	COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	
	TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE HEARING	
	STATE CAPITOL HARRISBURG, PA	
	RYAN OFFICE BUILDING ROOM 205	
	MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 2016 11:32 A.M.	
	PRESENTATION ON STATE POLICE FUNDING THROUGH THE MOTOR LICENSE FUND	
HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE HONORABLE	JOHN TAYLOR, MAJORITY CHAIRMAN LYNDA SCHLEGEL CULVER JULIE HARHART DOYLE HEFFLEY TIM HENNESSEY MARK KELLER JIM MARSHALL RON MARSICO JEFF PYLE MARGUERITE QUINN MICHAEL REESE STAN SAYLOR WILLIAM KELLER, DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN BRYAN BARBIN TIM BRIGGS MARIA DONATUCCI STEPHEN KINSEY ROB MATZIE MICHAEL SCHLOSSBERG	
* * * * * Pennsylvania House of Representatives		
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania		

ALSO IN ATTENDANCE: HONORABLE MARY JO DALEY HONORABLE MARK MUSTIO

COMMITTEE STAFF PRESENT: ERIC BUGAILE MAJORITY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR BETH SICKLER MAJORITY RESEARCH ANALYST DAVID KOZAK MAJORITY RESEARCH ANALYST BONNIE GLATFELTER MAJORITY ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT MEREDITH BIGGICA DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

ERIC NELSON DEMOCRATIC RESEARCH ANALYST KELLY MINITO DEMOCRATIC LEGISLATIVE ASSISTANT

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	* * *
3	MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I would like to call
4	the Transportation Committee to order.
5	I think the red light in the rear indicates that
6	we are being audiotaped and videotaped, just for your
7	information.
8	I would like to start out by having Members of
9	the Committee introduce themselves. We'll start with the
10	far right.
11	Mike.
12	REPRESENTATIVE REESE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
13	I'm Mike Reese. I represent the 59 <sup>th</sup> Legislative
14	District, which is Westmoreland and Somerset Counties.
15	REPRESENTATIVE PYLE: If you wanted to go to the
16	far right, should I sit on the other side of Reese?
17	Jeff Pyle, 60 <sup>th</sup> Legislative, Armstrong, Indiana,
18	and Butler Counties.
19	REPRESENTATIVE QUINN: Good morning. Thanks for
20	coming.
21	I'm Marguerite Quinn from Central and Upper Bucks
22	County, almost home of the Dublin Barracks.
23	REPRESENTATIVE KINSEY: Good morning.
24	Stephen Kinsey, Philadelphia County,
25	201 <sup>st</sup> Legislative District.

1	MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Bill Keller, the
2	184 <sup>th</sup> District, South Philadelphia.
3	REPRESENTATIVE M. KELLER: Mark Keller. I
4	represent the 86 <sup>th</sup> District, which is all of Perry and part
5	of Cumberland.
6	And I'm also pleased to have with me today one of
7	my interns, Tim Black, who is sitting in the back of the
8	room.
9	REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Good morning.
10	Jim Marshall. I represent the 14 <sup>th</sup> District,
11	which is in parts of Beaver and Butler Counties.
12	REPRESENTATIVE SCHLOSSBERG: Good morning.
13	I'm Mike Schlossberg, the 132 <sup>nd</sup> District, the city
14	of Allentown, Whitehall Township, Lehigh County.
15	REPRESENTATIVE DONATUCCI: Good morning.
16	Maria Donatucci, the 185 <sup>th</sup> District. That's South
17	Philly, Southwest Philly, and part of Delco.
18	REPRESENTATIVE CULVER: Good morning.
19	Representative Lynda Culver, the 108 <sup>th</sup> Legislative
20	District, parts of Snyder and Northumberland County, much
21	more rural than my counterpart here.
22	REPRESENTATIVE MATZIE: Rob Matzie, the
23	$16^{th}$ District, Beaver and parts of Allegheny County.
24	REPRESENTATIVE BRIGGS: Tim Briggs, the
25	149 <sup>th</sup> District, Montgomery County.

1 REPRESENTATIVE SAYLOR: Representative Stan 2 Saylor from York County. 3 REPRESENTATIVE HARHART: Representative Julie Harhart, the 183<sup>rd</sup>, Lehigh and Northampton Counties. 4 5 REPRESENTATIVE MARSICO: Representative Ron 6 Marsico, Dauphin County. 7 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you. Anybody else? Any other Members? 8 9 Thank you very much, everybody, for attending, 10 and to the Secretary and Colonel Blocker for being here, as 11 well as our other witnesses. 12 What we're here to do today is very, very 13 important. It's a very important issue -- to talk about 14 our Motor License Fund and the funding of the State Police. 15 My colleague, Mr. Keller here, said, let's see if 16 17 you can keep this meeting on time. I think this is 18 important enough that we'll let this flow as it might and 19 adjourn. If we need to reconvene, we'll do that, because 20 of session. 21 But I just want to make sure everybody 22 understands what this meeting is not. There was a 23 newspaper article that started out with the headline, "Funding Feud. Pennsylvania State Police v. Motor License 24 25 Fund," and I can tell you that that is not what this is.

The State Police budget, the amount of the State Police budget, the workings of the State Police and how they use that money, is really not the concern of this committee. It's a concern to every Member but is not something that we'll be taking up.

6 What we're here to do today is to talk about 7 infrastructure and the money we spend on infrastructure; 8 the money we have dedicated to infrastructure; and to 9 really figure out a way to make sure that those funds 10 remain dedicated, that we fund the State Police through a 11 normal process. And I would say that even if we were using 12 the Motor License Fund for education or for corrections or 13 anything else.

This is money that we dedicated to fix roads and bridges. It's constitutionally protected for that purpose. But we've gone far afield over the years in making sure that now the system is completely upside down, and we're really here to start a process to correct it.

19And with that, I'll ask my Committee Chairman,20Bill Keller, to make a few comments, and then we'll begin.21MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Thank you,22Mr. Chairman. Well said.

And once again, I would like to thank you for taking the leadership on an issue like this. I don't think people realize, because it's not in the news a lot and

people don't realize how important this issue is, and it's 1 2 going to take the leadership you have to fix this. 3 I have had a little experience on something similar to this problem. When I was Chairman of the Labor 4 5 Committee, we had the Unemployment Fund was in a deficit, 6 and it was \$4 billion. I think in the last Administration, 7 that was probably one of the top five problems that we had in the State at that time. And we did, bipartisanly, we 8 9 did work out a solution, and the fund is now fully funded. 10 So thank you for looking at this in the right 11 way. I know there are not many people around here in this 12 day and age that take deficit seriously. I know you do, 13 and I think we'll be able to come to a solution with this 14 problem if we keep looking at it. 15 Thank you. 16 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you, 17 Mr. Chairman. 18 We have also been joined by Representative Bryan 19 Barbin. Okay. We would like to begin. And Secretary, 20 21 good morning. I understand you've had a pretty busy 22 morning already, huh? That does not include driving from the southeast, which many of us had to do. It was my 23 smoothest ride through the Schuylkill Expressway this 24 25 morning.

1 SECRETARY RICHARDS: Surprisingly light traffic 2 this morning. MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: A post-Super Bowl 3 miracle, I think. 4 5 And Colonel Blocker, thank you for being here. 6 And I don't know, Secretary, if you're -- whoever 7 wants to begin. COLONEL BLOCKER: I will. 8 9 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. 10 SECRETARY RICHARDS: Actually, the Colonel is going to start first. And it has been a good morning. 11 12 I've been given the opportunity to speak to Transportation 13 already at one hearing and now I got another. So it was a 14 good morning for me. MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: 15 Good. And Colonel, just bring that mic close to you so 16 17 that our outside audience can hear as well. And Secretary, 18 we have another one for you. 19 SECRETARY RICHARDS: Thank you. 20 COLONEL BLOCKER: Well, good morning, Chairman 21 Taylor and Chairman Keller and Members of the House 22 Transportation Committee. 23 As was stated, my name is Col. Tyree Blocker. 24 I'm the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police, and 25 I want to thank you for inviting me here today.

I am pleased to be sitting alongside of the 1 2 Pennsylvania Department of Transportation Secretary Leslie Richards to talk about this important issue. 3 PennDOT and the Pennsylvania State Police have 4 5 long partnered to accomplish the common goal of making 6 Pennsylvania highways and bridges among the safest to 7 traverse in the nation. Both Secretary Richards and I agree that this goal cannot be accomplished without 8 9 significant financial investment. 10 To this point, the Motor License Fund has served 11 as a dedicated funding stream for both agencies and has 12 been critically important with regard to the construction,

maintenance, and safety of our vast highway and bridge system.

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The State Police is the tenth largest police agency in the United States, serving as the primary police force for nearly 3.4 million residents over a 36,000 square-mile area. The State Police has an authorized complement of 4,719 members.

The fiscal year 2015-2016 budget for the State Police is approximately \$1.2 billion. Of this, State funds account for approximately \$1 billion, which is comprised of 755 million from the Motor License Fund and 245 million from the General Fund.

The basis for funding the State Police from the

Motor License Fund stems from Article VIII, Section 11, of
 the Pennsylvania Constitution. Section 11 governs and
 restricts use of the Motor License Fund.

And I'll quote Section 11, Article VIII, and 4 basically it says, "All proceeds from gasoline and other 5 6 motor fuel excise taxes, motor vehicle registration fees 7 and license taxes, operators' license fees and other excise taxes imposed on products used in motor transportation 8 after providing therefrom...shall be appropriated by the 9 10 General Assembly to agencies of the State or political 11 subdivisions thereof; and used solely for construction, 12 reconstruction, maintenance and repair of and safety on 13 public highways and bridges...."

The aforementioned section has long been understood to include any number of State Police functions that fall under the umbrella of "safety on public highways and bridges."

18 In 1979, the Governor's Office of Budget and 19 Administration commenced a study to obtain a clear legal 20 basis and accounting for what constitutes the State Police 21 traffic safety and patrol expenditures, which the Motor 22 License Fund is permitted to cover. While there is no 23 formula to determine the percentage of State Police undertakings connected to highway safety, the study 24 25 concluded that there were both logical and sound

methodologies applied for funding the State Police
 activities from the Motor License Fund.

The primary mission of the State Police is highway safety. The department's field operations are divided into three areas and 16 Troops. Each area is comprised of five Troops. Each Troop is comprised of a Troop Headquarters and two or more State Police Stations.

8 The State Police operates from a total of 9 89 Troop installations. That would be 16 Troop 10 Headquarters and 73 Stations in all 67 counties in the 11 Commonwealth. Each Troop Headquarters and Station is 12 responsible for providing general law enforcement services 13 within its respective service area.

The State Police is also responsible for providing police services to all interstate highways in Pennsylvania. Of the enlisted members allocated to the Troops and Stations, over 75 percent of them are assigned to uniformed roadway patrol functions. The public image of the State Police is the uniformed patrol Trooper, and that is for good reason.

Our members assigned to patrol serve as the department's backbone, and they are the "tip of the spear" in the Pennsylvania State Police's unrelenting efforts to keep our roadways, highways, and bridges safe.

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Even those enlisted members who are not regularly

assigned to patrol functions often play a role in highway safety. It is not uncommon for a non-uniformed Trooper to render assistance to a stranded motorist or take action on any number of highway incidents they incur, or otherwise don our uniform to augment our efforts during any number of occurrences impacting highway travel.

7 The Bureau of Patrol, which is based at State Police Department Headquarters, supports and furthers the 8 9 goals and initiatives to improve highway safety throughout 10 the Commonwealth. In conjunction with our Federal, State, and local partners, the Bureau of Patrol develops and 11 12 implements enforcement policies, programs, and strategies 13 to reduce traffic crashes and related injuries and 14 fatalities.

The Bureau of Patrol consists of three divisions:
Patrol Services, Safety Program, and Commercial Vehicle
Safety. Although each division has a specific function,
their collective goal is directed toward improving highway
safety.

The State Police has always taken a proactive and progressive role in ensuring our highways are safe to travel. Take, for example, our Bureau of Criminal Investigations "Safe Highways Initiative through Effective Law Enforcement and Detection" program. It has the acronym of SHIELD. 1 The SHIELD program, which was established in 2 2013, is housed within the Drug Law Enforcement Division 3 within the department. The SHIELD unit consists of three 4 full-time teams which operate out of six different 5 locations across the Commonwealth. The teams focus their 6 efforts on the major interstates and highways throughout 7 Pennsylvania.

Last year, SHIELD unit members conducted 4,609
traffic stops and seized contraband and illicit drugs. The
street value of those drugs seized by SHIELD members was
\$118 million. The SHIELD initiative involves saturation
patrol coverage on main highways and interstates and
undeniably contributes to the overall safety of
Commonwealth highways.

In addition, there are other specialized units 15 16 that facilitate and support the department's patrol and 17 traffic-related functions. They include: our Aviation 18 Unit; our K-9 Unit; Forensic Services Unit; our State 19 Police Crime Laboratory; motorcycle patrols; vehicle fraud 20 investigators; motor carrier inspectors; and our 21 state-of-the-art department Watch Center, which monitors 22 activities on our highways.

While the aforementioned State Police activities
highlight our efforts in keeping our highways and bridges
safe, the activities I describe are far more exhaustive.

Obviously, the overwhelming majority of State Police efforts are dedicated to patrolling our highways and keeping them safe. However, we recognize that PennDOT's task of maintaining our transportation system is equally important, and the financial key to PennDOT's success in this area is ensuring the stability of the Motor License Fund for future projects.

8 The share of the State Police budget coming from 9 the Motor License Fund will continue to increase over time. 10 Clearly, Governor Wolf and the Members of the General 11 Assembly have a difficult task ahead. Regardless of the 12 decision made, the challenge will be to implement a viable 13 new revenue stream to fund State Police operations.

14 Once again, I would like to thank the Committee 15 for inviting the State Police here to speak on this very 16 important matter. I will now be happy to take any 17 questions you may have.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

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MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you, Colonel.

Colonel, I'm going to go right to the Secretary and then we'll ask questions. If Members could jot down your thoughts and questions for the Colonel.

And before we move forward, I do understand in a 1979 study they determined then there was no formula, and there is no formula now. COLONEL BLOCKER: Right.

2 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: We think that that's 3 the crux of what we're doing. Because I think now it's 4 strictly a budgetary matter.

COLONEL BLOCKER: Yep.

6 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And, you know, under 7 the pressures that we're all under, it has just been an 8 easier way to go. So that's why we want to try to see if 9 we can get to, not necessarily a formula but a method to 10 keep everything rolling.

Secretary.

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SECRETARY RICHARDS: Sure.

13 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thanks again for being 14 here. As soon as you're ready, you can proceed, and then 15 we'll have some Members ask some questions.

SECRETARY RICHARDS: Sounds good.

17 Good afternoon, everybody. I think we've skipped18 the morning already.

But I'm happy to be here, and particularly happy to be here sitting alongside Colonel Blocker. We've discussed this issue, which is very important to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and we are committed to working on it together to find, as Colonel Blocker said, a viable solution so that both PennDOT can move forward in the way that it needs to offer and provide a transportation network that Pennsylvanians deserve as well as the State Police can move forward, making sure that they provide the vital public safety function for the State of Pennsylvania. So I'm very happy to be here in a very united discussion.

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So Chairman Taylor and Chairman Keller, thank you for having us here. It's nice to see all the other Members of the House Transportation Committee as well.

Just a very quick background, and I know we've discussed this before. But with 40,000 miles of road and 25,000 bridges, PennDOT is the fifth largest when it comes to State-maintained roads. We're the third largest in the country when it comes to maintained bridge systems.

We do, unfortunately, hold the unfortunate title of having the most structurally deficient bridges, but when you have 25,000 bridges that you are responsible for, that is a likely scenario. And our average age of bridges is in excess of 50 years.

18 I also just want to point out, we do -- and 19 thanks to so many in this room who worked very hard for 20 Act 89. I also want to commend former Secretary Barry 21 Schoch, who I know will be with us shortly -- that 2 years 22 ago, you and the Legislature took a courageous stand and, in a bipartisan way, enacted Act 89, a far-reaching, 23 virtually unprecedented step forward to secure additional 24 25 investment for all transportation modes.

Your action helped address decades of
 underfunding and promised to deliver more miles of improved
 highways and bridges than ever and for the desperately
 needed benefits for all of transportation in Pennsylvania.

5 Often when I go to national conferences, other 6 State DOT heads come up to me and they are guite jealous 7 with the tool that you have given us. But we come here, as Colonel Blocker has outlined, with the challenge where 8 9 Act 89 cannot move forward in the way in which it was 10 intended because of other stresses on the Motor Licensing 11 Fund, and that's why I'm so happy that we're starting this 12 productive conversation together.

13 Colonel Blocker and I have worked very closely, 14 just in the past year on the Pope's visit. The last 15 storm which hit us two weekends ago, I think we are 16 around-the-clock speaking to each other. It's very 17 possible we could be spending early morning hours tonight 18 together as we anticipate this week's events. Mother 19 Nature has quite a trip in store for us as well. And I look forward to that, and I do enjoy working alongside with 20 21 the State Police. So I just wanted to put that out in 22 front while now I paint the picture of the challenge that 23 is before PennDOT.

And just to share some numbers, and then I would like to go over the charts that are in this room. I know

1 this room is a little difficult to set up charts. I'm 2 assuming everybody has a copy in front of them so they can 3 read them as well. But I do want to walk through them.

Before I do, I just want everybody to be aware, 4 and these numbers, again, match up with Colonel Blocker's 5 6 testimony, but traditionally, the share of the State Police 7 budget coming from the Motor Licensing Fund was around 67 percent. That started to rise in fiscal year 2005-2006 8 9 and now stands at closer to 75 percent. Since 2001, the 10 portion of the State Police budget coming from the fund has 11 risen from 316 million to 739 million, and it is projected 12 to rise to over 1 billion by the end of the decade.

13 So what exactly does this mean, and this is where 14 I would like to review the charts that are in front of us.

15 If I could first draw to your attention the first 16 chart, which is the furthest one on your right. This chart 17 shows the Motor Licensing Fund. It shows the total highway 18 and bridge programs that were funded, that are funded by 19 the Motor Licensing Fund. And what is important in this 20 chart is it shows the difference, the orange line and 21 what's under the orange line.

The dashed at the bottom of the orange filled-in space, that is the restricted construction funds. According to law, money on construction cannot go beyond that line. So, for instance, we must spend, and I'm glad 1 to report this, we must spend nearly \$1 billion -- it's 2 just shy of \$1 billion -- in the future on construction 3 projects.

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What is above that dotted line and the solid orange line represents the unrestricted construction funds, 6 and that, by Act 89, you can see right after 2013 when 7 Act 89 was passed, that line is a sharp slope up.

The little dent in that is just to adjust with 8 9 the wholesale price going up and down according to the 10 Act 89 direction. And we will hit the high when the last 11 increase in the wholesale price goes up in 2017, which is 12 just next year.

13 And that's what that second peak is. I'm going 14 to see if this pointer, will it reach this far? Yeah; here. Oh, look at that. Okay. So this is the second. 15 16 That's the high, and what that shows is the promise of 17 Act 89. That gets us to that height right there when the 18 wholesale price goes and is finally enacted at the highest 19 price in 2017.

20 Now that, before I get to the downward slope of 21 that construction, the line above it, that is maintenance. 22 And as you can see, we have held maintenance at PennDOT flat, which really means that we have been cutting 23 24 maintenance, because the price of maintenance, supplies, 25 personnel, projects in general, only go up every year, but we have had no choice but to keep it flat.

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For me, that's extremely troubling. That means all the good investments we're putting into new projects, we're putting into other projects, we're not maintaining them properly. We should be putting money into preservation, maintenance projects, so that the life of our pavements, so that the life of our bridges, are as long as possible before we have to go back in and replace or rehab.

9 And then the green line shows the State Police 10 funding. And the green line shows the historic growth of 11 the State Police funding, and then moving forward it is 12 projected at a growth rate of 4 percent and continues to go 13 up at that rate.

14 Now, to get back at the construction funding in orange -- oh, I think I lost batteries in my--- Anyway, as 15 16 you can see, the construction -- oh, there we go. The 17 construction funding, because of the increase in the State 18 Police -- and we are required that the funding for the 19 State Police must come out of unrestricted construction 20 funds -- is going down, which means the money available since Act 89 will continue to decrease, and that will 21 22 continue until it eventually gets to zero in the unrestricted funds. 23

At that point, we will have no choice -- again, by statute, we must do this -- we will then have to take

the money out of our maintenance funds. So not only will this line not be held flat, which as I explained before, it's an actual cut, but will actually decrease after that orange, the solid orange line meets the dashed orange line.

As you can see, that's not that far in the future. That map itself goes out to 20--, the year 2028 and '29. But that means that every year since, from 2017 moving forward, the funding available will decrease.

10 So what I would like to draw your attention to 11 now is the graph to the left of this initial graph that I 12 started discussing, and what that shows, I think in a more 13 visual way, is the unrestricted construction funding.

And what's important to note is the yellow is the State Police funding. As that grows larger and larger, the orange funding represents the construction funding of where it must come from by law, and you can see that that number gets lower and lower until eventually it will become zero and then will have to come out of the maintenance funding shown in blue.

21 So what we did is when the Act 89 discussions 22 were going on, they took numbers that were studied in 23 varying detail with the TFAC report, the Transportation 24 Funding Advisory Committee. And the Transportation Funding 25 Advisory Committee took two assumptions as they were -- or I should say a range of assumptions and as they were moving
 forward.

They looked at the amount going to the State Police at the time and they projected in the future, and they looked at the range of 270, capping the State Police somewhere between 270 million and 570 million. And their discussions and the numbers that they based all of their studies were based on capping the State Police at some number within that range.

In order to elevate the conversation to a productive conversation, what we did is we took two of those two numbers within that range. So the first chart I want to discuss with you is the \$300 million range.

If the State Police were capped at the \$300 million range, what would that mean? And at the \$300 million range, that would mean that there would be an extra \$9.2 billion over 12 years to spend on construction projects.

19 Obviously, that would be a huge difference. That 20 would allow us to work through all of the Act 89 projects 21 that have been identified as well as bring on some new 22 priority projects that have been presented to PennDOT.

And that is -- let's see here. All right. That is the next chart over to your left. Again, you can see how the restricted funding for construction remains the same, and the unrestricted construction funding shown in
 orange is large.

3 What it also allows us to do is to increase our maintenance funds, which is something that is desperately 4 5 needed. Under this scenario, we show a growth in 6 maintenance of 1.5 percent, which would really allow us to 7 extend the life of our pavements, of our paving projects as well as our bridges, and would really help us tackle the 8 9 structurally deficient bridges, which we are aggressively 10 addressing right now. But it would allow us and give us 11 the tools that we need to do that even further.

Underneath that graph, again, it's just showing how it is spread out with the unrestricted construction funds. You can see how the yellow of the State Police is held and capped at 300 million, how maintenance for the first time is able to grow that, in the blue, and then in the orange how we can also at the same time grow the construction.

19 The next chart to your left takes that second 20 scenario that I mentioned. That is capping the State 21 Police at 500 million. Capping the State Police at 22 500 million will allow an additional \$6.7 billion over the 23 next 12 years. Again, that will allow us to put a major 24 dent in all of the projects that are listed in Act 89, move 25 them forward.

And again you can see, while not, obviously, not the same impact for PennDOT as the first scenario, it still has a very significant impact to PennDOT, and here we can grow maintenance at 1.25 percent, again allowing us to proactively impact the maintenance issue as well as growing our construction money.

Now, I know this is no easy task. This is
probably not the first time many of you are discussing
capping the State Police. So the third scenario -- do we
have that one up? Oh, it was underneath. Pardon me.
Thank you, Leo.

For those of you who don't know, Leo Bagley, who I'm honored, is my special assistant at PennDOT and helped put together all these graphs, as well as the other staff at PennDOT.

16 So the third scenario, which is Exhibit 4-1, 17 shows a step-down approach where we would cap it sooner 18 rather than later at its current amount, at 755 million; 19 then in the second year we would step it down to 20 625 million; and then in the third year, we would reach that \$500 million cap. I do believe that \$500 million cap 21 22 was what was discussed most in the Act 89 discussions and what was assumed as Act 89 got passed, so in order to reach 23 to that level. 24

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And with that step-down approach -- again,

1 755 the first year; 625 the second year; 500 in the third 2 year -- that allows us to have \$6 billion in addition to 3 what we have now over the next 12 years.

So we just wanted to put that out there so that, again, we could elevate the discussion in a productive way to try to figure out what our options may be, what our goals are to achieve on the end of PennDOT being able to deliver the intent of Act 89.

9 I cannot stress enough that solving PennDOT's 10 problem without solving the State Police's problem is not 11 an option that we would support. We really want to make 12 sure, again, that the State Police have what they need, and 13 since we work so closely with the State Police, it is very 14 important for us to go on together in a very supportive 15 way.

So with that, I know that there will be options of how to get a dedicated line of funding for the State Police. And with that, I would just like to mention, and it is obviously a legislative action, but I would be remiss personally if I didn't add this.

When I was a local elected official, we ran into an issue with local emergency responders, which included our police, our volunteer ambulance, and also our fire volunteers. It became very apparent that if we didn't start paying for drivers, overnight drivers in particular, we were not going to be able to provide the fire service that we needed to our township, and so we did enact a local services tax. And while the discussion of it was a little rough at first, it was embraced.

5 And so I know that there are other taxes that are 6 on the table, so I just wanted to highlight, you know, with 7 an increase, per se, with the personal income tax -- I know that has been discussed -- but when taxes are used for 8 9 local law enforcement, at least I have found in my own 10 experience that people understand that. They want law 11 enforcement. They want the right public safety that they 12 need. And so I just wanted to mention that and mention 13 that, you know, just a little increase in that example may 14 get us to where we need to be.

> And with that, I open it up to any questions. MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you, Secretary.

I think from the legislative side, we share your notion that we don't want to solve this highway dilemma on the backs of the State Police, but certainly it's a matter of formulating our plan.

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And then secondly, I mean, this is the time to do this, because as problematic as the charts, you know, display the situation and as much money as we're talking about, compared to the budget and what we're dealing with and what we need to deal with over the next 6 months or 1 year, this is something that we should certainly handle
 2 at the same time.

I'm going to call upon Chairman Saylor for a 3 question, and then we're going to ask a few questions. 4 But 5 because of the number of folks we're going to have to have 6 testify, we'll try to limit the number of questions for the 7 Secretary and for Colonel Blocker. We can always continue this hearing in some other fashion. But I would like to 8 9 try to get as many folks on that have traveled here to do 10 that.

With that, Chairman Saylor.

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12 REPRESENTATIVE SAYLOR: Thank you, Chairman13 Taylor.

I guess what my question goes to is revenue and any thoughts that either of you would have on it. You know, I have advocated and I know Representative Sturla has advocated. We have two different pieces that we've talked about.

19 I have one that says if you have a municipality 20 of 10,000 people or more, you have to pay for State Police 21 protection if you don't have your local police. I guess 22 the question is, you know, as I travel, we all travel 23 across other States to vacation or whatever, visit 24 relatives, their sheriffs' departments provide a lot of 25 protection which we don't have in Pennsylvania necessarily. Any thoughts from the Secretary or you, Colonel Blocker, as to what other States are doing to help support -- and I think since 9/11, the demand on the Pennsylvania State Police has been tremendous, and I'm not sure that we have enough Troopers for what we need in the first place. But how do you allocate more Troopers when we're already facing this financial crisis?

8 So any recommendations from either of you as to 9 possible solutions that you see other States doing or you 10 think might be a possibility for us in Pennsylvania.

11 COLONEL BLOCKER: Let me first take a bit of a 12 swipe at that.

There are a number of options that other States are using to fund their particular State Police agencies. They use a myriad of variables associated with that. And I don't have any particulars regarding the overall funding strategy that, for example, New Jersey uses or my counterparts in New York State.

But I think that any time you can have a discussion about local municipalities in PA and how they provide some funding stream for the State Police, who are their primary law enforcement agency, is something that I think has merit going forward. It will -- obviously, that kind of talk would require the support of this body as well as the Governor's Office regarding that.

SECRETARY RICHARDS: And I would just add, again, you know, as with my experience as a local elected official in a township as well as in a county, I have found that when you do discuss, you know, a tax and an increase and it is associated directly with law enforcement, I have found it to be favorable.

Just as an example: when we talk about the \$500 million cap that would require, in our calculations, looking at the personal income tax at 3.16, which would be a .09-percent increase. So that is just coming from my own experience. I am fully open to discussing any options that we can get there.

I also want to let you know, PennDOT will be fully engaged, whether we can do something with the local municipalities who rely on State Police; whether there's some type of service; whether there's some type of agility agreement, which we already do with many municipalities.

For those of you who are unfamiliar, the agility agreements are kind of like bartering agreements where they provide services to us, we provide services to them. If we can be helpful with that.

We do have the increase in registration fees that Act 89 allowed us to do with counties. Many counties are taking advantage of that. I'm not sure if there is any flexibility there, but again, we would be willing to take a look at that.

2	I just think there are a lot of options that we
3	can take a look at, and again, PennDOT will be fully in
4	support of, to make sure that State Police remains whole,
5	and obviously we would love to be able to really fully
6	commit to the transportation projects that were identified
7	during Act 89.
8	MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you.
9	Before I turn it over to Chairman Bill Keller, I
10	want to recognize that Chairman Tim Hennessey has joined
11	us. Representative Doyle Heffley has joined us. Some
12	Members of the House that are not Members of this
13	Committee: Representative Mark Mustio and Representative
14	Mary Jo Daley are here as well.
15	Chairman Keller.
16	MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Thank you,
17	Mr. Chairman.
18	Colonel, you have testified that the State Police
19	serve over 3.4 million residents, and that encompasses over
20	a 36,000 square-mile area. Do you know how many
21	municipalities across the State currently rely on State
22	Police for their coverage?
23	COLONEL BLOCKER: I don't have that specific
24	number, Representative, but we can certainly share that
25	information with you in terms of the municipalities that

State Police provide primary law enforcement services. 1 2 Typically, if their -- if a municipality does not 3 have a police department, it's mandatory that the State Police provide policing services to those municipalities. 4 And in some cases, that might be just part-time services 5 6 that the State Police provide. 7 But we could certainly research that for you and provide you that information. 8 9 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: If you could get 10 that to the Chairman, I'm sure he could share it with the 11 rest of the Committee. I would appreciate it. 12 COLONEL BLOCKER: Yeah. Will do. MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: And everyone here 13 14 knows I'm not a constitutional lawyer, but you've quoted the Pennsylvania State Constitution. 15 16 COLONEL BLOCKER: Yes. 17 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Because it is the 18 Pennsylvania State Constitution, do you interpret it that 19 all roads apply or just State roads apply? 20 COLONEL BLOCKER: I interpret it literally as all 21 roads apply. 22 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Even though it's 23 the State Constitution? 24 COLONEL BLOCKER: Yes. Roads in Pennsylvania. 25 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Okay. All right.

1 Well, I'll get my constitutional lawyers on that. 2 COLONEL BLOCKER: Constitutional lawyers. Yeah. 3 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Madam Secretary, you have testified that the increase will be a 4-percent 4 increase for the State Police. I have documents from our 5 6 Appropriations Committee that said it's 6 percent. Could 7 you explain the difference between the two? SECRETARY RICHARDS: 8 Sure. 9 For planning purposes, we always have to project 10 and use, you know, a number, and so for planning purposes 11 moving forward, we have used 4 percent to forecast into the 12 future. 13 Historically, it is closer to 6 percent, but you 14 have to start somewhere when you're planning. So that's 15 what -- you know, it will be adjusted as current numbers become available. 16 17 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: But you believe it's closer to 6 percent than 4 percent? 18 19 SECRETARY RICHARDS: Historically, that's where 20 it has been. Yes. 21 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Okav. 22 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 23 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Representative Pyle. 24 SECRETARY RICHARDS: I guess I would just also add to that, obviously if 4 percent were changed to 25

1 6 percent, that would make these graphs look even more dire 2 than they do now. MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Well, that was my 3 point. If you believe it's going to be 6 percent and we're 4 talking about 4, then we're in worse shape than we're here 5 6 testifying to. 7 SECRETARY RICHARDS: Mm-hmm. MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: 8 Thank you. 9 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Now Representative 10 Pyle. 11 REPRESENTATIVE PYLE: Thank you. 12 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes, sir. 13 REPRESENTATIVE PYLE: First of all, love our 14 State Police barracks be it the guys are warriors every 15 day. The only major State highway that runs through my county is SR 28, which is the main connector into 16 17 Pittsburgh. 18 And if you look at the performance of PSP, it is 19 nothing less than admirable. They are our shop troops, our 20 home defense, against a freight train of heroin moving out 21 of Pittsburgh into our county, and I truly appreciate our 22 local Troopers. 23 I have one simple question. I think it's for 24 you, Chairman: Are the State Police limited to their 25 functional operations money to only the Motor License Fund?

1 Are there other funding sources budgetarily that go to the 2 State Police? 3 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Other than the General Fund? 4 5 REPRESENTATIVE PYLE: Correct. MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I'll ask the Colonel 6 7 that question then, because there was a -- is there any, I think there was a gap there between the General Fund and 8 9 the Motor License Fund. Is there another piece? 10 COLONEL BLOCKER: Correct. From the General 11 Fund, we're probably looking at 230, 245 million from the 12 General Fund. 13 There are some limited funding streams as well, 14 augmented kinds of funds. I don't want to say nominal, but 15 they are not to the extent that the Motor License Fund and 16 the General Fund is. 17 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: So I quess to the Representative's question, those two are the ---18 19 COLONEL BLOCKER: Those two are the lion's share 20 of our overall \$1.2 billion budget; yes. 21 REPRESENTATIVE PYLE: I appreciate what the 22 source point is. I'm asking, are you constitutionally 23 limited to the Motor License Fund to fill the State Police 24 coffers in the amount that you identify as roughly 60 to 25 65 percent of your funding stream?

1 COLONEL BLOCKER: My understanding, 2 Representative, is that that has been the road forward for quite a long time in terms of funding the State Police 3 budget, through the Motor License Fund. 4 How the Governor and the Legislature cobble the 5 6 State Police budget moving forward is the subject of, I'm 7 sure, a lot of further discussion. REPRESENTATIVE PYLE: Discussion; yeah. 8 9 COLONEL BLOCKER: Yes. 10 REPRESENTATIVE PYLE: Okay. And---11 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And if I could further answer that, Jeff. 12 13 The resolution that we're preparing as a result 14 of this hearing and will try to vote this week, really, the first step will ask for a study to really determine what a 15 16 calculated guess is of what that constitutional duty should 17 be. So the constitutional duty deals with safety. That's 18 a fairly nebulous topic, and we wanted to try to define 19 that. 20 We combine that information with some of the 21 Secretary's, I don't just want to call it a proposal, but 22 maybe we'll make it a proposal where we cap it at a certain 23 number and then start walking it back, if you will, to the point that the Motor License Fund is much more sound as 24 25 well as protecting our maintenance dollars.

1	Obviously we need that number has to come from
2	the General Fund. That has to be woven into our budget
3	discussions that could come from another dedicated source
4	or whatever.
5	So, I mean, I think the crux of what we're doing
6	is that constitutional question is somewhat vague.
7	REPRESENTATIVE PYLE: Chairman, I don't know who
8	this question is for, to be honest.
9	I'm glad you all like Act 89, but if they are not
10	constitutionally limited to the Motor License Fund and can
11	accept funding sources from any source, which I fully
12	support. I mean, we need our PSP.
13	MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Definitely.
14	REPRESENTATIVE PYLE: I think you hit on it right
15	at the very beginning of the meeting, Chairman. This is a
16	budgetary issue.
17	Now, the Act 89, also known as House Bill 60, the
18	one that I put my name on, was for building bridges and
19	roads, and now I find out more and more it is being
20	diverted to the State Police. Now, I recall, if I'm not
21	mistaken, at the end of December when the Governor signed
22	HB 1460, the general appropriations bill of the 2015-16
23	fiscal year budget, he did not expend \$6 ½ billion. The
24	big number here was what, 550 million? Problem solved.
25	Next.

MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Representative Barbin. 1 2 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 3 And thank you, Madam Secretary, and thank you, Colonel Blocker. 4 5 I have a question, which is, I look at your 6 Exhibit 1-1, and our Chairman, Representative Keller, has 7 indicated that if the numbers are actually more historical, that that chart moves back. It's already at 2024 and at 8 9 the point where you become negative on the construction 10 projects, even though we have passed Act 89. 11 SECRETARY RICHARDS: Mm-hmm. 12 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: So I quess what I'm 13 looking at is, have you looked at the possibility of maybe 14 consolidating the Turnpike and using the Turnpike as an asset to try to make up for what we're going to have as a 15 16 real problem in 2022 or 2024 by doing a long-term asset? 17 What we didn't do when we passed the natural gas 18 impact fee, we didn't create a market. So now while the 19 gas, the natural gas in the nation, is at 2.40 or 2.30, in 20 Pennsylvania, because we have limited ways of getting it to 21 market, the price for natural gas is \$1.20. 22 Since we have a long-term financial problem here in 2024 or 2022, why shouldn't we be using our construction 23 24 money now to take advantage of helping that market? We're

25 supposed to not only have Marcellus Shale but underneath it

1 Utica for another 50 years. Is there a possibility of 2 doing -- there are some bills that are out in the House that say building a public private partnership, where the 3 Turnpike would bid out sections of the Turnpike for 4 5 pipelines, which would then provide royalties down the 6 road. We have got a long-term problem here, and if we 7 don't deal with it, we know that by 2022, we're not going to have money for the projects or the State Police. 8

9 So I guess my question is, have you considered 10 using the Turnpike asset as a method of, when you're doing 11 these construction projects, also building pipelines that 12 would be owned by the Commonwealth that could generate 13 royalties?

14 SECRETARY RICHARDS: Yeah. I can say this 15 Administration at this point has not had that discussion or 16 raised that, so I have not participated in that type of a 17 discussion.

18 Obviously, first of all, I sit on the Turnpike 19 Commission. I'm an ex-officio member there of the 20 five-member Turnpike Commission. We are always looking at 21 ways to better support each other and work together in a 22 collaborative manner. And so we would be, you know, however the Legislature would direct us to explore 23 different options, we would be happy to go back and get 24 25 information so we could have a more intelligent

conversation on that with the right numbers and the data to
 take a look at it.

But at this time, no, that has not taken place, but obviously if directed so by the Legislature, that's something that could take place. And I think it may take many innovative solutions and ideas to figure out this problem, and, you know, we're happy to take a look at a variety of them.

9 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: Well, I'd say yes that we 10 do look at it, because what we're being told in the 11 Environmental Committee where I came from right before, is 12 that the money that is being made in the Marcellus is being 13 made in the pipelines. If we own the pipeline, we would be 14 able, whether it's a tax or a royalty, we would be in a 15 position to pay back bonds and also to have money going 16 forward for these issues.

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Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you.

And Secretary and Colonel, as you both know, this is not the end; this is the beginning. So we appreciate you being here today. I get a feeling we'll be doing this again. Of course, the Secretary and the rest of us, and maybe even you, will be talking on Wednesday, but a different topic.

25

But, you know, on this, we're going to try to,

1 you know, put our heads together, along with our colleagues 2 in the Senate, and get a plan that we'll have you come back 3 and comment on as well. 4 COLONEL BLOCKER: Okay. 5 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: So thank you very 6 much. 7 SECRETARY RICHARDS: That sounds good. Thank 8 you. 9 COLONEL BLOCKER: I appreciate your time, 10 Mr. Chairman and Committee Members. 11 And it's nice to see Representative Hennessey 12 there. Good to see you. 13 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: So what we're going to 14 do next, we added a few chairs to the panel. And it's one thing to keep witnesses waiting; it's another to have them 15 16 standing. So we're going to bring both Barry Schoch, our 17 former Secretary, up to the table as well as the entire 18 next panel that is scheduled to speak. So that will 19 include Jamie Van Buren, Jason Wagner, Bob Latham, and 20 Eric Madden. If you all can come up, and we'll at least 21 get in position. 22 Thank you all for being here. Now we'll go back 23 to the order on our agenda. 24 And Barry, thanks. I think you're no stranger to this committee throughout the process of Act 89, and we're 25

1 glad we have that to talk about. As much as it is in 2 jeopardy, we still have it. So thanks for all your work on 3 that, and we'll ask you to begin.

MR. SCHOCH: Well, thank you. It's good to see you all again, and I thank you for having me back to discuss this.

7 Certainly this is an issue that has existed for awhile. As a matter of fact, to get back, and I know 8 9 Eric Bugaile will remember this, when I was the President 10 of PHIA before I was Secretary, testifying to then Chairman 11 Geist and Chairman Markosek, they were asked about risks to 12 PennDOT beyond their funding situation, and I was 13 testifying to the fact that the increased growth in the 14 Motor License Fund usage for State Police was a big risk. That, and what's the Federal Government going to do? Well, 15 the Federal Government has been level forever, so they're 16 17 not stepping up and solving the problem. They're at least 18 not hurting us, but they're not solving us.

19 So the pressure is on the States, and I think the 20 question here is, as you all know, we can only spend a 21 dollar once, and if we choose to spend it on State Police 22 -- the Secretary has laid it out for you -- if you choose 23 to do that, you won't have the projects.

And frankly, for all of you, and I'm looking around the room; a lot of familiar faces that we had a lot

of dialogue about Act 89. And when I met with each of you about your districts and those who were interested in transportation -- and I met with every elected official one on one who was interested in Act 89 -- not a single one of you said to me, we need to pass Act 89 so that we can fund the Pennsylvania State Police.

7 You talked about problems and projects that were needed in your districts, and now the Secretary is faced 8 9 with a situation where, looking forward, if the Budget 10 Office tells her that based on that 6 percent growth or 11 4 percent or whatever you assume that here's the revenues 12 you're getting and here's how they're going to be used, 13 she's going to have less dollars to program. And this 14 whole \$6 billion gap or whatever number you want to throw around it, that's it. It's what you decide going forward 15 16 you're going to do.

And I think it's important for all of you who voted for Act 89 and were a part of that dialogue to know that each year as you pass a budget, if you choose to use more of those funds for State Police, you are eroding what you thought you got with Act 89, and the public needs to know that as well.

23 When I was Secretary, we presented a Decade of 24 Investment, which were the projects that were important to 25 you and that were fundable with the resources created by

1 Act 89. However, each year, if these decisions are made as 2 part of the General Fund budgeting process -- and you're going to start that wonderful process, which I am pleased 3 to no longer be a part of, tomorrow; tomorrow you start 4 5 that again -- you'll have a budget that will show a figure 6 that, if from what I heard from Secretary Richards' 7 testimony, is higher than last year's figure. That means less projects and probably another penny on top of the 8 9 already 10 cents that everybody, when you fill your tank, 10 about 10 cents or so is being used to fund State Police. 11 I'm not sure the public knows that. And every year, if 12 another 70, 80 million comes out, that's another penny 13 that's going to a different use than what we talked about 14 when all of us had the dialogue of Act 89.

So if you want to know about what we did in my Administration, when we got Act 89 passed, we programmed projects for that money and we did not assume that it was going to go to State Police, because none of you, none of you, not a single one of you, said to me, that's why I want to do this bill.

21 So now what you're seeing is the contrast of a 22 budget forecast that says, it is getting used for State 23 Police; therefore, here is less projects. It's that direct 24 of a correlation.

25

And that's the only place, as the Secretary said,

the only place it can come from of that \$2.4 billion you 1 2 all voted for. It's not going to come out of the public transportation, 500 million. It's not going to come out of 3 a local government. It's not going to come out of the 4 5 multi-Motor Fund. It's not going to come out of the 6 Turnpike's dedicated funds for the completion of the 7 legislative pieces of the Mon/Fayette and Southern Beltway. 8 It's going to come out of PennDOT's project budget. That's 9 the only place left.

So in the essence of time, I know you're running a little late, so I'll just stop there and say, it's good to see you all again. I'm sorry we're talking about the exact same subject already, but it's the reality of, you can't spend the same dollar twice. If the choice is made to spend it on this, it doesn't exist for the projects.

And I think that's unfortunate, because there was a lot of courage shown by Governor Corbett and all of you to lead on something that's a difficult -- obviously not an easy thing to do, because we haven't done it for a long time.

And these bills don't come up very often. It takes a lot of dialogue, a lot of discussion, a lot of debate, a lot of heartfelt thought, a lot of heartfelt one-on-one conversations to get something like this to the table. And now you've passed it, and I would certainly

hate to think that it's going to get eroded by a different 1 2 set of decisions going forward. 3 So good to see you all again, and if I can answer 4 any questions, I'd be happy to do so. MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Well, Barry, because 5 6 of your role in Act 89, maybe we can have an advisory panel 7 on the overall budget. You can maybe not have voting power, but you can make suggestions to the folks around 8 9 here about how to get something done. 10 So Jamie and Jason, I don't know if you both are 11 going to testify; you're from the same organization, but I 12 have the President here---13 MR. SCHOCH: Mr. Chairman, if I could, I have one 14 quick comment. One quick thing. MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes, sir? 15 16 MR. SCHOCH: Representative Barbin, I mentioned 17 the Secretary. We did engage Michael Baker, the Turnpike's 18 GCE, on that topic of the Turnpike being used as a pipeline 19 corridor. 20 There are issues with it relative to combustion, 21 relative to where it's located within the right-of-way, 22 relative to some Federal laws that exist, because the Turnpike is a Federal interstate, even though it's funded 23 primarily with Turnpike tolls. I don't know the status of 24 25 that. And I mentioned the Secretary; that if you're

1 interested in that, I'm certain that the Commission could 2 have their consultant sort of give you a status of where 3 they are.

It is an idea that has been around awhile, and we did start to engage with the consulting engineering firm to look at the possibility of, is it feasible? Is it feasible for the entire length of it? For just portions of it? And does it meet the demand needs and the needs of the suppliers themselves relative to where they want the pipelines to go?

11 So there is some work that has been done on that. 12 I don't know the status of it, but I will offer, in terms 13 of your prior question, that perhaps there is some updated 14 information that would be available from the Commission.

> MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Chairman Keller. MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Yes. Thank you,

17 Mr. Chairman.

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Barry, I'm on the pipeline task force. Again, I tried a hundred times to bring that idea up. There's not anyone I could find who thinks that's a good idea or that it's feasible to get done.

22 MR. SCHOCH: There are a lot of challenges. So 23 you're talking about building a combustible pipeline 24 adjacent to a travel corridor.

Obviously, you know, there are some safety

1 concerns. There are also issues with what the Turnpike
2 owns relative to right-of-way and how that right-of-way is
3 used; what the adjacent property owners feel about that.
4 The pipeline companies themselves will tell you, it isn't
5 easy to put a pipeline through the Commonwealth with the
6 adjacent property-owner concerns.

7 But I just offer that, you know, we did engage the Michael Baker to take a look at it to see where, if any 8 feasibility, because we knew the question existed. So I'm 9 10 not certain where the status of that is, but I'm certain 11 they could provide it to this committee so that you at 12 least know it was examined, and if it is something that needs to be dismissed, well, you know, the question has 13 14 been asked and here are the reasons why it is not feasible. 15 16 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Okay. 17 MR. SCHOCH: But there was some work done on it. MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: 18 Thanks, Jamie. 19 Just start off, Jamie, introducing yourself for

20 our record, and we'll move forward.

MR. VAN BUREN: Sure.

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For those of you who do not know, my name is Jamie Van Buren. I wear two hats here today. I'm President of PennStress, which supplies the transportation construction industry with high performance pre-stressed, pre-cast concrete into the transportation sector -- bridge
 beams, bridges, stadiums, parking garages.

And recently I was honored to be chosen as President of PHIA, the Pennsylvania Highway Information Association, which has provided information and education about highway issues to the State since 1960.

As I am sure Committee Members are aware, the Motor License Fund was created to receive from the State taxes of liquid fuels, license and registration fees, and some fines. By authority of the Pennsylvania Constitution, that revenue is required to be used for highway purposes, including highway safety, which the State Police earlier articulated.

14 They provide law enforcement services, which 15 include major case teams, patrol services, forensic services, collision analysis, reconstruction, vehicle fraud 16 17 investigations, the Pennsylvania Crime Intelligence Center, 18 Amber Alert activities, liquor control enforcements, 19 polygraphs, Fire Marshal, K-9 units, aviation patrol, drug recognition services, the Special Emergency Response Team, 20 21 the Clandestine Lab Response Team, hazardous devices and 22 explosives, and the computer crime unit.

The industry does not take issue with using the Motor License Fund to pay for the highway patrol-operations piece of those services, which exist specifically for

1 highway safety. However, the current State budget will 2 divert \$755 million from the Motor License Fund to a total 3 police budget of just under 1.2 billion. 4 As proposed, that would be 65 percent of the State Police budget. We do not believe that 65 percent of 5 6 the State Police resources are actually devoted to what we 7 would consider to be patrolling the highways for highway and bridge safety. We don't know what that actual 8 9 proportion might be. 10 The diverted amount has increased by an average of 8.8 percent since 2002. At that rate, it will grow to 11 12 nearly \$1 billion over the next 5 years. I believe the 13 Secretary of Transportation earlier articulated all of 14 those numbers with her graphs very well. How does this impact the Commonwealth? Two years 15 16 ago with the passage of Act 89, the transportation funding 17 bill will eventually raise the \$2.3 billion to repair our 18 transportation system and stem the tide of decades of 19 deterioration. Act 89 was promoted to the public with the 20 promise of a Decade of Investment that would bring the 21 State's transportation system up towards acceptable 22 standards. 23 However, PennDOT and the local governments are

already seeing reductions in the resources they hadexpected. The \$755 million represents about 12 cents a

gallon to the price of a gallon of gas, or one-fifth of the
approximately 55 cents levied on a gallon of gas.
Continued growth in that amount of revenue diverted from
the Motor License Fund will bring us back to asking the
public for more transportation resources sooner rather than
later.

7 And I think this is a very important point: not because we didn't raise enough to actually fund what is the 8 9 intent of the Decade of Investment, but because the money 10 didn't go where the public had expected it to go. And that 11 will be a very difficult discussion to have with the 12 public, for all of us that were involved in Act 89, in 13 putting it together, for the many years that we spent doing 14 that.

There is another factor that worsens the 15 16 situation that was also discussed today. There are 2,561 17 municipalities. Twelve hundred and seventy-four, barely 18 under half, receive no police coverage other than the State 19 Police. As local government resources become more scarce, 20 many municipalities are considering dismantling their local 21 police or withdrawing from regional police coverage to rely 22 more heavily on the State Police in order to save money.

23 Some actual news accounts have quoted local 24 elected officials as describing State Police as "free." Of 25 course, we all recognize there is nothing "free," so who 1 exactly pays for "free" State police coverage? If you own 2 or drive a car or a truck or have a driver's license, you 3 do through the Motor License Fund.

4 Moreover, if you live in a community that has its 5 own police force or participates in a regional police 6 force, you're actually paying twice. That only do you pay 7 for the local police coverage, you're subsidizing the 8 "free" State Police coverage in half the municipalities 9 across Pennsylvania that do not have their own police 10 forces. I believe that most of our Committee Members --11 excuse me. I believe that most or all the Committee 12 Members, as well as your other House colleagues, would see that as unfair. 13

How does the public feel about diverting resources from the Motor License Fund for non-transportation use? Last spring, a year and a half after the passage of Act 89, we asked the following guestion in a public opinion poll:

19 "In 2013, Pennsylvania increased gasoline taxes 20 and license and registration fees to pay for transportation 21 improvements. Would you favor or oppose using some of this 22 money to fund other non-transportation items in the state 23 budget?"

Not surprisingly, 80 percent opposed diverting
money, with 61 percent of them strongly opposing.

1 I want to be very clear on the following point: 2 This is not about whether we believe the State Police operations need to be funded. Of course, they must be 3 funded. And this is not about whether the proposed level 4 5 of State Police funding is appropriate. We presume that it 6 is, and in any event, that is up to the General Assembly 7 and the Administration to determine. This is about how much Motor License Fund revenue should support State Police 8 9 activities given the State Constitution.

10 Recently, the Keystone Transportation Funding 11 Coalition passed a resolution calling for the Legislative 12 Budget and Finance Committee to conduct a study on this 13 issue to determine the appropriate and justifiable level of 14 support for the State Police from the Motor License Fund. 15 The industry supports that request.

We ask also that there be no more increase in money diverted from the Motor License Fund to support State Police until we have determined the appropriate and justifiable level and that the funding be maintained at that justifiable level in the spirit of the State Constitution and consistent with the intent of Act 89. Thank you, and I'd be happy to answer any

23 questions that anyone would have.

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MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you, Jamie. And as Chairman Keller pointed out, if you heard,

1 I don't know if you were in the room when there was the 2 discussion about the discrepancy in different projections 3 of growth. 4 MR. VAN BUREN: Yeah. 5 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And yours is at 6 8 percent. If you can just provide whatever basis you have 7 for that so that we could ---MR. VAN BUREN: Absolutely. Yeah. 8 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: ---sort of take a look 9 10 at all these different---11 MR. VAN BUREN: I believe you guys have a chart? 12 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes. 13 MR. VAN BUREN: And ours is essentially, it's 14 just, point A, 2002 funding, point B is 2014 or '15, the projected, and it's just a straight-line average. So it's 15 16 the differential divided by the years to get to 8.8. 17 So it's historically 15 years. If you used a 10-year period or some other year period, you're probably 18 19 going to wind up with a different number. 20 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: I know there are 21 lies, damn lies, and statistics, but today we have heard 22 4 percent, 6 percent, and now 8.8 percent. 23 MR. VAN BUREN: Yep. 24 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: So I think if you 25 could provide the Chairman with the data---

1 MR. VAN BUREN: Yep. 2 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: ---so we could get 3 to find out what the real number is. 4 MR. VAN BUREN: Sure. 5 MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: We would appreciate 6 that. Thank you. 7 MR. VAN BUREN: No problem. MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Robert, you're next. 8 9 Thanks, Mr. Chairman. MR. LATHAM: 10 Bob Latham. I'm Executive Vice President of the 11 Associated Pennsylvania Constructors, a trade association 12 of some 400 road and bridge construction companies 13 throughout the Commonwealth. 14 I'm going to be very brief. You've heard a lot about the history and a lot about the issue. I'm going to 15 16 talk about the process going forward and recommend it. We talked a lot about Act 89 today, and I just 17 18 want to remind everybody of the successful process that we 19 used in order to get there. 20 First of all, the Transportation Advisory 21 Commission did a study of the actual needs gap for 22 transportation funding. We used that as a basis of looking 23 for a tangible legislative solution to that issue. 24 The Transportation Funding Advisory Commission 25 was formed by Governor Corbett. That body met and

1 deliberated for some 9 months, I believe, and came up with 2 sort of the framework that eventually became Act 89. 3 What I would like to recommend today is that we take sort of the same game plan, if you will, in the 4 Super Bowl lexicon of the day. I feel like Phil Simms: 5 We 6 talked about it a lot. 7 But in any event, going forward, let's enact your resolution that was cosponsored by many of the Members here 8 9 today, Resolution 622, which I think calls for the 10 Legislative Budget and Finance Committee to establish the 11 actual and appropriate number. That will give us a basis 12 as to what the delta is between the proper amount that should go to the State Police from the Motor License Fund, 13 14 and then we'll have that number. Then let's look at 15 putting a group together that can come up with some 16 solutions. 17 I mean, right now, as somebody stated earlier today, it's a budgetary issue. You can take it out of the 18 Motor License Fund, you can take it out of the General 19 20 Fund, or you can raise a tax. I mean, that's basically 21 where we are right now, so. And, you know, that's the same 22 sort of conundrum we were when we went into Act 89, but the group worked together; the General Assembly worked together 23 24 in a bipartisan manner and came up with a solution. I 25 think we can do that, too.

2looking at that same process going forward, starting with3enacting your resolution, Mr. Chairman.4Thank you.5MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thanks. I think we6were 77 minutes in before the word "tax" was brought up, so7that was pretty good.8And I thank you all for kind of hanging in here.9We're moving along pretty good.10So Eric Madden. Eric, how are you?11MR. MADDEN: I'm doing quite well.12Good afternoon. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, Members13of the Committee.14I have written some testimony, which I will15submit for the record, but I will just be very brief.16I'm Eric Madden, the Executive Vice President for17the American Council of Engineering Companies. We are a18statewide advocacy group for the engineering firms in19Pennsylvania. Our firms actually employ just over 10,00020engineers and over a thousand construction inspectors.21We actually played a very active role in the22Keystone Transportation Funding Coalition that actually23brought about Act 89. So again, if we have not said this24enough, thank you for your support. Thank you for your25vote.	1	So I would like to endorse time going back. I'm
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25 vote.	24	enough, thank you for your support. Thank you for your
	25	vote.

1 It was, quite honestly, Act 89 is a game changer. 2 But it's amazing that the gentleman to my left here, former Secretary Schoch, he said there are two things that will be 3 very detrimental to Act 89's success. One of those: 4 the 5 Federal Government. If they had not done their job and 6 actually enacted a full surface transportation 7 reauthorization, that would be very detrimental to Act 89. December of 2015, they did that. We have a 5-year bill 8 9 which provides us with stable funding for 5 years. 10 The second issue was any diversion from the Motor 11 License Fund, and that brings us to the issue which is 12 germane to us today, which is the State Police. 13 Mr. Chairman, I'm glad you had your opening. 14 This is nothing against State Police. What they do is 15 absolutely incredible. How they go about doing it and 16 putting themselves in harm's way every day, I do not want 17 that job. And I will be the first to tell you, they 18 probably are not -- they do not have the resources, enough 19 resources, for what they have to do. It's quite amazing. However, they have a constitutional 20 21 responsibility, as do we, the Department of Transportation, 22 because we find ourselves as an extension of that, and we're all shareholders in the Department of Transportation. 23 They have a duty of providing a safe and secure 24 25 infrastructure system, not only for the traveling public

1 but for our general commerce.

2	State Police has the exact same mission: safety,
3	security, for the individuals in this Commonwealth, our
4	visitors, and the traveling public and our commerce, motor
5	carrier enforcement. These are two jobs that nobody else
6	is going to do. These are basic functions of government.
7	Nobody else is going to do this. The government has to do
8	it, and we follow and we accept that responsibility quite
9	well. The problem is, we're competing for the same dollar.
10	When you look at the funding for State Police,
11	when that first came into fruition I believe it was in
12	the 1990s when there was a shift to fund portions of the
13	State Police out of the Motor License Fund it made
14	sense, complete sense. I think the number was roughly just
15	shy of \$200 million.
16	Fast-forward today, we find ourselves at
17	\$755 million. Nothing against that; however, do we find
18	our infrastructure, has that infrastructure and what they
19	patrol today, has that doubled, tripled, or quadrupled in
20	size?
21	We understand that the needs of State Police are
22	great, but the needs of protecting our infrastructure and
23	maintaining our infrastructure are great as well.
24	So again, we wholeheartedly support State Police.
25	Now is a great time with Act 89, the 5-year ramp-up we

1 are actually in year three of the 5-year ramp-up of the 2 full flower of Act 89 -- now's a great time to take a pause 3 and take a step back and find out where we find ourselves. And again, I wholeheartedly support your effort 4 for taking the resolution and taking that pause, find out 5 6 where we should be in terms of funding for State Police, 7 and where do we go from here? We also echo and actually support the map that 8 9 was found in Act 89 when you brought together a kitchen 10 cabinet, if you will, of stakeholders together to find 11 solutions to how to fill that delta, fill the gap. 12 State Police needs to be funded. We will be -- I 13 can speak for my association -- we will be there. We would 14 be more than happy to be a part of any conversation. We'll 15 be more than happy to be a part of any task force, any 16 working group, to sit there to actually find some solutions and bring them to you. We are a part of the problem and we 17 18 will be part of the solution, and you shouldn't be going 19 through this alone. So I will actually end there, and I'll entertain 20 21 any questions that you may have. 22 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you, Eric. And since we're actually legislatively mandated 23 to be upstairs in a few minutes, if you all could hang in 24 here for a few minutes. 25

1 Is Ted here? I know I saw Ted in the back. Ted, 2 I'm going to ask Chairman Saylor to flip a chair around for you right there and the microphone and you can join in. 3 4 MR. LEONARD: Okay. 5 I had submitted written testimony, so in the 6 interests of not standing between the Members and 7 lunch---MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Well, it's not lunch; 8 9 it's---10 MR. LEONARD: Being on the floor. I understand. 11 I don't think I could describe the problem any 12 more than Barry has. I think he has done an excellent job of outlining the issue. But either you have funds for 13 14 maintenance or the State Police. And as the previous 15 esteemed panel has already mentioned, we are also strong 16 supporters of what the State Police do in their day-to-day 17 functions and in the line of duty and so forth. 18 We were members of the TFAC, and as Eric 19 mentioned, if you were to put together a task force to 20 study this issue further, we would be pleased to take part in that as well. 21 22 We strongly support the resolution for the LB&F 23 to study the issue and see what the proper level of funding and what level of funding should come out of the Motor 24 25 License Fund.

And with that, I would be happy to answer any questions.

MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: 3 Thanks. 4 And just to again reiterate to the listening public here and to everybody here is that the hearing today 5 6 is based on the resolution, which we will be entertaining 7 later this week. It's Resolution 622. It is put forth by Chairman Keller and myself. And it really asks the 8 9 Legislative Budget and Finance Committee to do the best 10 they can to answer a very tough question, and that question 11 is, what percentage of the State Police's function is 12 dealing with our highways under the word "safety," which is in the State Constitution? 13

That is not at all an answer that we can then immediately act on. Depending what that number is, we will combine that with what some of the Secretary's suggestions are in terms of capping the fund and then the difficult question of what to do with that gap and what to do with funding the State Police as we move forward.

20 With that, I'll ask any Members if they have 21 questions of our panel?

They were very cooperative today, our Members,
Mr. Chairman--MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Yes, they were.
MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: ---in terms of taking

a very tough topic with very important witnesses and taking 1 2 this -- I'm sorry. We still have a few minutes, Marguerite, so we're good. 3 REPRESENTATIVE QUINN: Okay. So I'll just talk 4 5 slowly. 6 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Representative Quinn. 7 REPRESENTATIVE QUINN: Yeah; thanks. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and thanks to all of you 8 9 for being here. 10 I'm going back to something that Secretary 11 Richards said, and she said in her testimony that there was 12 a \$500 million cap assumed when Act 89 passed. I don't 13 recall discussions back then about that assumption and how 14 we were going to back-fill it then. MR. SCHOCH: I think she was referring to the 15 16 TFAC report rather than Act 89. 17 REPRESENTATIVE QUINN: Okay. MR. SCHOCH: TFAC examined a lot of different 18 scenarios. One was a cap at 500 million, and then saying 19 20 if you did that, what would that free up going forward? 21 Another was eliminating it altogether; meaning, take that 22 500 million and solve it with a General Fund solution, 23 which frees up 500 million for the Motor License Fund. 24 So you'd have to check with her to confirm that, but I believe she was referring to TFAC, not Act 89. 25 We

1 did not discuss, to my knowledge, any type of a cap with 2 Act 89. REPRESENTATIVE QUINN: Okay. And just when I'm 3 4 going back on my recollection here, wasn't part of Act 89 5 stamped a separate part, putting a cap on maintenance for 6 prevailing wage? 7 MR. SCHOCH: It changed the cap to which prevailing wage applied. It had never been changed since 8 9 it was initiated back in the sixties at 25 million. We 10 raised it to \$100 million. 11 REPRESENTATIVE QUINN: So would I see then the 12 maintenance line being---13 MR. SCHOCH: Well, that's a different issue. 14 That's her maintenance costs. 15 REPRESENTATIVE QUINN: Okay. 16 MR. SCHOCH: And what they need to put into maintenance to take care of the system. The definition of 17 18 a "project" by which prevailing wage would apply, that 19 changed. 20 REPRESENTATIVE QUINN: I was just wondering if 21 that changed---22 MR. SCHOCH: Yeah. Now, that's a different, that's a whole different---23 24 REPRESENTATIVE QUINN: --- and kicked in any more 25 money here.

1 MR. SCHOCH: That is a graph basically portraying 2 the department's maintenance costs to take care of the system -- winter maintenance; cracked ceiling; their paving 3 -- the type of work they do under maintenance. 4 5 REPRESENTATIVE OUINN: Gotcha. 6 MR. SCHOCH: The prevailing wage issue was 7 separate. That is for when they contract out and the 8 threshold by which prevailing wage applies. 9 REPRESENTATIVE QUINN: Okay. Thanks. 10 I could take this with you offline and get you to 11 session on time. 12 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes. And just, I think Barry said 100 million. You 13 14 mean 100,000 rather? MR. SCHOCH: 100,000. Sorry; yeah. Sorry; we 15 16 get into millions. 25,000 to 100,000. 17 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: So we don't get all the emails. 18 19 MR. SCHOCH: Yeah. What's a few zeros amongst 20 friends here? 21 That was a contentious one enough -- right, Mike? 22 -- without bringing it back to that. 25,000 to 100,000. 23 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Well, many of you have 24 offered to stay involved in this process. We appreciate 25 Whether it's a formal advisory group or much less that.

1	formal, I think we're going to try to move very quickly
2	during these next few months to come up with a proposed
3	solution that we can talk about.
4	So with that, Mr. Chairman?
5	MINORITY CHAIRMAN W. KELLER: Thank you,
6	Mr. Chairman.
7	This is an important issue, and I'm glad you're
8	going to stay on top of it.
9	MAJORITY CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And we have 3 minutes
10	to go before 1 o'clock. Very good.
11	All right. Thank you to everybody. This meeting
12	is adjourned.
13	
14	(At 12:57 p.m., the hearing concluded.)

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1	I hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings
2	are a true and accurate transcription produced from audio
3	on the said proceedings and that this is a correct
4	transcript of the same.
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7	Debre B. Miller
8	Debra B. Miller
9	Transcriptionist
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