COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE HEARING BUDGET HEARING

STATE CAPITOL MAJORITY CAUCUS ROOM HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 2008, 11:00 A.M.

VOLUME II OF IV

PRESENTATION ON TRANSIT AGENCIES

BEFORE:

HONORABLE	DWIGHT EVANS, CHAIRMAN
HONORABLE	MARIO J. CIVERA, JR., CHAIRMAN
HONORABLE	STEPHEN E. BARRAR
HONORABLE	H. SCOTT CONKLIN
HONORABLE	CRAIG A. DALLY
HONORABLE	GORDON R. DENLINGER
HONORABLE	BRIAN ELLIS
HONORABLE	DAN B. FRANKEL
HONORABLE	JOHN T. GALLOWAY
HONORABLE	WILLIAM F. KELLER
	THADDEUS KIRKLAND
HONORABLE	BRYAN R. LENTZ
	TIM MAHONEY
HONORABLE	KATHY M. MANDERINO
HONORABLE	MICHAEL P. McGEEHAN
HONORABLE	FRED MCILHATTAN
HONORABLE	DAVID R. MILLARD
HONORABLE	RON MILLER
HONORABLE	JOHN MYERS
	CHERELLE PARKER
HONORABLE	JOSEPH A. PETRARCA

1	BEFORE: (cont'd.)
2	HONORABLE SCOTT A. PETRI HONORABLE DAVE REED
2	HONORABLE DAVE REED HONORABLE DOUGLAS G. REICHLEY
3	HONORABLE DANTE SANTONI, JR.
	HONORABLE MARIO M. SCAVELLO
4	HONORABLE JOHN SIPTROTH
5	HONORABLE MATTHEW SMITH HONORABLE KATIE TRUE
Ū	HONORABLE GREGORY S. VITALI
6	HONORABLE DON WALKO
_	HONORABLE JAKE WHEATLEY, JR.
7	
8	ALSO PRESENT:
9	MIRIAM FOX EDWARD NOLAN
9	EDWARD NOLAN
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11	DEBRA B. MILLER
	REPORTER
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1 CHAIRMAN EVANS: It is now 11 o'clock. Ι 2 would like to reconvene the House Appropriations Committee. 3 If I could ask everybody to join the table, 4 the names of the individuals who I'll call out. 5 We б have Joe Casey, Larry Morris, Stephen Bland, and 7 Jeffrey L. Brooks. If those people would join the table, please, for this discussion around 8 transportation policy. 9 The way that we work is the members kind of, 10 we're not really taking any testimony; we're just 11 12 kind of going right directly to the questions. But 13 if you will introduce yourselves. I think most of you may have heard the 14 Secretary of Transportation give the Governor's point 15 16 of view relating to the budget, and obviously you heard a lot about Act 44, and that discussion will 17 18 happen. 19 So my view is, this is your opportunity to 20 not just talk about today but talk about the future and where we need to go relating to the issue of 21 22 transportation and what it means to the Commonwealth 23 of Pennsylvania, to all of its residents. 24 So basically what I will do is have you 25 introduce yourselves, and then we will get to the

1 questions. 2 MR. CASEY: Good morning. My name is Joe 3 Casey. I'm the newly appointed General Manager for 4 SEPTA. MR. MORRIS: I'm Larry Morris. I'm the 5 Executive Director of the Westmoreland County Transit б 7 Authority, and I'm also representing the Pennsylvania Public Transportation Association. 8 MR. BLAND: Steve Bland, CEO, Port Authority 9 10 of Allegheny County. 11 MR. BROOKS: Jeffrey L. Brooks, Sr., 12 President of the Transport Workers Union Local 234 in 13 Philadelphia. CHAIRMAN EVANS: I would like to start off 14 with the lead question. 15 I don't know if most of you heard the 16 Secretary of Transportation talk about the Governor's 17 budget and obviously Act 44. As a result of the 18 19 passage of Act 44, one, can you tell us in a specific 20 way, how has it helped you in terms of operating capital as you see towards the future, first. And 21 22 then secondly, what kinds of ideas do you have in 23 terms of how to make transit much more efficient, 24 effective? 25 Any thoughts that you have on those two

1 questions that I put out. So whoever wants to start. 2 You can go down the line. MR. CASEY: I'll go first. 3 SEPTA, Act 44 really had an immediate 4 benefit for us. It enabled us to balance our current 5 б budget. 7 If you remember, last year we had significant service cuts planned, hellacious fare 8 increases, et cetera. All that went away. We did 9 have a fare increase of about 11 percent. It 10 mirrored the rate of inflation for our riders, but it 11 12 really balanced our budget. What we have seen as a result of that is 13 significant growth in our ridership. Transit, both 14 suburban and city, has grown in just over 1 year 15 16 approximately 4 percent. On the regional rail system, it has grown 12 percent, which is phenomenal, 17 especially considering we did have the fare increase. 18 19 Normally when we have a fare increase, we have a 20 slight dip in the ridership. That did not happen this year. 21 So we really are pleased with Act 44 and 22 23 what it has done for us, but it also enables us to 24 plan for the future. 25 Currently -- actually, it was effective

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March 11 -- we added additional service on the 1 Market-Frankford line, one of our heaviest lines, 2 that we increased the peak-hour headway, and we also, 3 4 at mid-peak, we increased service from 8 to 6 minutes. So it has really had a fantastic effect for 5 those riders. б 7 But we are experiencing overcrowding on a number of our bus routes, and especially on regional 8 rail, and next year we will plan in the budget 9 process to add service out there. We need to add 10 11 service to carry our passengers, and that is one of the benefits of Act 44. 12 MR. MORRIS: In terms of the smaller and 13 rural transportation systems in Pennsylvania, Act 44 14 has had a dramatic positive impact. 15 16 There are a number of systems that were planning severe service reductions that did not have 17 to take place this year. We also had a number that 18 19 have expanded some service or restored service that 20 had already been cut. 21 So from the standpoint of the smaller 22 operations---23 CHAIRMAN EVANS: Can you point out those 24 particular ones? 25 MR. MORRIS: I can. In terms of the

1	systems, I can just give you some examples of
2	systems, without going through every one
3	CHAIRMAN EVANS: Sure.
4	MR. MORRIS:but some examples.
5	Rabbit Transit in York, they were able to
6	avoid a 30-percent service reduction. In Berks
7	County, Red Rose Transit avoided 20-percent service
8	reductions. Westmoreland Transit, where I'm the
9	manager, we were planning about a 20-percent cut in
10	service had not Act 44 been in place, and there is,
11	you know, example after example of that.
12	In State College, they were able to restore
13	90 percent of the service that they had discontinued
14	due to budget problems. LANTA in Allentown had the
15	same kind of issue. They were able to restore
16	service, as well as New Castle in Lawrence County.
17	And then 11 systems in the State have been
18	able to expand service, including COLTS in Scranton
19	and River Valley Transit in Williamsport. And we at
20	Westmoreland Transit recently expanded our commuter
21	service and are going to need to again to meet the
22	demand.
23	So this has been an issue that has affected
24	systems, both large and small.
25	MR. BLAND: Moving over to Pittsburgh, we

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continue the theme of what Act 44 allowed us to 1 2 avoid, which was an additional 10-percent service reduction as well as about 150 employee layoffs. 3 I think more to the positive side, 4 particularly on the capital side, it did allow us to 5 б move forward with a bus-replacement project with about 100 buses, more fuel efficient, more 7 environmentally friendly. And noteworthy is our 8 advancement of a new fare-collection system by using 9 10 smart-card technology, where we do expect that to be, number one, more efficient, we do expect to increase 11 12 passenger revenue as a result, and we are looking at 13 coordinating that with our surrounding 10 county transit systems. 14 15 So I think regionally, it will certainly 16 have a big impact. 17 CHAIRMAN EVANS: On that last thing you said, talking about that smart card, and you are 18 19 looking to do what? Coordinate? I know it is 20 Allegheny County, but you said the 10 surrounding 21 counties---22 Right. MR. BLAND: 23 CHAIRMAN EVANS: ---and the smart card. How 24 are you going to approach that? 25 MR. BLAND: For folks who are not as

familiar with the Pittsburgh lay of the land -- and 1 2 Larry can certainly speak to this, as opposed to one large multi-county regional operator -- the Port 3 4 Authority of Allegheny County serves Allegheny County and is the largest operator, but the 10 surrounding 5 б counties that form our region, each have their own 7 operators, many of whom, like Larry's operation in Westmoreland, operate commuter-oriented service into 8 Pittsburgh, CBD into Oakland, and some of the other 9 10 economic generators of the region.

11 Historically, there has been a good level of 12 coordination. As an example, the surrounding 13 operators use our dedicated bus ways to make that a quicker trip, and we are actually looking at moving 14 with the smart card system as a first step, because 15 everybody can be on the same technology platform as a 16 17 first step toward making that really a seamless trip throughout the region. 18

And, Larry, I don't know if you wanted toadd to that.

21 MR. MORRIS: Yeah; I would be happy to.
22 We have been partnering together for a
23 number of years, but this particular initiative will
24 allow our customers to transfer to the Port Authority
25 service, and many of them do. They ride our bus

1	from, say, Greensburg, Pennsylvania, into the city
2	and transfer to the Port Authority to go to various
3	places. It will allow our customers then to use the
4	same fare medium, simply swipe a card. And the first
5	step, as Steve said, is to purchase the technology
6	and the actual hardware so that we are all on the
7	same system, so that then we can implement, and the
8	rest of it is a fairly simple process.
9	CHAIRMAN EVANS: Would you have been able to
10	do that if we didn't pass Act 44?
11	MR. MORRIS: No.
12	CHAIRMAN EVANS: So as a result of the
13	passage of Act 44, that's a benefit.
14	MR. BLAND: Clearly, yes. It certainly
15	would have been on a wish list of things we would
16	have liked to do if we could afford it, but we are
17	actually moving forward with that project now. In
18	fact, we expect to bid out for proposals within the
19	next month.
20	CHAIRMAN EVANS: Okay.
21	Mr. Brooks.
22	(Noise broadcast over microphone system.)
23	MR. BROOKS: Oh, I thought that was just
24	because I was the union. Am I done?
25	CHAIRMAN EVANS: We want the workers to have

1 their say.

2 From being on the MR. BROOKS: Transportation Funding and Reform Commission, one of 3 4 the things that became apparent to me in my history in the labor union, president and representative, in 5 the past we have had, always have had the continuous 6 battle of doing one thing, and that was securing the 7 employees and the members of our union to put out and 8 provide efficient, safe transportation. 9

10 If we had not had Act 44, we would have had 11 the great possibility of having layoffs, of having reduction in workforce. Mr. Casey and myself had 12 13 just recently met as him being appointed the new General Manager, and one of his pet peeves, 14 obviously, is customer service. But we are the first 15 ambassadors. We are the first line, the ambassadors 16 of customer service, and in any 17 customer-service-oriented business, you need people 18 19 to at least have the wherewithal to be able to get up 20 and down the street, and in transportation particularly, without having people wrapped around 21 22 their ears, to at least project an image of courtesy, 23 and you can't do so if you are overworked, the 24 vehicles are overcrowded, and you feel as if you are 25 not getting any help out on the street.

I don't come from the transportation end,
but I'm in contact, obviously, with them every day,
and the overcrowding of the vehicles is something
that is very stressful to those who operate
transportation vehicles.

For us, we believe that we are on the right track as a result. We have had cuts in other things, such as the Keystone Career Ladder program, of a half a million dollars, but we still have put out 1,600 people to be retrained.

11 We have entered into just recently a joint 12 apprenticeship program, as well as looking at an 13 internship with the School District of Philadelphia. We realize more than anything now, both parties, 14 SEPTA and the union, realize that our workforce is 15 16 going to have to come from people, as we acquire the age that we do and grow closer to retirement age, our 17 workforce, skilled workforce, by 2012, 41 percent 18 19 will be eligible for a pension, and if that happens 20 and if you don't replenish that workforce and you 21 don't have the resources to replenish that workforce, 22 you will in turn have a subcontractor and possibly 23 inferior service out on the streets every day, and we 24 can't afford that.

We are a customer-oriented business, and we

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have to provide, first off, the employees to be able 1 2 to put that service out on the street. CHAIRMAN EVANS: Chairman Civera. 3 CHAIRMAN CIVERA: Mr. Chairman, I'm going to 4 waive to Representative Reed, because he has a 5 Finance Committee meeting. Dave. б 7 REPRESENTATIVE REED: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 8 My question is directed toward Mr. Bland, 9 10 and I will freely admit that when I woke up this morning, I didn't anticipate having any questions for 11 12 any of you, but I would imagine, Mr. Bland, that you 13 can anticipate where this question is going to go, because the headline in the Tribune Review this 14 morning reads, "\$1.5 million in transit cash collects 15 dust in barrels," and the article goes on to explain 16 that there has been \$1.5 million in bills and coins 17 sitting in the Port Authority vault instead of 18 19 earning interest in the bank, and the explanation 20 given was that in the month of December, there were 769 missed hours of work for a variety of reasons by 21 22 the 15 employees that are charged with the task of 23 collecting that money, and when you do some simple 24 mathematics, that accounts for 96 days off. 25 Now, there are 31 days in the month of

December, 21 working days, assuming you are working 1 2 8-hour days, 5 days of work a week, 40 hours a week total. On average, that works out that the average 3 4 employee took 6 days off in the month of December. With 21 working days, that means each 5 employee, on average -- I'm sure there are some less 6 7 and some greater -- took off a third of the month of December, and in the end what that meant to the 8 taxpayers who were asked to foot a portion of the 9 bill for mass transit in Pennsylvania and the Port 10 Authority, the ratepayers who are paying the fares 11 12 for those services and the riders in general, I mean, 13 just assuming a 4-percent interest rate on that money in a bank, you are looking at \$5,000 a month, \$60,000 14 a year, that could be used to provide for services. 15 And I guess my question, it is a comment but also a 16 question, do you have any idea how ridiculous that 17 sounds that that money is just sitting in a vault 18 somewhere instead of earning interest that could be 19 20 used to provide those services? What is the public to think, especially folks in rural communities that 21 22 are already a little apprehensive about providing 23 dollars for mass transit, and then they read an 24 article like that. That certainly does not help the 25 case in providing more State dollars.

2 question, Representative. 3 What I would say is, number one, some of	the
3 What I would gave is number one some of	the
what I would say is, humber one, some of	
4 back-of-the-envelope math that the Trib did is	
5 completely inaccurate. We would be happy to get	to
6 the committee, through the Chairman, the actual d	epth
7 of the issue.	
8 There certainly has been a backlog of cas	h
9 for a couple of reasons. Number one, frankly, I	
10 guess to some extent we have been victims of our	
11 success in that the ridership loss we saw off of	last
12 year's service reduction was less than expected.	The
13 volume of cash, particularly in the volume of dol	lar
14 bills since January 1, has been greater than	
15 expected. It went from a dollar 75 to a \$2 cash	
16 fare, so we saw a decline in coin, which is much	
17 easier to handle than bills.	
18 But as you alluded to, one of the biggest	
19 issues we have, and it is an issue we intend to	
20 pursue aggressively through collective bargaining	, is
21 attendance policies for certain units. Cash	
22 handling, the currency unfolder position, is a	
23 particular position that is an issue that we have	to
24 pursue through collective bargaining; how we	
25 administer things like the Family Medical Leave A	ct,

1 which is an issue that many employers deal with. 2 So I understand the concerns. We would be happy to get the committee the true numbers, frankly 3 4 that the Trib never gave, for instance myself or our CFO who oversees that operation, an opportunity to 5 comment or to give factual information. So we would 6 7 be happy to get the committee more detailed information on the magnitude of the issue. 8 But I would be the first person to tell you 9 10 that we need to more aggressively, in some work units, not all across the board but in some work 11 12 units, we need to be much more aggressive in 13 collaborating with our bargaining units about employee attendance issues. 14 15 Short term the way we are addressing it is we have reassigned a couple of positions to support 16 catching up the backlog, the smart-card system that 17 the Chairman asked about earlier, because more 18 19 transactions, we anticipate, will move to credit, and 20 online transactions will reduce the volume of cash and certainly reduce the volume of work for that 21 22 unit. But frankly, one of the things that we have to 23 look at -- and I know it is unpopular in all circles 24 -- is that a number of transit agencies around the 25 country essentially outsource the currency function

1 to, for instance, banks and financial institutions. 2 So there are a number of things that we could and should do. The attendance policy right now 3 is the one of most immediate concern. 4 REPRESENTATIVE REED: Okay. And just don't 5 misunderstand me; I do believe there are two parts of 6 7 that equation, and part of it is the workers as well 8 as the management system. I guess the person quoted from the Authority was a spokeswoman, Judi McNeil. 9 10 MR. BLAND: Right. 11 REPRESENTATIVE REED: So there was somebody 12 from the Authority that was quoted in the article, 13 and she is actually the one that gave the 769 hours of missed service. 14 15 MR. BLAND: Correct. 16 REPRESENTATIVE REED: And in the end, I think it is just disturbing to hear that it happened, 17 and I'm sure folks would be upset if they found out 18 19 for the Commonwealth if the Department of Revenue was 20 sitting around with barrels of cash not earning the 21 interest that those taxpayers deserve. 22 Thank you. 23 CHAIRMAN EVANS: And we would greatly 24 appreciate if you could just present to the committee the information. 25

1	MR. BLAND: Certainly. I certainly will get
2	that to you.
3	CHAIRMAN EVANS: The Chairman of the
4	Transportation Committee, Chairman Joe Markosek.
5	REPRESENTATIVE MARKOSEK: Well, thank you,
6	Chairman Evans and Chairman Civera.
7	Gentlemen, thank you for attending here
8	today.
9	Just very briefly, if we think of the
10	quintessential person, the kind of the model of the
11	person that uses mass transit in their daily lives,
12	not only just here in Pennsylvania but anywhere in
13	the world, we think of somebody predominantly going
14	to work, perhaps going to school, perhaps doing a
15	little shopping that way, people living in an urban
16	or suburban setting, but yet there is a significant
17	number of folks who use mass transit who live in
18	rural areas who are handicapped, who are elderly,
19	through the shared-ride programs that you all
20	administer and that are very evident. And I guess my
21	question would be, perhaps maybe to Mr. Morris who
22	has a little more of a generic view of mass transit
23	here in Pennsylvania, but what are the percentages of
24	people that use shared-ride programs throughout
25	Pennsylvania? Do you have any numbers on how many

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1	people on a daily or a weekly time would use that?
2	MR. MORRIS: I can't speak to that
3	specifically off the top of my head. I would be
4	happy to get you that information.
5	The numbers are obviously not as large as
6	what you would see in Pittsburgh or Philadelphia, but
7	I can speak to the importance of those programs,
8	because we do have, when you talk about efficiency
9	and effectiveness, on the effectiveness side, we do
10	have a social responsibility in our communities, and
11	there are many folks that use not only shared ride
12	but fixed-route transit that have no other way, and
13	we are helping them stay independent.
14	I guess I have the honor of walking through
15	our waiting area every morning to get to my office
16	and know some of those folks, and have gotten to know
17	them personally every day, and they depend on us, and
18	somehow that gets lost sometimes in how important
19	that is.
20	There is shared ride in every county in
21	Pennsylvania, so there is public transportation
22	throughout the entire Commonwealth, and often that
23	also gets missed in the discussions about the larger
24	systems in the State and their issues.
25	So I appreciate the opportunity to answer

1	that question. We certainly will get you and the
2	committee information on the shared ride. I just
3	cannot speak to that specific issue right now.
4	REPRESENTATIVE MARKOSEK: Yeah; thank you
5	very much. I just wanted to make that point, because
б	I think there is a large disconnect in people's minds
7	as to the fact that mass transit is something that
8	benefits all Pennsylvanians, every county in
9	Pennsylvania. It is not just an urban, and it is
10	obviously used quite a bit in the urban areas, but it
11	is not just an urban service. It is something that
12	people all over the Commonwealth use, and the
13	importance of mass transportation in our Commonwealth
14	cannot be understated, and I appreciate your being
15	here today.
16	Thank you.
17	CHAIRMAN EVANS: Chairman Geist.
18	Representative Bryan Lentz.
19	REPRESENTATIVE LENTZ: Thank you, Mr.
20	Chairman.
21	Good morning, gentlemen.
22	My question is for you, Mr. Casey, and first
23	off, I would just like to congratulate you on your
24	new position and to commend you on your, I guess,
25	statements upon taking the position. I think that

1 the emphasis on customer service and cleanliness are 2 some things that some people might consider small, 3 but as someone who rides the R3, I understand how 4 important that is to not only maintaining ridership 5 but increasing ridership.

And when I was campaigning for this office, 6 7 I was often asked about or urged by voters to work for a, quote, "dedicated source of funding" for mass 8 transit, and at the time it sounded as elusive or as 9 10 pie-in-the-sky as, say, something like universal health care. But a lot of people never really 11 12 thought we would get it, and not just a dedicated 13 source but a source that will increase with inflation. 14

15 And to follow up on Chairman Markosek's 16 comment, I know that you know that this is not just a 17 Philadelphia system; it is a system that benefits certainly the counties, the county I represent, 18 19 Delaware County, and if we didn't have a functioning 20 system in places like Delaware County, people wouldn't be able to back out of their driveways, let 21 22 alone get to work on time.

But I know that you had been the Chief Financial Officer for SEPTA before taking your new position, and I wonder if you could give us the

perspective from the Chief Financial Officer 1 2 perspective of before and after Act 44, because I imagine you went through some years where you just 3 4 didn't know if you were going to meet the budget. And then if you could tell us some of the 5 б benefits of being able to have a dedicated source as 7 far as planning for infrastructure and service expansion and all those kinds of things, and also 8 talk a little bit about frequency, which we know is a 9 10 big issue for attracting ridership. 11 MR. CASEY: Yeah; it had a tremendous 12 benefit. You know, as CFO, I also had to control the 13 budget, so we really had to watch where our pennies 14 were spent. The AGM's for each individual respective 15 16 division consistently asked "Can I do this? Can I do 17 this?" trying to improve the system, and, you know, 18 with budget constraints, it was a consistent, "No, 19 no, no, no. " But the most immediate effect was 20 service, on service, and we knew specific areas that we had increases in riders, et cetera, but we simply 21 22 couldn't address it. We didn't have the money to 23 address it. 24 With Act 44, we can now look at, you know, 25 routes that are overcrowded, increase frequency of

the service out there, and do a lot of things -- you 1 2 mentioned customer service -- that in the past we weren't able to do. 3 The new budget that will be presented to our 4 board within the next couple of weeks identifies a 5 б number of things. In addition to the service, we are 7 adding additional cleaners out there, you know, a whole litany of things that before that, we just 8 could not address. 9 10 So the timing for me taking over as the General Manager could not be better, and, you know, 11 12 again, we are extremely thankful to the 13 Appropriations Committee for passing or helping to pass the Act 44. 14 15 REPRESENTATIVE LENTZ: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 16 CHAIRMAN EVANS: Chairman Mario Civera. 17 CHAIRMAN CIVERA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, 18 19 and welcome. 20 Mr. Casey, welcome, too. I wish you the 21 best to my favorite authority, SEPTA. 22 But let me begin by saying that I think most 23 of us from the southeast are all on the same mindset 24 as far as a dedicated fund, and I was glad to hear 25 the comments that were made before with the Secretary

of Transportation and some advanced ideas as far as 1 2 enhancing that dedicated fund. SEPTA has gone through some, you know, some 3 financial difficulties over the years. Act 44 is now 4 on board. At this moment, you don't see any deficits 5 or anything of that nature? I mean, basically we are 6 7 doing what we are supposed to be doing? I believe so. There were 8 MR. CASEY: specific areas at the prior meeting with us and Al 9 10 Biehler, there was talk about fuel prices, and we are seeing the price in fuel. It affects everyone else 11 on the road, but it also affects SEPTA. 12 13 So there are specific elements of our budget that we see increases, but our riders also see that. 14 The people in cars also see the increases at the gas 15 16 pump, and they have more of a tendency to join our 17 system. The higher the gas price goes, the more 18 ridership we will get, specifically on the regional 19 rail, which we see more or less busting at the seams 20 at this point. 21 CHAIRMAN CIVERA: Just for curiosity, and 22 you mentioned it and this brought a question to my 23 mind: the fuel aspect of it on the petroleum. Do you bid that like, say, 3, 4 months ahead, or do you 24 25 pay monthly to that?

1 MR. CASEY: We go out a year in advance. 2 CHAIRMAN CIVERA: Okay. MR. CASEY: So they bid on the futures, and 3 4 depending on the prices, if it is out of line, we might only do it for 3, 4 months at a time. But we 5 б do it in advance. 7 CHAIRMAN CIVERA: How are you with the status of it at the moment? I'm sure that last year 8 we weren't thinking about \$4 a gallon, and especially 9 with diesel fuel. 10 11 MR. CASEY: We are in the process of going 12 out now, and our contract expires in August. So we 13 will be going out from August of '08 to August of '09, and we should be in the marketplace any day. 14 15 CHAIRMAN CIVERA: Okay. 16 Now, I have to ask this last question, 17 because I can't disappoint Pat Deon. My favorite borough, Milbourne, could you give me a status as far 18 as that Market Street corridor with that el line and 19 20 when are we going to cut a ribbon and complete that 21 corridor there? Do you have any idea? What are we 22 on, about 5 years now? 6 years? 23 MR. CASEY: Actually, we are moving very 24 well on that. Milbourne Station is scheduled to be 25 open in June of this year, which is good news. What

1 we are looking at is to have substantial completion of all the guideway in every station except for 63rd 2 Street by the end of this calendar year. So there is 3 4 an end in sight. CHAIRMAN CIVERA: Okay. One more thing 5 about Milbourne, and I need to put this on the 6 7 record. There is a quardrail that is involved with 8 the access coming out of that property, the old Sears 9 10 property, and the developer can't go any further unless that guardrail is moved back in the center of 11 12 the highway. We need SEPTA's cooperation as well as 13 PENNDOT, but we are going to be talking to PENNDOT to 14 get that done, because that is good news if that is going to open in June, and maybe that developer, we 15 16 could start seeing some construction there by the fall. 17 18 Well, thank you, Mr. Casey, and I appreciate 19 that. 20 CHAIRMAN EVANS: Representative Matt Smith. 21 REPRESENTATIVE SMITH: Thank you, Mr. 22 Chairman. 23 I would like to transition a little bit and 24 talk about a specific issue that is important to my 25 community, and that is transit-oriented development.

Specifically to Mr. Bland, and first let me commend you on your efforts, particularly on the management side, to get some of the costs under control, specifically as it relates to management and pension.

But I'm a big believer in transport-oriented 6 7 development, whether it is a benefit to mass transit or it is used as an economic development tool. 8 In Mount Lebanon, we have a light rail line that runs 9 10 right across the central business district, and Chairman Evans was gracious enough to come pay us a 11 12 visit late last year to see firsthand what a vibrant 13 community it is.

My question, I guess, is twofold. What can the State do to enhance transit-oriented development, and where do you see it going in the future, particularly from a land-use perspective, from an economic development perspective, and from the increased ridership on the light rail line from the county perspective?

21 MR. BLAND: Thank you, Representative Smith. 22 I think it is a key issue and a key issue 23 for the Port Authority, and anyone who has not been 24 to Mount Lebanon, it is the quintessential 25 transit-oriented suburb. We have, for an example, where the State has been helpful this is the
 legislation that was passed several years ago. In
 fact, we have a study going on in Mount Lebanon as we
 speak.

We are also engaged in a number of joint 5 б development activities. We have recently signed a development agreement in our region south of Mount 7 Lebanon to jointly develop that site. Two benefits 8 to the transit authority regarding development. 9 One 10 is an ongoing stream of income coming from that development, and the other is an ongoing stream of 11 In this case, it is a four-story office 12 riders. 13 building that is contemplated to be built, and that will generate ridership, and then another in 14 community development. We have one going on now in 15 16 the East Liberty neighborhood going on now, and that is a joint venture with the developer that, again, 17 will generate revenue, generate riders immediately 18 19 adjacent to our busiest corridor, and also support 20 community development activities.

I think with the incentives with the License, certainly as the Act 44 capital dollars sort of begin to ratchet up in years 2 and 3, that the department looks at projects that could help to support those types of objectives and should be given

some sort of either, if not carve-outs certainly some 1 2 sort of attention, are all great issues. I think the other thing that is even 3 4 separate from the transportation piece, and you touched on it exactly, is that it is supporting 5 б counties and municipalities in land-use planning and 7 kind of spreading the word as to whether that is incentivizing or how do you go about that, but 8 letting those communities know. In Mount Lebanon, we 9 10 don't have to teach people or the local leaders in 11 Mount Lebanon, but maybe some folks in some of our suburban communities could use a bit of help in 12 13 finding out how valuable TODs can be for a region. 14 Thank you. 15 REPRESENTATIVE SMITH: Thank you, Mr. 16 Chairman. 17 CHAIRMAN EVANS: Representative Petri. REPRESENTATIVE PETRI: 18 Thank you, Mr. 19 Chairman. 20 My questions will be for General Manager 21 Joseph Casey. 22 If there was any trepidation about funding 23 SEPTA in the suburbs, if there was, and there wasn't 24 much, but what I did hear was, why are we doing this 25 and why are we putting band-aids on the system? Why

1 aren't we building a truly remarkable system and 2 moving into the next century? So I have to ask the question, I get it, the 3 patient was dead; you were on the table; you have 4 been revived, now it is time to go forward with this, 5 so the natural question I have to ask is, is it 6 7 reasonable, for the suburbs in particular, to expect that the system will be expanded, modernized, and 8 made more convenient, and if so, when does the 9 10 planning for that begin? 11 MR. CASEY: Thank you very much. 12 One of the things, after I initially spoke, 13 was the Port Authority was talking about the smart-card technology. We are also in the process of 14 developing that technology, and we expect an RFP to 15 16 go out this spring to advance that technology. And we are looking for an open system similar to the Port 17 Authority, where other people can use this system 18 19 through their cards, et cetera. That process will 20 take a number of years, but we are moving forward in that regard. 21 22 One of the big issues that we are confronted 23 with is, again, aging infrastructure. I can talk 24 about our railcars. The youngest railcar we have out 25 of 365 railcars is 34 years old. We are in the

process of having a bid to replace one-third of those 1 2 40-year-old cars, but immediately afterward, we are going to have to consider replacing the remaining 3 4 two-thirds. So those are significant capital expenditures that we are faced with. 5 Regarding expansion, expansion is very 6 7 difficult. I'm sure you are aware of the Schuylkill Valley Metro. We are competing across the nation 8 with new-start projects, and it is very difficult. 9 It is very difficult, especially with an area of 10 Philadelphia that has already an extensive network to 11 compete with these cities in the West and in 12 13 California that do not have that system, and they are getting theirs now through the new starts. And the 14 Federal government has, because of the competitive 15 nature of that money, they have changed the funding 16 formula from 80 percent Federal to 60 percent 17 Federal. The Schuylkill Valley itself was deemed not 18 19 a recommended project by the Federal government. 20 You know, when we look at where our ridership growth is, we see a tremendous growth in 21 22 Delaware County and also Chester County, and we have 23 to address some of those growing areas. 24 REPRESENTATIVE PETRI: A follow-up question: 25 I have been supporting the concept of an intermodal

1 advisory board or authority, as you are probably aware, which would include the Parking Authority, the 2 Bridge Commission, the airport, and the Philadelphia 3 4 Port and SEPTA, and I have been told by a number of staff members that it can't be done, and I keep 5 pointing to New York City and saying, well, then we 6 7 just have to get smarter and figure out how to do it. But if we started on the process of an intermodal 8 advisory board to try and get better revenue-sharing 9 10 and better cooperative planning and pricing, do you 11 think that would be of assistance to you? 12 But before you answer that, I just want to 13 add that in light of the fact that our airport in Philadelphia is rated as one of the most seriously 14

delayed or inconvenient airports -- whether that is 15 true or not, it is certainly the perception -- we 16 found out a couple of years ago that a crane was 17 located in the wrong place and it interferes with the 18 19 flight path and the expansion of the airport. We 20 built in parking fees to be used for transit, and we know that the Governors in PA and New Jersey a couple 21 22 of years ago took the profits from the bridge 23 revenues and invested them. Maybe rightfully so, but 24 maybe SEPTA would have liked to have been a part of 25 that.

So I see a real frustration and I have been 1 2 completely frustrated with the lack of coordination of activities and funding between the various 3 intermodal authorities, and I wondered if you have a 4 solution to fix that. 5 MR. CASEY: I don't know. The intermodal 6 7 thing that you mentioned that you are supporting, 8 SEPTA would support that also. We are frequently, you know, faced with competing interests with the 9 10 Parking Authority, et cetera. 11 I will give you a little anecdotal story. Α 12 couple of weeks ago there were actually leaflets 13 placed on some of our rail line parking lots encouraging people to drive in and park at the 14 Parking Authority, and, you know, I immediately 15 called and it ceased, but those are the competing 16 interests that we have to deal with almost on a daily 17 18 basis. 19 REPRESENTATIVE PETRI: Thank you, Mr. 20 Chairman. 21 CHAIRMAN EVANS: Representative Frankel. 22 REPRESENTATIVE FRANKEL: Thank you, Mr. 23 Chairman, and good morning. 24 This is for Steve and the Port Authority. You know, first of all, I join with my colleague, 25

1	Representative Smith, in congratulating management
2	for what I believe really, you know, was taking some
3	very serious downsizing of its benefits and its
4	compensation packages and acting responsibly in a
5	very difficult time, and you paved the way for what
6	ought to be happening throughout the system. But
7	when I take a look at your presentation this year
8	that projects the fiscal years of '08 to '13, in
9	terms of your operating expenses, I'm looking at the
10	benefit, the total benefits you are projecting out,
11	going from \$115 million in '08 to \$155 million in
12	'13. Is that based on the current bargaining
13	agreement?
14	MR. BLAND: Right, Representative. These
15	projections in the presentation reflect the current
16	condition of the Port Authority the service level,
17	service design, what have you. We said from the
18	beginning that the sustainability of public
19	transportation in Pittsburgh is like a four-legged
20	stool. Predictable State funding was one of those
21	legs. Act 44 has effectively addressed that.
22	Predictable local funding was another leg.
23	Essentially Act 44 and the ensuing actions by the
24	county executive and the county legislation have
25	ensured that. Appropriate service design, which is

1 something we started and are pursuing through our 2 transit development plan, it is ongoing now. But frankly, we are getting our unit costs 3 4 under control, particularly what we refer to as the legacy costs, benefits in particular. As an example, 5 right now, for every active employee we have enrolled 6 7 in our health-care program, we have more than one 8 retired employee enrolled in our health-care program. You relayed a comment about the changes we made with 9 our nonrepresentative staff that are close to 10 retirement, and that benefit was removed from the 11 nonrepresentative staff, and that is something that 12 13 we have to do to come up with a solution, fundamentally like the General Motors or the other 14 automakers who have really gotten into this 15 situation, to find a way out. 16 And when people ask me, well, how do you 17 solve this issue, really, if you wanted to get a 18 19 blood transfusion, first you got to stop the bleeding 20 before you can figure out how to get the blood back 21 in. So our first objective is to really contain the 22 growth in those expenses and then sort of address how 23 you deal with that long term to get that done, but 24 that is, I would say in the upcoming year when really 25 all of our agreements come up, that is our numbers 1

1 through 8 out of 10 objectives.

2 REPRESENTATIVE FRANKEL: Under the terms of 3 the agreement, how does it compare, for instance, to 4 SEPTA and other conditions of other agencies? I 5 mean, what is the benefit package for those other 6 agencies?

7 MR. BLAND: I'm sure Mr. Casey can speak 8 specifically to SEPTA's package, but what we compared 9 is, ours is much more generous, for lack of a better 10 word.

11 Essentially, with 25 years of service, you could retire with the full health-care package for 12 13 the rest of your life. Again, because of the bargaining unit, that is no longer the case. And I 14 will be the first person to tell you, that is a nice 15 16 benefit, and I tell our employees, I don't want to take it away but I feel I have no choice, because the 17 numbers we see in front of us are a reality, and it 18 19 is something fundamentally that we have to deal with.

20 When we have been compared to SEPTA and 21 compared to other organizations like Larry's, you 22 know, there is no comparison. But I probably would 23 refer to Mr. Casey to comment on SEPTA's specific 24 provisions. But certainly ours, from what we have 25 seen, are much more generous.

1 REPRESENTATIVE FRANKEL: Obviously, we 2 worked together across the State to give SEPTA, with the Transit Workers and with the Authority, our local 3 4 elected officials, to get Act 44 passed, and I have a great deal of satisfaction on that. But ultimately 5 б many of us, I think, on both sides of the aisle felt 7 very strongly that there had to be a reciprocal action by labor in this to reasonably address the 8 benefit issue, the legacy costs, you know, to fix 9 10 this. I mean, that was our expectation when we passed Act 44, and I'm hoping that as you proceed, I 11 12 know you are probably engaged at this point in the 13 collective bargaining process --- Was it June or July? 14 15 MR. BLAND: The end of June, with the first 16 agreement. 17 REPRESENTATIVE FRANKEL: ---to, you know, encourage a reasonable agreement from all parties 18 19 here, and our expectation is that there will be a 20 reasonable adjustment with respect to the benefit 21 piece of this. 22 Thank you. 23 MR. BLAND: As is ours, sir. Thank you. 24 REPRESENTATIVE FRANKEL: All right. Thank 25 you very much.

1	CHAIRMAN EVANS: Philadelphia's favorite
2	legislator, Mario Scavello.
3	REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: Thank you, Mr.
4	Chairman, and good morning, gentlemen.
5	I first want to, before I give my comments,
6	I want you to know that I grew up in a large city and
7	was a big user of mass transit, and I do agree with
8	Mr. Brooks there when he said the front line is the
9	employees, because to me, that conductor, that bus
10	driver, how you treated the users of that system made
11	that system much more powerful.
12	My question, I guess, is going to be for Joe
13	and for Steve. Of your operating budget, what
14	percentage is local, what percent is at the fare box,
15	and what percentage comes from the State?
16	MR. BLAND: Let me see if I can, while Joe
17	is looking for his papers, I will extrapolate ours.
18	For instance, in this year's budget, our
19	total operating budget is \$336 million. Of that
20	amount, about \$85 million comes from operating
21	sources passenger fares, real estate income, what
22	have you \$184 million in State operating
23	assistance, and then the remainder comes through a
24	combination of county and then some of the Federal
25	aid programs access to jobs, congestion management

1 programs, what have you. 2 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: So you would say 3 about what percent? Is it 60? 4 MR. BLAND: No, about 25 percent in fare 5 passenger revenue. б REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: 25 percent fare? 7 MR. BLAND: Yeah; it is in that, 24, 25 percent passenger fare. 8 9 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: And State would be 10 about? 11 MR. BLAND: Probably about 55 percent, if my math is correct. 12 13 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: 55 percent. And then the rest is local? 14 15 MR. BLAND: Local and Federal. REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: Local and Federal. 16 17 MR. BLAND: There are some Federal programs that mix into our operations. Federal is primarily 18 for capital. 19 20 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: That's what I 21 assumed. 22 MR. BLAND: There are some exceptions, like 23 the access-to-jobs program, as an example. 24 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: Okay. And for the 25 SEPTA system?

1 MR. CASEY: Our current budget is a little 2 over a million dollars. The State is about half of that. The local is about 6 percent. 3 4 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: The local is 6 5 percent. б MR. CASEY: Yes. 7 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: It can't be a million. 8 9 MR. CASEY: A billion; I'm sorry. 10 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: I was going to 11 say---12 MR. CASEY: I dropped the zeroes here. 13 MR. BLAND: If that is true, you need to listen more to him than to me. 14 15 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: Yeah. 16 So your local is 6 percent. How does that 17 compare to other big cities, you know, for instance, New York, any other big cities? Your local share. 18 19 MR. CASEY: Each big city is different. 20 They divide up their support, either through a local funding tax or other methods. 21 22 I can give you a report on that. I believe 23 the Reform Commission actually did that comparison to 24 determine what other cities do, what other big cities 25 do.

1	REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: Isn't it true that
2	in some cities it is over 60-percent local?
3	MR. CASEY: I believe so, yes.
4	REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: And you are
5	getting 6-percent local.
6	I throw that out there, because I look at,
7	you know, what New York City has done, and what they
8	do is, they toll their bridges going into the city,
9	and a majority of those dollars go to offset the
10	costs of mass transit, and they tax their parking in
11	the city at a higher rate and those dollars go to
12	offset mass transit.
13	By doing that, they do two things. First of
14	all, just like you said earlier, with the price of
15	gas, you are getting more folks on the train. It
16	pretty much inspires people to save money, not to
17	drive into the city and get on mass transit and use
18	the transit systems.
19	So the system becomes more profitable, you
20	know, and I throw that out and I say, well, why isn't
21	it happening in the city? And I know, I think that
22	it would alleviate some of the congestion and it
23	would create a better system, because you are going
24	to have more users on the system; you won't have the
25	empty seats.

1 And I just look at 6 percent versus what 2 some of the other big cities are doing, and it is an awful low amount, and it is really on the backs of 3 the rest of the State. 4 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 5 CHAIRMAN EVANS: Thank you. 6 7 I would like to ask a question. The majority of your ridership, in both your systems, is 8 the majority of your ridership Pennsylvanians? 9 10 MR. CASEY: Yes. 11 CHAIRMAN EVANS: What? Ninety, ninety-five 12 percent? 13 MR. CASEY: I think ours is probably closer to 99 percent. 14 15 CHAIRMAN EVANS: Ninety-nine percent? They 16 are not New Jerseyans? 17 MR. CASEY: Pennsylvania. They're not Delawarians? CHAIRMAN EVANS: 18 19 MR. CASEY: No. 20 CHAIRMAN EVANS: They are 99-percent Pennsylvanians. 21 22 MR. CASEY: Ninety-nine percent. I mean, we 23 do have some service into the State of Delaware and 24 we also have some service into Trenton. 25 CHAIRMAN EVANS: But they are

1 Pennsylvanians? That's the key that I want to know. 2 MR. CASEY: It is both. CHAIRMAN EVANS: Yeah. 3 4 MR. CASEY: But 99 percent are Pennsylvanians. 5 CHAIRMAN EVANS: Pennsylvanians, right. б 7 MR. CASEY: Right. CHAIRMAN EVANS: And in your case? 8 MR. BLAND: Ours would probably be higher 9 10 only because we don't have the immediate access to an 11 adjoining State that Philadelphia does. CHAIRMAN EVANS: So yours is like 99 12 13 percent? Pennsylvanians, right? MR. BLAND: Easily. I mean, frankly, the 14 only out of State that I would anticipate would be 15 the tourism types of riders. 16 CHAIRMAN EVANS: So those Pennsylvanians are 17 probably paying State income tax, sales tax, fare to 18 get on mass transit, if they have a business, 19 20 corporate net income tax. 21 MR. BLAND: The malt beverage tax. 22 CHAIRMAN EVANS: They are paying all that, 23 right? But your return is going where? Тο Pennsylvania organizations, right? Not West Virginia 24 25 or New Jersey, right?

MR. CASEY: That is correct. 1 2 CHAIRMAN EVANS: I just wanted to ask. Ι wanted to clarify where those people are from. 3 We 4 are not paying for New Jerseyans or West Virginians; we are paying for Pennsylvanians, right? 5 I just wanted to ask the question. 6 7 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: Mr. Chairman---CHAIRMAN EVANS: I just wanted to ask the 8 question where the people are from. 9 10 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: I just want---11 CHAIRMAN EVANS: I just asked the question. 12 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: Mr. Chairman, 13 because it's a bad example. The New York City 14 system---15 CHAIRMAN EVANS: I didn't say anything. 16 REPRESENTATIVE SCAVELLO: ---goes into Connecticut. 17 CHAIRMAN EVANS: Mr. Scavello, I didn't say 18 19 anything. 20 I'm going to let the Chairman go, and then 21 I'll go to Representative Reichley. That is all I asked. 22 23 CHAIRMAN CIVERA: Let me, you know, I think 24 this needs to be said, especially because I'm from the southeast. 25

The idea of a dedicated fund for mass transit has to be in place in Pennsylvania. The southeastern legislators, whether they are from Philadelphia, Delaware County, Bucks, Chester, and Montgomery, I believe all agree that that dedicated fund has to be.

7 And to the point that if we were to expand and come up with different ideas, and some ideas were 8 said today as far as the Schuylkill Expressway, some 9 10 ideas have been shared with the Philadelphia Airport, some ideas have been shared with an authority taking 11 12 over the Parking Authority and incorporating that, 13 and I think those are good, healthy ideas because it 14 is going to move us forward. To go and bank on the other parts of Pennsylvania, I don't believe is fair. 15 16 I believe that, you know, we should be taking care of 17 our own.

So we are thinking; we are developing new 18 19 ideas to come to that point. It is a situation where 20 not only when you look at the business community, the Chamber of Commerce, whether it be the Philadelphia 21 22 Chamber, the Delaware County Chamber, the Montgomery 23 Chamber, they support the mass transit because it 24 provides the jobs in that area, okay, and they 25 supported last year the dedicated fund. So I believe

1 that, you know, we are thinking.

2 When you compare it with New York, as Mario did, the problem, the difference between New York and 3 4 Philadelphia is that New York in Manhattan is an island within itself within the State, and therefore, 5 б when the authority took place, they were able to do 7 with the bridge tolls, but for us to go into the Benjamin Franklin Bridge, the Walt Whitman Bridge, 8 the Betsy Ross Bridge, because of New Jersey, it 9 10 becomes a Federal issue that we can't bring that within the authority. Had we been able to do that, 11 12 this would have been done a couple of years ago.

But I think as we expand our ideas as far as a dedicated funding and where that source of revenue should come from, I believe that the southeast wants to really basically take care of itself, and there is a lot of revenue that is in the southeast that would be helpful to the transportation.

One more statement before I leave. I just want to say thank you to our labor force and to management, that he is at the table. That means a lot in the five-county area and to Philadelphia. I think you are off to a good start. I really mean that.

Thank you.

1 MR. CASEY: Thank you. 2 CHAIRMAN EVANS: Representative Reichley. REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Thank you, Mr. 3 Chairman. 4 Mr. Casey, just following up really on 5 б Chairman Evans's last question to you. Would you 7 agree that, I will say modestly, 90 percent of your 8 ridership is from the five-county southeastern area of Philadelphia and the four collar counties? 9 10 MR. CASEY: At least. 11 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Right. So the 12 people up in the Lehigh Valley and the Poconos and 13 the middle part of the State would probably not be likely to be riding a SEPTA bus or a SEPTA train? 14 15 MR. CASEY: Probably not. 16 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: And I just want to get it so that I understand, because we had to 17 recalculate the figures, you have a \$1 billion budget 18 19 but only 6 percent of the operating revenue is coming 20 from the fare box? 21 MR. CASEY: No, no; 6 percent from the local 22 governments. 23 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Local governments. Okay. How much is your fare box revenue toward the 24 25 operating expenses?

1 MR. CASEY: It is about 40 percent. 2 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Forty. And then the 6-percent local is what you 3 4 were identifying as going toward operating or the overall budget? 5 MR. CASEY: Through operating. 6 7 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Okay. So of an 8 operating budget, you are more or less in line with what Mr. Bland stated, about a 55-percent State share 9 10 on the operating side? 11 MR. CASEY: Yeah; it's probably about 50 12 percent. 13 MR. REICHLEY: 50 percent; okay. MR. CASEY: There are other revenues that we 14 15 also have. 16 **REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY:** Okay. 17 I think echoing Chairman Civera's comments, there is a lot of concern. I myself would not have a 18 19 difficulty with the bulk of the State aid going to us 20 toward capital investment, in new vehicles and new 21 trains, but to have that large a portion of your 22 operating expenditures coming out of the State, I 23 think, is troublesome and then hard to justify. 24 And as I had asked Secretary Biehler -- and 25 I'm sure you are aware of this, frankly so -- what

makes it harder to rationalize is when on February 12
there is an article that says that the \$81 $1/2$
million surplus that you received from Act 44 went
into a restricted account and didn't go toward
capital investment; it didn't go toward reducing
fares. I'm just wondering if you could comment upon
that.
MR. CASEY: Yes. First of all, from a
cash-flow standpoint, we did not receive \$80 million.
I don't have \$80 million sitting in the bank from Act
44.
By the end of the process, when we get all
the cash receipts, et cetera, at the end of the year,
we will probably have \$80 million more from the Act
44 than we need to balance the budget.
REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Okay.
MR. CASEY: So that is from a cash
standpoint.
I mean, the intention of the Act 44 was to
make this last, to make the transit authorities not
come back to the State every 4 or 5 years. My
problem is, if I spent that \$80 million next year on
capital budget, if you look at the growth of our
budget, and say it grows 4 percent, that is \$40
million it will grow next year.

1 Act 44 only grows \$12, \$15 million, so I 2 have an automatic gap. So, you know, each subsequent year that gap will, you know, grow and grow and grow 3 as far as the deficit versus the Act 44 increase. 4 So in order for this to last, Act 44 to last 5 us for operating purposes, we are going to need to 6 7 set that money aside for future expenses. 8 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Do you have a surplus now? In taking a look at your net budget, do 9 10 you have a surplus at all? 11 MR. CASEY: A minor surplus, yes. REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: What is it? 12 13 MR. CASEY: It is about \$700,000, for 14 year-to-date. 15 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Okay. 16 In the course of this article, I guess it 17 was in the Bulletin, it quoted your CFO -- Richard Burnfield? 18 19 MR. CASEY: Yes. 20 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: ---saying, yes, 21 Act 44 is certainly going to stabilize our finances 22 and give us an opportunity to improve. That seemed 23 to be contradicted by one of your board members, 24 Michael O'Donoghue, who said that this money is 25 insufficient. I guess the question is, and later on

1 in the article it cited the fact that the \$81 1/2 2 million, which admittedly would be toward your year 3 end, would be able to fund about half of the modern 4 fare collection system, and I guess the question is, 5 similar to what Mr. Bland was saying, that they are 6 engaging in the smart-card technology, why not be 7 putting it toward that?

8 MR. CASEY: Well, again, we needed to make 9 this money last for the operating purposes, but we 10 are still engaging in the smart-card technology.

I don't know exactly where Steve Bland is on the process, but we are opening it up, that we have a lot of interest from the banking institutions, from communications, et cetera, that really want to get into this small-dollar purchases, that the transit agencies present itself.

17 So, I mean, we don't know what the end game is as far as the cost of this project. But we know 18 19 what other cities have spent. We know Boston spent 20 almost \$200 million on that project. We know Atlanta 21 spent a lot of money, et cetera. But if we get the 22 private institutions invested in this project and 23 interested in this project, it could be that our 24 expenditures for this project aren't anywhere near 25 what the other cities have spent.

REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Okay. And I 1 2 think, I was trying to count up, I think I have three 3 last questions for you. 4 Number one, you said you are about to go bid out replacement on the 40-year-old cars. Do you have 5 б any sense of how much that is going to cost you? 7 MR. CASEY: We do have a contract that says \$300 million. 8 9 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: To replace all the 10 cars? 11 MR. CASEY: No. REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: All those 12 13 40-year-olds? 14 MR. CASEY: Yes. 15 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Yeah; the 16 40-year-old cars, right. Okay. And when do you anticipate all the 17 replacement cars coming on line? Is that going to be 18 19 in 1 year or do you get them 5 a year or something like that? 20 21 MR. CASEY: We anticipate a 2-year delivery. 22 They will not start coming in until spring of 2010, 23 which is a long time, and part of my problem right 24 now with the capacity is, what do I do on the 25 short-term basis?

1 And we are looking at, we had an engineering 2 firm come in to scour the market, see what is out there, that unfortunately, everyone else has the same 3 4 problem. New Jersey Transit has increased ridership, MARC has increased riderships, et cetera. 5 Both of б them are really the only electrified units that run 7 rail transit in the country. So we are scouring, we are seeing what we 8 can do, but, you know, it will be 2 years until we 9 10 can get those cars. 11 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Thank you, but I 12 just want to make sure I understand: You have 13 actually signed that contract? MR. CASEY: 14 Yes. 15 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: For the \$300 16 million for the replacement of the subway cars? MR. CASEY: 17 Yes. REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: And that doesn't 18 19 take into account replacement on buses. Do you have 20 any anticipation of that? 21 MR. CASEY: No. We have a bus-replacement 22 program. We have approximately 1,200 buses. We 23 generally like to replace a hundred of them a year, 24 because they have a 12-year useful life. 25 We also signed a contract to replace 400

1 buses over the next 4 years, and they are hybrid 2 electric buses, which will improve air quality in the region and also have reduced fuel consumption. 3 Those 4 buses will be starting delivery in August of this year, and that is why I can't put the buses out now. 5 б So once they start delivering, I will be able to 7 expand our fleet, not retire some of the older buses, and put additional service out this fall. 8 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Are you coming 9 10 into Harrisburg at all asking for an increase in the allocation at all, or are you going to say, 11 12 everything is okay; Act 44 is giving us enough money; 13 we don't need any bump-up in the '08-09 budget? MR. CASEY: Yeah; we believe that Act 44 14 will solve our problem on the operating budget for 15 16 years to come. 17 REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: And for capital 18 investment as well; you are not asking any additional aid for SEPTA? 19 20 MR. CASEY: Well, we do have problems in 21 capital, and we have to look at, you know, where we 22 go. We have to look at where the Federal government

23 goes, and we are in the process, I was just in
24 Washington on Monday with some of the major rail
25 cities, including Pittsburgh -- I'm not sure if you

1	had a Representative there, but Chicago, Boston, New
2	York, et cetera and we are trying to get a
3	consensus on how the new funding will affect the
4	major old cities.
5	REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Okay.
6	And the last question may seem a little off
7	the wall to you: Do you have a position on the board
8	with the Delaware River Port Authority at all? Do
9	you participate with them at all?
10	MR. CASEY: I believe not, no.
11	REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Okay, because I
12	just saw that they are investing \$10 million in the
13	waterfront development in the city of Chester, and it
14	would seem to me that that would be a helpful source
15	for you to go to for expansion of your capital
16	investment. I believe there are a number of
17	investments in the area, but
18	MR. CASEY: Yeah; I'm not sure of the
19	specifics. I believe that is on the waterfront in
20	Philadelphia, on Columbus Boulevard.
21	REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Okay. Well, the
22	way I read it, it was in Chester, but, you know, I
23	think that they seem to be a source of generosity.
24	MR. CASEY: Yeah; they have \$10 million for
25	planning, I believe. Yes.

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1	REPRESENTATIVE REICHLEY: Okay. Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN EVANS: Those folks in the
3	northwest are a part of the Commonwealth of
4	Pennsylvania, so even if their local representatives
5	don't want to look out for them, we are going to look
б	out for them. We are going to make sure that those
7	in the northwest are a part of the Commonwealth.
8	There's a distinction: Commonwealth; New Jersey, a
9	State; New York a State Commonwealth. There's a
10	distinction. I wanted to say that.
11	I just have to say a distinction about a
12	Commonwealth. So if we can get past and over this
13	aspect, that all 67 counties are important, you know,
14	all 67 counties are important, so we are going to
15	work for all 67 counties in this hearing. I just
16	wanted to say that.
17	I want to thank all of you for coming to
18	speak to us today, as Pennsylvanians. All of you are
19	Pennsylvanians, right? You are not from New York or
20	West Virginia? I want to check. We're going to
21	start getting ID cards for you.
22	I think that's a good idea, Mario. We need
23	to get ID cards and make sure that nobody sneaks in
24	from any other State, that we don't do anything for
25	anybody else.
l	

1	Thank you very much. This is recessed until
2	1 o'clock. Thank you very much.
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4	(The hearing concluded at 12:04 p.m.)
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1	I hereby certify that the proceedings and
2	evidence are contained fully and accurately in the
3	notes taken by me on the within proceedings and that
4	this is a correct transcript of the same.
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8	Debra B. Miller, Reporter
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