Benefits of the New Sprinkler Fitters Certification & Testing Requirements



Fire sprinkler systems prevent the loss of life and property. The important life-saving and property-saving values of these systems is lost when they are not installed by qualified sprinkler fitter journeymen and apprentices. To ensure skilled sprinkler fitters install and service sprinkler systems.

Establish Solid Education and Experience Requirements For Individuals Who Work in the Sprinkler Fitting Industry.

- Persons working sprinkler systems or other fire suppression systems will be required to complete an apprenticeship in a sprinkler fitting program registered with the State Apprenticeship and Training Council.
- Individuals will have to performed at least 100,000 hours of documented practical experience in the installation of maintenance of sprinkler systems under the supervision of a certified sprinkler fitter and have 800 hours of classroom and/or shop instruction in the sprinkler fitter trade.

✓ Require a Written Examination Requirement to Ensure the Individuals' Knowledge of the Sprinkler Fitting Trade.

- The Department of Licenses and Inspections shall develop a sprinkler fitting examination for individuals who have satisfied the education and experience requirements.
- This examination will test the individual's knowledge, experience and skill in the sprinkler fitting trade. Upon the successful completion of the test, the individual earns a certificate to work in the sprinkler fitting trade.

✓ Permit Reciprocity for Individuals Certified by Other State and Local Jurisdictions.

Individuals who have been authorized by other State and local jurisdictions to perform sprinkler fitting work can receive a certificate to work in the sprinkler fitting trade in Philadelphia upon presenting competent evidence that the individual is a practicing sprinkler fitter or apprentice and that the individual has been authorized by another jurisdiction.

Effective Enforcement Measures

✓ Prohibits Unqualified Individuals From Working on Fire Suppression Systems

 Unqualified individuals, <u>i.e.</u>, those who have not satisfied the requirements of the bill, or those who have not satisfied the reciprocity requirements, are prohibited from installing or servicing sprinkler systems.

✓ Provides Stiff Penalties For Violations of the ordinance:

- A \$50 to \$300 fine for each violation of the law.
- A violation of the law is defined as each day a person performs sprinkler fitter work in violation of the law or each day that a person or entity employs a person to perform sprinkler work in violation of the ordinance.
- The Department of Licensing and Inspections will have the power to deny individuals found to have violated the chapter the right to apply for a sprinkler fitter certificate or apprentice permit for one year.
- The Department of Licensing and Inspection will have the power to suspend or revoke a sprinkler fitter certificate or an apprentice permit upon a finding of technical incompetence.
- The Department of Licensing and Inspections shall have the power to revoke
 the Fire Suppression Systems Contractor license of any person, corporation or
 other business entity which knowingly or recklessly employs a person to
 perform sprinkler fitting work without the required certificate or permit.

The Need to Maintain High Qualification Standards

The following excerpts are reprinted from The Contractors Critic Issue No. 4 (Sept. 2000).

STEINGASS MECHANICAL

Steingass Failed to Connect Fire Sprinklers to a Water Supply at a Solon, Ohio School. A fire later raged unabated through the school.

Steinglass' use unlicensed and uncertified fire system installers is especially troubling given Steingass' record. On April 14, 1998, the Parkside Elementary School in Solon, Ohio, caught fire, but the fire prevention sprinkler system never came on, according to published accounts. The reason was that Steingass failed to connect the sprinkler system to a water supply. The fire caused over \$45,000 in damages.

The Solon Board of Education produced several memos on the disaster, which were critical of Steingass. "The contractor does bear responsibility for the shortcomings [of the] fire suppression system This would not be the first time a contractor either cut corners or did not perform as expected Had we not been lucky with the result, this fire may have been more extensive, causing a serious disruption

of the educational system, thus affecting the our citizens in a way that could have been prevented. The sprinkler company, the contractor and the school's project manager should have also been held accountable. The facts remain the facts. This was a major screw up. We (the city) put our most vulnerable residents (kindergarten students) in jeopardy. This fire could have happened on a school day with children in attendance."

(Continued on Next Page)

STEINGASS MECHANICAL

Steinglass Used Uncertified Personnel

Properly installed fire prevention systems have saved many lives and have averted billions of dollars in property damages. But a fire sprinklers system is only as good as the persons who install it. Now copies of payroll certification reports, released under the Ohio Public Records Act, reveal that Steingass Mechanical has used uncertified personnel to install fire protection systems.

In November 1999 Steingass submitted a "Payroll Certification Report" for their work on the Avon Lake Safety Center, in Lorain County, Ohio. This Report listed Douglas R. Canada as a "Sprinkler Fitter-I." Stanley Kulon was listed in the payroll records as an "Apprentice." But the Ohio State fire Marshal Bureau of Licensing and Certification had no records showing that Canada was licensed or certified as sprinkler fitter or that Kulon had a provisional license or certification.

(Reprinted from <u>The Contractors Critic</u>, Steingass Mechanical, Issue No. 4, (Sept. 2000).)

The Sprinkler Fitters Ordinance addresses these problems by:

- ✓ Establishing Educational and Experience Requirements, including the completion of an apprenticeship program, for all individuals who intend to install or maintain sprinkler systems in the City of Philadelphia.
- ✓ Requiring individuals to pass a written examination before obtaining a license as a sprinkler fitter.
- ✓ Providing stiff penalties for persons (individuals and contractors) who perform sprinkler fitting work without the required apprentice permits or journeymen licenses, including a \$50-\$300 fine for each violation of the ordinance, which is each day the person works without the required permit or license.

✓ Granting the Department of Licenses and Inspections the power to revoke. for one year. the Fire Suppression Systems Contractor License for any person, corporation or other business entity that knowingly or recklessly employs a person to perform sprinkler fitting work without the required permit or license.

Sprinkler Fitter Laws In Other Jurisdictions

The new Sprinkler Fitter Certification and Testing Requirements represent the latest legislation of qualifications and standards for sprinkler fitters. More and more jurisdictions are passing legislation establishing education and experience requirements for sprinkler fitters and apprentices. Those jurisdictions are set forth in the following table entitled "SPRINKLER FITTERS, State Statutory and Regulatory Requirements."

Jurisdictions have not only legislated qualifications for sprinkler fitters, but also for other piping trades, such as plumbers, pipe fitters, gas fitters, HVAC mechanics and medical gas installers. Additional tables setting forth the statutes governing qualifications for these trades follow the Sprinkler Fitters table.

SPRINKLER FITTERS

STATE	STATUTE OR REGULATION	EXPERIENCE	OTHER
Connecticut	CONN. GEN. STAT. § 20-334a	Completed apprenticeship program and not less than 4 years of experience	• Test
Idaho	IDAHO ADMIN. CODE § 18.01.49.023	 1500 hours per year for 3 years working as fitter 	• Test
Massachusetts	MASS. REGS. CODE tit. 528, § 11.03	8000 hours as apprenticeship or trainee and not less than 144 hours of study each year as apprentice or trainee	• Test
Minnesota	MINN. STAT. ANN. § 326.48	8000 hours performing fire protection related work OR Completion of sprinkler fitter program	• Test
New Mexico	N.M. STAT. ANN. § 60-13-38	Have 2 years of experience as pipefitter OR complete course in trade offered by vocational education division	• Test
Rhode Island	R.I. Gen. Laws § 28-27-4,2	Complete 4 year apprenticeship program AND/OR passed journeyman exam	• Test
Wisconsin	WIS. STAT. ANN. § 145.07	Complete apprenticeship program	• Test

HVAC/REFRIGERATION MECHANICS

STATE	STATUTE OR REGULATION	EXPERIENCE	OTHER
Alabama	ALA. CODE § 34-37-6		
Arkansas	ARK. CODE § 17-33-302		Test
Connecticut	CONN. GEN. STAT. § 20-334a	Completion of apprenticeship program	• Test
District of Columbia	D.C. CODE ANN. § 47-2853.202	1	<u> </u>
Kentucky	Ky. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 198B.658	• 2 years of employment in HVAC trade	• Test
Maryland	MD. REGS. CODE tit. 9 § 09.15.02.09	1875 hours of training over three years while licensed as apprentice	• Test
Massachusetts	MASS. REGS. CODE tit. 528, § 11.01	6000 hours as apprentice or trainee plus 100 hours of 522 CMR 9.00 Code training, other training and 150 hours of 527 CMR 12.00 Code (elec. Code) training OR 1000 hours in refrigeration technician course plus 100 hours of 522 CMR 9.00 Code training, other training and 100 hours of 527 CMR 12.00 Code training; OR 500 hours of refrigeration technician course plus 100 hours of 522 CMR 9.00 Code training, other training and 100 hours of training in 527 CMR 12.00 training in 527 CMR 12.00 training	• Test
New Mexico	N.M. STAT. ANN. § 60-13-38	 Have 2 years of experience as pipefitter OR complete course in trade offered by vocational education division 	• Test
thode Island	R.I. GEN. LAWS § 28-27-4.1	Complete 5 year apprenticeship program AND/OR passed journeyman exam	• Test

PLUMBERS

STATE	STATUTE OR REGULATION	EXPERIENCE	OTHER
Arkansas	ARK. CODE ANN. § 17-38-304	4 years experience in the trade.	• Test
Colorado	COLO. REV. STAT. § 12-58-107	 6800 hours for a Journeyman license 3400 hours for a Residential license Some work experience credit is given for academic training 	• Test
Delaware	DEL. CODE ANN. tit. 24, § 1806(a)	• 2 years under a licensed plumber and completion of apprenticeship course or 7 years without an apprenticeship course	• Test
Hawaii	Haw. Rev. Stat. § 448E-5	10,000 hours as a journey worker's or master plumber's helper	
Idaho	IDAHO CODE § 56-2608		• Test
Illinois	225 Ill. Comp. Stat. Ann. 320/10	4 years as an Illinois licensed apprentice and supervised in the trade	Approved training program Test
Indiana	IND. CODE § 25-28.5-1-12	4 years in an approved apprenticeship program or 4 years in the trade	• Test
Kentucky	KY. REV. STAT. ANN. § 318.040	2 consecutive years as an apprentice	• Test
Louisiana	La. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 46:1368	8,000 hours supervised by a licensed journeyman plumber	• Test
Maine	ME. REV. STAT. tit. 32 § 3501	4,000 hours supervised in the trade or 2,000 hours with a journeyman-in- training license	• Test
Maryland	MD. CODE ANN., BUS. OCC. & PROF. § 12-302	4 years as an apprentice with 7,500 hours supervised	Test Just Graph Test
Michigan	MICH. COMP. LAWS ANN. § 338,908	No specific requirement	• Test
Minnesota	MINN. STAT. § 4715.3140	• 4 years in the trade	• Test
Missouri	Mo. Ann. Stat. § 341.170(2)	5 years in the trade supervised by a master plumber	
Montana	MONT. CODE ANN. § 37-69-304	5 years in the trade; credit given for training	• Test
Nebraska	NEB REV. STAT. § 18-907		• Test
New Hampshire	N.H. REV. STAT. ANN. § 329-A:9		Test Complete an apprenticeship training program

STATE	STATUTE OR REGULATION	EXPERIENCE	OTHER
New Jersey	N.J. REV. STAT. ANN. § 45:14C-1	5 years in the trade or a bachelors degree in mechanical, plumbing, or sanitary engineering	• Test
North Dakota	N.D. CENT. CODE § 62-02-01-01	4 years as a licensed apprentice plumber supervised by a licensed master plumber or 5 years other experience in the trade	• Test
Oklahoma	OKLA. STAT. TIT. 59 § 103		• Test
Oregon	OR. REV. STAT. § 693.050	• 4 years as an apprentice	• Test
Rhode Island	R.I. GEN. LAWS § 5-20-17	4 years as an apprentice or equivalent experience and training	• Test
South Dakota	S.D. CODIFIED LAWS § 20:53:03:05	• 4 years as an apprentice	• Test
Texas	TEX. REV. CIV. STAT. ANN. art. 6243-101	• 2000 hours in one of several sub-specialties	• Test
Utah	Utah Code Ann. § 58-55-302	4 years supervised as licensed apprentice or equivalent	• Test
Vermont	VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 26 § 2173		Test Completion of Vermont apprenticeship program or equivalent
Washington	WASH. REV. CODE § 18.106.030		Test Completion of approved apprenticeship program or equivalent
Wisconsin	WIS, STAT. § 145.07	4 years in accordance with approved apprenticeship program	• Test

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PIPEFITTERS

STATE	STATUTE OR REGULATION	EXPERIENCE	OTHER
Connecticut	CONN. GEN. STAT. § 20-334a	Completion of apprenticeship program	• Test
Massachusetts	MASS. REGS. CODE tit. 528, § 11.01	6000 hours as apprentice or trainee plus 350 hours of A.S.M.E. Code reqs. OR 1000 hours in pipefitter course, plus 200 hours A.S.M.E. Code reqs. plus 2,000 hours as apprentice or trainee OR 500 hours in pipefitter course plus 200 hours of A.S.M.E. Code reqs. plus 4000 hours as apprentice or trainee	• Test
Minnesota	Minn. Stat. Ann. § 326.48	Be a registered pipefitter trainee or journeyman pipefitter for 4 years	Test Possess sufficient education to read and comprehend blue prints
New Mexico	N.M. STAT. ANN. § 60-13-38	Have 2 years of experience as pipefitter OR complete course in trade offered by vocational education division	• Test
Rhode Island	R.I. GEN. LAWS § 28-27-4.2	Complete 5 year apprenticeship program AND/OR passed journeyman exam	• Test

GAS FITTERS

STATE	STATUTE OR REGULATION	EXPERIENCE	OTHER
Alabama	ALA. CODE § 34-37-6	• 2 years work as an	• Test
	(all gas)	apprentice	• 1est
Arkansas	ARK. CODE §§ 17-33-103, 17-33-302		• Test
	(HVAC gas)		
Connecticut	CONN. GEN. STAT. § 20-334a	Completion of	• Test
District of Columbia	(all gas)	apprenticeship program	
Georgia	D.C. CODE ANN. § 47-2853.122 GA. COMP. RULES & REGS § 121-2-11		
Georgia	(medical gas)	Hold journeyman plumber	• Test
	(mountain gas)	• Complete 32 hour medical	
		gas piping certification	
		program	
Kentucky	KY. REV. STAT. §§ 318.010, 318.040	• 2 consecutive years as an	Test
	(medical gas)	apprentice	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Louisiana	LA. ADMIN. CODE tit. 46, § 304	8000 hours of plumbing	Test
	(medical gas)	experience	Sufficient
			education to
Maine	Me. Rev. Stat. Ann. tit, 32 § 14807		understand code
1714110	(propane and natural gas)		• Test
Maryland	MD. CODE ANN. § 12-302		- II-11 Gu
	(propane gas)	1	Hold gas fitters license from county
			or municipality
			•Demonstrate
i		1	qualifications are
i i			satisfactory or
i i			equivalent to
		Į.	standards of National
Massachusetts	MASS. GEN. LAWS ANN. 142 § 4		Propane Gas Ass'n
	(all gas)		• Test
New Mexico	N.M. STAT. ANN. § 60-13-38	Have 2 years of	• Test
	(all gas)	experience as pipefitter OR	
	365	complete course in trade	
		offered by vocational	
Oregon	On Dry Co	education division	
	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 480.432, 480.434 (liquid petroleum gas)		• Test
Virginia	18 VA. ADMIN. CODE § 50-30-40 et. seq.	• 4 years in the trade and	• Test
	(all gas)	240 hours of formal	
		vocational training OR	
		• An associate degree or	
		certificate of completion of two year program OR	
		A bachelors degree and I	
		year of practical experience	li
Washington	WASH. REV. CODE § 18.106.040	•3 years in the trade AND	
200	(medical gas)	completion of course.	