. "I've participated in elections since 1987 -- y'know, primaries, elections -- and I never saw anything like this before, not even in presidential elections did I ever see something so scandalous."

It is not illegal for campaign workers or committee people to seek out potential absentee voters or to provide them with the forms to apply for an absentee ballot.

But many practices described by voters raise questions about whether the County Board of Elections is following state election law in issuing and collecting absentee ballots.

Although ballots are normally mailed to voters who request them, many of the people interviewed said they neither requested the ballots nor received them in the mail.

Instead, they said, campaign workers or committee people brought the ballots to their homes and waited while they voted and, in some cases, assisted them in making their choices. In all cases, the voters said, the campaign workers or committee people took the completed ballots with them.

The law clearly states that the voter must file a proper application to obtain a ballot, it is less clear about how the ballot gets into the voters' hands. If there is no time to mail the ballot, it can be delivered by the Board of Elections. But the law does not address whether it is proper for campaign workers and committee persons to serve as couriers for the voters.

"In the past, it wasn't unusual for me to help people with applying for an absentee ballot," said Peter Medina, a Democratic committeeman in the 19th Ward. "This time, the unusual part is that I've never delivered the absentee ballots to people's homes."

Medina said he was acting on the orders of a Stinson campaign aide.

Medina, who operated in the ward where Maria Quinones Perez said her committeeman told her that voters now could cast their ballots from home, insisted he did no such thing.

What's more, Medina added, "I didn't tell people how to vote, Republican or Democratic. I didn't do anything but take the ballots to the people."

Some voters also reported having completed absentee ballots as late as the day before the election. The election law states that all absentee ballots must be received by the elections board no later than 5 p.m. on the Friday before the election.

While it is not known whether ballots completed on Monday were received by the elections board, it does raise questions about why campaign workers or committee people were delivering ballots to voters three days after the deadline.

In addition, some who completed absentee ballots after Friday were told that because they had done so, there was no need for them to go to the polls on Election Day. If their absentee ballots were not accepted by the elections board -- and a judge's ruling has made it difficult to determine if those ballots were counted -- those voters unwittingly ended up not voting at all.

Such was the case of Ana Santiago, who lives in the 19th Ward, who said a Democratic campaign worker brought an absentee ballot to her home Monday night. Thinking she had already exercised her right to vote, the woman did not bother going to the polls Tuesday.

Her ballot was never turned in. One man who said he had been hired by the Stinson campaign to sign up absentee voters and distribute ballots gave the ballot to two Inquirer reporters last Wednesday. He asked not to be identified.

Margaret Tartaglione, chair of the city commissioners, said that the elections board received 2,600 applications for absentee ballots. About 1,700 ballots were counted last Tuesday.

Tartaglione said that absentee ballots are issued only to people who apply for them. When told about some of the practices described

by voters, Tartaglione said, "I can't answer for any committee people and I can't answer for any campaign worker."

When asked whether it was proper for a committee person or campaign manager to turn in an application and collect more than one ballot, Tartaglione said she would consult her lawyer and call back. She did not call back.

Simeral said, "Yes, we may have delivered the ballots to the {applicants} and this is completely legal."

When told that some people said Stinson campaign workers brought them ballots they had not applied for, Simeral said, "That is impossible. You cannot get an absentee ballot without having filled out an application. It is just impossible. It just cannot happen...They must have been mistaken."

Karen DeLoach said she was not mistaken: Two campaign workers came to her house the day before the election, gave her a ballot and she checked off a box that said Democratic. She then signed an envelope, which the men took with them. As they left, she said, the men told her they were with the Stinson campaign. Later a friend informed her that she had voted for Stinson.

"I had wanted to vote for Marks," DeLoach said. "They didn't explain anything to me. They just said, 'Check here and sign this.'"

DeLoach lives at Greenway Apartments, a sprawling complex where gold and red leaves covered the ground last week. She and other residents said that in the days before the election, Stinson campaign workers descended on the complex, asking people to sign absentee ballots.

Aracelis Velasquez, a Philadelphia resident for 26 years, said she felt pressured to fill out an absentee ballot.

"They said, 'Sign here, make an X right here. I told them I can't see well and that I needed to get my glasses. They said, 'Don't worry about it, just make an X right here and sign.' I did it.

"I told them that I thought the only people who could vote from home are handicapped people. They said, no, that now you could vote from home. They kept on telling me this, you know. They were like when an insurance salesman comes to your door. They wouldn't go away until I signed it."

#### "REPUBLICANS DEMAND PROBE OF 2D DISTRICT"

*Inquirer report on voters being misled is 'untrue,' a Stinson spokesman said.*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/15/93)

By Frederick Cusick

Republicans Bruce Marks and Sen. Arlen Specter called yesterday for a criminal investigation into what Specter said appeared to be "wide-spread conspiratorial fraud" in the absentee balloting for Philadelphia's Second Senatorial District.

The two cited a survey of more than 600 absentee ballots they said was conducted by the Marks campaign and a story in yesterday's Inquirer to back up their call for an investigation.

According to The Inquirer story, nearly three dozen voters said in interviews that they had been misled or given confusing information about absentee balloting by Democratic Party workers or campaign workers for Democratic candidate William Stinson.

Marks said his campaign's survey agreed with the Inquirer's findings.

Chris Simeral, a spokesman for Stinson, said many of the statements attributed to absentee voters by The Inquirer were "inaccurate and just flatly untrue."

Marks outpolled Stinson on the voting machine total by 562 votes. Stinson garnered 1,391 absentee votes to 366 for Marks. The official tally, announced last week, showed Stinson ahead by 463 votes.

Yesterday, Simeral said that the Stinson campaign had interviewed some of the voters quoted by the newspaper and that they had denied having told reporters what they were quoted as saying.

Simeral said Stinson planned to have a press conference today, to present proof that The Inquirer story was inaccurate.

James Naughton, executive editor of The Inquirer, said the newspaper stood by its story.

"The three dozen voters whose accounts were given in The Inquirer on Sunday were under no apparent pressure," he said. "They were selected at random, interviewed by one of six different reporters, and though they came from various parts of the Second District, they gave very similar accounts.

"We know of no reason to doubt the voters -- and no reason to doubt the reporters." The Inquirer story said a number of voters had told of having signed applications for absentee ballots, or the ballots themselves, after being told they could now vote from home.

The story said the absentee-ballot problems appeared to be most numerous in Latino neighborhoods among voters who spoke little English or who knew little about absentee-ballot procedures.

Simeral said Marks had a "goon squad" out in the district since the election, threatening absentee voters with jail if they didn't say they voted improperly for Stinson.

"Not only is the Bruce Marks campaign out there terrorizing voters and scaring them, but now Philadelphia Inquirer reporters are doing almost the same thing," said Simeral.

Marks "got beat on the street, and now he's trying to win it back in the courts and the media," said Simeral. "I think the media is eating it up with a spoon."

Marks and Specter urged state Attorney General Ernie Preate Jr. and District Attorney Lynne Abraham to conduct a joint investigation of the absentee balloting.

Abraham and Preate could not be reached for comment yesterday.

The outcome of the election in the Senatorial District is pivotal to both major parties.

If Stinson's victory is upheld, the Democrats and Republicans will have an equal number of senators. Because the lieutenant governor can vote with Democrats on certain procedural matters, the Democrats will retain control of the state Senate. If Marks prevails, the GOP will gain control of the Senate.

Specter said that absentee-ballot irregularities might also violate federal civil-rights and voting-rights statutes. The senator said the Justice Department might be asked to investigate.

#### "VOTING 'IN THE COMFORT OF OUR OWN HOME'"

*16 of 25 interviewed yesterday said Democratic or Stinson workers gave them confusing information.*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/16/93)

By Jeff Gelles and Karen Quinones Miller  
Inquirer Staff Writers

The man who paid a visit in mid-October to Adamina Ayala and her son, Demaris Colon, came with promises.

What he delivered, they now say, was trouble.

"He said we could vote in the comfort of our own home," Colon, 20, of the 2800 block of Fairhill Street, in North Philadelphia's 19th Ward, recalled yesterday. "He came back a couple of days before the election with the ballots, and my mother and I filled them out."

Ayala, 48, who speaks little English, was suspicious.

"My mother, she said to the man, 'Can I still vote at the school?' And he said no, this is your vote now. But my mother thought the whole thing was fishy, so even though she voted with him, she still went to the school and voted like she always does," Colon recalled.

The experience left Ayala anxious. "When I went to the school, my name was on the list like always. So I voted," she said. "I didn't mean to do anything wrong."

Her son is more angry than worried.

"So if I voted at home, then my vote doesn't count?" he said.

"Now that's messed up. He wasted my time and my vote."

It's not clear yet whose votes will or will not count in the Nov. 2 election in the Second Senatorial District, a contest that will determine which party controls the Senate.

Without absentee ballots, Republican Bruce Marks led Democrat William Stinson by 562 votes. But Stinson's 1,391 absentee ballots, versus Marks' 366, swung the election to Stinson -- and put a focus on Marks' allegation that "massive fraud" took place in the absentee voting.

So far, only a handful of absentee ballots have been thrown out. A Common Pleas Court judge has sealed the ballots, and Marks has already taken his challenge of the voting to the state Supreme Court.

Yesterday, 16 of 25 voters interviewed by The Inquirer said campaign workers for Stinson or the Democratic Party gave them confusing, misleading information about absentee voting. Last week, most of three dozen voters interviewed gave similar accounts.

Ruben Liceaga, 62, of the 2900 block of North Orianna Street, said this year's election was the first in which he had voted absentee.

"Every year before this, I went to the machine on Third Street," Liceaga told a reporter. This year, someone came to his house with the paperwork to vote from home -- a privilege that by law is restricted to voters unable to make it to the polls.

"I thought it was strange, but when I asked, they told me that certain people have privilege to vote in the home," Liceaga said. "The people, they say, who are longtime voters have this privilege. I have been voting for 20 years, so I have this privilege, they told me."

Liceaga said he did not know the name of the person who came to his house. "He told me he was a Democrat, and it was the Democrats who give this privilege to some people who vote a long time, but he didn't ask me how I vote."

For Rose Marie Cintron, 37, the opportunity to vote by absentee ballot was the perfect antidote to her night shift.

"These guys came around and said if I filled out the ballot at home I won't have to go out to vote, and since I work night shift, I said, 'Hey, this is great,'" said Cintron, who lives on Reese Street in the 19th Ward.

"That just goes to show you about something seeming to good to be true."

Cintron said the men who visited her said "this was a new system they had to make it easier for people who preferred not to go to the polling place, so they could avoid waiting in lines. I thought it was strange, but I sure liked the idea.

"In fact I filled out a ballot for me and my husband. When I was filling out my ballot, I couldn't figure out if I should go Republican or Democrat, and the guy said, 'Put Democrat. I'm a Democrat and the Democrats are better,' so that's what I did. After I filled out my ballot and my husband's ballot, I sealed them and gave them to the man and he left."

Some who voted absentee in the Second District clearly had reason to do so. Nine of the 25 people interviewed yesterday said they saw no sign of irregularities in the process.

Florence Irwin and her husband, Robert, of the 7200 block of Horrocks Street, in the Northeast, both voted by absentee ballot.

Florence Irwin said they couldn't have voted any other way. Her husband had open-heart surgery a year ago and has not fully recovered, and she has a bladder infection and a thyroid problem.

So Irwin was grateful when committeewoman Geraldine Penn provided her and her husband with absentee ballots.

"I was sick, I did not know at the time whether I could go vote...if we did wrong, I certainly didn't intend to do anything wrong."

#### "STINSON SAYS WORKERS DIDN'T MISLEAD VOTERS"

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/16/93)

By Sergio R. Bustos and Vanessa Williams  
Inquirer Staff Writers

Joined by the city's two Latino elected officials, the Democratic candidate in Philadelphia's Second Senatorial District denied yesterday that his campaign workers misled voters into casting absentee ballots in the Nov. 2 election.

William Stinson, who edged out Republican Bruce Marks by 463 votes in still-unofficial returns, said that he had won the election "fair and square" and that his opponent had used "lies and intimidation" to frighten voters into saying they were bullied into voting for Stinson by absentee ballot.

Reaction from Stinson and the two Latino leaders -- City Councilman Angel Ortiz and State Rep. Ralph Acosta -- comes in the midst of a post-election imbroglio in which Marks maintains that a survey of 600 absentee voter disclosed "wide-spread conspiratorial fraud."

Sunday, *The Inquirer* reported that nearly three dozen voters it interviewed late last week had said they were misled by Democratic Party workers or Stinson campaign workers into thinking they could vote from home with absentee ballots.

Yesterday, *The Inquirer* interviewed more voters who said they, too, were encouraged to vote by absentee ballot even though they did not meet the legal requirements.

Many voters, most of them in Latino neighborhoods, told *The Inquirer* they had planned to go to the polls until a Stinson Campaign worker or a Democratic Party committee person visited their homes and told them about "la nueva forma de votar" -- "the new way to vote."

City Commissioners Margaret Tartaglione and Alexander Talmadge, both of whom are Democrats, said in an interview that, so far, there had been no proof of widespread fraud. Even if there was evidence, the commissioners have no jurisdiction as long as the court has the case, they said. The Republican city commissioner, John Kane, did not attend the interview because of an illness.

"I see this as very different from the classic Philadelphia case of dead people voting," said James Jordan, deputy city solicitor and counsel to the city commissioners. "Here you have people voting the way they wanted to vote. There is no evidence that people voted for X when they wanted to vote for Y."

Edward V. Schulgen, chief deputy city commissioner, said that if voters who were neither infirm nor out of the city on Election Day had filed absentee ballots, that would be a violation of state law.

Republicans demanded yesterday that all election records be unsealed and that District Attorney Lynne M. Abraham and State Attorney General Ernie Preate Jr. investigate the claims of election fraud.

Preate's office said he could not take any action until he got a referral from Abraham.

Bill Davol, a spokesman for Abraham, said Preate would get that referral.

"Because the district attorney ran on the same ticket [as Stinson], campaigned with and for him, she doesn't want there to be any indication of a conflict of interest," Davol said.

Democrats, including Mayor Rendell, said they were not convinced of widespread problems with the election. "If there are six people, I might not launch a full-fledged investigation," Rendell, a former district attorney, said. "If there are 100, I might."

Acosta, who came to Stinson's support yesterday, acknowledged that "more than 50 people" in the 19th ward called his home and office during the week before the election to ask about the legality of this "new way to vote."

"A lot of people complained to me because it was something new to them," Acosta said yesterday before the Stinson news conference. "It was something nobody had ever experienced. It was very unusual."

Marks yesterday said that Stinson's campaign "got caught red-handed violating the law, and they're trying to throw mud at everybody else, including Bruce Marks and *The Philadelphia Inquirer*, in order to divert attention from their misconduct."

The allegations of fraud prompted three Republican legislators --

state Reps. John M. Perzel, John J. Taylor and Chris R. Wogan, who represent parts of the Second Senatorial District -- yesterday to demand access to absentee-voting records in the contest. A Court of Common Pleas judge has sealed the documents.

At issue are 1,757 absentee ballots, which turned the election in favor of Stinson. Marks won the election at the polls by 562 votes. After the absentee ballots were counted, Stinson was declared the victor by 463 votes. The city commissioners, who run the election, have not certified the final results, pending resolution of the dispute.

Shortly after the election, Marks challenged the results in Common Pleas Court, where Judge Eugene Maier held some hearings before the state Supreme Court stopped him late Friday, leaving the case in limbo.

The outcome of the election is crucial. If Stinson's victory is upheld, both parties would have an equal number of state senators, but Democrats would hold most of the power since the lieutenant governor is a Democrat and can break ties on certain matters. If Marks prevails, the GOP will control the Senate.

Stinson said his campaign made no claims to any voters about voting at home. "Marks' accusations are the act of a desperate candidate who will do and say anything in his attempt to steal an election from the duly elected representative of the people," he said.

"I've been assured [by the Stinson campaign] that none of the [alleged] practices took place," Ortiz said. "This has besmirched the Puerto Rican community."

While defending his campaign workers yesterday, Stinson said Marks' allegations were "a blatant and repugnant attempt to disenfranchise a segment of the population that would not otherwise be able to vote were it not for the absentee ballot process."

Marks called that allegation "the most ludicrous suggestion in the world. I mean, maybe people from Mars were doing it."

The city commissioners yesterday also said *The Inquirer's* story on Sunday erred in reporting that Debra Klenicki of the 33d Ward had turned in an absentee ballot Oct. 30, a day after the deadline. Commission records, they said, showed she had voted absentee on Oct. 23.

A story Sunday about the Second District election gave the wrong first name of a voter from the 33d Ward who said she had been misled into filling an absentee ballot. She is Lynette DeLoach.

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#### "A NEW WAY TO VOTE?"

*Sounds like the bad old days in disguise*

(*The Philadelphia Inquirer* 11/16/93)

Since you can so easily shop from home these days -- even order a gourmet meal delivered piping-hot to your doorstep -- why not vote from home? It sounded reasonable to the Hispanic voters approached by Democratic workers going door-to-door in the hotly contested Second District state Senate race. "La nueva forma de votar" - the new way to vote -- the party workers called it, as they convinced these voters to file absentee ballots.

But some of what we now know about this "new way" to vote, detailed in the *Sunday Inquirer*, makes it sound like the old way of voting in notorious elections from Philadelphia's recent past. At the very least, campaign workers for Democrat William Stinson appear to have misled voters who did not qualify to vote absentee. Absentee voting is allowed only for those unable to get to the polls. One voter said she was urged to put an X by the word Democratic, not realizing she was voting the straight-party ticket. (She thought she was indicating her party allegiance.) Another told of a campaign worker who wouldn't leave her home until she signed the ballot.

While falling short of proving the "massive fraud" alleged by the losing candidate, Republican Bruce Marks, these revelations are disturbing -- and demand further investigation immediately. Mr. Marks would have won the election were it not for the hundreds of absentee ballots cast on Mr. Stinson's behalf, and voters have a right to know

that the Stinson victory was conclusive and free of taint.

That isn't the case now, which is why city officials should move on a criminal investigation into possible election-law violations, and a resolution of Mr. Marks' unfinished court challenge to hundreds more absentee ballots. The probe must be a top priority for newly re-elected District Attorney Lynne M. Abraham, who has yet to show much spunk when it comes to politically sensitive investigations. Failing that, state Attorney General Ernie Preate needs to step in.

As for the ballot challenge, the state Supreme Court -- which halted Mr. Marks' case in Common Pleas Court on Friday -- may be in the best position to sort out this mess. Whatever happens must happen quickly, since the legislature reconvenes next Monday -- and control of the state Senate hinges on the Stinson-Marks election.

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### "TOP REPUBLICANS CALL FOR PROBES OF 2D DISTRICT VOTING"

*State Senate GOP leaders asked for the votes to be examined at 3 levels of government. They also want a Democratic judge and a commissioner to withdraw.*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/17/93)

By Vanessa Williams and Henry Goldman  
Inquirer Staff Writers

State Senate Republican leaders descended on Philadelphia yesterday demanding that local, state and federal officials look into allegations of absentee-ballot fraud in the Second Senatorial District.

The lawmakers also said that Margaret Tartaglione, chairwoman of the City Commissioners, and Common Pleas Court Judge Eugene E. J. Maier, both Democrats, should withdraw from any proceedings involving Republican Bruce Marks' challenge to hundreds of absentee ballots cast in the Nov. 2 election.

Marks lost the race by 463 votes to Democrat William Stinson. Marks outpolled Stinson in machine balloting by 562 votes, but the Democrat got three times more absentee ballots.

The City Commissioners have declined to certify the election pending the outcome of Marks' legal challenge to the absentee ballots. The case had been before Maier until the Supreme Court took it for review Friday.

State Sen. Robert C. Jubelirer (R., Altoona), president pro tempore of the Senate said federal authorities should look into voting rights violations, particularly in the Latino community.

During the last week, The Inquirer has interviewed 90 voters who said they were misled by Stinson campaign workers or Democratic committee persons into casting absentee ballots when they did not qualify to do so under state law.

The outcome of the election will determine which party takes control of the state Senate, which is scheduled to reconvene Monday. If Stinson's victory is upheld, the two parties will have an equal number of members and Democrats will retain control because the lieutenant governor is a Democrat and can break ties on certain votes. If Marks prevails, the GOP will control the Senate.

In an effort to examine the absentee voter records, The Inquirer yesterday asked the state Supreme Court to direct the City Commissioners to make them available for public inspection.

The Inquirer's petition to the Supreme Court argued that the absentee-ballot records should be released because they are considered public records under state law. It noted that the City Commissioners do not object to the release of the records.

Whoever takes the seat will serve the remaining 14 months in the term of Sen. Francis J. Lynch, who died in May. A primary and general election for the full, four-year term will be held next year.

Jubelirer was joined by fellow Republicans Hank Salvatore, of Philadelphia; Joseph Loeper of Delaware County; Richard Tilghman and Stewart J. Greenleaf, both of Montgomery County, and David Heckler, the newly elected lawmaker from Bucks County.

Each spoke at a news conference:

\*Jubelirer called on Tartaglione to withdraw from all proceedings in the dispute. He said that because Tartaglione is a ward leader in the district and because of "her potential responsibility for some of the lack of the ballot integrity...she cannot exercise the impartial judgment needed."

\*Salvatore called on State Attorney General Ernie Preate Jr. to impanel a special grand jury to investigate the allegations. "All we want is an honest election; win or lose, let it be honest," he said.

\*Loeper called for the Supreme Court to assign the case to a judge outside Philadelphia. He criticized Maier for not having disclosed that his wife got a patronage job at the Philadelphia Parking Authority and that he had applied for a federal judgeship before a panel whose members included the wife of State Sen. Vincent J. Fumo, a leading Stinson backer.

Chris Simeral, Stinson's campaign spokesman dismissed the complaints en masse: "The problem is Bruce Marks is all over the map. When he knows he's going to lose, he takes it to another body where he thinks he might do better."

If Marks demands that Tartaglione withdraw, Simeral said, he also should insist that John Kane, the Republican on the three-member commission who also is a ward leader in the district, withdraw, too. Simeral again complained that Marks' campaign workers had gone out in the district and intimidated voters into saying they had cast fraudulent ballots for Stinson.

Bill Davol, a spokesman for Philadelphia District Attorney Lynne M. Abraham, said that his office received requests yesterday from the Marks campaign and from the Republican State Committee to investigate the voter-fraud allegations.

Davol said the matter would be forwarded to Preate because Abraham campaigned for Stinson, and she "just didn't want any perceptions of inappropriate behavior, conflict of interest."

Maier responded to Loeper's attack in a letter. He said it had been "widely reported in the media" that his wife, Constance W. Maier, is counsel to the Parking Authority, since she took the job in 1991.

Maier, a former chairman of the City Commission and a former Democratic ward chairman, also acknowledged that he had sought a seat on the federal bench, and had been interviewed by Jane Fumo. But, he said, the appointment went to Marjorie O. Rendell, the mayor's wife.

"Neither of those circumstances would in any way affect my fairness or impartiality in this matter, or any other matter, coming before the Court," Maier stated, adding that no recusal motion has been presented in this case. "If such a motion is filed, he said, "I will carefully consider and decide the motion at that time."

Ralph J. Teti, a former deputy city solicitor who is city solicitor who is representing Stinson in the challenge, also dismissed Marks' complaints. "Every lawyer who loses thinks the judge is being unfair."

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### "MORE SECOND DISTRICT VOTERS DESCRIBE ABSENTEE-BALLOT BLITZ"

*Some said insistent strangers urged them to fill out forms, sometimes suggesting how they should vote.*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/17/93)

By Marc Duvoisin, Karen Quinones Miller  
and Lea Sitton  
Inquirer Staff Writers

As Carole Paxson recalls, the visitor knocked on her door the week before Election Day. He said he worked for the city. He showed her a form he said would allow her to vote in the hotly contested Second Senate District race without having to go to the polls.

He even helped her fill it out.

"Instead of me going around [to a polling place] to vote, I could fill this out and I wouldn't have to go around to vote," Paxson said yesterday, standing on the stoop of her North Philadelphia rowhouse.

Paxson was one of 42 Second District voters interviewed yesterday who said they had been approached in the days and weeks preceding the Nov. 2 election and urged to vote by absentee ballot, even though they did not appear to meet the legal requirements for that form of voting. These are in addition to 48 similar accounts collected earlier by Inquirer reporters.

Some voters said the visitors -- some calling themselves Stinson campaign workers, some saying they worked for the city, and others offering no identification at all -- filled out their ballots for them or suggested how they should vote.

Several said that at the urging of these insistent strangers, they completed ballots for relatives -- in one case, a husband in prison. One said she was told her vote was more likely to be counted if cast in absentia.

Absentee ballots are at the heart of a legal challenge to the election by Republican Bruce Marks, who narrowly outpolled Democrat William Stinson on the voting machines, but is trailing because the vast bulk of 1,700 absentee ballots were cast for Stinson.

In interviews yesterday, voters in the district, which spreads through North Philadelphia and the lower Northeast, described an intensive effort to get people to apply for and cast absentee ballots, often in seeming disregard of state election law.

It is not clear who directed and carried out the effort -- or if any questionable ballots were counted. Records on absentee voting remained under seal yesterday by order of a Common Pleas Court judge.

By law, registered voters can vote by absentee ballot only if they are too sick to get to the polls or will be "unavoidably absent" for a legally acceptable reason, such as work-related travel or military service.

To receive ballots, voters must file written applications with the city commissioners, who oversee elections. It is illegal for someone to help a voter complete the ballot, except in cases involving severe disability.

In the heat of the campaign, these requirements may not always have been obeyed, according to accounts from voters.

In one part of East Frankford, residents described a blitz by unidentified street workers to get people to file requests for absentee ballots.

"We didn't even have to go to the polls. The polls came to us," Viola Hill said outside her home in the 1800 block of North Wilmont Street. "I thought it was something new that they had."

Hill said that in the weeks before the election, visitors brought absentee-ballot forms to her house. Hill said she, her adult daughter, Kimberly, and their neighbor Henry Lewis completed the applications, and the workers carried them off.

Hill quoted the visitors as saying: "We're looking for absentee voters."

Several days later, the workers returned with absentee ballots. Hill said she knew nothing about the candidates and asked the visitors to help her decide. She said they told her that if they were voting, they would vote for Stinson.

Valerie Middleton, who lives in the nearby Whitehall Commons housing project, said a man brought her an absentee ballot, then helped her fill it out. Middleton said the man told her she had applied for a ballot the week before, though she did not remember doing so.

"He told me to put an X someplace, and he put an X someplace."

She said the man put an X beside one candidate's name, saying that was his boss. She said she could not remember who that was.

Mark Newman of the 4700 block of Mulberry Street said workers knocked on his door and told him he was required to vote by absentee ballot. Newman said he filled out and signed applications for himself and, at the visitors' request, for his brother, Frankie.

"I said, 'He's here sometimes, sometimes he isn't,'" Newman said. "They asked me could I fill it out."

Workers brought two absentee ballots to the house several days before the election, Mark Newman said. He said he filled out his ballot and gave it to the workers. They also took with them his brother's unmarked ballot.

Several residents said refusing to vote by absentee ballot was not as easy as saying, "No thanks."

Thelma Butler of the 4700 block of Mulberry Street said she turned away a woman who wanted her to apply for an absentee ballot, only to have a man deliver one two days later. Butler said she took the ballot with her to the polls, where workers ripped it up.

Butler's neighbor Lilly Sharp, 71, who usually makes the trip with her, elected to vote absentee this year.

"They were telling me older people don't have to go," Sharp said.

In the 37th Ward in North Philadelphia, Linda Monroe, 52, of the 700 block of West Huntingdon Street, said she and her daughter, Erica, were approached by a man and woman before the election who told them absentee ballots were not only more convenient but also were less likely to be accidentally excluded from the count.

"They said when you go to the poll sometimes the machines get messed with and your vote don't get counted," Monroe said. "They said this was a quicker way for people to get their votes in."

Monroe said she became suspicious and refused to apply for a ballot.

Monroe's neighbor Linda Bryant, 41, said she was visited by the same people, and took them up on their offer. She said she completed ballots for herself and her daughter, Shameka, 21, voting a straight Democratic ticket.

"They told me if I wanted to sign an absentee ballot, I wouldn't have to go out and vote," Bryant said. "So I just did it. I just signed my name and marked the boxes, sealed it and gave them the envelope."

Bryant said she completed Shameka's ballot after the visitors told her that was permissible. The daughter was not home at the time.

Farther down the block, Carmen Vasquez, 40, said she, too, was approached by a man talking urgently about voting. She said he completed for her what she believed was a ballot.

"He wrote everything for me, even marked the boxes because I didn't know who was who," Vasquez said. "All I did was sign my name."

Vasquez said the man told her to sign ballots for her daughters, Yesenia and Judith, who were not home. "He said it was OK, because I was their mama," she said with a shrug. "So I did."

Zoraida Rodriguez of the 2600 block of North Darien Street said she was playing with her four children outside her house when she was approached by two men who asked whether she wanted to sign up for an absentee ballot.

"I didn't really understand what they were talking about," she said, "but I said OK and I signed for one for me and for Carlos [Ramos]," her common-law husband, who was in prison.

Rodriguez said the men returned a few days before Election Day with absentee ballots for her, Carlos, and Carlos' brother, Francisco Ramos, who is also behind bars. She told them she didn't know how to fill out the ballot, and one of them helped her, she said.

"I told him I don't know who to vote for, and he said, 'Well, vote for this person, because he's the one I work for,' so I did," Rodriguez said. She said she could not remember which candidates she voted for.

Rodriguez said the man told her she should fill out Carlos Ramos' ballot as well, and she did.

"I told him that Carlos was locked up, and I didn't think it would be right, but he said anybody can fill out anybody's paper, so I did," Rodriguez said. "I wasn't trying to do anything wrong. I was just doing what he told me to do."

Rodriguez said she balked when the man told her to sign a ballot for her brother-in-law. "The man kept saying it was OK, but I wouldn't do it."

In the 3300 block of Mascher Street, Maritza Resto, 30, and her boyfriend Victor Castro, 34, also filled out forms at the urging of two visitors.

"They said they were working for the city, and this was for us to vote," Resto said yesterday. "They didn't explain anything. They just said, 'Fill this out.'"

Resto said she thought she was applying for a new voter-registra-

tion card, not an absentee ballot. "They had me crazy," she said. "I'm not going to get in trouble, am I?"

A few blocks away, at 3301 N. Palethorp Street, four members of the extended family of Thomas Trinidad signed up for absentee ballots -- though none was bedridden or planning to be away on Election Day.

Thomas, 20, is the only member of the household who speaks English. He said that he, his mother, Inocencia, 61, and two of her cousins -- Julia and Luis DeLeon, both in their 60s -- signed what they thought were voter-registration forms.

They later got a second visit from two women bearing new forms -- apparently the absentee ballots. Thomas said the women told him to sign so he could vote "in the home."

"They told me that if we vote in the house, we didn't have to go to the [polling] place to vote," he said. The idea appealed to him, he said, "because it's an easy way."

Carolyn Hinger of the 4200 block of Magee Street said a man visited her home a week before Election Day and asked her to sign absentee ballots for herself and her husband, Albert. She complied, she said yesterday, though she wasn't sure whom she voted for.

Hinger said she and her husband never applied for absentee ballots.

"He just said he was from a political party; he didn't say Democrat, Republican or anything....And he said, 'You might as well sign for him [Mr. Hinger], too,'" she said.

"He said he was doing this for the people who can't get to the polls, and I thought it was strange because my husband and I can both get to the polls. We can walk to the polls or get in the car."

#### "ABSENTEE BALLOT ABUSE"

*Isn't there a better way to distribute them?*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/17/93)

Civics lessons like these, we'd rather not have. But since the dispute over absentee balloting for Philadelphia's Second District state Senate seat is raging, at least it's exposed a piece of the city's election apparatus that is ripe for abuse. Question is, what, if anything, can be done?

In the tight Senate race, absentee ballots boosted the number of votes for Democrat William Stinson over Republican Bruce Marks. The dispute is whether the Stinson forces rounded up absentee ballots from voters who were ineligible to use them since they were able to get to the polls.

While the courts investigate, this much we know: some campaign workers bent the rules. And that raises questions as to whether political operatives - committee people, campaign workers - should be allowed to carry an absentee ballot into someone's house, stand around while the voter marks the ballot and then deliver it to the city. The opportunities for abuse are obvious.

Would it be better to send them out only by mail? There are problems with that idea. For one thing, we're told that the state-designed absentee ballot application is regularly shredded by the U.S. Postal Service's mechanized mail-handling equipment. It's also sometimes hard to have the mail ballots ready far enough in advance for timely mailing in a state with a history of candidates trying to knock one another off the ballot with last-minute challenges. Also, voters with limited literacy may find the task of applying by mail too daunting.

What about nonpartisan poll workers? They generally don't exist. It might be nice if the League of Women Voters, or some similar civic group, were to volunteer for this task. It would be good if the difficulties with distributing absentee ballots by mail were lessened. But probably the current system of allowing party workers to distribute them should continue, subject to rigorous inspection and review. And when the system is abused, punishment for doing so should be severe.

#### "HEARING SET ON ELECTION CHALLENGES"

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/18/93)

By Henry Goldman, Marc Duvoisin  
and Vanessa Williams

The state Supreme Court yesterday said it was up to the city Board of Elections to rule on allegations of absentee ballot fraud in the disputed state Senate race in the Second District.

The ruling took the case out of the hands of Common Pleas Court Judge Eugene E.J. Maier, who had been assailed by Republican Bruce Marks for a series of rulings that Marks said showed a bias against him.

The city Commissioners quickly scheduled a hearing at 9 a.m. today to hear Marks' challenges to about 550 absentee ballots, which the candidate claims were cast by voters who could have gone to the polls.

Disqualifying these votes may be impossible. Even if Marks proves these were improper absentee ballots, they have already been counted. The ballots were separated from envelopes containing voters' names and commingled, making each vote impossible to trace.

More than 300 were mistakenly opened by election workers, taken from envelopes and mixed together before the polls closed, contrary to election law.

About 200 or so others remained sealed until last Wednesday, when they were opened and counted by the City Commissioners. On these, Maier had ruled that Marks failed to meet the legal requirement that each ballot be individually challenged before the close of Election Day by a poll watcher.

These 200 still could have remained sealed, but Marks' attorneys failed to appeal Maier's ruling until after they had been opened and counted.

The opened ballots, said Deputy City Solicitor James B. Jordan, present "a problem that the Supreme Court may not have appreciated...The legal remedy is to set aside and not count a ballot, and they can't do that here."

Nevertheless, Jordan said, "the Supreme Court told us to hold a hearing and that's what we're going to do."

Marks said yesterday that his supporters are working on another contest of the election, which under state law allows 20 voters to petition to overturn a vote in Common Pleas Court if they can prove that fraud or improper procedures were so pervasive as to render the result in doubt. In such circumstances, a judge can order a new election or certify the challenger as the winner.

About 10 investigators for the City Commissioners fanned out throughout Northeast and North Philadelphia last night, hand-delivering notices to voters saying that they have the right, but are not obliged, to appear at the hearing set for today.

#### Take Testimony -

At the hearing, commissioners will take testimony from the person who challenged the ballot, and from investigators for the Marks campaign who say absentee voters have told them in interviews that they could have voted at the polls.

The absentee votes are at the heart of the legal challenge by Marks, who narrowly outpolled Democrat William Stinson on the voting machines but is trailing by 463 votes because the absentee vote went 1,391 for Stinson, 366 for Marks.

Yesterday evening, Marks and Stinson partisans sat hunched over the disputed absentee ballot envelopes, writing the names of voters on legal pads so that they could be contacted and interviewed. The election documents are normally available for public inspection, but Maier last week ordered them sealed, barring any opportunity for Marks campaign officials or the press to review them to determine whether they were cast legitimately.

As Marks emerged from the sixth-floor conference room at the Board of Elections office, he said he was encouraged by the fact that

his workers can gain access to election documents with the names of voters who cast absentee ballots.

Earlier yesterday, Marks had said he would ask City Commissioners Chairwoman Margaret Tartaglione to disqualify herself from hearing the case. He said that "her office had participated in the illegalities, providing absentee ballots to Democratic workers for distribution, especially in Latino areas of the district."

Stinson's campaign financial disclosure forms show that he gave Tartaglione's re-election committee \$100 last month. In July, the forms show, Stinson's campaign received \$150 from the campaign committee of Alexander Talmadge Jr., the second Democratic member of the City Commissioners.

#### Former U.S. Attorney -

Talmadge said last night that he didn't remember making the contribution but "must have if it's in the record. Other than that I have no comment."

Tartaglione did not return two calls to her home. Marks said that his attorneys, who now include former U.S. Attorney Michael Rotko, had filed a private criminal complaint alleging "widespread voter fraud," with Philadelphia District Attorney Lynne M. Abraham.

Abraham's spokesman, Bill Davol, said the district attorney had passed the investigation on to the Attorney General's Office yesterday to avoid the appearance of conflict of interest.

"Lynne Abraham ran on the same ticket with Bill Stinson," he said. "She is not the least bit interested in there being any appearance of impropriety."

Frederick Voigt, executive director of the Committee of Seventy, an election watchdog group, called for such an investigation by the attorney general yesterday. "I would like to see a criminal investigation and prosecution of anyone found to be abusing the process, Republican or Democrat," he said. "There are a sufficient number of allegations and charges to warrant such an investigation."

Allegations of fraud were dismissed by Rendell's chief of staff, David L. Cohen, who called the absentee ballot problems "technical violations." At worst, he said, people who intended to vote for Stinson used absentee ballots when they could have physically made it to the polls.

"What you have here is wailing and whining and sound and fury over the process of soliciting absentee ballots that has been engaged in by Democrats and Republicans in Philadelphia and Pennsylvania for decades," Cohen said.

Cohen said the mayor's office was not involved in the daily workings of the Stinson campaign. Joe Martz, Rendell's deputy public property commissioner, had taken a leave of absence from the administration to become Stinson's campaign chairman, Cohen said.

Meanwhile, at the Marks campaign office in the 6900 block of Bustleton Avenue, volunteers were assembling hundreds of interview forms, taken from voters who, the Marks workers said, had cast absentee ballots even though they had been capable of voting at their neighborhood polling place. Many of these absentee voters, the Marks workers said, reported that they had been misled into filing the ballots and many said they remained confused about for whom they had cast their vote.

#### "CITY RECORDS SUPPORT ABSENTEE-VOTE CLAIMS"

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/18/93)

By Jeff Gelles and Marc Duvoisin

Zoraida Rodriguez said the men dropped by her house shortly before Election Day and talked her into applying for absentee ballots for herself and her common-law husband, Carlos Ramos, who is in prison.

A few days later, she said in an interview Tuesday, they returned with the ballots and helped her fill them out -- her husband's as well as her own.

Election records made public yesterday by the city Board of

Elections lend support to her account and those of other voters in the Second Senate District who have told The Inquirer they were encouraged to cast absentee ballots, even though they were not legally qualified to do so.

Among stacks of absentee ballot records made public yesterday for the first time since the Nov. 2 election was an envelope bearing Rodriguez's name, address and signature and another with the same information for Ramos. The handwriting and the signatures were very similar, suggesting Rodriguez may in fact, have filled both out in violation of the law.

Linda Bryant, 41, said in a separate interview that she filled out an absentee ballot at the urging of a man and woman who went door-to-door in her North Philadelphia neighborhood, telling residents they should vote from home.

Her 21-year-old daughter, Shameka, was not there, but the visitors said she could fill out a ballot for her as well, Bryant said. So she did.

The pile of ballots unsealed yesterday includes one each for Bryant and her daughter.

While the Democratic candidate, William Stinson, and other party leaders have dismissed reports of questionable absentee ballots, a preliminary review of election documents last night bore out important details of some of the accounts reported by Inquirer reporters over the last week.

Yesterday, fresh accounts continued to surface.

Take the 43d Ward, south of Roosevelt Boulevard around Hunting Park, which gave Stinson a 797-vote margin over Republican Bruce Marks, more than Stinson's 562-vote victory that day across the Second Senate District.

That was just on the voting machines.

In absentee ballots, Stinson did even better. He won almost 99 percent of them in the 43d Ward: 70 absentee votes versus 1 for Marks.

In interviews yesterday, 22 of the 43d Ward's voters cast doubt on how Stinson's campaign amassed that absentee landslide.

They told of being confused or misled into voting absentee by people who said they were working for Stinson, the Democratic Party, the city or who provided no identification.

Some said they were told it was a new way of voting. Some said they had no idea what they were filling out. Some apparently cast absentee ballots without realizing what they had done.

In the last week, The Inquirer has interviewed 112 voters in the Second District who have told similar stories.

In the 43d ward yesterday, Edwina McCall of the 3800 block of Darien Street said that she could have gone to the polling place, but that Barbara Landers, the Democratic committeewoman in the word's 19th Division, told her she could vote at home instead.

Landers "said I could use the absentee ballot," McCall said. "Who wouldn't use the absentee ballot if they could? I did question it. She said I could do it. I said OK. I told her I wanted [to vote] Democrat. She checked it off for me. I signed my name."

A block away, Landers came out of her house on North Ninth Street and shouted at a reporter knocking on doors:

"Get out of here. Stop harassing people," Landers said.

Later, told that several neighborhood residents had said she told them they could vote absentee for convenience, Landers said: "It's their word against mine," adding: "I have done nothing wrong. I have nothing to talk about. As far as I'm concerned the election is over. I'm through talking about it."

A total of 156 voters in the 43d Ward -- more than twice as many who eventually voted absentee -- applied for absentee ballots ahead of time, according to computer lists compiled by city officials.

On Nov. 1 and on Election Day, Marks challenged 41 of the 71 absentee ballots cast.

Two of those were the votes of Luis Andujar and Yolanda Torres, neighbors in the 4800 block of North Fairhill Street who, according to city records, both applied for absentee ballots.

Yesterday, though, Andujar and Torres both said they had not even applied for the ballots.

I guess [my mother] must have because I wasn't here," Torres said.

Maritza Santiago, for one, isn't quite sure whether she voted at all.

Santiago, of the 4200 block of North Fairhill, said she was visited twice before the election. The first time she was asked to register to vote. The second time, she said, a man instructed her to sign the back of an envelope.

"I asked him what is this?" Santiago said. "He said this is an application form for people who cannot go to the voting place to vote.

"I told him I can go vote myself, so why did he need to bring me that piece of paper to sign? He didn't say anything to me. He asked me to fill out the back of this envelope and then he left. It all happened so fast."

Shown a sample absentee-ballot application envelope, she said that was what she had signed.

"I thought it was the new way to vote," she said. "I was scared that I had not done the right thing. I was very confused."

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### "THE SCENE"

#### *On voting at home*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/18/93)

A lot has been written about the Second Senate District, where more than 100 residents say they were approached before Election Day by workers for Democrat William Stinson and misled about improperly voting from home.

The Pennsylvania Supreme Court yesterday left it up to the city Board of Elections to rule on allegations of absentee-ballot fraud in the disputed race.

The City Commissioners are supposed to hold a hearing at 9 a.m. today to hear Bruce Marks' challenges to about 550 absentee ballots that he claims were cast by voters who could have come to the polls.

What's the big deal?

My house used to be in the Second Senate District, before a 1992 reapportionment.

Otherwise, I would have been happy to vote at home. After all, I can shop at home through the Home Shopping Network. I can pay my bills at home through Prodigy. I can even watch a heavyweight bout at home, for a nominal fee.

As it is, I'm pretty sure our pets were approached about voting from home.

Our terrier, Agnes, has a city dog license, so I assume she was approached. And our miserable white cat, Grease Monitor, somehow got on a health-food mailing list, so he probably got a ballot, too.

You can't fight progress.

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### "HASTY SWEARING-IN CALLED 'HYPOCRISY'"

*Stinson took the oath in a mostly empty Senate. His party has refused to accept a similar GOP event.*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/20/93)

By Robert Zausner

HARRISBURG - Republicans yesterday questioned the hurry-up swearing-in of William Stinson to the Pennsylvania Senate, but the Democrat was undeterred and began establishing roots here in a new office, with a new receptionists and even a new refrigerator.

Steven C. MacNett, general counsel for Senate Republicans, called the certification of election results showing Stinson the winner over Republican Bruce Marks "illegal." He said sufficient time was not permitted for appeals.

MacNett also contended that Democrats, in swearing in Stinson in a mostly empty Senate chamber Thursday, did not meet the same

requirements they had accused Republicans of failing to abide by when the GOP administered the oath to David Heckler of Bucks County, who was elected in a special election July 13.

"The hypocrisy comes from the fact that they rushed to do what for two months they've alleged is illegal," he said. The oath was given to Stinson less than an hour after Philadelphia officials certified the election results.

Democrats refused to recognize Heckler's swearing-in in September, to this day referring to him as "Senator-elect Heckler," because they said it was not conducted during a Senate session. But neither was Stinson's oath.

"I'm not saying I never said that," Mellow said yesterday about the requirement of a Senate session. But he said he had learned that there had been occasions when other senators, including Sen. Vincent J. Fumo (D., Phila.), had been sworn in without a session.

Republicans had made that assertion two months ago.

Mellow said the difference between the Stinson and Heckler oaths was that there was a presiding Senate officer at Stinson's swearing-in -- namely Mellow -- and also a stenographer under the direction of the Senate clerk's office.

Responded MacNett: "It's nonsense."

Mellow also was asked why, if Democrats did not recognize Heckler's swearing-in, he did not administer the oath Thursday as well for Heckler, whose Bucks County district has been without representation since January.

"Heckler wasn't in Harrisburg," replied Mellow.

Couldn't Heckler have been called? "They didn't call me for Heckler's swearing-in," Mellow said about Republicans.

MacNett had another answer, saying Mellow "obviously feels his obligation is the Democratic Party and not the Senate of Pennsylvania."

Heckler has agreed to be sworn in -- he submits it would be for a second time -- before the full Senate when it convenes on Monday. Stinson may also be sworn in then.

Heckler said the reason for separate oaths was simple: Democrats wanted to rush Stinson's swearing-in before Republicans could try to block it in the courts. Republicans conducted their swearing-in with little advance public notice because they feared Democrats, who control the Senate, would have had the doors to the chamber locked.

Mellow said no court challenges can now remove Stinson from the Senate. "He's sworn in," said Mellow, "and the only one that can remove Stinson now is the Senate itself."

In the meantime, Stinson settled in yesterday in his fourth-floor Capitol office, a space formerly occupied by Sen. Chaka Fattah (also D., Phila.). By mid-afternoon he had departed, 350 paper coffee cups on a shelf and a yellow legal pad centered on his desk for Monday morning.

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### "STATE TO INVESTIGATE SENATE CONTEST"

*Probe of Phila. race is a "top priority"*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/20/93)

By Henry Goldman and Vanessa Williams

State Attorney General Ernie Preate Jr. yesterday promised to commit the resources of his office to a full-scale criminal investigation into allegations of election fraud in Philadelphia's Second Senatorial District.

Preate called the investigation "our top priority, because the issue goes to the core of our democracy -- fair and honest elections."

Preate's announcement came a day after Philadelphia's city commissioners had declared Democrat William Stinson the winner of the bitterly contested state Senate seat. The commissioners ruled that Stinson's opponent, Republican Bruce Marks -- who had accused the Stinson campaign of massive fraud in the solicitation of absentee ballots -- had failed to make his challenges in accordance with state election law.

Within an hour of that decision, Stinson, who was in Harrisburg, was sworn in, giving the Democrats a 25th vote, and control, in the Senate, which is scheduled to reconvene Monday.

Yesterday, Marks sought to overturn Stinson's declared victory by filing an appeal of the commissioners' unanimous decision in Philadelphia Common Pleas Court. At the same time, 64 voters from the Second Senatorial District filed a "formal contest" to the election in Common Pleas Court, contending that Stinson had been "improperly and unlawfully certified" the winner, and that "fraud and massive abuse" had "altered the outcome of the election."

In both cases, Marks' lawyers also filed emergency petitions with the state Supreme Court, asking it to dissolve Stinson's certification as the winner and appoint special nonpartisan masters from outside the city to hear Marks' allegations of fraud.

All the legal papers filed by Marks' lawyers yesterday attacked the city commissioners for certifying Stinson before the lawyers could appeal the ruling.

Stinson's swearing-in was swiftly accomplished because Vincent G. Guest, the deputy secretary of the commonwealth, had gone to Philadelphia on Thursday, at the request of the Democratic Senate Caucus, to await a decision by the commissioners. As soon as they declared Stinson the winner, their certification of the election was sent to Guest at the State Office Building at Broad and Spring Garden Streets. He then certified the commissioner's document and faxed it to Senate Democrats waiting in Harrisburg, according to Denise Henke, a spokeswoman for the department in Harrisburg.

Preate, a Republican, said he decided to launch the investigation after allegations of widespread violations of election law were referred to him by District Attorney Lynne M. Abraham, a Democrat who disqualified her office from conducting an investigation because she had supported Stinson's campaign. Preate also cited reports in the news media, which he said made it "clear to me that a criminal investigation is not only justified but absolutely necessary."

"Those published reports," he said, "if true, appear to document illegal activity."

In interviews with *The Inquirer* over the last week, more than 100 voters described how they filed absentee ballots under circumstances that appear contrary to election law. Many told of being advised of "a new way of voting" that permitted them to write ballots at home. Several voters said they did not know whom they had voted for, and some said their ballots had been filled out by strangers.

These reports were cited Wednesday by U.S. Sen. Arlen Specter in a letter calling on U.S. Attorney General Janet Reno to also open an investigation. Yesterday, Justice Department spokesman Myron Marlin said officials were reviewing a complaint to determine if the Voting Rights Act had been violated.

Absentee ballots held the key to the election's outcome: Returns on the voting machines showed Marks leading Stinson, 19,691 to 19,125 -- a margin of 566 votes. Stinson, however, received 1,391 absentee votes to Marks' 366, a difference of 1,025, which gave Stinson a victory by 459 votes.

Marks said his campaign has interviewed 250 absentee voters, whose comments, he said, establish a pattern of "widespread fraud in the use absentee ballots" solicited from people who were ineligible to vote absentee because they could have gone to the polls.

In checking allegations of this kind, Preate said, he will consider any voters who may have improperly voted absentee "more as victims who were induced into doing something that they may not have known was illegal." These voters, Preate said, will probably be granted immunity if asked to testify before the statewide investigative grand jury.

In addition to violations of election laws, Preate said, "there might also be violation of criminal law involving forgery, tampering with witnesses. There might also be tampering with public records."

Preate said he also would investigate allegations made by the Stinson campaign of election law violations by Marks, including the mailing of fliers containing false endorsements of the Republican.

Preate said his investigation would focus on "possible criminal violations of the election laws" and not on issues involving challenged

absentee ballots, or who should be certified the winner.

In an effort to ensure public confidence in the fairness of the Attorney General's Office investigation, Preate said he had enlisted former Superior Court President Judge Edmund B. Spaeth Jr. and former Dauphin County Judge John C. Dowling. Spaeth is a Democrat; Dowling, a Republican.

The state Supreme Court last week ruled that Philadelphia Common Pleas Court Judge Eugene E.J. Maier, who had been hearing challenges of absentee ballots since Election Day, was not the proper person to be deciding such questions. The justices ordered the city commissioners to hold a hearing on the challenged ballots within 24 hours.

Maier had already ordered virtually all the absentee ballots counted, causing the ballots to be removed from sealed envelopes with the voters' names, and mixed together. This made it impossible to determine how a disqualified absentee voter might have voted, no matter how the commission ruled.

On Thursday, the city commissioners heard legal arguments over the election laws and testimony from only one of some 550 voters who had been challenged by the Marks campaign. About 30 voters had appeared at 9 a.m. and attended the eight-hour proceeding, expecting to testify.

The commissioners dismissed Marks' case, saying the election law required specific challenges for each absentee ballot, by certified poll watchers before the closing of the polls.

Marks had argued that in his rush to act upon last-minute information, his only option was to send campaign workers out to polling places throughout the district in the closing minutes of the election and have them blanket challenges to all absentee ballots.

When asked about State Sen. Vincent J. Fumo's reported threat that he would give Preate's office "not one nickel" toward such an investigation, Preate smiled and said he had the money. "And I appreciate Senator Fumo helping me in whatever matters that he wants brought to the attention of the investigators in this case."

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#### "DEMOCRATIC OUTRAGE"

*Abuse of calendar, electoral process test validity of state's political system*

(The Harrisburg Patriot 11/22/93)

At 2 P.M. today, the state Senate is scheduled to reconvene after a recess of nearly five months, a period during which some of the basic tenets of representative government have been abused in scandalous fashion.

One of those tenets is that the majority rules. Yet, since July, when the Republicans won a special election to fill a vacancy, the GOP has had a 25-24 edge in senators but has been prevented from exercising the power that goes with holding a majority.

Refusing to call the Senate back into session, even as the state House of Representatives returned in September, and refusing to permit the official swearing-in of newly elected Sen. David Heckler, R-Bucks, Lt. Gov. Mark Singel and his Democratic Senate colleagues have, in effect, conducted a putsch and deprived the commonwealth and its citizens of the benefits of their electoral decisions.

That something putrid is going on here was further demonstrated late last week in a hotly disputed Philadelphia election to fill another Senate vacancy. The Democratic candidate, William G. Stinson, was hastily sworn into office by Dauphin County Common Pleas Judge Sebastian D. Natale within an hour of certification by an elections board that went out of its way to avoid confronting the many and serious claims of vote fraud.

All of this is just another manifestation of the bitter partisanship that has prevailed in the Pennsylvania Legislature for years.

But this was over the edge. If the Democrats have managed to hang on to the reins of power, it is tainted both by their refusal to accept election outcomes when they occur and by the wholesale mis-

use of absentee ballots in the Philadelphia Senate race that managed to give Stinson a 461-vote margin over his GOP rival Bruce Marks.

Though Marks and his attorneys had 20 to 30 voters prepared to testify before the elections board, the Democrat-controlled board decided to hear only one. That voter's testimony established the fact that, in at least one case, a ballot was marked "received" at the city commissioner's office hours before it was actually filled out by the voter.

The least the elections board could have done was to hear all of the individuals prepared to testify that irregularities in voting had occurred. And Republicans also have merit in complaining that the board should have discussed its decision in public, not behind closed doors in apparent violation of the Sunshine Law.

Meanwhile, Attorney General Ernie Preate Jr. has announced an investigation that will focus on possible criminal violations of the election law in the Second Senatorial District, a probe that -- whatever it may find -- will not determine the election outcome.

The legitimacy of Stinson's election seems likely to become even muddled -- at today's return of the Senate to session. Republicans are expected to call for a roll call vote on the Philadelphia Democrat's right to take his seat. That will reopen the issue of whether Heckler is a seated senator -- Republicans, who performed their own swearing-in service back in August, say he is; Democrats maintain he isn't -- and whether Stinson can vote on his own seating.

It is virtually unheard of for an election to be declared invalid, but the obvious abuses and violations of the Elections Code that occurred in this race and the closeness of the outcome provide about as persuasive a case as one is ever likely to find within the confines of Pennsylvania. The question is whether Republicans can get a fair hearing in a Senate district, county and state where all of the appropriate ruling bodies and courts are overwhelmingly controlled by Democrats.

As much as anything else, the controversy surrounding this fraud-plagued election is a test of whether the Pennsylvania court system can rise above partisan politics and render fair and impartial justice in a matter of great political consequence.

As of Friday, the courts had failed that test. That is as disturbing as any other aspect of this intolerable breach of the government's obligation to honor the wishes of the citizenry as expressed through fair and honest elections.

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#### "PARTY POLITICS, ELECTION PROCESS: A COZY CITY TRADITION ENDURES"

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/21/93)

By Vanessa Williams  
Inquirer Staff Writer

Anthony Rotondo, a judge of elections in the 43d Ward, was a man on the spot election night.

Workers for Bruce Marks, the Republican candidate in the Second District, showed up at Rotondo's polling place and told him they were challenging the 41 absentee ballots cast in his division. As required by law, the Marks campaign even delivered \$10 in cash for each contested ballot.

Rotondo could have driven two miles to the Board of Elections at Delaware Avenue and Spring Garden Street. But it was 11 p.m., Rotondo explained later, he had been up since 5:30 a.m., and he was tired.

So, he took the envelope filled with the challenged ballots and \$410 in cash home with him for the night.

"I was holding unto that bugger," said Rotondo.

Rotondo is more than just an election official. He is also a Democratic committeeman in the 43d ward.

Why is a partisan, party official in charge of enforcing the election laws in his division?

The City Commissioners, elected officials themselves who over-

see elections, answer that question with another one: Why not?

In Philadelphia, from the bottom to the top, party politics and the job of running elections are so tightly intertwined that it often seems impossible to see where one thread begins and the other ends.

Of the three City Commissioners, two are ward leaders. One commissioner contributed \$150 to the Democratic candidate. Another received a \$100 contribution to her own City Commissioner campaign fund.

Many on their staff are committee people or patronage hires. Even election judges such as Rotondo are elected.

The commissioners acknowledge that they have allowed some of their statutory functions, such as the delivery of absentee ballots to voters, to be conducted by party officials and campaign workers.

They concede that they are virtually helpless to stop the kind of political activity that scores of voters say led them to cast what may have been illegal absentee ballots in the Nov. 2 special election in the state's Second Senatorial District, in which Democrat William Stinson was declared the winner last week.

Still, commissioners and other election officials maintain that they very thing that makes the process vulnerable to manipulation -- partisan politics -- also protects it from abuse.

"You always have a potential for abuse and that's why we do rely on the party system, because you rely on everybody watching everybody else," says James Jordan, a deputy city solicitor and counsel to the commissioners.

In interviews with *The Inquirer* over the last 10 days, more than 150 voters in the Second District said they were misled about using absentee ballots.

Some who did cast ballots did not qualify under state law but were told it was "a new way of voting." Some, who insisted they did not vote, were listed as casting ballots.

Impossible?

No, the two Democratic commissioners, Margaret Taraglione, the chairwoman, and Alexander Talmadge, Jr., said in an interview last week. John F. Kane, the Republican member, was ill and not present for the interview. Tartaglione is leader of the 62d Ward; Kane is leader of the 35th Ward.

While staff members of the Board of Elections check that people who request absentee ballots are registered voters, they do not check a signature to make sure an application has not been forged, the officials said, unless someone challenges that specific ballot.

Also, although state election law says that the Board of Elections will mail or deliver the absentee ballot, it has been Philadelphia practice to permit party committee people, campaign workers -- or almost anyone -- to serve as couriers for voters.

Edward V. Schulgen, chief deputy commissioner, rattled off the list of people who can drop off an application and pick up a ballot on a voter's behalf:

"Committee people, aunts, uncles, brothers, sisters...any of those people. Any neighbors, any friends, any campaign workers. If he says to us, 'Here's the applications, the people want me to pick up the ballots, we'll be back in a couple of days to pick up the ballots,' we do that. We've done that for 30 years.

"It's been done like that for fifty years," says Frederick L. Voigt, executive director of the Committee of Seventy, an elections watchdog group. "Under most circumstances...there is no problem."

Voigt argues that good committee people know their neighborhoods, know who is housebound or who suffered a stroke a few months before an election. He sees no problem with a committee person acting as a courier for that constituent.

"Who would know or care about whether or not I am able to exercise my franchise except a committee person, a partisan?" Voigt said. No one else cares."

Sandra Featherman, a former professor of political science at Temple University who now is at the University of Minnesota, Duluth, agreed with Voigt.

Featherman said that if the board required voters to pick up the ballots in person at the elections office, "those who have an automobile and taxi fare have more of an advantage than a poor person."

"I think we would not want to prevent large numbers of people from being able to vote in order to be sure no fraud took place," Featherman said, echoing an argument made by the commissioners.

The commissioners and their staff said that permitting committee people and campaign workers to canvass for absentee voters is no different than allowing them to scout for unregistered voters.

Election officials acknowledge the voter registration process also is vulnerable to manipulation.

Charles P. Mirarchi 3d, a deputy commissioner, said it's possible a person could be registered in more than one division. "If nobody challenges me," he said, making himself a hypothetical case, he could vote at more than one polling place,

Only if an opponent challenges the legitimacy of an absentee ballot would the signature on it be compared with the signature on voter registration records, Schulgen said.

About 2,600 applications for absentee ballots were received by the Board of Elections before the Oct. 26 deadline. Of those, 1,757 were counted in the official tally.

The board does not have "an army of inspectors and investigators," Jordan said, to cross-check the documents it receives.

Voigt also notes that around election season the volume increases, and if the board is to meet deadlines that permit voters to participate in upcoming elections, it does not have the time to put each document under a microscope.

The commissioners staff consists of 70 civil service workers and about 100 patronage employees, including deputies and part-time clerks.

Featherman, choosing her words carefully, noted that many of the employees and Election Day workers do not have "a lot of professional training in how to monitor elections."

In Rotondo's case, the committeeman, who works at the Register of Wills, was spotted by co-workers at the office photocopying absentee ballot envelopes the day after the election. Rotondo told them he was "covering his ass."

"Yes, that's absolutely right,...You always cover your butt," Rotondo confirmed in an interview later.

He said he photocopied the envelopes to prove that they had not been opened. "The Republicans came to my polling place three times to see if I had opened the ballots," Rotondo said.

The commissioners and their staff said that it was not uncommon for elections judges to return materials a day or two after the election.

All election workers are told to bring returns back to the Elections Board on election night, said Mirarchi; "Not all of them do."

But Mirarchi minimized the concern, saying the commissioners know how many absentee ballots are sent to each polling place and the judge of elections must account for those ballots.

"There's a paper trail. We do know that there would be 41; we do know that he's responsible for them and if he doesn't come up with them or they're damaged he has to answer the charges," Mirarchi said of Rotondo.

Voigt said he was not troubled by Rotondo's actions because they did not appear to impair the election process.

"These things happen...People have locked election paraphernalia in somebody's car. The fact is we're dealing with human beings," he said.

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#### "SOME RULES ON ABSENTEE VOTING"

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/21/93)

- Here are some of the legal provisions on absentee voting:
- Balloting is permitted only when a registered voter is bedridden, traveling on business or unable to get to a polling place.
  - To get an absentee ballot, a voter must file a signed application with the city Board of Elections and give a reason. Those citing a medical problem must list the name and address of a physician.
  - Ballots must be filled out in secret, signed on the outer envelope and returned by 5 p.m. on the Friday before the election.

- Someone who sends in an absentee ballot but is able to go to a polling place on Election Day -- because a trip was canceled, for instance -- must vote by machine and get the paper ballot voided.

- It is illegal to help someone fill out a ballot, unless the voter is too disabled to do so. Even then, the person helping must file a signed statement with the elections board affirming that he followed the voter's wishes.

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#### "THE SULLIED SENATOR"

*Stinson may have the title, but charges of vote fraud leave it a tarnished victory*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/21/93)

The newest member of the Pennsylvania Senate may have vote-fraud investigators nipping at his heels, and for that, Democrat William Stinson of Northeast Philadelphia has only himself and political supporters to blame.

State Attorney General Ernie Preate Jr. wouldn't be investigating the contested Second District race if so many voters weren't claiming that Stinson campaign workers and Democratic apparatchiks had misled them into thinking they could vote by absentee ballot. Absentee votes for Mr. Stinson, 1,391 in all, gave him the victory over Republican Bruce Marks.

More than 150 absentee ballot voters said in interviews with The Inquirer that they were able to go to the polls -- and therefore didn't qualify to vote by absentee ballot. Mr. Stinson and his campaign have denied wrongdoing.

Far more disturbing -- and potentially a matter for a U.S. Justice Department investigation -- are the disclosures in today's Inquirer that some voters' signatures may have been forged on applications and the ballot envelopes. This raises the prospect that balloting rules weren't just stretched -- but that laws were broken.

The voters' accounts of irregularities more than justify an independent criminal investigation. And the inquiry announced Friday by Mr. Preate clearly needs to go beyond the campaign workers -- and consider how so many ballots were issued in the first place.

Say this much, the events surrounding this election have shaken our confidence in the city's ability to police absentee ballot abuse.

The opening of hundreds of absentee ballots before the polls closed, a common infraction done for the convenience of poll workers, made it impossible to challenge them. Same with the decision last week of Common Pleas Court Judge Eugene E. J. Maier, a former elections official, to allow hundreds more absentee ballots to be unsealed and counted. Too little credence was given to the possibility that the election was being stolen.

Finally, it was disturbing last week to see this dispute initially poooh-pooohed by Democratic officials, right up to Mayor Rendell's office. This was just how big-city pols traditionally used the absentee ballot, they said -- and besides, most of those folks would have voted anyway.

Call us unsophisticated, but that is not acceptable. It looks as if the Stinson camp may have played the normal absentee ballot game, but to the tenth power. And the possibility that voting records were forged cries out for prompt investigation.

It's time to re-establish the American tradition -- and respect the law -- that able-bodied citizens cast their own votes at the polls.

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#### "VOTERS SAY BALLOTS WERE FORGED"

*'That's not my handwriting,' some 2d District residents say*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/21/93)

Pedro Figueroa arrived home on Election Day too fatigued from his job as a letter carrier to go to the polls.

He felt bad about not voting. It was a wasted worry. Figueroa's

vote had already been cast in Philadelphia's Second Senate District race -- by someone else.

City records show that an absentee ballot was obtained under Figueroa's name and used to cast a vote in the contest between Democrat William Stinson and Republican Bruce Marks.

It was, Figueroa says, a case of forgery.

Shown the signature on an absentee-ballot application filed in his name, Figueroa said without hesitation: "I don't sign like that. That's not my handwriting."

His signature on other documents -- including his 1988 voter registration form -- differs dramatically from that on the application and on the envelope in which the ballot was filed.

"Someone tried to copy it," said Figueroa, 50, sitting in the kitchen of his rowhouse in North Philadelphia. "Whoever did that, they should put in jail. It's not right."

His was not an isolated case, a freak event in an otherwise orderly campaign. In the days since the Nov. 2 election, more than 150 voters have told *The Inquirer* how rules on absentee voting were stretched and bent.

And late last week, it became clear from a review of newly unsealed records and the accounts of more voters that the rules were flat broken.

In accounts such as Pedro Figueroa's, the absentee ballot appears to have been obtained and cast fraudulently -- without troubling the voter to participate.

In the final count, absentee ballots provided a thin margin of victory for Stinson. Marks won on the voting machines, by 566 votes out of nearly 40,000 cast, but Stinson picked up 1,391 out of 1,757 absentee votes, giving him a 459-vote margin in the overall count.

Last week, the City Commissioners rejected Marks' claims of fraud and certified Stinson the winner. State Attorney General Ernie Preate Jr. said Friday that he would conduct a criminal investigation into allegations of election fraud. Stinson will take his seat Monday as the 25th Democrat in the 50-member Senate, giving his party control of the chamber because Lt. Gov. Mark Singel, a Democrat, holds a tie-breaking vote.

What many voters will remember are not the issues or the candidates, but the strangers who blitzed their neighborhoods, urging them to vote absentee -- which is permitted only if a voter is too sick to get to the polls or will be "unavoidably absent" on Election Day.

Doris Oliver, a longtime Democratic party worker, reported to the neighborhood polling place Nov. 2 to serve as an election judge and was stunned to find 16 absentee ballots from voters in a single block -- the 1900 block of North Darlen Street.

In 40 years as a committeewoman in the 20th Ward, Eighth Division, Oliver had never seen more than four absentee ballots from that block.

"It made me feel real bad at first, because I thought I might be losing touch with my people, not knowing all these people were sick and all," Oliver said.

As she sifted through the stack of ballot envelopes, she saw the names of people she had known for years, people she knew were not out of town, people she knew were more than healthy enough to get to the polls.

"That's when I said, 'What the heck is going on?'"

Voting records show that on Oct. 22, at 11:49 a.m., the City Commissioners received an application for an absentee ballot from a Robert J. Price, of the 100 block of East Loudon Street. The commissioners duly issued a ballot, which was later cast and counted.

The problem is that Price moved from East Loudon Street two years ago and now lives in Bucks County. In an interview Friday, he insisted that he did not apply for or cast a ballot and that the signatures on voting documents bearing his name were forgeries.

"Oh, no way," he said when shown a photocopy of the application form. "I don't curlicue anything....A girl did that."

The signature on his 1988 Philadelphia voter registration card differs markedly from that on the absentee-voting forms.

"Somebody tried to copy my signature," he said, "but they did a bad job."

A similar complaint was voiced by Walter Holler, 41, of the 4700 block of North A Street, who voted by machine at the neighborhood recreation center in the 42d Ward, Sixth Division.

Voting records show that someone applied for an absentee ballot in his name and that the City Commissioners issued one. It appears that the ballot was voided when Holler showed up at the polls.

Shown a photocopy of the application, Holler said, "That's definitely not my signature."

The signature appears significantly different from that on Holler's voter-registration card, filed with the city last summer.

The Inquirer's review also raised questions about an absentee ballot cast -- and counted -- in the name of Holler's estranged wife, Suzanne. The application form and the ballot envelope bear her husband's address on A Street. But Holler said his wife moved out more than a year ago.

On Mrs. Holler's 1984 voter registration card, her name is spelled Suzanne. The name and signature on the absentee-voting forms from the Nov. 2 election were spelled Susanne. She could not be reached for comment.

The City Commissioners also got a signed application -- and issued an absentee ballot -- for Wilbert Beltran, whose listed address was in the 2900 block of North Seventh Street.

But family members who live at that address say that Beltran couldn't possibly have filled out the form, and that the signature was a forgery.

"He's in jail," said his sister-in-law, who declined to give her name. "Three different persons came here. I kept telling them he's not here. He won't be back for a while."

An absentee ballot was delivered to the home, she said, but was not opened. No ballot was cast in Beltran's name.

Beltran has been in the Waymart State Prison in Wayne County for several years, the sister-in-law said. She would not say why he was serving time. The prison is a four-hour drive from North Seventh Street.

Cheryl Palmer had seen "church people" canvassing her North Philadelphia neighborhood in the 37th Ward in early October, registering people to vote and passing out Stinson literature.

So she wasn't surprised, she said, when two people came to her home in the 2500 block of North Marshall Street a few weeks later and told her that she could "vote from home."

Palmer, 28, said she thought it would be more convenient to vote in her own living room, so she filled out an application. The next day, the couple returned with an absentee ballot.

"They were talking so fast it put me off-balance," she said Friday. "I wanted to sit down and read it and everything but they said, 'Just sign it.'"

"I said, 'Ain't that for handicapped people and people in wheelchairs and stuff?'"

She said they assured her it was OK. So she went along.

Clenetta Robinson, who lives down the street, said a couple who identified themselves as Stinson campaign workers dropped an absentee ballot off at her house. She said she had recently registered to vote but had not applied for an absentee ballot.

When she was shown a photocopy of a signed application in her name, Robinson said: "What's that? I don't remember signing this. This is not my handwriting. It looks like somebody tried to copy my handwriting."

Robinson, 18, said she did not complete or return the ballot because she didn't know what it was. "I couldn't understand it and my grandmama said I didn't have to return it," she said. "I just kept it in the drawers and stuff."

Jonnie B. Rawls, of the 600 block of West Dauphin Street, said she, too, received an absentee ballot without having applied for one.

"This is not my signature," she said, shaking her head, when she was shown a copy of an application bearing her name. "That's not the way I sign my name. Nobody ever brought this card around to me."

The Sixth Division of the 42d Ward, a rowhouse community of Latino, Greek and other residents, produced 25 absentee ballots on Election Day -- an unusually high total.

Six voters interviewed Friday said they neither applied for nor cast absentee ballots. A review of voting records raised questions about several other ballots from the division. In several cases, voters asserted that their signatures were forged.

Three members of the Vallis family, who live in the 400 block of East Wyoming Avenue, said they did not vote in the Stinson-Marks election -- even though signed absentee ballots bearing their names and address were cast and counted.

A reporter showed Dimitrios Vallis, 26, a photocopy of an application for a ballot with his name and what purported to be his signature.

"I didn't vote," he said. "That's not my signature."

The younger Vallis, who lives with his parents above his appliance-repair business, said he had voted in previous elections, but not in this one. Asked how a ballot could have been cast in his name, he said: "I don't want to get anyone in trouble, but I didn't vote."

Sophia Vallis, 51, said she knew nothing about either candidate and did not vote. Her husband, Pantelis, 59, also insisted that he had not applied for or cast a ballot. The signature on his voter-registration card is distinctly different from those on the application form and the ballot envelope.

"The three people who live in this house did not vote." Sophia Vallis said. "Why they do it like this, I don't know."

On nearby D Street, members of the Santiago family were equally puzzled.

Maggie Santiago, serving as an interpreter for her relatives, said that neither her parents, Carmen and Francisco, nor her brother, Melvin, applied for ballots.

Maggie Santiago said the local Democratic committeewoman normally came by before each election and assisted her parents in voting, but did not do so this year.

Speaking through her daughter, Carmen Santiago, 49, asserted that she did not vote in the Stinson-Marks race -- in person or in absentia. Melvin Santiago, 23, was not home when a reporter visited.

Another absentee ballot from that division was filed under the name of Melina Hamouroudis. In voter-registration records, she is listed as living down the street from the Santiagos -- at 4746 D St. But a woman who answered the door there said the Hamouroudis family "moved out a couple of years ago."

Cynthia Carter, of the 3000 block of North Hutchinson Street in the 37th Ward, said she had no idea what she was signing when the visitors came around. Now she knows it was an absentee ballot.

She is still not sure for whom she cast her vote.

"I put my name on it," said Carter, 31, who had never before voted absentee and was not out of town on Election Day.

"But I didn't understand it. I didn't check anything off. I just signed my name. I didn't understand it, and the person doing it really didn't understand it either."

In the 19th Ward, Lydia Colon, of the 3400 block of North Third Street, said her neighbor, Democratic committeeman Peter Medina, told her he would clean her yard if she voted by absentee ballot. She said she was not ill or out of town on Election Day.

"He voted for me," said Colon, 54, contending that Medina "filled out the ballot, then asked me if I was a Democrat or a Republican....I feel very stupid. I feel that I was taken for a ride. I just signed the papers and that's it."

Medina, 58, dismissed Colon's account. "I don't approach anybody, and I don't fill out anybody's ballot. I would never do that....I never promise anybody anything."

Colon said she was still waiting for Medina to clean her yard.

The two strangers went door-to-door in the 500 block of West Westmoreland Avenue, telling the Latino residents about "a new way to vote." They could fill out ballots in the comfort of their homes, the men said, without having to go to the polling place.

On this one block of older rowhouses, 13 people applied for absentee ballots on the same day -- Oct. 18.

Voters said the visitors pumped them for information about medical problems that could qualify them for absentee ballots. Nine voters cited such problems on their applications -- although several had

always voted by machine in the past and said Friday that they could easily have done so again.

About two weeks after the first round of door-knocking, a Spanish-speaking man with a ponytail appeared bearing a bundle of absentee ballots, and people were convinced this new way of voting was for real.

The man told them, they said, that any reason was a good reason to vote from home. Some said he instructed them how to fill out their ballots.

"He pulled out a big piece of paper from one of the envelopes and he asked me: 'You're a Democrat, right?'" said Lucia Perez Olivencia, 53. "I said, yes, and he said in Spanish to put an X next to the box that said Democratico. I did what he said."

On her application form, Perez cited arthritis and asthma as her reasons for voting absentee. "I've got arthritis," she said Friday, "but it's never stopped me from going to the polls."

Her voter-registration card bears out this assertion: She has always voted by machine in the past.

Her neighbor Herminio Gonzalez, 65, signed an absentee ballot application stating that he expected to be out of town on Election Day. He said Friday that he had had no travel plans and had signed the form anyway because the visitors said it didn't matter.

Rafael Rodriguez, 57, said the Spanish-speaking man claimed to be with the Democratic Party and was looking to get votes for William Stinson. "He showed me some papers to sign and so I voted for Stinson," he said.

Rodriguez said he also signed a ballot for his 81-year-old wife, Anselia Rivera.

In his absentee ballot application, Rodriguez cited epilepsy as his medical excuse. But he said in an interview that he could have made it to the polls. Voting records show he has voted in a dozen general, primary and special elections since 1985 -- always by machine.

His wife has voted three times since 1989 -- each time at the local polling place.

"The guy kept saying this is la nueva forma de votar for people who are too sick to go vote at the machines in person." Rodriguez said. "I'll never vote this way again."

In Doris Oliver's neighborhood, in the 20th Ward, Eighth Division, voters said that unidentified visitors who went door-to-door had deceived them into thinking it was legal to vote absentee even if they were physically able to get to the polls.

Some thought they were registering to vote and were surprised to learn absentee ballots had been cast in their names. Some said they had signed voting forms for themselves and for relatives after the canvassers assured them this was legal.

"I didn't vote in the election, and I didn't sign up to vote," said Christine Jackson, 21, as she cradled her 2-month-old daughter in her arms.

When she was shown a signed absentee-ballot application form dated Oct. 22, she said the signature was not hers.

"Maybe my mother signed up for me," she said.

Carrie Minyard, 51, and her daughter Bridgette, 26, said two visitors came to their door in late October and said they were registering people to vote. The strangers told Bridgette she could sign for herself, her mother and her older sister, Bernetta, 28.

"She didn't know what was going on so she signed for all of us," the mother said. "She didn't read the papers she signed; she just took their word that she was registering us. I keep telling that child one day she's going to sign her life away."

Bridgette said the visitors had her fill out an absentee-ballot application and ballot for herself on the same day. Ballots are supposed to be issued by the City Commissioners only after a valid, signed application has been received.

She said they returned the next day and had her repeat the process, this time signing for her mother and sister, who were not home.

The applications for the three Minyards are all dated Oct. 22 and appear to be in the same hand. Each of the ballot envelopes is undated.

Katie Anderson, 82, has lived on the 1900 block of North Darien

Street for 47 years. She and her neighbor, Theresa Stevens, 81, always walk to the polls together as they discuss how they plan to vote.

"This year, a girl came here knocking on the door and saying I should vote at home," Anderson said. "She said it would be better because I might get sick on Election Day and not get to the polls."

Anderson, too, said the woman had her sign an application and ballot during the same visit. Her application is dated Oct. 22.

The Minyards, Anderson and other voters who had filed absentee ballots went to the polling place Nov. 2 -- apparently in confusion. In accordance with state law, they voted by machine and their absentee ballots were voided.

Doris Oliver, the election judge, wanted to know why they had signed for the absentee ballots.

"I don't know," they kept saying, Oliver said. "Nobody knows."

"You know, the thing is that that's just a friendly block. The people there really try to be nice and helpful. I told them, don't be so helpful all the time and just blindly sign everything people put in front of you."

For the last three or four years, Louis Kaplan, 72, has lived at the Boulevard Nursing Home in Rhawnhurst, outside the Second Senatorial District. Yet a ballot was cast in Kaplan's name in the Stinson-Marks race.

The reason, said his longtime friend, Ann Carrian of Hunting Park, is because she voted twice -- once for herself and once for Kaplan, who previously had a room at her house.

Yesterday, as she visited with Kaplan at the nursing home, Carrian, of the 500 block of West Pike Street, confirmed that she marked Kaplan's absentee ballot and signed his name to the envelope that bore his ballot.

"She told me that he could vote," Carrian said, referring to a Democratic committeewoman. "She said this year the handicapped, the nursing homes, can vote."

No one told her she could not vote for Kaplan, Carrian said. "I never even talked to him," she said.

Kaplan did not seem to mind. "I always vote Democrat," he said. Carrian, also a loyal Democrat, said she knew that. Carrian said she did not fill out Kaplan's absentee-ballot application. Whoever did got his occupation wrong. He is not, nor has he ever been, a housewife, as the application states.

But Carrian said she did sign the application. Kaplan could not remember when he last voted, but it was long enough ago that his Pike Street registration had been purged. Records show he re-registered Oct. 4 -- the deadline to vote in the Senate election. He confirmed that the signature on the registration was his, but did not remember signing.

"I might have, I don't know. I sign so many things in here," he said.

Enrico Sosa may have been the most absent of all absentee voters.

City election records show he registered to vote for the first time in Philadelphia on Oct. 4, the deadline for registering to vote. His address was listed on the 2800 block of N. Howard Street.

The same records show he then applied, from the same address, for an absentee ballot because he expected to be out of town.

And his absentee ballot, again from the same address, was counted along with others in the Second Division of the Seventh Ward.

His name is signed three times -- in three very different styles. Margarita Sosa, who does live at that address and has since 1970, said that no one in her family is named Enrico Sosa and that she knows no one by that name.

She said his name surfaced when two canvassers dropped by to tell her she could vote by absentee ballot. She told them she had never heard of Enrico Sosa. A few days later, his voter registration card -- dated Oct. 4, 1993 -- arrived in the mail.

#### "MARKS: SENATE SEAT WAS STOLEN"

*He spoke at a news conference with 3 voters who said their ballots*

*were forged. He accused Democrats of conspiracy.*

(The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/22/93)

By Michael Vitez  
Inquirer Staff Writer

Republican Bruce Marks continued his assault on opponent William Stinson and city Democrats yesterday, accusing them of stealing the Nov. 2 election and conspiring to cover up "massive election fraud."

Marks appeared at a news conference with three voters who say they were victims of that fraud, including Pedro Figueroa, who said that he never voted and that an absentee ballot in his name was forged.

Figueroa was one of several voters who were quoted in Sunday's Inquirer as saying that their signatures had been forged on applications for absentee ballots and on envelopes containing the ballots.

"There was a clear attempt to railroad this election, a clear attempt to cover up the illegality that occurred," Marks said. "It is a disgrace that the Stinson campaign and the Democratic Committee have attempted to cover up the fraud and abuse of this election."

Marks narrowly lost Philadelphia's Second Senate District race to Stinson, a Democrat. Marks won on the voting machines by 566 votes out of nearly 40,000 cast, but Stinson picked up 1,391 out of 1,757 absentee votes, giving him a 459-vote margin.

"The true conspiracy is what Bruce Marks has been doing -- to delay this process," Chris Simeral, Stinson's campaign spokesman, said yesterday.

Simeral said Marks' real goal was to keep Stinson from taking his seat when the Senate convenes in Harrisburg today.

"I'm sure they were planning to take control of the Senate on Monday," Simeral said.

Had Marks won the election, Republicans would have taken control of the Senate. With Stinson's victory, Democrats will retain it.

Mayor Rendell declined yesterday to comment on the most recent reports of alleged voter fraud.

"Everyone should at this point refrain from making any comment until an investigation uncovers something," he said.

Rendell -- for whom Stinson worked as assistant deputy mayor for economic development just before his run for the Senate -- said he welcomed an investigation by State Attorney General Ernie Preate Jr. or the federal government. "They should look at all the activities, the absentee ballots on both sides. Look at everything."

On Thursday, Stinson's election was certified by the City Commissioners, and he was sworn in less than an hour later in Harrisburg.

Marks has filed an emergency petition with the state Supreme Court, asking it to dissolve Stinson's certification as the winner and appoint a special nonpartisan judge from outside the city to hear allegations of fraud.

Marks said yesterday that U.S. Sen. Arlen Specter has agreed to represent him before the Supreme Court.

Since the election, more than 150 voters have told The Inquirer that they were led into voting by absentee ballot even though they did not meet the legal requirements for voting that way. The voters said they were approached by Stinson campaign workers, by people saying they were from the city and by others who did not identify themselves.

Forgeries of some ballots were suspected after the ballots and ballot applications were made public late Thursday.

Preate on Friday promised a full-scale criminal investigation into allegations of election fraud.

Marks said yesterday that he wants voters who filed absentee ballots in the district to tell their story before the court. He said he is confident that more than 500 ballots were cast illegally, enough to make him the legitimate winner.

"Now that the records have been exposed, we know the truth: massive election fraud," he said.

Simeral lamented yesterday that "the voters have to go through

all this. They've waited so long to have representation in this district, and now it's being dragged out by these stories."

He disputed the claim by Marks and Inquirer reports that voting abuse was rampant.

"We've talked to the people who did the field coordinating in those areas, and to the best of their knowledge, nothing like this went on," he said. "Since Election Day, you've had Marks people going door-to-door. By his own admission, he's interviewed 600 people. They've threatened some of those people, threatened them with jail. By this time, it's difficult to get an accurate picture of what went on. We think we've won it fair and square."

Regarding the allegations of forgery, Simeral said, "They absolutely should be investigated. If it's true, the ballots shouldn't be counted if they weren't voted legally. We just want a speedy investigation."

David Cohen, Rendell's chief of staff, called the allegations "a very serious matter going to the integrity of the democratic process."

As you read the accounts of forgery, Cohen said, "you get a sinking feeling in your stomach. It does bring back the days of voting for people who are dead and stealing elections."

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**"IN SPRUCED-UP SENATE DIGS,  
DIRTY PA. POLITICS PREDICTED"**

*A tenuous balance of power has strained party relations. Stinson's seating creates a combat zone.*

*(The Harrisburg Bureau of The Philadelphia Inquirer 11/22/93)*

By Robert Zausner

HARRISBURG - The newly renovated Senate chamber is ready for today's long-awaited session, the elegant room buffed to the hilt with new carpeting, polished marble, varnished mahogany and re-touched gilding.

Just in time for a brawl.

"It's going to be very hostile," Senate President Pro Tempore Robert J. Mellow (D., Lackawanna) predicted Friday, pointing out a quotation in his local Scranton newspaper in which a top Senate Republican referred to him as "bloodthirsty" for power.

The atmosphere in the Senate has been bad the last several years, but now it is downright poisonous. Republicans, doing a slow burn for a year, appear ready to explode.

It all started a year ago, when Democrats captured procedural control of the Senate thanks to the defection of a GOP senator. Then in January, when a historically Republican seat was vacated, Lt. Gov. Mark S. Singel put off a special election to fill it until July.

Later in the year, Democrats recessed the Senate for the summer until today so that a newly elected Republican couldn't be seated and give the GOP a majority.

But the big blow came just last week, when Mellow swore Democrat William Stinson into office to assume another seat left vacant when Sen. Francis J. Lynch died in May. Republicans say their candidate, Bruce Marks, was robbed in the election by Democrats who improperly collected absentee ballots.

Stinson's seating creates a 25-25 tie in the chamber. And it establishes gridlock.

Democrats will continue their tenuous control of the chamber because Singel, who serves as Senate president, can cast a tie-breaking vote on procedural matters or amendments. But it still will take 26 votes -- thus at least one Republican -- to get a bill passed in the Senate.

"I think it's going to be very difficult for that to occur," said Steven C. MacNett, general counsel for Senate Republicans. "It's hard to imagine that many of the issues that need to be addressed are going to be in a position to be addressed."

MacNett contended there was "an attempt to cover up fraud not only in the election but in the certification" of the vote electing Stinson. He said those issues will have to be addressed before the Senate

can get to work on legislation.

"What they've done," MacNett said of the Democrats, "is going to make doing business in the Senate more difficult than it's been, and that's been nearly impossible."

Nevertheless, Mellow said, he intends to try to press on with legislation, although, without much hope of compromise, such action would appear intended to force Republicans into embarrassing no votes.

"I would love to consider the possibility of a tax reduction" today, Mellow said, well aware that cutting business taxes is the GOP's top legislative priority.

Mellow said that he had talked with David Heckler, the Republican elected to the Senate in July, and that they had agreed Heckler would be sworn in before the full Senate today. Republicans administered the oath of office to Heckler in September, but Democrats, who were not present, discounted that procedure as unofficial.

Heckler said last week that he felt his swearing-in was proper and legal, but agreed to take the oath a second time rather than go to court over his contention. "That would be silly," he said.

The House, meantime, will deal with what the framers of the state constitution intended the legislature to deal with -- legislation.

Fourteen bills are slated for votes, and that does not count what could be the most controversial and far-reaching measure that could arise, namely, a bill to change the state's campaign financing laws.

The measure is not on the House calendar, but its sponsor, Rep. Allen G. Kukovich (D., Westmoreland) has said he may use a procedural tactic to get the bill called for a floor vote.

Before the House recessed in October, House leaders refused to consider the bill because of a proposed amendment that would limit campaign contributions to candidates in legislative races. Kukovich's bill deals only with the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, treasurer, attorney general and auditor general and with appellate courts.

Also, the House today is expected to vote on a resolution to allow the Judiciary Committee to subpoena grand jury testimony in the case of Supreme Court Justice Rolf Larsen. The committee is investigating Larsen for possible impeachment.

Larsen, 59, a member of the high court for 16 years, is accused of illegally obtaining prescription drugs. A grand jury report also assailed Larsen as not believable and unfit for the court, and state Attorney General Ernie Preate Jr. has called for his immediate resignation.

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**The PRESIDENT pro tempore (Robert J. Mellow) in the Chair.**

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Fayette, Senator Lincoln.

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, on the point of the transcript for the unofficial swearing-in of Senator Heckler, I will not object to that being part of the Petitions and Remonstrances record, but I want to make it clear that it is not an official transcript. There was no Presiding Officer present from the Senate, it was not recorded by an Official Senate Reporter, and both of these are constitutional and statutory requirements to make this an official transcript. And I think it is important to know that what we are seeing here today is a continuation of what the Republican Party in the Senate and throughout Pennsylvania, particularly reaching to the point of Attorney General Preate being part of this effort to besmirch the integrity of one candidate who won with unfounded--

Nothing has been proven. In fact, every court that the Republican Party has gone into on this issue has failed to recognize their allegations. As late as today, a Federal court--which

is incredible that it could reach to that point—a Federal court in the eastern part of the State dismissed their case and immediately it was taken to the Third Circuit Court of Appeals, and that was dismissed about an hour ago. And I heard from one of the Senate staffers on the other side of the aisle that they have some retired Russian judge who is going to be here next week to hear the case, and they will probably continue to do this until they find some sympathetic person who will agree with some of their allegations without having a fair hearing.

And to talk about fairness, I have heard — I have not heard until today but I have read Senator Jubelirer's allegations in the press of all these horrible things that have taken place in the Senate, and one of the things that bothers me a little bit is that whenever Attorney General Preate indicated last Thursday that he would be willing to take on this horrendous task of this investigation, I did not see one word coming from anybody on the Republican side, even though Lynne Abraham, the elected District Attorney in Philadelphia County, recused herself from this simply because she had been part of the campaign in the Stinson-Marks race. But if I am correct in reading some of the newspapers that I have in front of me, I see that Ernie Preate was in the Second Senatorial District blaming the Democratic leaders in the Senate for allowing the State to drift and blaming us for— We are now at a crossroads, I think he said, and we have to send a message to Mark and the arrogance of power that he represents, said Preate, talking about acting Governor Singel, urging support for Republican Bruce Marks' campaign for a vacant seat in Philadelphia.

Now, if there was any integrity in this world, if there were any concerns on the part of Senator Jubelirer about the fairness of this, I think he should take a look at the Republican State Committee report. I think it was filed 15 days before the election, but a \$3,300 campaign contribution was given to the Republican State Committee, and I would have to say, being anything less than presumptuous, that that was used for the Marks campaign, and I am at a loss to understand how Attorney General Preate is going to expect anyone to believe whatever he says, whether it is that nothing wrong was done in that district or that there are all kinds of allegations that are true in that district, why he would not recuse himself from this issue the same as Lynne Abraham did is simply beyond belief, and I think it further taints anything else that has been done in that district.

None of the allegations have been proven. No one has been before a judge and taken an oath of telling the truth with the threat of perjury and has indicated in any way, shape, or form that what we read in the Inquirer or what Senator Jubelirer says is true. It could take a long time for that type of information to become a solid part of the record here in this Senate and in the courts in Pennsylvania. But I believe that we have seen what is commonly accepted as politics in this general society that we live in, in Pennsylvania and the whole country, in that if you attack, seek out and destroy, make allegations of wrongdoing, that that is the way things go.

Fortunately, there is some semblance of order left in this country, and that is our judicial system, and whether they be

Democratic judges or Republican judges or whatever, whether they be Common Pleas, appellate or Federal courts, I think that the attack that has been made on the court system is one of the most damaging things that could happen to this society that we live in and could be as disastrous to this society as anything else.

Today we saw democracy in action. Whether you agree with it or not, it was democracy in action. Today, a duly elected and certified individual was sworn into the Senate and will remain here, even though there probably will be many, many efforts made by the Republicans in the Senate to put that election aside, and I can tell you that the one solid point in this whole process is that neither you, the Republicans, nor us, the Democrats, have any right whatsoever to question what is taking place in the courts until that is done. We have attorneys, we have procedures. Those of you who are trained in the law know that that is the way things are done, and you also know that you can stand in the news media room, you can stand in the Rotunda, you can write your press releases, you can have a newspaper that just happened to endorse Marks and now is determined that they are going to make him the winner irrespective of what took place at election time, you can do all those things, but the real solid part of this society is that we are a nation of laws, we are a society of laws, and if any of those laws have been broken, I believe that the courts will finally make that determination. If they have not been broken, they will finally make that determination. And we will proceed in this body until that time accepting the fact that two Democrats and one Republican on the Election Board in Philadelphia certified this election, the certificate was issued and Senator Stinson was sworn in and is a Member of this Senate. And I believe that there will be many, many thousands of words spoken on the irregularities, the alleged irregularities, the alleged whatever, and somewhere, sometime, maybe it will be determined one way or the other.

I personally have no fear whatsoever that this election will stand, that there will be, in a fair court, where people are told that they are not threatened with anything for telling the truth, there is not somebody knocking on their door who does not speak a language maybe as well as they do telling them that they did something wrong and then writing down what they say. I believe that in a controlled set of circumstances, where there is a judge who will not allow those kinds of intimidating threats to be made. Where there is an oath taken by the individual and an oath taken by the attorney to stay within the parameters of good conduct, that the answers given by the people who are there will be that they intended to vote for Bill Stinson and that they did the right thing, and that there was no fraud and there was no cheating, and it just happens to be that you lost the election.

Now, I know that what I am saying here does not make any difference to anybody anywhere, probably even in my Caucus, but I want to say to you that the basis for what I said originally about the transcript I think is irrefutable. I do not believe there is anybody who can argue that the Constitution says that these are requirements and that they are statutory requirements

and that we did not, in fact, have David Heckler sworn in until today, and I do not know why you want to continue that fight, because as far as I can see, it is over.

But I will tell you that I am not going to conduct myself in a manner of making threats or overreacting emotionally to the kinds of things that I have been hearing for weeks and weeks. It was a very hard election. It is very difficult to lose an election like that, but I think it is time to put that away. It is time for us tomorrow to start thinking about the needs of the people of Pennsylvania, not who is in the Majority or who is in the Minority. It is time for us to develop an agenda for legislative activity. It is time for us to take a look at the budget for the next year, about which in the next 2 weeks the Governor will be giving us information on preliminarily what they expect. In February we will have another official budget presented to us. We have extreme responsibilities in extreme times, and I am looking forward to that.

I am going to continue to listen to the debate because I have no choice in that matter. I am not going to be affected by it. I am going to try to keep the focus on moving forward, and I would ask every other member of this Senate, all 49 duly elected, duly sworn-in, and duly seated Members of this Senate, to join me in looking forward to 1994 in a way that would be the best for everybody - Democrat, Republican, Independent, and non-registered voters - the people of Pennsylvania, who I believe deserve that from us, and we should give it to them. And I do ask you to think about that between now and tomorrow.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Delaware, Senator Loeper.

Senator LOEPER. Mr. President, I have prepared remarks that I would just ask be submitted and made a part of the record.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, the remarks will be made a part of the record.

*(The following prepared remarks were made a part of the record at the request of the gentleman from Delaware, Senator LOEPER:)*

November 22, 1993

Mr. President:

We have entered what appears to be a very dark era for Pennsylvania---a time when all three branches of our government, under the control of my brethren on the other side of the aisle, have not only stretched the limits, but have gone totally out of bounds.

The last time something like this seems to have happened here in the Senate was 50 years ago. It concerns me that in the year 2050, someone might be reviewing these journals for a script to flaunt the law.

I'm not going to deny that Pennsylvania politics has always been partisan, even bitter at times. But, Mr. President, the actions we've seen in the last few days show an absolute arrogance for meeting the needs of the few at the expense of the many.

Clearly, every step of this process has been orchestrated. A conspiracy between the administration, currently led by acting Governor Mark Singel, this Democrat caucus and the tarnished Philadelphia election system appears evident. From the courts, to the county board of elections, to Mr. Stinson just happening to be in Harrisburg, to the Department of State being open after hours to receive and somehow

magically certify that election within minutes, when it generally takes two months to get a duplicate birth certificate.

Let's look at the message this tainted process sends to the good citizens of this Commonwealth:

1)It doesn't matter that the Constitution guarantees that elections be free and fair;.

2)It doesn't matter that the laws and rules set forth in the Election Code are totally ignored. They mean nothing.

3)It doesn't matter that electors are lied to, their signatures are forged, and their independent voting rights ignored. It's O.K. to vote the dead and your relatives, even if they're in prison. It's O.K. for judges of election to file an absentee ballot and then vote again. Vote early and often, that age-old maxim that I thought had fallen into disrepute, was the Democrat's motto in this election.

In spite of overwhelming odds against the Republican candidate, the election in the 2nd Senatorial District was a tough one. Either side would have been crushed by a loss---but what we need to see is a legitimate loss in an honest, hard-fought election. What we have now is a scam that puts a cloud on the election process, violates the true will of the electorate, and irreparably scars the perception our citizens have of their elected officials.

Despite an increasingly sophisticated electorate with a renewed thirst for information about and action on the troubling issues of our time, they receive "politics as usual" and continuing disillusionment. It shatters your faith in our governmental system. In fact, I am sure people may be wondering why anyone has to obey the law if our elected officials are exempt.

Mr. President, the Senate as an institution has been compromised. Further, our citizens have lost respect for us and any confidence they might have had in the true outcome of an election.

Thank you.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, it is about time that we set the record straight on what occurred in Philadelphia in the Second Senatorial District from beginning to end and why we are here today still discussing an election.

Mr. President, what we are really confronted with here is not the election in the Second Senatorial District but rather the mad-dog viciousness on the part of the Minority party to regain control of this Chamber. And not all Members of that party, Mr. President. There are some very fine, respectable Members of that Caucus, but there are those, in their ambition, who are blind.

Mr. President, this did not start today, it did not start at the election of Senator Stinson, it did not start at the election of Senator Heckler. It started way back in January - in fact, even before that, when, through a quirk of reapportionment, the Republicans called the shot that moved the 44th Senatorial District from Allegheny County to Montgomery County. That precipitated a change in Caucus seating on behalf of one of those Members, Senator Pecora, and then all of a sudden there was outrage from the Republicans. And as I had stated back then and state again today, it was not the Democratic Caucus that began this type of activity, it was the Republicans.

There was no outcry, we just accepted it when Senator Street, who was elected as a Democrat, became a Republican, and was not reelected, I might add. Senator Rocks set the all-time history record of having been the only person alive in the history of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to have actively sat in all four Caucuses. But when he moved over to

the Republican Senate Caucus, after having been elected as a Democrat, after having used Senate Democratic Campaign Committee money to do it, we did not say anything. We were upset, but we did not start this harangue that you see now.

I submit to you this is over-aggressive staff that the leadership on that side of the aisle is unable to control, and I would hope, for the institution of this Senate, that they learn how to manage their employees in a proper fashion, because it is we who serve here, it is we who serve here who take the brunt of this, not the staff that put some of the Members at odds with other Members. I talked to one Senator who got personal and made a mistake and I asked him what happened, a Republican Senator, and he said, unfortunately--and he had apologized--he had just read the remarks that were written by staff.

Mr. President, let us go back to the election now. The night before the election--not the day before--Mr. Marks, whom I often affectionately refer to as Mordred, the illegitimate son of King Arthur, Mr. Marks decided to go to the emergency judge of the Court of Common Pleas and ask that all absentee ballots be impounded on the blatant accusation that there happened to be a lot of them. No evidence was produced that one of those ballots was illegally obtained or cast. Then what happened? The case was referred to the Court of Common Pleas the next morning at 7 o'clock, in front of the Honorable Gene Maier, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, who was sitting in election court, and he was the first judge in election court. At that proceeding, Mr. Marks again complained and wanted all the ballots impounded. The judge did allow him the fact that the ballots would not be sent to the polling places until noon, an extraordinary remedy, but gave him that. And then he held on to jurisdiction.

On election night--and now we talk about illegal, massive election fraud--at 8 o'clock at night, after the polls had closed, the only evidence that we have that has been produced anywhere under oath is that Mordred and his followers illegally entered polling places without watcher certificates, in criminal violation of the Election Code. And I refer to one Manuel Lorenzo, who stated under oath before the City Board of Elections that, in fact, his address was 2033 Plum Street, and I will continue with a few questions and answers:

*(Reading:)*

"Q. ...on November 2nd, 1993, what was your status with respect to this election? By that, I mean, were you a certified watcher, were you a judge of election? Were you a representative of any campaign or person?

A. I was a representative of the Bruce Marks campaign.

Q. Were you certified as a poll watcher for the Marks campaign or for the Republican party or for any other candidate or party?

A. I was certified as a poll watcher.

Q. In what ward and what division?

A. 19-17.

Q. On November 2nd, 1993, did you file a challenge to the ballot of Delphina Martinez in the 19th Ward, 10th Division?

A. Yes, I did.

Q. Did you, at that time, submit the challenge fee or the

bond of ten dollars to the appropriate election official at the polling place?

A. Yes, I did. I submitted it to the judge of elections.

Q. And did you obtain a receipt?

A. Yes."

And then it goes on about the procedure that was followed.

On page 84 of the testimony:

*(Reading:)*

"Q. On November 2nd 1993, when you brought the challenge to the appropriate election official at the polling place with reference to the ballot of Delphina Martinez, did you at that time state a reason for the challenge to the ballot of Delphina Martinez?

A. The reason that we stated was that we felt that the ballots were invalid since we knew that most of the people who voted were still in the City.

Q. Did you, on November 2nd, 1993, know that of your own personal knowledge and information?

A. Well, in our community, everything is -- there are no secrets in our community.

Q. That's not the question. The question is, at the time you made the challenge, did you know, of your own personal knowledge, whether or not Miss Martinez, Delphina Martinez, was available to vote?

A. We knew that a lot of people were not there, but I couldn't be for certain.

Q. By your answer, I understand you to be saying you did not have specific knowledge that Delphina Martinez was not qualified to vote as an absentee voter on November 2nd, 1993?

A. Well, we -- what I did know was the process that was used, in my estimation, was illegal. So we knew that anybody was illegal."

Mr. President, that was a typical challenge by a Bruce Marks poll watcher who, by virtue of the fact that he was a poll watcher in the 19th Ward of the 17th Division, committed election fraud and illegally entered the 19th Ward of the 10th Division after the polling hours when he did not have a watcher's certificate. Now, we can pooh-pooh that and say, gee, well, he only entered a polling place illegally. That is no big deal. Mr. President, the entire election process is inviolate.

But let me tell you what is really at play here. This fits right in with the Ed Rollins technique in New Jersey, because let me quote for you Mr. Paul Rosen, who was one of the legion of lawyers for Bruce Marks at this hearing, and he stated to the election commissioners as follows:

"But the last analysis, which is what I want from this board, is to have all 500-and-some ballots ruled invalid, good and bad together." And what 500 ballots was he talking about? The ballots that were cast in minority wards. He repeats himself later, Mr. Rosen. And quoting him, quote, "You could give me a remedy that all challenged ballots are void. Recommend to the Court of Common Pleas that all ballots are invalid. All. Good and bad."

Mr. President, they wanted to disenfranchise every voter in that district who voted by absentee and by their own admission, both the good ballots and the bad ballots. No wonder Mr.

Rollins does what he does in New Jersey. It is commonplace for the Republican Party in Pennsylvania as well.

Mr. President, when we got into the actual action, the first thing that the Republicans did, the very first thing they did, was deny the Stinson campaign their choice of counsel. Mr. Gregory M. Harvey represented the Stinson campaign and was involved in the litigation. For years Mr. Harvey was known to be an election court specialist and represented many Democrats. Lo and behold, in this case he was conflicted out because his law firm had done some pro bono work at one time for the Republican State Committee. Lo and behold, who came in to represent the Republican State Committee? None other than our own employee, Stephen MacNett, who entered his appearance on their behalf, thereby conflicting out Mr. Harvey. Well, if this was so blatant, why were they afraid to let Mr. Stinson have his lawyer? Never before, never before was that issue ever raised in all the times Mr. Harvey represented Democratic candidates throughout this Commonwealth. But this time in their viciousness they decided to conflict him out.

No problem. They forgot that there were other lawyers. Mr. Ralph Teti then entered the case. Mr. President, what did they do then? They went to Judge Maier, and they agreed, in the colloquy, that Judge Maier could hear the challenges of the ballots. They agreed to that. So they started the hearing. Judge Maier gave them all the latitude in the world, and instead of hundreds and hundreds of people who voted illegally, they produced some 20 or 30 people in court, 3 or 4 who testified, and they won a couple of challenges. At the conclusion of that the judge basically said to Mr. Marks, put up or shut up. This is a court of law, this is not a news conference. If you have evidence, produce it. Mr. Marks could not produce the evidence.

Judge Maier then validated the absentee ballots and dismissed the challenges, but, rather than do anything hastily, said that those ballots were to remain sealed and afforded the Marks campaign an opportunity to make an appeal. The Marks campaign decided not to do that. I submit they did not want to do that because the last thing they wanted was to be heard on the merits. If they had an appeal and lost again, it might hurt their public relations efforts. So they sat back, waited for the deadline to pass and allowed the ballots to be opened, now causing complete chaos if you really have a challenge, because now how do you figure out who voted for whom in case you later on happen to challenge an absentee ballot?

Be that as it may, the judge then scheduled the hearing on a Sunday, in an effort to try to get this matter resolved as quickly as possible. Then Bruce Marks went to the Pennsylvania Supreme Court on Friday, in another emergency fashion, and obtained an order from Justices Nix and Montemuro, who stayed all the proceedings. He went into court that day to ask that a special master be appointed from outside the city of Philadelphia, thereby besmirching the reputations of all judges in the city of Philadelphia, both Democrat and Republican. Eventually, that was denied.

The court ordered that the case go back to the county commissioners, and that it did do. In front of the county commis-

sioners, this type of nonsensical evidence was produced, and again when Mr. Marks was told to put up or shut up, he could not put up any--any valid challenges. One woman testified, who was their witness--their witness, not the Stinson campaign's--testified that, yes, she had received an absentee ballot in a proper fashion; yes, she was in the county that day; no, she was not sick, but she was at the hospital taking care of her brother, who was dying of cancer. There were a lot of laughs on the Marks campaign when they uncovered this horrendous illegal act, as they would have you believe. Lo and behold, there is a case in point from another county in Pennsylvania that clearly states that such an activity is proper grounds for an absentee ballot, and that challenge was dismissed.

Mr. President, at the conclusion of that hearing, a unanimous decision came down. Two Democratic and one Republican county commissioner certified the election of Bill Stinson as a Senator in this General Assembly. Then Mr. Stinson was sworn in, in a fashion, I might add, not much different than the way I was sworn in back in 1980 by Senator Hager when I believe the only people present in this Chamber in August were Senator Hager, myself, and Ed Early, who happened to be down here that day. When we reconvened the Senate back in September I asked Senator Hager for another swearing-in so that I could bring in my family and friends to a proper ceremony. He told me, you get one swearing-in. If you want a ceremony, go down to the Rotunda, and I did, in fact, do that ceremoniously.

But what happens then? "Ernie the Attorney" to the rescue. Our unbiased, unpolitical Attorney General comes to Philadelphia, riding on his white horse to do justice to the American way of life. "Ernie the Attorney," who campaigned actively for Bruce Marks, who contributed money to Bruce Marks' campaign, came in and said, if these Inquirer allegations are true, we are going to put people in jail here. I hope "Ernie the Attorney" puts somebody in jail as a result of this election. I submit he can begin his investigation with one Manuel Lorenzo, who admits under oath as to having committed a crime. He can then proceed to look into the accusations of the FDR Federation PAC, something which I am shocked to find out that my colleague on the other aisle, a member of the Jewish faith, has not found reprehensible and has not yet condemned, as have most other people who have seen that who are of the Jewish faith.

Mr. President, "Ernie the Attorney" is on the scene, so we know things are going to be wonderful. This is the same Ernie Preate who 4 years before, gratuitously, in another election held in that November, at the request of Senator Rocks--we all remember him--who complained something about the fact that the voting machines were not there on time. This was massive election fraud and it had to be investigated. Ernie Preate rode to Philadelphia that day too on his white horse, informed the Philadelphia media that he would get to the bottom of this and he would prosecute these wrongdoers. Mr. President, it is 4 years and God knows how many weeks later, we have not heard from Ernie yet on that one. We are still waiting. Maybe if we give him \$800,000 he can find out what happened in that

election as well.

Mr. President, then what happened today? Today, Bruce and the guys, with Senator Specter in hand, "Darlin' Arlen," another guy who is for truth, justice, and the American way, brought them down to intimidate a Federal judge, who, quite frankly, was a selectee of "Darlin' Arlen." That judge took about 5 minutes to throw the cabal out, along with "Darlin' Arlen."

Then what did they do in their zeal? They went to the Third Circuit Court of Appeals of the United States of America. An emergency panel was set up because we were here in Harrisburg doing things. Bruce's civil rights were denied. We had to do something. That panel consisted of three members of the Third Circuit Court of the United States - two Republicans and one Democrat. What did that court do? It dismissed the cabal and Senator Specter again.

Now, at this point in time I have no idea if the gang is on a train to Washington looking for a member of the U.S. Supreme Court. But I do know this: Despite the harangue of the other side, despite the viciousness, the acrimony, the unbelievable unprofessional conduct, not one court in America has said that Bill Stinson should not be in this Senate.

We talk about arrogance. The only arrogance I have seen abound here is every time the Majority extends a courtesy to the Minority to talk is when we see arrogance. Mr. President, we talk about wrongful actions. The only actions that have been wrong, that have been testified to in court, are those of the Bruce Marks campaign. And we talk about day after day after day. Mr. President, I have no dreams. I understand that the minute this Senate became 25-25 the Minority party would begin its gridlock, and I submit to them that they will suffer the same fate in Pennsylvania that George Bush suffered when he precipitated gridlock on the United States Congress.

I have no doubt, Mr. President, that we will not pass a bill out of here. I have no doubt that the debate on Mr. Stinson's seating, as despicable as it is for the other side to continue to do this, that we will not get that resolved. We will be here day after day, as the Minority Leader has threatened. We will be in gridlock, there will be acrimony, we will not get our business done.

And I am particularly happy that the Minority Leader has seen fit to spread upon the record the newspaper stories as printed in the Philadelphia Inquirer as fact and truth. And I am even happier that the Minority Leader has seen fit to listen to the editorial board positions of the Philadelphia Inquirer, because I will remind him day after day after day when he does not listen to the Philadelphia Inquirer on other issues.

Mr. President, it is a sad day in America when we begin to take our law from the newspapers. I, for one, will not do it. I, for one, will stand up and say that we are a government of laws, and this thing should be fought out under oath in the courts.

I wish the Attorney General Godspeed. I wish him fairness. I would hope that he would have the common decency to remove himself from this investigation. After having campaigned for Mr. Marks and contributing to him, it does present a little bit of the appearance of impropriety, but we all know that he

is not upset about that. Maybe we could ask the Crime Commission for some information as well while we are at it.

Mr. President, I have also heard allegations about the fact that the rump swearing-in of Senator Heckler was not, in fact, that. Mr. President, it was. We all know what the law is. I followed it when I called Senator Hager on the phone and said I wanted to be sworn in. Senator Heckler never called Senator Mellow on the phone and said he wanted to be sworn in, ever. And the Minority Leader did not call Senator Mellow and say, we want to swear in Senator Heckler, could you please come to the Chamber? Never. It was done under the sneaky slime of a rock. We sat in this building, we were in the office around the corner, we were in a leadership meeting when we were advised that the Republicans came in here and had this rump swearing-in. Republican Senators who were friends of mine did not tell me what was going on. They wanted to come in and do their thing. Well, they did their thing. They could have done it out in front of the Capitol, they could have done it at Broad and Market, they could have done it in Bob Jubelirer's basement, if he has one. They could have done it anywhere. The law is clear. If you want to swear in a Senator, it has to be here, it has to be in front of the Presiding Officer, and it has to be done with the Senate Official Reporter there. But they did not want that, they wanted to yell and scream and cry foul. That is all they are about - crybabies.

Mr. President, yeah, there ought to be a lot of reform in this place. Fortunately, I only got to give out scholarships one year. I wonder how many years Senator Jubelirer gave them out before they were reformed out of here? Certainly he gave out a hell of a lot more than I ever did.

And let me tell you something about ghost employees. I remember, Mr. President, after I had been found guilty by a court in Philadelphia of doing that sort of activity—I might also add that the evidence was given to that court by a Republican Member of the Senate who is still here who thought he could get rid of me that way. I have never complained about it. I take my lumps. I do not do those things to you people, but I understand the Republican way and I am mature enough. But as I was sitting in my office one day on Tasker Street a little bit down in the dumps, a Republican committeeman came to visit me in my office—he will go unnamed. In fact, I do not think he is deceased now—but he came to my office and said, Senator, I really feel bad about what happened to you. I said, I really appreciate that. I said, by the way, what are you doing these days? He said, oh, I got one of those jobs. One of what jobs? I am the Republican legislative representative for the First Ward of Philadelphia. I said, what do you mean? He said, you know, one of those payroll jobs. Oh, I understand. But he was on the Republican payroll, so it was okay. So while we reformed the Democrats, Republicans were still playing their games back in those days. I remember those days.

Mr. President, nothing is more important in this country than the integrity of the ballot. I do not dispute that. Mr. President, that means absentee ballots as well as ballots on the machine. If we decide as a body, in conjunction with the House, that no one should be permitted to vote unless they go into that

polling place, then let us do it. But I am tired of hearing the harangue that Mordred won the election on the machines but lost it on the absentee ballots, like that is something illegal or evil. They are there for a purpose. They are there so that people who cannot get to the polling place can, in fact, vote. And there may, in fact, be, although it is yet to be proven, that some of those absentee ballots, both Democrat and Republican, are invalid. It may, in fact, be that some individuals, in addition to the Marks people who have already admitted under oath what they did illegally, it may, in fact, be that some of the Marks people as well as some of the Stinson people did some things illegal. I do not know. "Ernie the Attorney" is going to tell us that. And if they did, they should go to jail. I would be the first to say that. But, Mr. President, by no stretch of the imagination are there enough absentee ballots out there that are in contest, in legitimate contest, that would ever change the election results as to Mr. Stinson.

It is offensive to Mr. Stinson's family, it is offensive to Mr. Stinson, it is offensive to civilization and humanity for Senator Jubelirer to continue his harangue in this Chamber, to continue this day-to-day nonsense and insult the Senator to his face. But I do not expect anything better from my colleague on the other side of the aisle. And I would like to say, you reap what you sow, but I will not do that to you. We will just let you play your games and live with yourself.

Mr. President, I have now concluded my remarks. I will wait for the eloquent rebuttal by the Minority Leader so that he can perpetrate more falsehoods upon this body, and then I will respond again to his allegations.

Senator JUBELIRER. Thank you, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Venango, Senator Peterson.

Senator PETERSON. Mr. President, a few moments ago we were told that democracy happened here today. It is not the kind of democracy that I learned in school. It is not the kind of democracy that I understood was a part of this country, because I always understood that democracy was the open public debate and decision process. What we saw today was raw, hardball politics; a kind of politics that we had all hoped was beyond this State and behind this country's history, an ability to use raw political power to maintain power at any cost, to deprive the county of Bucks an elected Senator for almost a year. I would like to hear the reasonable voice of explanation that tells why any county like the county of Bucks should not have had a Senator for almost a year.

We heard mention of blind ambition today, and I think the person who said that should understand it very well. We heard of sneaky slime today, and I think that describes what happened in Philadelphia very well. I have been across this State in the last week or two. People across this Commonwealth have always felt that Philly had the ability to steal a close election, but many of us hoped that day was behind us. Many of us hoped that was no longer the case. In fact, I heard a speaker several weeks ago, a national speaker, and he was saying in jest that if you want to have long-term political influence, you should die in Chicago or Philadelphia because you

could probably vote for a decade. Now, he said it in jest. I am not so sure it should have been.

Why today was the previous question called several times and why has it been utilized on numerous times in the last year? I served in the House 7 years. This is my ninth year in the Senate. The only time that was utilized in the House was when we had debated an issue for weeks. That issue had gone back and forth and back and forth and back and forth and those who were prolonging the debate finally got into an argument and they said, we are losing, we have to quit this debate, we have to stop, and so they called for the previous question. That is what it was meant for. We had the previous question called today because we did not want to hear an open, public discussion of whether this person should have been seated or not, or why one person was allowed to vote who was sworn in in a very, very, I would say, improper process, another person who was elected in July was not even considered to be sworn in. If that is not hardball, raw politics, I do not know what it is.

I have always believed no matter what the issue is, if you cannot debate it, if you cannot win it with the facts, then you should not win it. We were not allowed to debate the issue today. The people from the 25th District were not allowed to have their voice heard. The people from many districts in this State were not allowed to have their voice heard today. They were not allowed to speak from the microphone because they did not want to hear the truth, were not going to debate it. We have the numbers. We can win the vote, run the vote, stymie the issue.

My comments today were expunged from the record with a voice vote that I think lost, but that did not matter. Why was that? What did I say that was so awful? I said I would rather defend the legitimacy of the Heckler swearing-in than I would to defend the legitimacy of the Stinson swearing-in, and I mean that sincerely. I would not accept the role of having to say or defend why a city election commission, which was in recess, out of the public eye, made a decision without Sunshine, without people listening, and come out and announce it, if my timing is correct, after the person had already been sworn in, where it was hand-carried here. I do not know what the role of the Department of State is. It normally takes 2 weeks for an election process to be certified by them. I would hope they checked the numbers. I would hope they would look at any questions that were raised. I would hope their role was—and I guess I was kind of surprised at the Casey administration agreeing to that because they have tried, for one thing, to stay above that sort of thing, but they did not last Thursday. That document was delivered here, was stamped approved, was sworn in almost without a breath being taken. Is that what we are all about? Is that what the people of Pennsylvania want? Not even stopping for a moment, not an hour, not a minute to debate the issue, was everything done correctly? Were these allegations truthful?

We talk about the courts. I wish I had faith in the courts. And, you know, the people in my district wish they had more faith in the courts. People in Pennsylvania are very concerned

about the courts. They are very concerned about how some people in the legislative process are also very close and involved with the judiciary to the point of where it is pretty cloudy, it is pretty murky whether the courts can make clear decisions. I guess there is no law, but we ought to have one that no legislator can give a large donation to someone to be elected to the courts. I have never given anybody a \$100,000 donation, but I have read in the paper there are those who have. That should not be allowed. How can you separate, with that kind of a contribution, and not have any influence on the courts?

Someone questioned how long we are going to debate this issue. We should debate this issue because there is nothing more fundamental to government in Pennsylvania until we know the truth. And we will not know the truth until everybody has had a chance to speak and to defend. That was not allowed today. I think if the truth comes out, there will be people in jail. I hope we get to the truth, because I want to tell you, people in this Commonwealth have a very low esteem of government, and I want to tell you, they are all going to understand this one when it is over. And when they understand what happened here, the view of the legislative process and the judicial process in this State, if it is not corrected, if the truth is not brought out, there will be few people who will have any positive view of government at all.

It is the saddest day I have served in this legislature. I just ask in the future, let us debate the issues. Let the truth fall where it may. If the truth comes out, only those will be hurt who should be; only those will be punished who abused it.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer.

Senator JUBELIRER. Mr. President, I want to congratulate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo, on a remarkable performance. He always does quite a job. There is no question about it, he is somebody who is enjoyable to watch. He does not always state the facts and I think it is important that we set the record straight. Because one passionately, emotionally name calls, or whatever, does not necessarily mean that you are accurate.

For instance, Mr. President, Senator Fumo was sworn in in a Session of the Senate on August 6, 1981. I was the Majority Leader at that time and I was present for his swearing-in ceremony, and anybody else who wanted to be here could be here, but it was an actual Session of the Senate, not that that is significant and it is here in the Legislative Journal that we would submit for the record.

*(Senator Jubelirer entered into the record, by reference, the Thursday, August 6, 1981, Senate Journal, pages 1125 to 1128.)*

Senator JUBELIRER. I guess, as the cross-examination goes, when one kind of sloughs over the truth in one thing, it is always questionable whether one is accurate in some of the other things that he says. And certainly in the emotion of the moment I think we need to set some things straight.

The one thing I will agree with Senator Fumo, Mr. President, is nobody did call you in August. That is absolutely

correct. We called the President of the Senate, Mark Singel, on three different occasions, wrote to him, called him, then Senator-elect Heckler called him and begged him, please, you made the rules of the game on July 13, set a ridiculous time for an election, at least have the common decency to let me be sworn in. The response of the President of the Senate, Lieutenant Governor Singel, who certainly needs to take some responsibility for the atmosphere that we are under here today and what happened in Philadelphia because of putting that election on July 13, putting off the Lynch election for 5 1/2 months, sending the Senate out for 5 months, all of which I believe, Mr. President, to be an abuse of the process and one that lies at the highest officer in this State right now, and he has to explain that to the 12 million constituents he has as he goes around the State. But without question, he was contacted, and there was no question that he appeared to at least have his orders that there was not going to be any Session, when he attempted to make some half-hearted response that maybe he would bring the Senate back. It was Senator Lincoln then who responded by saying the Senate is not coming back until November 22. Those are the facts. We have the letters. We promised that we would not try to take over the Senate. All we wanted was for Bucks County and the 10th Senatorial District to at least have representation and have Senator-elect Heckler sworn in like everybody else. That is only fair.

I think the besmirching of the Attorney General goes a little bit too far. I think the Attorney General has, in his elected capacity, done exactly what he was elected to do. There is widespread fraud being alleged. Many have not only reported to the Philadelphia Inquirer, we have read all those articles, but they have testified under oath, unlike what Senator Fumo has said. Judge Maier heard 12 people; 9 of those ballots were thrown out. The city commissioners heard one. Thirty people were waiting to testify and they heard one - people under oath to the county boards of elections.

Attorney General Preate tried to handle this in as impartial a manner as he possibly could, recognizing the sensitivity of it. I think he did quite a remarkable job. And I quote, and this is his statement that he issued: "We will conduct an investigation that is absolutely fair and objective," Preate said. "We will not permit political influence or even the appearance of political considerations to interfere with this investigation. This is precisely why I have asked these distinguished jurists--" and he asked Judge Dowling and Judge Spaeth, two senior judges, one a Republican and one a Democrat, two very distinguished jurists-- "to review the course and conduct of this investigation and advise me as to their views. I deeply appreciate their willingness to volunteer their services, an important undertaking. We are not here to determine the outcome of an election," Preate said, "we are here to determine whether any crimes were committed by anyone. We will look at all aspects and call it straight, right down the middle and fair."

Well, I say, "here! here!" That is exactly what he was elected to do, regardless of where it falls, whether it be Republican or Democrat, or election in Philadelphia or election in Blair County, regardless of where it might be. That is his job. He

did what he was elected to do, and I believe he is doing it fairly and impartially. And to ensure everybody, the same grand jury that was impaneled, the investigating grand jury that did the hearing on Justice Larsen—and I heard no outcry from Senator Fumo as that matter was being investigated—certainly that grand jury is impaneled and potentially could hear the allegations of fraud and forgery in the Second Senatorial District of Philadelphia.

It is all well for him to call me a liar, as he did, and call the Philadelphia Inquirer reporters liars and call the news media liars. Everybody is a liar, I guess. Nobody tells the truth except Senator Fumo, and that is fine and I think that he is entitled to express himself, but I think that there are other people who want to tell the truth, people who have been victimized, people who have testified under oath, people who just want to do the right thing, people who came from a country where, frankly, the ballot was not part of their daily life, that they did not have a right to go to the ballot box and vote, people who may not totally speak the English language but who came to this country feeling that the freedom, the integrity of the ballot was the only thing that they could do and they would have a voice. Some of them chose to vote and some of them did not, but under any situation, I think it is clear beyond anybody's doubt that there is a serious matter to be investigated.

Let us not talk about suppressing votes. What Mr. Rollins did or did not do in New Jersey may not be relevant here. I do not condone him or anybody else abusing the process, of suppressing a vote, or doing anything falsely any more than I agree with the mailgram that went around in 1986, 3 days before an election in Pennsylvania for Governor, under the signature of the Real Bob Casey Campaign Committee, where a so-called Republican from Venango County sent to conservative counties a mailgram and said, Bill Scranton is really not your kind of Republican. You do not have to vote for Bob Casey, just stay home. And in many conservative counties, people did stay home, and it suppressed the ballot and Bob Casey won by a very, very narrow margin, much as Christie Whitman did in New Jersey. I do not condone that. I do not condone if Rollins did it in New Jersey, if Carville did it. It is not right. When you abuse the process, we take the most precious freedom that we have in this country. We take—as corny as it may sound—what people have died for in several hundred years, in several wars, to protect the freedom that we have, to protect the fact that nobody can come knocking down our door and drag us off to jail. But we have a right to cast that vote in privacy and not in fear and not be misled, not "la nueva forma de votar," the new way to vote. If there is a new way to vote, then, frankly, it is going to have to come from this General Assembly and signed into law by the Governor. We need to make sure that there is an integrity.

I had hoped that there could have been an arrangement made where this would not have happened today, that it would not have happened last Thursday. I was prepared to sit down and negotiate an agenda that we could have done without us taking over, without disturbing the office of President pro tempore or committee chairmanships or parking places or office

space. That is not the issue. The people of Pennsylvania are disgusted by those issues, but they are genuinely concerned when the integrity of elections, when people's right to vote in privacy is clearly under a cloud.

And, yes, you stated a scenario as to how this was done. Yes, the Marks campaign, when they saw 2,000 absentee ballots in a district that normally votes about 300, went into court the Monday night before election, and a judge, a Judge Smith, who I am told is the brother-in-law of a Member of the Democratic Caucus here in the Senate, whether that is true or not I frankly do not know, but it should be cleared up. If he is, he should have recused himself. If he is not, then the rumor should be cleared up. And he threw that appeal out and Judge Maier was the one who held it then. When they tried to go to the election board, Judge Maier refused to allow that jurisdiction to go back to the election board. When the Rules of Evidence, which would have prevailed at the election board, were offered, the judge said, no. We will have no hearsay evidence. Your investigators cannot possibly testify to that. You are going to have to bring in every case.

Well, the Election Code, Mr. President, does not contemplate the massive voter fraud that is alleged in the Second Senatorial District, and no question about it, you cannot do case after case. And so, what did the judge do? He ordered that the ballots be unsealed. Well, that is great, because that then does mix them up and the election board unsealed the ballots so that that could basically cover up and you would never be able to provide a way to determine who voted absentee and who did not.

It really does not matter who is in charge of this place because we have a situation now that there is a cloud on this Senate and that cloud is not going to dissipate itself until there is a complete investigation by both the Attorney General and the Supreme Court, and regardless of what Senator Fumo wants to allege, the election contest is still before the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. And if they take plenary jurisdiction or if the Court of Common Pleas does it and it goes through the appeals process, that court is going to have it.

We may not win in court. My gosh, the one thing that Bill Lincoln and I will always agree on, I was interviewed by KQV on this and so was he. And he said, one thing about Bob Jubelirer, he talks a lot and sometimes he whines a lot, but he never wins anything in court. I got to tell you, Bill Lincoln—and you are in your office now—you are correct, sir. As Ed McMahon used to say to Johnny Carson, you are correct, sir. We have not been very successful in the courts, and I have no intention of getting into why, but I can tell you that there is a fair case here that there was massive fraud in the Second Senatorial District of Philadelphia, that there were forgeries. Anybody can take a look and see those ballots and their forgeries. Nobody is trying to tell anybody what to say. These people want to come forward because they want to be good citizens of this country and tell the truth. All they want to do is tell the truth. They want to be able to vote in the proper way. People should not be voting from jail. Dead people should not be voting. I mean, I thought that was pretty clear,

but it is pretty well documented that that happened.

If this is democracy in action, I want to tell you something, then the Second Senatorial District of Philadelphia has a very different idea of democracy in action than does the rest of this State. But I can tell you this, too: If we condone this, if this is going to be washed away and covered up in some way, and I do not believe it will be, I believe, again, that a free press, an independent press, and an Attorney General who is sworn to uphold the law are eventually going to get to the bottom of this. Stinson may still be here. I do not know. It is pretty tough to upset an election. We know that. But that is not the issue. The issue is whether this is ever going to happen again and whether the truth ever, ever comes out.

You can refer to the woman on Friday night who had the absentee ballot, but whether she had a legitimate reason was not the issue. The fact is it was 9:30 Friday night and it was past the deadline, and that is fraud. You cannot file an absentee ballot past 4 o'clock on that Friday.

And, unfortunately, the Election Code does not provide all the relief that perhaps it should. One of the things that I think we need to do is review the Election Code and see if there is some way that we can improve upon it. There are so many things that happened not only on that day but happened in the weeks before. When you execute a ballot after the deadline, when you vote from jail, when you are home and you can vote, when it appears that ballots were tampered with before they were executed, which implicates the board of elections' operations, the result is going to be chaotic and it is going to be under a cloud. When the Supreme Court orders the election board to hold a full hearing and they hear one witness and they go out and they violate the Sunshine Law by not discussing what they did in public, and the Assistant City Solicitor basically speaks for them and says this is the way things are going to be done and we cannot do any more because all these sealed ballots were opened. Well, they were opened for a reason, and that was to try to cover up what had happened.

Well, the cover-up is not going to work. It is out in the open. And the sad thing is that this Senate has to be put to the task that it is today. As I indicated earlier, the atmosphere was set when the original Heckler election was set on July 13 by the man who said we are going to do the right thing. Well, the right thing has gotten us into one heck of a mess, and this mess is not going to go away until the truth is told. I have no doubt that Senator Fumo wants to get to the truth, and I believe that. And we want to get to the truth. Maybe we have a different view of what it is, but I believe that in the long run I am very comfortable, Senator Fumo, Mr. President, living with myself, and I hope that as these things develop, and they are not over yet. I am not ruled by an editorial board, whether it be Philadelphia, Harrisburg, or Altoona, but I am at least dependent at this point when you have this kind of massive fraud, when you have these allegations, that at least an independent source has confirmed the fact that these things did indeed exist.

"La nueva forma de votar." Mr. President, I hope we never see the likes of that again. The integrity of the ballot is all we

have got, the only thing that separates us from those countries where none of us would ever want to live. Blood that has been shed for freedom surely is tainted tonight. All we want is the truth, Mr. President. All we want to do is get to the truth, and I have no doubt that before this matter is totally closed, that the full truth will be there, and I am prepared to accept that, whatever it may be.

Thank you, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Before I recognize the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo, I would like to caution both gentlemen that phrases like "stealing an election," and "massive fraud," I would hope that we could refrain from continuing to use those phrases as we discuss the election. I think it is inappropriate to continue to use those phrases on the floor of the Senate this evening.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I am glad you admonished the other side for their cavalier attitude about things like that.

Mr. President, let us answer a few of the things that Senator Jubelirer would have you believe. He says I play with the facts. Well, he is a little footloose and fancy-free himself.

Mr. President, first of all, the last time I checked, and I could be wrong and I would stand for Senator Jubelirer correcting me or Stephen MacNett correcting me, but the last time I checked, when I read the paper, in fact, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico was still a Commonwealth of the United States of America, and that the people who lived there were citizens, that they were free, that they knew what it was to have an oath, that they knew what it was to have an election. In fact, Mr. President, they even just recently voted to not become a State because they did not want to pay Federal income tax, which leads me to believe not only that but they are intelligent people.

I am offended by the characterization that Senator Jubelirer made referring to the Puerto Ricans who came to this country for freedom. Mr. President, they are members of this country. I know Republicans do not understand that about minorities, but they are.

Mr. President, when it comes to "Ernie the Attorney" and what he did in the Larsen case, the first thing that my good friend—and I am sure he is going to be very happy, Senator Jubelirer, to know that you support him so firmly. I am sure he will be looking for your support on election day when he runs for Governor. But, Mr. President, at that point in time, the Attorney General appointed two special prosecutors to conduct that investigation. He did not do it himself. And why did he not do it himself? Because he had written a letter or was a character witness, I believe, either by letter or in person, for Justice Larsen. He had already attested to his character. I do not know if I would have done that, but he did. But he appointed two special prosecutors to conduct that case. That is why there was no outcry from me. And, quite frankly, I recused myself from that discussion because the accused Justice had accused me of trying to run him over with a car. So I stayed out of it.

Mr. President, if we are going to wait for "Ernie the Attorney" to get the election behind us with his prosecutions, I am still wondering when he is going to indict Joe Rocks and Ron Castille for illegally mailing out lottery tickets in the election that occurred 4 years ago when he came in to investigate the last election. The problem with the Attorney General is, when he turns up a Republican, he walks the other way. I am still waiting for those indictments. One person has now faded into oblivion, although he will always remain dear to our hearts and history for having served in all four Caucuses. The other one is now about to be sworn in as a Supreme Court Justice. But I am still waiting for "Ernie the Attorney's" investigation about those illegal lottery ticket mailings. Maybe we will hear soon. I do not know.

Mr. President, Senator Jubelirer thinks it is outrageous that they asked that the Rules of Evidence be followed in front of Judge Maier. I do not know, I am a lawyer and I always thought you were supposed to do those things in front of judges. Of course not, not if you are a Republican, you do not have to follow the Rules of Evidence. You do not have to follow anything.

The problem is that in general Republicans think they own the government and they get very offended when someone else sits in the seat of power. They think it is theirs by birthright. Well, it is not.

Mr. President, I cannot wait until these challenges and whatever else it is you say are hanging out there get done. But I do know this: I also cannot wait for "Ernie the Attorney" to indict Manuel Lorenzo for illegally entering the polling place in the 19th ward that he attested to under oath. I cannot wait for that indictment. But you know what I will bet you? We will never hear about that. We are never going to hear about Mr. Lorenzo's admission under oath that he illegally entered a polling place. We are never going to hear about the fact that he attempted to subvert the civil rights of the individuals who had voted by absentee by making a blanket challenge against all people who voted by absentee. We are not going to hear that because that does not comport with the political agenda here.

Mr. President, the sad fact is that we have with us a problem that will not go away because the only way to make it go away is to give power back to the Republicans, to put Senator Jubelirer back in the office on the second floor as the President pro tempore of the Senate. Anything else will not satisfy the crybabies on that side of the aisle, and we are not going to do that unless we lose it fair and square. And I submit for the next year we are going to be here this way. What happens later will be a test as to whether or not the citizens of this Commonwealth enjoy gridlock or whether they want progressive government.

I heard the allegation before that you said, wrongfully, that we said that when Democrats were in control, things were going to happen around here. Well, they did. We passed a budget early. We took care of a lot of people. We helped a lot of people.

## REMARKS EXPUNGED

(At this point, remarks were expunged from the record by order of the Senate.)

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, the remarks after, "We took care of a lot of people. We helped a lot of people," will be expunged from the record of the Senate.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I want the record also to indicate that when the Minority Leader talks about absentee ballots not being challenged and Judge Maier opening those absentee ballots to cause confusion, he fails to mention the fact that he waited 2 days, and he had told the Marks lawyers, the legion of lawyers, that if they disagreed with him, they should take an appeal prior to the ballots being opened. They did not do that, Mr. President. They did not take that appeal.

At some point in time the laws of the land have to prevail. And as of yet, Mr. President, the only thing that has happened is that the Republican Party has attempted to disenfranchise minority voters and not one shred of proper evidence has been produced in a court of law to indicate that there was anything wrong in that election other than the actions of Bruce Marks and his stormtroopers going into polling places.

Thank you, Mr. President.

Senator JUBELIRER. Very briefly in retort, and I promise, Mr. President--

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blair, Senator Jubelirer, but before I recognize him I would like for both of you to realize that you have both spoken more than twice, which is a violation of the Rules of the Senate, and upon the conclusion of Senator Jubelirer's remarks we will go to announcements by the Secretary.

Senator JUBELIRER. Thank you.

I will not raise my voice. I think I would like to apologize for the psychiatrist remark. I think it was inappropriate and I will do that, even though it has been expunged. That is probably -- in the heat of the battle one says things, and I regret it.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Senator Jubelirer, I would just like to say that by apologizing, you put it back in the record.

Senator JUBELIRER. Oh well, then I take the apology away. I withdraw that.

Mr. President, the thing I would just like to say, the so-called--again, Senator Fumo does these name callings--these stormtroopers that he talks about, these 5-foot, 3-inch secretaries who weigh 110 pounds who are asking the people as best as they can to hear their pleas to tell the truth, are anything but that. They are people who have taken vacations, volunteers, and people who are trying to help out. And to characterize these people as stormtroopers would be wholly inappropriate.

Mr. President, gridlock is something in the eyes of the beholder, but we are prepared to work on an agenda here, and even though we believe that this is wrong the way this was done, we are still prepared to work on an agenda.

I am advised by the Preate people that there was never a contribution made to Bruce Marks for his campaign and that the Attorney General has never campaigned for him. I think that needs to be set straight. Yes, Judge Maier did hear testimony. There is testimony on the record. And, yes, Judge Maier did throw out nine ballots, because that is all he heard. But he had no other choice when people came in under oath and testified that they -- in fact, he read them their Miranda rights, which he should not have done under the Election Code, which grants an exemption from that, but he did, and these people came in and said, all we want to do is tell the truth, and those ballots were thrown out, and I think that needs to be offered as well.

I might point out, too, since Senator Fumo seems to have a goodly amount of information from Federal court, I have just learned that Judge Robreno has set a scheduling conference for tomorrow on the Federal claim. So I do not know, frankly, Mr. President, whether the Federal action, where it is or not. I was just told that this occurred.

And I might point out, too, just as one other thing, in the Election Code it provides that the city commissioners are not to abide by the strict Rules of Evidence.

It has nothing to do with what Republicans want, Mr. President. We want to abide by the law and just get to the bottom of this. And, again, the emotions run high and I regret sometimes that we get into this, but the allegations here are extraordinarily serious and they are not going to go away and I am sure there will be debate again.

Mr. President, let me take the opportunity to thank you for taking care of that matter that would have been further embarrassment to this Senate, and hopefully we will get on with things, including an agenda.

Thank you, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Fumo.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I accept the gentleman's apology and also offer an apology for the divorce lawyer comment, which was in retort to the psychiatrist comment.

Senator JUBELIRER. By the way, I had a very good one.

Senator FUMO. I hope so.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Incidentally, now we have everything back on the record.

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, and also I cannot go without answering the gentleman. The law in reference to the Rules of Evidence before the county commissioners says that they may or may not. It is discretionary, not mandatory, that they not follow the Rules of Evidence. I would have hoped that Mr. MacNett would have done better research than that in the code. It is something that we have lived with for quite a while. We do understand that Election Code issue.

Mr. President, it is there. Read the pocket parts. They are not a magazine.

## UNFINISHED BUSINESS

### APPOINTMENT BY PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair wishes to announce the President pro tempore has made the following appointment:

Senator Eugene F. Scanlon as a member of the Board of Trustees for the University of Pittsburgh.

### COMMUNICATION FROM PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

#### NOTICE OF RESIGNATION FROM COMMITTEE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore laid before the Senate the following communication:

SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA  
PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

September 23, 1993

Senator Robert C. Jubelirer  
Minority Leader  
535 Main Capitol Building  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Dear Bob:

I have received your letter of resignation from the Senate Committee on Games and Fisheries, and your recommendation to appoint Senator-elect David W. Heckler to fill this vacancy.

I will gladly honor your request when we resume session in November.

Sincerely,

ROBERT J. MELLOW  
President Pro Tempore

### REPORT OF COMMITTEE APPROVED PRIVATE SCHOOLS

The President pro tempore laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA  
SENATE EDUCATION COMMITTEE  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

November 22, 1993

Mark Corrigan, Secretary  
Senate of Pennsylvania  
462 Main Capitol  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Corrigan:

The Senate Education Committee voted this afternoon to adopt "Approved Private Schools - Report of the Senate Education Committee and the House of Representatives Education Committee Pursuant to Act 16, 1993."

The House Education Committee also adopted this report this afternoon.

Please accept the submission of this report to the Senate.

Sincerely,

CHAKA FATTAH, Chairman  
Senate Education Committee

### ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE SECRETARY

The following announcements were read by the Secretary of the Senate:

#### SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

#### COMMITTEE MEETINGS

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1993

9:30 A.M.	ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY (to consider Senate Bill No. 738)	Room 8E-A East Wing
10:00 A.M.	COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT and ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY COMMITTEES (informational meeting on remediation standards)	Room 8E-A East Wing

### ADJOURNMENT

Senator LINCOLN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday, November 23, 1993, at 10 a.m., Eastern Standard Time.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:55 p.m., Eastern Standard Time.