1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
2	COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
3	* * * *
4	House Bills 2814, 2815, 2816, 2817, 2818
5	* * * *
5	House Insurance Committee
6	Subcommittee on Crime and Corrections of the House Judiciary Committee
7	of the house statefary committee
8	Main Capitol Building
9	Majority Caucus Room 140 Harrisburg, Pennsylvania
	marribbarg, remis, rvanra
10	Tuesday, August 29, 2006 - 10:00 a.m.
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12	000
13	BEFORE:
13	Honorable Robert Godshall, Majority Acting Chairman
14	Insurance Committee Honorable John Fichter
15	Honorable Tim Hennessey
16	Honorable Matthew Wright Honorable Peter Zug
10	Honorable Ronald Buxton
17	Honorable Dan Frankel Honorable Kathy Manderino
18	Honorable Anthony Melio
19	Honorable Phyllis Mundy Honorable Harold James, Minority Chairman
20	Subcommittee on Crime & Corrections
21	IN ATTENDANCE:
22	Honorable Jewell Williams
23	
24	KEY REPORTERS keyreporters@suscom.net
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1	ALSO PRESENT:
2	
3	Kathy McCormac Majority Executive Director Insurance Committee
4	
5	Sheila Earhart Majority Administrative Assistant Insurance Committee
6	
7	Phyllis Gould Majority Research Analyst Insurance Committee
8	
9	Sean Harris Majority Special Projects
10	Richard A. Speese
11	Minority Executive Director Insurance Committee
12	Diane Minich
13	Minority Research Analyst Insurance Committee
14	Mary McDaniel, Esquire Majority Executive Director
15	Judiciary Committee
16	Judy Sedesse Majority Administrative Assistant
17	Judiciary Committee
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1	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Good
2	morning. The hour of 10 o'clock having arrived,
3	we're going to get started with this hearing.
4	I'd just like to say on behalf of Chairman
5	Micozzie, good morning. Chairman Micozzie won't
6	be with us this morning. I have some remarks
7	that he was intending to make which I will
8	briefly go through.
9	He says he wants to thank you all for
10	attending our second public hearing on the
11	subject of insurance fraud. As you know, the
12	House Insurance Committee and Subcommittee on
13	Crime and Corrections of the House Judiciary
14	Committee held an initial hearing earlier this
15	month with my five-bill insurance fraud package
16	consisting of House Bills 2814, 2815, 2816,
17	2817, and 2818.
18	Testifiers for the first hearing
19	included experts on insurance fraud,
20	representatives from the public adjuster
21	community, and representatives from the
22	insurance industry. During this hearing we will
23	hear from the enforcement side of things with
24	testimony from the Insurance Department, the
25	Attorney General's Office and the Pennsylvania

1 Insurance Fraud Prevention Agency.

2	It is my hope that these meetings
3	will provide committee members with background
4	necessary to understand the issue should further
5	committee action be necessary in the future.
6	What I want to say is that, it was
7	brought out a couple times at the last meeting
8	that these bills were put together from, based
9	on new Florida law and they and what group
10	National Conference of Insurance Legislators,
11	NCOIL, have been doing working on this issue
12	for the last number of months and looking at
13	model legislation pertaining to insurance fraud.
14	It really is not only a Pennsylvania problem, a
15	Florida problem, but it's a universal problem.
16	So, this is why we have the
17	involvement of NCOIL at this time. The bills
18	that were introduced, you know, may not
19	perfectly fit in Pennsylvania as they did in
20	Florida, but that's what we have the hearings
21	for and that's why we're asking for your
22	testimony and your help and support in putting
23	something together for Pennsylvania that will
24	help our consumers.
25	So with that, we'll go into the

1	agenda. Starting this morning we'll have the
2	Pennsylvania Insurance Department, Ronald
3	Gallagher, Deputy Insurance Commissioner, Office
4	of Consumer and Producer Services. You can
5	introduce the gentleman with you.
6	MR. GALLAGHER: Thank you. Good
7	morning. My name is Ron Gallagher, and I do
8	serve as Pennsylvania's Deputy Insurance
9	Commissioner for the Office of Consumer and
10	Producer Services. I have with me to my right
11	Mr. Ralph Burnham, our chief investigator for
12	the Department's Special Investigative Unit.
13	Mr. Burnham also heads our Anti-Fraud Compliance
14	Division.
15	I want to thank the chairmen of the
16	two committees, Representative Godshall and
17	other distinguished members of the House
18	Insurance Committee and the House Judiciary
19	Committee, Subcommittee on Crime and Corrections
20	for giving the Department the opportunity to
21	offer information and to respond to questions
22	that you may have on today's topic.
23	You could say that the Consumer
24	Services operation with three field offices in
25	the Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and Pittsburgh

1	areas serve, in part, as the insurance
2	Department's eyes and ears to the insurance
3	marketplace. While these operations, by
4	analogy, may play the role of Miss Marple in
5	dealing with the world of insurance fraud, as
6	the investigators deal with insurance consumers
7	who are many times our first and most
8	significant source of complaint information,
9	Ralph is our Sherlock Holmes. He is always
10	hungry for more information and seeks to uncover
11	things that might give ammunition for
12	enforcement actions, recovery or appropriate
13	referral to the Attorney General for criminal
14	sanctions.
15	It is my hope that between us we can
16	give a proper overview of insurance fraud in
17	Pennsylvania and our efforts to combat it, as
18	well as to answer any specific questions you
19	might have as you consider the proposed
20	legislation.
21	Before I delve into the specific
22	activities of the Department related to
23	combating fraud, I want to provide some
24	interesting facts about Pennsylvania's insurance
25	marketplace. The Insurance Department, with its

1	370 employees involved in regulating the
2	industry, is singularly focused on consumer
3	protection.
4	This is a daunting task when you
5	consider that Pennsylvania's marketplace for the
6	sale of insurance products tops almost
7	\$71 billion annually among 1700 carriers. We
8	have over 140,000 producers and an additional
9	20,000 other individuals licensed that are
10	involved in the insurance marketplace. This
11	premium volume makes Pennsylvania fifth in the
12	nation based on premium dollar, but more
13	interestingly, 13th internationally. I give you
14	these numbers because they specifically
15	represent the reason why insurance fraud
16	occursthere is a lot of money involved.
17	The Insurance Department's work
18	includes licensing new insurance carriers;
19	reviewing and approving certain types of the
20	insurance policies and rates; licensing
21	producers, formerly referred to as agents and
22	brokers, and other individuals involved in the
23	insurance marketplace, who are the touch points
24	to our citizens; and the important monitoring of
25	the marketplace activities through our complaint

1	and market conduct and enforcement
2	investigations.
3	Our Office of Insurance Consumer
4	Liaison, coupled with the Consumer Services
5	Offices, are focused on educating consumers so
6	they can make informed decisions. We like to
7	say that education is a consumer's best policy.
8	We have developed information available on the
9	Department's web site, www.ins.state.pa.us, to
10	assist consumers in better understanding
11	insurance.
12	In addition, we have developed a
13	newsletter to assist consumers on a broad range
14	of topics dealing with insurance issues. Though
15	the newsletter is available on the web site, I
16	have copies of it available with me today, both
17	in English and Spanish. You both have copies of
18	both of these in your packets today too, and
19	they are available on our web site or by calling
20	the Insurance Department. We also want to let
21	you know that future editions of this newsletter
22	are going to be focused specifically on
23	insurance fraud topics.
24	Insurance fraud robs the state's
2.5	economy of possibly millions of dollars every

1	year. While we cannot immediately quantify the
2	value of insurance fraud in Pennsylvania, we
3	certainly do know that fraud is not a victimless
4	crime. It costs all of us through increased
5	premiums. We applaud your efforts to focus more
6	attention on this important issue.
7	Insurance fraud occurs when people
8	deceive an insurance company or agent to collect
9	money to which they are not entitled. Insurance
10	fraud can be hard or soft. It can be a
11	deliberate scheme or a little white lie.
12	Regardless, the Department will continue to work
13	with our Fraud Bureau, other state Insurance
14	Departments and our regulated industry to change
15	an attitude that fraud is just a cost of doing
16	business.
17	Fraud is unacceptable, plain and
18	simple. It is against the law, and if you
19	engage in insurance fraud of any kind, and are
20	caught, there are very serious consequences. We
21	are very serious and we mean business.
22	Most recently, the Department has
23	been participating in a Stop, Call and Confirm
24	public service announcement campaign to combat
25	fake insurance. Insurance Commissioner Koken

Т	has distributed a PSA encouraging consumers to
2	contact the Department before signing any
3	insurance documents to make sure consumers are
4	dealing with a legitimate licensed company. I
5	want to take the opportunity now to share with
6	you that PSA. Hopefully, Ron knows how to
7	operate this.
8	(Video presentation): While all
9	insurance companies should provide the
10	foundation for financial protection,
11	unfortunately, some do not. There are fake
12	insurance companies that promise peace of mind
13	when trouble strikes, but actually fall apart
14	like a house of cards when it's time to pay a
15	claim.
16	I'm Pennsylvania Insurance
17	Commissioner Diane Koken. Before signing a
18	policy, I urge you to stop, call, and confirm
19	with my office to be sure you're dealing with a
20	legitimate company, or go to NAIC.org.
21	MR. GALLAGHER: This TV PSA and
22	accompanying radio PSAs were delivered just this
23	week to media outlets around the state. We do
24	encourage consumers to call us using the
25	1-800 number that you did see saw up there on

1	any type of insurance issues that they may have.
2	In addition to the rise of fake
3	insurance, we have also identified fraudulent
4	activities with applicants for insurance,
5	policyholders, as well as third-party claimants
6	and professionals who provide service to these
7	claimants.
8	Nationally, it has been estimated
9	that property and casualty insurance fraud costs
10	consumers about \$30 billion in 2004. Estimates
11	skyrocket to almost \$100 billion annually when
12	life and health insurance fraud are added in.
13	While fraud, as you know, may be
14	committed at different points in the insurance
15	transaction by different parties, common types
16	of fraud include padding or inflating actual
17	claims; misrepresenting facts on an insurance
18	application; submitting claims for injuries or
19	damage that never occurred, and staging
20	accidents.
21	Pennsylvania is one of about
22	40 states that have set up separate fraud
23	bureaus. Our state Insurance Fraud Prevention
24	Authority and these other state fraud bureaus
25	are reporting a record number of new

1	investigations and significant increase in
2	referrals, tips about suspected fraud and cases
3	brought to prosecution.
4	In addition, as part of the recent
5	allegations concerning inappropriate insurance
6	broker activity, we assisted the National
7	Association of Insurance Commissioners, better
8	known as NAIC, in efforts to increase awareness
9	on this issue. Commissioner Koken was serving
10	as the NAIC president at the time of these
11	allegations.
12	As part of a three-pronged approach
13	to this issue, NAIC created a special web site
14	that went live in January 2005 for reporting
15	potential fraud and that serves as a national
16	broker fraud clearinghouse with information that
17	could be transmitted to the appropriate state
18	regulator for handling. With this initiative,
19	consumers had the immediate means to report
20	suspected fraud at any time.
21	The Pennsylvania Insurance Department
22	has received numerous grants from the Insurance
23	Fraud Prevention Authority. You're going to be
24	hearing from Mr. Ron Miller a little bit later
25	today about his organization. These grants have

1	enabled the Department's Anti-Fraud Compliance
2	Division to enhance its fraud-fighting efforts.
3	These efforts have had an undeniable impact on
4	reducing insurance fraud in the Commonwealth.
5	We are committed to continuing these efforts and
6	are grateful to the IFPA for these grants.
7	These grants funded the Department's
8	Anti-Fraud Compliance Division and enabled us to
9	work with every facet of the insurance business
10	in our state, including consumers, insurance
11	companies, insurance producers, professional
12	insurance groups, and all law enforcement
13	agencies to assure that everyone understands
14	that insurance fraud is a crime
15	The Department's Anti-Fraud
16	Compliance Division that Mr. Burnham leads has
17	worked closely with Pennsylvania's motor vehicle
18	and workers' compensation insurers to produce a
19	best practices report on Pennsylvania's
20	anti-fraud effort. This report is available to
21	consumers, to law enforcement agencies and to
22	you on the Department's web site.
23	The Department's Anti-Fraud
24	Compliance Division was instrumental in bringing
25	about the Department's joining with the

1	Insurance Fraud Prevention Authority for
2	production of a first-ever, all-lines summit
3	meeting on the subject of insurance fraud. The
4	division has also worked extensively with our
5	more than 1700 licensed insurers to obtain
6	up-to-date information on bench marking and
7	reporting of insurance fraud.
8	Insurers, too, can be in denial about
9	how fraud impacts their bottom line. It is our
10	job also to educate them about the value of
11	fraud plans and how they can be effective as a
12	competitive tool in today's marketplace. We
13	emphasize training and the sharing of
14	information in our ongoing efforts to combat
15	fraud.
16	In response, a growing number of
17	insurers have begun to implement sophisticated
18	fraud detection tools to support manual methods.
19	In testimony earlier this month you heard some
20	specific examples of these methods.
21	Fraud management technology that uses
22	predictive modeling to identify suspicious
23	claims can accurately cull out high-risk claims
24	and identify them earlier. It not only makes it
25	practical for insurers as they process and close

1	craims raster, it also rocuses the adjuster s
2	review on claims that require the most
3	attention. Importantly, it provides higher
4	quality referrals to investigative units. And
5	that is very critical, the quality of the
6	information gathered. Even Sherlock Holmes
7	cannot make a case unless the fact-finding is
8	complete and the case is tightly pulled
9	together.
10	I'm sure any criminal agency which
11	might address you will say it does not take
12	fraud cases with a lot of missing details. It's
13	just too costly and time consuming to pursue, so
14	our job, and that of the industry, is to tee up
15	fraud cases as best we can. That takes time,
16	tools and talent, but we're seeing the value in
17	focusing those resources on fraud.
18	Motor vehicle and workers'
19	compensation insurers annually provide the
20	Department of Insurance a statistical reporting
21	of anti-fraud activity for the prior year.
22	A summary of the past four years of
23	reporting shows an increased reporting of
24	suspected insurance fraud to criminal law
25	enforgement authorities ingressing investment

1	in anti-fraud programs, and a decrease in
2	identified fraud. Reports and anti-fraud plans
3	of individual insurers are filed with the
4	Department.
5	The most current data reported by the
6	industry to the Department demonstrates an
7	increase in the number of reports of suspected
8	fraud to law enforcement authorities, and at the
9	same time, a decline in the amount of fraud
10	identified. As you can see from the chart in
11	the testimony, the number of reports of
12	suspected fraud has increased from 954 in 2002
13	to 1,619 cases in 2005, a 70 percent increase;
14	while, at the same time the amount of fraud in
15	dollar terms identified has declined from
16	68.5 million in 2002 to 64.7 million in 2005.
17	You can also see that over this same
18	time period the industry reports an increase in
19	resources used to combat fraud starting with
20	21.9 million in 2002, rising to \$36.6 million in
21	2005, or a 67 percent increase in expenditures
22	directed at fighting fraud. You can see the
23	chart in front of you that shows the year-by-
24	year comparison.
25	In addition to detecting fraud, we

1	want to assist the Insurance Fraud Prevention
2	Authority in changing attitudes so that people
3	know insurance fraud is against the law and has
4	serious consequences. Changing someone's mind,
5	how they think, is hard enough, but changing
6	attitudes, how someone really feels, now that
7	can be really tough. Attitudinal changes take
8	time and require a very deliberate approach.
9	You have to get to the very core of someone's
10	values or belief systems.
11	The IFPA's communication campaign
12	shows that fraud is not a mischievous act; it is
13	criminal, pure and simple. You may be familiar
14	with this campaign which uses television's
15	commercial and roadside billboards to convey the
16	message.
17	According to independent research
18	conducted by the IFPA, Pennsylvanians' attitudes
19	about fraudulent activity in several types of
20	insurance are changing, in large measure due to
21	the communications strategies put in place by
22	the Insurance Fraud Prevention Authority.
23	Workers' compensation: In 1997,
24	25.3 percent of Pennsylvanians said they would
25	be willing to receive bogus workers'

1	compensation payments. By 1999, that number had
2	dropped to 15.9 percent.
3	Auto insurance: The number of
4	Pennsylvanians willing to inflate an auto
5	accident claim fell dramatically from
6	12.5 percent to 5.5 percent in that same
7	time period.
8	Medical insurance, the same story.
9	About 80 percent of Pennsylvanians said they
10	review their medical bills for accuracy. Two
11	years earlier that number was only 70.5 percent.
12	The Insurance Department's
13	newly-created Office of Consumer Liaison
14	includes information about insurance fraud at
15	all of its outreach activities. In addition,
16	the on-line newsletter encourages consumers to
17	check their medical bills. The office has held
18	events in conjunction with other state agencies,
19	chambers of commerce, advocacy groups and
20	legislators, in addition to hosting educational
21	sessions on Medicare Part D and fraud
22	prevention.
23	Detection and prevention not only is
24	relevant for dealing with illnesses such as
25	cancer, but is also applicable to fraud. We

1	will continue our work to educate consumers,
2	encourage the industry to develop robust fraud
3	plans and work with law enforcement agencies to
4	prosecute cases of fraud, with the overarching
5	goal of detection and prevention.
6	At this time I'd be happy to
7	entertain any questions from the committee that
8	you may have.
9	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Going over
10	the testimony, I guess one of the things that I
11	would have liked you to have commented on, which
12	wasn't commented on, was the bills themselves.
13	If you can and are prepared to do that now, I
14	would appreciate your comments pertaining to the
15	bills.
16	MR. GALLAGHER: We specifically did
17	not include comment on the bills here. We are
18	still reviewing what the appropriate response is
19	from the administration on these bills. We do
20	think fraud is an issue that needs to be
21	addressed.
22	And your efforts with this five-bill
23	package clearly lays out some specifics that we
24	can think about, and maybe there are other
25	things that we want to share with you, but we

1	can't do it at this time until we have at least
2	a unified voice from the Administration.
3	But in looking at those things, there
4	are some very good ideas that you're putting out
5	to combat fraud.
6	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Your
7	statistics, which are known statistics of
8	sixty-eight, \$69 million in a given year known,
9	with how much you don't know is, again, because
10	this is a hidden crime, so to speak, do you have
11	a You know, we're talking about a heck of a
12	lot of money here that is going in the people's
13	hands that should be in the pockets of
14	consumers.
15	MR. GALLAGHER: Your comments are
16	quite correct. In fact, those numbers only
17	relate to the two lines of insurance that we
18	talked about, which was auto and workers'
19	
	compensation. So you're leaving out many other
20	compensation. So you're leaving out many other property and casualty lines as well as the
20	
	property and casualty lines as well as the
21	property and casualty lines as well as the health and life fraud. So, you know, one

And if you used the information

1	earlier in the report where \$30 billion was
2	indicated in property and casualty fraud
3	nationally and 70 billion or so a hundred
4	billion or so when you include life and health,
5	you know, that just makes the case that fraud is
6	a bigger issue than just than what we think
7	it is, or even what's currently being reported.
8	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Looking at
9	a number of hundreds of millions of dollars here
10	in Pennsylvania, that really is coming directly
11	out of the pockets of our constituents.
12	MR. GALLAGHER: That's right. They
13	are paying for the cost of fraud in the premiums
14	that they do pay, there's no doubt about that.
15	We make great efforts in the
16	Insurance Department when rate filings do come
17	in to assure that the rate filings are
18	appropriate, accurate and are good predictors of
19	the losses that are paid.
20	The problem is, fraud is calculated
21	in those losses and not And it's tough to
22	find those, but the efforts that are going on
23	with the Fraud Prevention Authority, which was
24	created by the General Assembly, and your work
25	in furthering fraud is going to make it a lot

1	easier for us to see that kind of thing, and
2	hopefully, it will benefit the consumers who are
3	actually paying for the cost of fraud in their
4	premiums.
5	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: How many
6	people in the Department And I've been on
7	this committee for a long time. I know you
8	don't have a very large department, but how many
9	people in the Department actually work on the
10	fraud end of it?
11	MR. GALLAGHER: Well, the Fraud
12	Division itself has two people devoted solely to
13	the issue of fraud. However, as I mentioned
14	earlier, the eyes and ears of the Department are
15	our Consumer Services operation. We have
16	40 investigators throughout the state. And
17	that's one of their jobs; to look for violations
18	of the law, to assist consumers in whatever
19	issue that they present to us.
20	We then also have the market conduct
21	provision which are, for lack of a better term,
22	our police folks. They go into the companies
23	and review company records concerning all issues
24	that are under our regulatory authority,
25	including the fraud plans that they are required

1	to submit.
2	If we see violations of law, we do
3	take appropriate action. All of our market
4	conduct exams are available on the web site, and
5	we do that for the purposes of getting the word
6	out to our regulated industry that we take this
7	kind of stuff seriously.
8	One of One of the areas that we do
9	emphasize in a market conduct is the fraud plans
10	within the two lines that we have specific
11	authority to look at.
12	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: One of the
13	things in I guess these bills attempt to do
14	is enhance penalties, and so forth, which
15	possibly have some deterrent, you know, down the
16	road if the penalties are severe. With 40
17	people out there sort of policing millions of
18	transactions, it's a lot of room for slides and
19	dives I guess, and so forth, whatever you want
20	to call it.
21	And I would appreciate directly
22	dealing with the legislation and where it would
23	help you. At some later date if you can come
24	back on that, I would appreciate that. I
25	appreciate your testimony today.

1	MR. GALLAGHER: Well, thank you, and
2	we will do that.
3	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Are there
4	any questions?
5	(No audible response)
6	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: With that
7	I believe you're excused, sir.
8	MR. GALLAGHER: Thank you.
9	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Good
10	morning. At this time we have the Pennsylvania
11	Office of the Attorney General, Chief Deputy
12	Attorney General Julia Hearthway. Julia, it's
13	all yours.
14	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
15	Good morning, members of the House Insurance
16	Committee and members of the House Judiciary
17	Subcommittee on Crime and Corrections. Thank
18	you for this opportunity to be present and share
19	our views on the proposed legislation.
20	Before discussing the legislation I
21	would like to provide you with a brief
22	background on the role of the Insurance Fraud
23	Section of the Pennsylvania Office of Attorney
24	General. The Insurance Fraud Section of the
25	Pennsylvania Office of Attorney General was

1	established in 1995, and is funded through a
2	grant from the Insurance Fraud Prevention
3	Authority, or the IFPA.
4	Over the past 11 years, the office
5	has investigated and prosecuted individuals who
6	perpetrate schemes seeking to obtain a quick
7	dollar at the expense of Pennsylvania's
8	citizens. Since the section's inception, the
9	office has investigated over 8,500 referrals and
10	has arrested over 1,200 individuals.
11	The section aggressively pursues
12	investigations related to fraudulent claim
13	activity, covering everything from health care
14	fraud to staged accidents. We have arrested
15	individuals who were never involved in
16	accidents, known as jump-ins, patients who never
17	received treatment, runners who were paid to
18	bring patients to a medical facility, therapists
19	who did not treat patients, and doctors who have
20	billed for medical services that were never
21	rendered.
22	In addition to conducting such
23	investigations, the section develops programs to
24	educate the public and private sector about the
25	scope of the problem and the cost to

1	remisyrvania s caxpayers. Our office also
2	coordinates and cooperates with other law
3	enforcement and government entities to ensure
4	that we are combating fraud in the most
5	efficient and effective manner. Our
6	collaboration with other agencies is not limited
7	to Pennsylvania's borders. We work with several
8	multistate fraud control organizations designed
9	to closely monitor national trends in this area.
10	We applaud Representative Godshall
11	for raising awareness about the issue of
12	insurance fraud and for seeking solutions to
13	provide us with tools to address this very
14	serious problem. In the interest of time, I
15	will not go through every detail of the proposed
16	legislation, but I will highlight some of the
17	key provisions. However, the Office of Attorney
18	General is willing to participate in subsequent
19	meetings to discuss the legislation in greater
20	detail and to provide additional suggestions or
21	changes.
22	House Bill 2814 adds a number of new
23	offenses to Titles 18 and 75. One of these
24	changes adds to Section 18, 4177(a)(11) which
25	makes it a crime for anyone to create, market or

_	present a rane rinanciar responsibility or
2	insurance identification card with the intent to
3	deceive. Fake insurance cards are a significant
4	problem and one that is not specifically
5	regulated under existing law.
6	We certainly welcome this
7	modification to Pennsylvania law and believe it
8	will provide us with an additional tool to
9	combat insurance fraud. If possible, we would
10	request a rewording of the language to include,
11	knowingly creates, markets or presents rather
12	than the phrase, with the intent to deceive.
13	The inclusion of terms with the
14	intent to deceive may create an additional
15	hurdle for prosecutors to overcome since the
16	court may be compelled to require some elevated
17	level of proof of the defendant's mindset during
18	the commission of the crime.
19	We appreciate your recognition of
20	this loophole in the existing law and would be
21	pleased to work with you to secure the passage
22	of this wise proposal.
23	House Bill 2814 also adds another
24	Section 18, 4117(a)(12) which makes it a felony
25	of the third degree for anyone to pay a bribe to

	induce the referral of patients to a hearth care
2	facility. This provision is clearly directed at
3	runners, individuals who are paid to find and
4	bring patients to a specific doctor or medical
5	facility.
6	Although this conduct is currently
7	prohibited as set forth in 4117(b)(3), it is
8	graded as a misdemeanor of the first degree. We
9	would agree that such egregious conduct should
10	be graded as a felony of the third degree. To
11	simplify matters, while still accomplishing this
12	goal, you could amend the existing language in
13	Section 18, 4117(b)(3). This should also remove
14	the need to add Section 18, 4117 (a)(13)
15	edition.
16	House Bill 2814 also amends Title 75,
17	the vehicle code, Section 1815 to require auto
18	insurers to file anti-fraud plans with the
19	Department of Insurance. The proposed amendment
20	assesses a penalty of \$500 a day for
21	noncompliance. It is my understanding that most
22	insurance companies have developed anti-fraud
23	plans. However, any efforts that can be made to
24	strengthen the implementation of the plans and
25	to increase the referral of suspected fraud

1	would certainly increase our ability to
2	aggressively prosecute fraud.
3	House Bill 1815 amends the Crime
4	Victims Act to include the power to advocate for
5	victims and survivors of traffic accidents. We
6	agree that victims of crime should have the
7	support of an advocate and receive the
8	appropriate services. However, we will defer to
9	the Office of Victim Advocate and other victim
10	services providers to comment on what services
11	they currently provide and what changes or
12	amendments may be needed.
13	In addition to providing the IFPA
14	with additional powers, House Bill 2817 adds to
15	Title 40, Section 325.23 which provides for
16	forfeiture of the proceeds from insurance fraud
17	and states that the IFPA shall receive such
18	funds. It's important to note that the criminal
19	insurance fraud statute does not currently
20	contain a forfeiture statute.
21	Providing for the forfeiture of
22	proceeds from insurance fraud activity is an
23	excellent idea and we would support the
24	enactment of such a provision. For consistency
25	with other criminal statutes, it would be more

T	appropriate to direct the proceeds to the
2	investigating and/or prosecuting authorities.
3	House Bill 2818 provides that the
4	Department of Health shall not issue a license
5	to a health care provider until it's satisfied
6	that the applicant has not been convicted of any
7	crime within the last 10 years. An applicant
8	for a health care license must also disclose any
9	arrest for any crime within the past 10 years.
10	It's essential that the Department of Health has
11	sufficient information to determine whether or
12	not someone is appropriate for the receipt of a
13	license.
14	We also believe that it is important
15	to ensure that those who have been convicted of
16	fraud within the past 10 years shall not receive
17	the privilege of a license. We are in the
18	process of reviewing this language and will
19	consult with the Department of Health to discuss
20	the matter further and to determine whether the
21	current language needs to be altered in any
22	manner.
23	Attorney General Corbett has made his
24	primary mission public safety, to promote the
25	safety of Pennsylvania's citizens, not only

1	their physical safety, but the safety of their
2	property. The investigation and prosecution of
3	insurance fraud is a significant part of that
4	mission. When insurance companies are
5	defrauded, the cost of insurance premiums is
6	increased and this increase is passed on to the
7	consumer. When insurance companies are
8	defrauded, we are all defrauded.
9	We stand ready and willing to work
10	with you on this important issue and appreciate
11	the opportunity to provide comments on the
12	proposed legislation.
13	That concludes my testimony, and I'll
14	be happy to answer any questions.
15	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Before any
16	questions, is there a Mark Reisinger in the
17	caucus room? (No response.) Apparently there
18	was a call for him, it wasn't my telephone,
19	which went off earlier until I turned it off.
20	That's why I put it actually on the table. I
21	forgot to disengage it.
22	But anyway, I appreciate your
23	testimony. I appreciate your breaking down the
24	bills in the legislation and your offers of
25	working with the Department of Health and with

1	our staff here to go over some of the issues
2	that you brought out.
3	It's something I think that other
4	states are looking at cutting back on and
5	cleaning up. A lot of states such as Florida
6	are cutting back on what they see as a real
7	problem down there. We don't really know
8	exactly how much today the problem is here. We
9	know we've got a problem and we Hopefully,
10	we'll be able to do something about it. With
11	your help Really with your help it will maybe
12	get this whole thing packaged together.
13	I really would hope that the
14	Insurance Department comes to the plate also
15	with their recommendation so we can combine this
16	all into one. I appreciate everything you've
17	said this morning.
18	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
19	Thank you. I don't think there's any question
20	that fraud is an issue in Pennsylvania, and
21	we'll be more than happy to work with anyone to
22	combat it.
23	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Are there
24	any questions from anybody? Representative
25	Hennessey.

1	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: Thank you,
2	Mr. Chairman.
3	Good morning, Julia. Julia, in the
4	beginning of your testimony you said that over
5	the last, I think 10 or 11 years your
6	department, Attorney General's Insurance Fraud
7	Department, has investigated 8500 referrals, and
8	yet, only 1200 resulted in arrest.
9	That seems like a fairly wide
10	disparity. Is that because of the difficulty in
11	actually getting the details that would be
12	necessary to proceed with a prosecution, or is
13	something else happening? Are we getting a
14	whole lot of referrals that really don't amount
15	to anything right from the start?
16	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
17	There's several factors, and certainly that's
18	one of them. We do receive a lot of referrals
19	that don't amount to a criminal fraud case.
20	They may be consumer related.
21	We have a significant number of
22	individuals who send in what they think is
23	fraud. We work closely with our own Consumer
24	Protection Division, obviously, and with the
25	Consumer Office of the Department of Insurance.

1	So a good portion, at least a percentage of
2	those referrals are then referred to a
3	consumer-based group to help people.
4	There are referrals that we receive
5	from the insurance industry that are suspicious
6	that raise what is known in the insurance
7	industry as red flags. But they do not amount
8	to evidence of a criminal, beyond-a-reasonable-
9	doubt crime that could be proven in a court of
10	law, and those are declined.
11	Our office also focuses A fair
12	amount of our cases are significant in size,
13	which takes up investigative resources which
14	amounts to a portion of that 1200. We do look
15	at every referral that comes into our office.
16	We review every referral. We perform an
17	investigation. Some lend itself to greater
18	investigation than others.
19	But the actual coming to the point
20	where we make a criminal felony conviction on a
21	case, it's about the average.
22	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: I'm sorry
23	Did you say
24	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
25	It's about the average. When we receive an

1	influx of referrals we have to weed through them
2	as to what warrants, first of all, a criminal
3	investigation. Then once we start the criminal
4	investigation, whether we have enough evidence
5	to go forward with an arrest and a prosecution,
6	that breaks down to about 1200 out of 8500.
7	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: And that's
8	over a 10 or 11-year period?
9	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
10	Yes, sir.
11	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: Of the
12	1200 arrests that have been made, how many have
13	resulted in successful prosecutions and
14	convictions of something?
15	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
16	Almost all of them. I did not calculate the
17	percentage, but it's well, 95, 98 percent
18	conviction rate. It's very high.
19	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: Okay.
20	Congratulations on that.
21	Now, if I could turn to House Bill
22	2817, that's the provision or adds a
23	provision to the law that would authorize the
24	IFPA to retain or accept monies that were
25	forfeited through the criminal process, criminal

1	prosecution process, currently, what happens to
2	that money?
3	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
4	There's not a current forfeiture provision.
5	It's not as in the drug act where there's a
6	statute providing for forfeiture, so there would
7	have to be enabling statute to go along with
8	that. But actually
9	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: It seems
10	to me that I'm sorry. As I look at the
11	language, it simply authorized the IFPA to
12	accept that money, but it doesn't have any
13	specific language creating the forfeiture. I
14	didn't know whether that fell under a general
15	provision of the law that applies to criminal
16	conduct generally.
17	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
18	There is the common law forfeiture, but it would
19	be a tremendous benefit to law enforcement if
20	there was a statute providing for
21	specifically providing for forfeiture of
22	proceeds from insurance fraud, and then the
23	proceeds of that going to the prosecuting
24	authority, but it would need the underlying
25	statute to work.

1	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: So we need
2	to do additional statute to create that specific
3	grant authority?
4	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
5	Right.
6	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: Thank you.
7	Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
8	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Thank you.
9	Are there any other questions? Representative
10	Wright.
11	REPRESENTATIVE WRIGHT: Thank you.
12	I'm kind of lost between the two testifiers.
13	What kind of a general sense would
14	you say is some sort of a proportion of the
15	amount of fraud that's out there? And you
16	may If you can't It's hard to put a number
17	because it's alleged fraud, but do you have an
18	easy, quick estimate of what potential fraud is?
19	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
20	That is an exceptionally difficult figure. I
21	can tell you that we've prosecuted over
22	1200 individuals. I can tell you that we have
23	over a thousand referrals a year and from those
24	we derive our prosecutions. I know and I have
25	read countless studies that estimate the amount

1	of fraud. They vary widely.
2	I've talked to the industry on a
3	weekly basis, if not a daily basis. Anecdotally
4	I can tell you that it's everywhere. It exists
5	with an individual who you would not normally
6	think would commit a crime. They have an
7	opportunity and they decide, let me pad this
8	claim. I could use an extra 500 or a thousand
9	dollars.
10	It ranges from that all the way up to
11	very sophisticated medical mills that are
12	running a million-dollar business all based on
13	fraud, and everything in between.
14	To put a number on that, I cannot
15	honestly give you that figure. And it is
16	something I think that, perhaps, we can work at
17	trying to get a better handle on the type of
18	fraud. It truly is a hidden crime and the first
19	step is uncovering it. And we need to work with
20	the industry to further detect fraud and refer
21	fraud.
22	There's no doubt in my mind if the
23	detection abilities were increased, the
24	referrals that would lead to successful
25	prosecutions would also be increased. I wish I

Τ.	could give you a definitive number. I can only
2	cite you studies. And honestly, I cannot vouch
3	for how accurate it is because everyone makes an
4	estimate on this type of fraud.
5	REPRESENTATIVE WRIGHT: One last
6	question. Various types of insurance, we have
7	auto insurance, health care insurance,
8	homeowners, life insurance, things like that,
9	business insurance, which types of insurance
10	would you say would have the largest proportion
11	of fraud that is estimated?
12	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY: I
13	can tell you our office receives primarily auto
14	insurance fraud cases. I think that they're,
15	perhaps, easier to detect in some respects which
16	may be why we receive more of them. You have an
17	auto accident, it often involves the police. So
18	you have law enforcement engaged in a very early
19	stage, but our largest category of referrals is
20	from the auto industry.
21	Second to that would be workers'
22	compensation referrals. Very close to that is
23	health care fraud referrals. And sometimes it's
24	a little hard to distinguish between auto and
25	health care. Because you're involved in an auto

Τ.	accident, you claim injuries, you go to a mealth
2	care provider, it spans both lines.
3	But if you were to ask the top three
4	lines of insurance that I see the most fraud in,
5	it would be auto first, then workers' comp, then
6	health care.
7	REPRESENTATIVE WRIGHT: Thank you.
8	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
9	I'm sorry, just to clarify. That's in sheer
10	numbers of actual incidents. The dollar value
11	varies as well. Health care because it has a
12	significant price tag attached to it sometimes
13	can have a higher dollar value.
14	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL:
15	Representative Melio.
16	REPRESENTATIVE MELIO: Julia, how
17	many people do you have in the Insurance Fraud
18	Section? How many employees?
19	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY: I
20	have a staff of 40 individuals; 22 agents,
21	nine attorneys, and the rest comprise our
22	support staff. And that covers the entire
23	state.
24	REPRESENTATIVE MELIO: Do you think
25	that's enough?

1	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
2	It's never enough. We can always use more.
3	REPRESENTATIVE MELIO: Thank you, Mr.
4	Chairman.
5	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Sean
6	Harris.
7	MR. HARRIS: In your testimony you
8	had mentioned that you want to stay consistent
9	with current statutes as far as forfeiture
10	procedures are concerned. My question is, would
11	your office have a problem with maybe
12	subdividing some of that money up for a fraud
13	authority itself for the purpose of increasing
14	the reward possibilities for anyone who does
15	report fraud to the authority?
16	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY: I
17	think that's definitely something we can look
18	into. We want to utilize these funds in the
19	most economical way possible, and we would be
20	more than happy to sit down with the IFPA, with
21	any member here, the Insurance Department, and
22	try to figure out the best avenue to utilize
23	those funds.
24	MR. HARRIS: Would you agree that
25	that's possibly a good goal for us to help

1	increase the awareness by providing greater
2	rewards to maybe give that incentive to help cut
3	down on fraud?
4	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY: I
5	think it has a certain deterrent effect. I
6	think in that regard the IFPA has done a
7	masterful job with their television ads and
8	billboards. I think they've created I've
9	heard anecdotally from insurance companies that
10	certain people have not lied to them and they've
11	cited the ad. So I think having posters and
12	constant awareness is very helpful.
13	A reward program can be helpful. It
14	can also flood us with people looking for the
15	reward more than they are reporting a crime. So
16	it's, again, something we would like to work
17	with the wording on that, the extent of it. It
18	can sometimes
19	Representative Hennessey had talked
20	about the referrals. It takes a great deal of
21	manpower to go through these referrals. The
22	better the quality of those referrals, the more
23	we can prosecute. I wouldn't want to see that
24	deteriorate with a huge reward system.
25	MR. HARRIS: Thank you. Thank you,

1	Mr. Chairman.
2	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Thank you,
3	Julia. We will be in touch, and please continue
4	to be in touch with us.
5	DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL HEARTHWAY:
6	Thank you.
7	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: We
8	appreciate your testimony.
9	Next we have Pennsylvania Insurance
10	Fraud Prevention Authority represented by Roy A.
11	Miller, Executive Director.
12	MR. MILLER: Thank you very much.
13	Good morning. I want to thank the committee for
14	allowing the Pennsylvania Insurance Fraud
15	Prevention Authority, the IFPA, to respond to
16	some of the proposed legislation set forth in
17	House Bills 2814 through 2818.
18	Before I comment on the legislation,
19	though, I want to give the committees a little
20	background on the IFPA. As you are aware, the
21	IFPA is a state authority created by legislation
22	in 1994. Our statute is currently embedded in
23	the Insurance Department Act of May 17, 1921
24	under Article 11.

The purpose of IFPA is to establish,

1	coordinate and fund activities in the
2	Commonwealth to prevent, combat and reduce
3	insurance fraud, to improve and support
4	insurance fraud law enforcement and
5	administration, and to improve and support
6	insurance fraud prosecutions.
7	The IFPA is also responsible to
8	assess the scope of the insurance fraud problem?
9	develop and sponsor the implementation of
10	statewide plans, programs and strategies to
11	combat insurance fraud; improve the
12	administration of insurance fraud laws, provide
13	a forum for identification of critical problems
14	for those persons dealing with insurance fraud;
15	and finally, to audit at its discretion the
16	plans and funded programs to evaluate their
17	effectiveness. That's a mouthful.
18	The funds to support our programs
19	come from an assessment on the insurance
20	industry. No public funds are used to support
21	our programs. The funds support our statewide
22	criminal investigative and prosecutorial units,
23	an aggressive and nationally-respected public
24	awareness program, and training for our law
25	enforcement and insurance industry.

	1	Besides funding the Attorney
	2	General's Insurance Fraud Section and the
	3	Philadelphia District Attorneys Insurance Fraud
	4	Unit, the authority also funds smaller units
	5	that support 22 district attorneys'
	6	investigative and prosecutorial offices. We
	7	also fund several police departments and provide
	8	funding for the state police fire marshals. Our
	9	funded units are able to investigate and
1	LO	prosecute all types of insurance fraud, wherever
1	L1	they may occur in the Commonwealth.
1	L2	To run all our programs the IFPA
1	L3	assesses the industry for FY '06-07
1	L4	\$10.3 million. Nine point one million of those
1	L5	funds support our investigative/prosecutorial
1	L6	effort. The rest of the funds support our
1	L7	public awareness program and our administrative
1	L8	expenses.
1	L9	I want to thank Representative
2	20	Godshall and the House members that supported
2	21	these bills for taking the initiative to
2	22	strengthen our insurance fraud laws. The
2	23	insurance fraud experts in the industry and law
2	24	enforcement tell us that the insurance fraud
2	25	problem in Pennsylvania is significant.

1	Over the years a lot of numbers on
2	the extent of the problem have been published by
3	various organizations. More recently, McKinsey
4	and Company provided fraud estimates to the
5	chief executive officers of the largest property
6	casualty companies, the PC companies. That got
7	their attention.
8	The industry reported that the PC
9	industry pays out approximately 30 billion
10	annually in fraud claims, while industry-wide
11	earnings were only \$20 billion. These were
12	sobering numbers to the executives of for-profit
13	companies. Most of the studies are not
14	Pennsylvania specific.
15	However, in a 2004 study released by
16	the Insurance Research Council on fraud and
17	buildup in auto claims, they reported for
18	Pennsylvania that eight percent of the bodily
19	injury, BI claims contained the appearance of
20	fraud, and 15 percent contained the appearance
21	of buildup. Regardless of what numbers are used
22	they are all significant.
23	But the problem with insurance fraud
24	isn't just the dollar losses. Insurance fraud
25	is a social corruption that eats away at our

1	society and institutions. For many, it is a
2	gateway crime.
3	Too many Pennsylvanians make the bad
4	decision to cross the line and commit insurance
5	fraud, and in Pennsylvania it is a felony
6	violation. These criminals are, for the most
7	part, honest human beings who would no more
8	think to reach across the counter in a
9	convenience store to take money from an open
10	cash drawer, but are more than willing to cheat
11	their insurance company. This then becomes a
12	crime we all pay for. Like shoplifting,
13	insurance fraud is passed on to the consumer.
14	The House bill that directly affects
15	the IFPA is House Bill 2817. The proposed
16	changes would create a health care reward
17	program administered by the IFPA, and as
18	drafted, calls upon the IFPA to require health
19	care organizations to place reward posters in
20	each facility.
21	The difficulty with this provision as
22	drafted lies in the fact that the IFPA is not
23	designated an enforcement or regulatory agency.
24	The IFPA does not have the authority to require
25	that health care providers should do anything.

1	That, I believe, would rest with the state
2	agency that regulates and licenses these
3	entities.
4	The proposed legislation would
5	provide for a 25,000-dollar reward for reporting
6	information leading to the arrest and conviction
7	of insurance fraud. The IFPA has a reward
8	program in place for our funded units for
9	rewards up to \$10,000 for the arrest and
10	successful prosecution of all types of insurance
11	fraud. Our law enforcement partners make the
12	initial determination and recommendation to the
13	board of directors, and the board of directors
14	approves or modifies the proposal. Exceptions
15	to this reward program can always be made on a
16	case-by-case basis.
17	The operative words for our reward
18	program are, up to. The up to 10,000-dollar
19	reward is realistic considering that the vast
20	majority of prosecutions are frauds with victim
21	losses under \$10,000. This would also apply to
22	some of our health care frauds.
23	Health care fraud referrals to our
24	investigative/prosecutorial units are not, for
25	the most part, high-dollar losses. It would not

1	be good stewardship of the funds to
2	automatically offer a reward that was higher
3	than the actual victim loss. That is why we
4	would recommend that language similar to our
5	program be adopted.
6	The other proposed change in
7	d.1 relates to the forfeiture proceedings. The
8	IFPA appreciates the committee's intent to help
9	defray, through forfeiture, what could be
10	significant costs for this reward program.
11	Currently, there are no forfeiture provisions in
12	the insurance fraud statute, Title 18, Section
13	4117. If the committees wish to add forfeiture
14	to the statute, and assuming the statute lends
15	itself to a forfeiture provision, we believe it
16	would be counter-productive to not allow the
17	initiating law enforcement agency to retain the
18	forfeited funds.
19	Forfeiture can be a time-consuming
20	process. If law enforcement does not see a
21	reward for their efforts, they may not use this
22	very powerful tool. The reward program funding
23	may have to come from some other source.
24	House Bill 2814 does not directly
25	apply to the IFPA. However, some of the changes

Τ.	do appry to our overall mission. Our law
2	enforcement partners, insurance industry, and
3	the Insurance Department are better prepared to
4	respond to the specifics as to how the changes
5	can be applied under the law.
6	From an overall perspective, anything
7	that strengthens the law and improves the
8	prosecution of staged accidents, counterfeiting
9	of financial responsibility cards, and the
10	runners who contribute to the above frauds is
11	positive.
12	Our law enforcement groups have
13	charged staged accident rings and counterfeit
14	financial responsibility violations under the
15	current law; however, perhaps some specific
16	language may benefit their efforts. As for the
17	recommended language in Section 1(a)(9-13), I
18	will defer to our law enforcement experts.
19	The 60-day confidentiality provisions
20	for police accident reports with the stated
21	exemptions could help reduce the activity by
22	unscrupulous persons from obtaining reports and
23	coercing accident victims to file false or
24	inflated medical and liability claims.
25	In summary, the supporters of this

1	proposed legislation are to be applauded for
2	their initiative. The IFPA and our law
3	enforcement partners are available to assist the
4	committees in their efforts to create a better
5	fraud-free environment for the Commonwealth.
6	Thank you, and I'll entertain any
7	questions you may have.
8	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: I
9	appreciate your comments. I just wanted to ask
10	you specificallyThe pages aren't numbered
11	herepertaining to House Bill 2817, the end of
12	that, just before House Bill 2814, you were
13	talking about forfeiture there.
14	MR. MILLER: Yes.
15	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: What would
16	your thoughts be, as mentioned by Mr. Harris
17	earlier, about sharing?
18	MR. MILLER: I would have no problem
19	with that. But again, I think it's important
20	for our law enforcement partners to be involved
21	in that discussion. As I said, forfeiture can
22	be a very time-consuming process. It's a very
23	powerful tool. It's one that I think our law
24	enforcement organizations would be very grateful
25	to have.

	Τ	Again, the sharing aspect of it,
	2	again, if the Attorney General is agreeable to
	3	that, I would imagine that the D.A.'s offices
	4	would also support it. But again, they have to
	5	receive have to understand that they're going
	6	to receive some benefit from the time it takes
	7	for them to process these forfeiture actions.
	8	So, I think it's a doable plan. And
	9	again, it would certainly help support some of
-	10	the costs that may be incurred with this reward
-	11	program.
-	12	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Another
-	13	question I have. On the reward end of it, this
	14	was taken really, again, from Florida where they
-	15	had some real expensive fraud initiatives that
-	16	were involved down there. Possibly what we
-	17	could do, as you say up to 10,000, we could up
-	18	that to up to whatever and not choose; just
-	19	taking out that providing a blanket number or
2	20	making up to, making that a little bit
2	21	arbitrary.
2	22	MR. MILLER: That would work. That
2	23	would definitely work, because it leaves it up
:	24	to the discretion of the enforcement groups to
:	25	determine what the amount should be based on

1	the
2	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: I agree.
3	I would agree that if there's a fraud case of,
4	say, \$10,000, a 10,000-dollar reward is just
5	is heavy
6	MR. MILLER: A little impractical,
7	yes.
8	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: But I
9	think there's a lot in here that we can work on
10	again, with your efforts and your expertise.
11	How many people do you have in your
12	IFPA that actually works on fraud on a
13	continuous basis?
14	MR. MILLER: Well, keep in mind we're
15	a funding mechanism. We're not operational. We
16	don't have anybody that's directly associated
17	with my organization that does the fraud work.
18	I only have three other people in my office that
19	actually run the insurance fraud and the auto
20	theft prevention authorities. The rest are our
21	grantees. We have 48 and a half investigators
22	and over 18 prosecutors statewide that are
23	currently funded by that 9.1 million-dollar
24	assessment.
25	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Any

1	questions from any members of the committee?
2	Representative Hennessey.
3	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: Thank you,
4	Mr. Chairman.
5	Mr. Miller, you reported that the
6	McKinsey report identified about \$30 billion in
7	fraudulent claims. I guess that's across the
8	country?
9	MR. MILLER: Yes, and that's property
10	casualty only.
11	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: Right.
12	Industry-wide earnings were \$20 billion for
13	those companies. Have you had a chance to
14	review that study? That seems like a staggering
15	statistic.
16	We read about insurance company
17	executives being paid millions and millions of
18	dollars to oversee their industry, and yet, that
19	report would seem to show that somebody is
20	sleeping pretty routinely at the switch if
21	they're actually losing that kind of money. Are
22	those figures realistic at all?
23	MR. MILLER: Well, it woke up the
24	executive level. And I'll tell you, quite
25	frankly

Т	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: As many
2	million dollars that they're paying them
3	MR. MILLER: Right.
4	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: they
5	shouldn't have been asleep.
6	MR. MILLER: This was a wake-up call
7	for them. And what it's created is the Chief
8	Claims Operating Roundtable, which is the direct
9	reports to the executive level have been tasked
10	by the executives to go out and do something
11	about this figure at a national level.
12	And as you are probably aware,
13	nationally, there's a lot of organizations that
14	are involved in this fraud effort, insurance
15	fraud effort. And what they're trying to do is
16	coordinate and bring together these groups into
17	one organization that's focused and directed at
18	the national level. So, that was a very telling
19	figure to them.
20	For years we've been telling them and
21	they've listened to the various numbers that
22	have been bandied around, and this organization
23	here and you folks have heard a lot of these
24	numbers. Again, how accurate they are, I think
25	a lot of it is based on substan you know,

1	just guesswork, professional guesswork on their
2	part.
3	It's awfully hard, as Julia said, to
4	get a handle on the actual fraud. But the 30
5	billion-dollar figure seems to be a figure
6	that's been used also by the Insurance
7	Informational Institute, which also does
8	research, as well as the IRC, which is the
9	Insurance Research Council.
10	And these organizations do a lot of
11	the studies that I cited here, and it's based on
12	the review of claims filed, and a percentage of
13	those files that have the appearance of fraud.
14	Keep in mind, just because it has the appearance
15	of fraud, it doesn't mean it's fraudulent.
16	REPRESENTATIVE HENNESSEY: Thank you.
17	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Are all
18	lines of insurance really reported to you? Do
19	you cover the whole spectrum?
20	MR. MILLER: No, we don't, not in
21	Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania only has the auto
22	and a portion of the workers' comp that's
23	reported, and that's why you see in the numbers
24	that are reported by the Attorney General's
25	Office, and that's pretty much consistent with

1	the total numbers that we get in from all of our
2	units, that the auto and the workers' comp are
3	the two areas that we get the majority, the vast
4	majority of our referrals.
5	The rest of the lines are not
6	required or mandated to report in Pennsylvania,
7	which is unlike most of the states around here
8	in the northeast regional area. Just about all
9	of the states in the northeast have that
10	requirement of all lines reporting.
11	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: On the
12	other lines, are they assessed monies to cover
13	this?
14	MR. MILLER: Yes, they are. Anybody
15	who writes in Pennsylvania regardless of what
16	line they write is assessed.
17	Now, the health care industry
18	cleverly negotiated a deal so they only pay 10
19	percent of the total assessed amount. And the
20	reason they did that is, their premiums in the
21	state are so significant that it would have been
22	out of off the wall in the amount of monies
23	that they would have been assessed. So they did
24	negotiate back when we started this legislation
25	that they only pay

1	10 percent of the total assessment.
2	But, all lines do get assessed here
3	in Pennsylvania if they write in Pennsylvania.
4	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: But we
5	only have partial reporting, which is
6	MR. MILLER: That's correct.
7	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Usually
8	most other states have full reporting.
9	MR. MILLER: Yes, they do. Yes.
10	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: That's
11	possibly also something that should be looked
12	at
13	MR. MILLER: I would think so.
14	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: in this
15	legislation?
16	MR. MILLER: Yes.
17	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: Well, I
18	thank you very much. I have a one-page letter
19	to read here, I was asked to read by somebody
20	who couldn't be here. It will take a couple
21	minutes.
22	But again, thank you, Mr. Miller
23	MR. MILLER: You're welcome.
24	ACTING CHAIRMAN GODSHALL: for
25	your being here today.

1	This was addressed to myself.
2	"On behalf of the 1400 independent
3	insurance agencies of the Insurance Agents and
4	Brokers of Pennsylvania, I'm writing to offer
5	comments on the package of bills, House Bills
6	2814 through 2818, that are the subject of the
7	committee's August 29 public hearing. We
8	apologize that, due to a scheduling conflict, we
9	will be unable to offer testimony at that
10	hearing and respectfully offer these comments in
11	place of testimony.
12	"In general, IA&B strongly supports
13	strengthening Pennsylvania insurance fraud laws.
14	We have seen evidence of fraud from auto rate
15	evasion to abuse of the independent contractor
16	status under workers' comp. Insurance fraud is
17	a problem that adds to the cost of premiums for
18	all insurers and consumers. Accordingly, IA&B
19	supports House Bills 2814 through 2818 with one
20	exception.
21	"House Bill 2814 limits access to
22	auto insurance policy reports for 60 days
23	following an auto accident. Obtaining the
24	necessary information from police reports
25	following an auto accident has become a

1	significant problem for independent insurance
2	agents and their clients. Insurance agents need
3	quick assess to basic auto accident information
4	such as the names of the parties involved, their
5	insurance policy numbers, et cetera.
6	"Insurance claims cannot be processed
7	without this information, resulting in delayed
8	claim payments and hardships for auto accident
9	victims who cannot even rent a car until their
10	insurance claim is processed.
11	"A recent survey of IA&B membership
12	showed that nearly 60 percent reported having
13	difficulty obtaining basic information from the
14	police following an auto accident. Survey
15	results attached. Needless to say, a 60-day
16	freeze on this information will exacerbate this
17	problem.
18	"While some insurance-related
19	entities are exempted from the 60-day
20	confidentiality period, it can be argued that
21	these exemptions do not extend conclusively or
22	clearly to insurance agents. Accordingly, IA&B
23	urges the committee to consider an amendment to
24	HB 2814 to specifically list licensed insurance
25	producers among the list of exempted parties

1	under paragraph 6828(b). Inclusion of license
2	insurance producers on the list of exempted
3	parties will remove a potential barrier for the
4	insurance agents in assessing vital auto
5	insurance information quickly.
6	"Thank you for considering the views
7	of Pennsylvania's independent insurance agent
8	community."
9	So that was testimony presented in
10	writing, which I want to make part of and was
11	asked to read here. We will look at that
12	situation as they asked us to do.
13	At this point, if there are no other
14	comments or whatever, the meeting is adjourned,
15	and I thank you very much for you participating
16	the people that came out here today. Thank you
17	(At or about 11:10 a.m., the hearing
18	concluded.)
19	* * * *
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	CERTIFICATE
2	I, Karen J. Meister, Reporter, Notary
3	Public, duly commissioned and qualified in and
4	for the County of York, Commonwealth of
5	Pennsylvania, hereby certify that the foregoing
6	is a true and accurate transcript of my
7	stenotype notes taken by me and subsequently
8	reduced to computer printout under my
9	supervision, and that this copy is a correct
10	record of the same.
11	This certification does not apply to
12	any reproduction of the same by any means unless
13	under my direct control and/or supervision.
14	Dated this 8th day of September, 2006.
15	
16	
17	
18	Karen J. Meister - Reporter Notary Public
19	My commission expires 10/19/06
20	expiles 10/19/00
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	