COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

GAMING OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE PUBLIC HEARING

STATE CAPITOL HARRISBURG, PA

MAIN CAPITOL BUILDING ROOM B-31

MONDAY, MARCH 21, 2016 11:00 A.M.

PRESENTATION ON HB 1891 (PAYNE)
CONSOLIDATION OF REGULATORY OVERSIGHT
OF SMALL GAMES OF CHANCE
TO THE PA GAMING CONTROL BOARD

BEFORE:

HONORABLE JOHN PAYNE, MAJORITY CHAIRMAN

HONORABLE ROSEMARY BROWN

HONORABLE RUSS DIAMOND

HONORABLE GEORGE DUNBAR

HONORABLE SUE HELM

HONORABLE AARON KAUFER

HONORABLE KATE ANNE KLUNK

HONORABLE RYAN MACKENZIE

HONORABLE KURT MASSER

HONORABLE TEDD NESBIT

HONORABLE JASON ORTITAY

HONORABLE DAVID PARKER

HONORABLE JAMES SANTORA

HONORABLE PAUL SCHEMEL

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Pennsylvania House of Representatives Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

BEFORE (continued):

HONORABLE NICK KOTIK, DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN

HONORABLE TINA DAVIS

HONORABLE MARTY FLYNN

HONORABLE SID MICHAELS KAVULICH

HONORABLE WILLIAM KORTZ II

HONORABLE MARK ROZZI

COMMITTEE STAFF PRESENT:

JOSIAH SHELLY

MAJORITY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SHAWNE LEMASTER

MAJORITY LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

CHARLES MILLER

DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

I N D E X

TESTIFIERS

* * *

<u>NAME</u> <u>PAC</u>	ΞE
JOSIAH SHELLY MAJORITY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, HOUSE GAMING OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE	. 5
THOMAS W. HELSEL, JR. SECRETARY, PA ASSOCIATION OF NATIONALLY CHARTERED ORGANIZATIONS	. 6
TED MOWATT, CAE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, PA FEDERATION OF FRATERNAL AND SOCIAL ORGANIZATIONS	12
KEVIN F. O'TOOLE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, PA GAMING CONTROL BOARD	L5
SUBMITTED WRITTEN TESTIMONY	
* * *	
(See submitted written testimony and handouts online.	.)

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	* * *
3	MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Good morning.
4	I would like to call the House Gaming Oversight
5	Committee meeting to order.
6	We'll stand for the Pledge of Allegiance.
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8	(The Pledge of Allegiance was recited.)
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10	MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Can I have a roll call,
11	please.
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13	(Roll was taken.)
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15	MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Thank you.
16	The Chair would just like to make two comments
17	and then I'll turn it over to my colleague, Representative
18	Kotik.
19	First, there is an agenda that will come out this
20	afternoon to the Committee Members for April's hearing
21	dates. It's an aggressive schedule.
22	Now, you have to remember, we are restricted
23	under two things. We can only have hearings on session
24	days, so we can't have hearings on nonsession days, and
25	there's no travel permitted. So eliminating Mondays, that

means all the hearings have to be on Tuesdays or

Wednesdays, and the fact that we're only here 2 weeks and

then off 2 weeks means we're doing hearings every Tuesday

and Wednesday that we're in session.

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Second, I encourage the Members to look at the packets that come out. We will start voting bills out of the Committee. We will have all the voting part in the front half of the meeting and the public hearing part in the second half of the meeting in order to get as much done as I'm being asked to do.

With that, I'll turn it over to Chairman Kotik.

MINORITY CHAIRMAN KOTIK: Let's proceed,

Mr. Chairman.

MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Thank you.

Josiah will do a brief explanation on House Bill 1891.

MR. SHELLY: House Bill 1891 essentially amends the Small Games of Chance Act to take all of the Department of Revenue's authority over small games and gives it to the Gaming Control Board.

We did receive a letter from the Department of Revenue, who was unable to testify today, noting that they are in support of the bill with one suggested legislative change, which will be adding a provision saying that the Department's regulations shall be enforced until the

1 | Gaming Control Board promulgates their own.

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MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Thank you, Josiah.

Another question has come up prior to today's hearing, and that was the actual fees associated with the small games and whether revenue is sufficient, based on when was the last time the fee structure was changed. I'm going to ask Josiah and Chuck to work together and look at that, and we can incorporate that into the bill if so need be.

With that, we'll turn it over to the first presenter, which is Tom Helsel. Tom, you're up.

MR. HELSEL: Good morning.

Chairman Payne, Chairman Kotik, Members of the House Gaming Oversight Committee, once again, it's my pleasure to be able to present testimony before this committee.

My name is Tom Helsel, and I am the Secretary of the Pennsylvania Association of Nationally Chartered Organizations. PANCO is comprised of individual lodges, posts, and aeries of the Elks, the Moose, the American Legion, the VFW, and the Eagles.

With House Bill 1891, Chairman Payne is offering the concept of consolidating the regulatory oversight of small games of chance to the PA Gaming Control Board. This would entail moving legislatively enacted regulatory

oversight given to the Department of Revenue under the Local Option Small Games of Chance to the PGCB.

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PANCO believes that this proposal has merit, yet we have some reservations. We believe this is a great opportunity to look into the pros and cons of shifting the oversight from Revenue and to address a few issues regardless of agency oversight.

A major concern to our membership is the inability to obtain a binding legal opinion, or for that matter, any legal opinion, with regard to small games.

Over the years, there have been questions asked by our members on the operation and conduct of small games in which a binding legal opinion would have been beneficial.

Unlike Act 61 of 1993, which requires the

PA Liquor Control Board to provide a binding legal opinion

upon written request, small games is devoid of that

opportunity. We would like to see a similar provision

enacted with whomever the oversight agency is.

Act 2 of 2012 established a semiannual reporting requirement for club licensees, which was amended to an annual report by Act 90 of 2013. Due to various issues, the first filing date did not occur until July of 2015, and the biggest complaint we have received has been the amount of time and energy required to file the report.

Act 2 requires the reporting of weekly income by

type of game. For some larger organizations, that alone could amount to well over 400 entries, while for smaller clubs it amounts to over 150, and that represents just the income reporting requirement. The Committee may recall the testimony from Colleen Freeman on April 23rd of 2015 on the trials and tribulations associated with small games recordkeeping and reporting.

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It may be presumed one of the major reasons requiring a weekly tabulation on the annual report is the \$35,000 weekly payout limit and that a cursory review of those weekly payouts could potentially identify a possible violation. Should the weekly limit be removed, as being considered in House Bill 1313, this reason is no longer relevant, as no violation would have occurred. We would suggest that the annual report be simplified to require only annual totals for income and would agree that those totals could be delineated by type of game.

The current law and regulations require licensees to maintain small games records on a daily, weekly, monthly, and annual basis. It is our belief that simplifying the annual report would not diminish transparency, and since licensees would still be required to maintain those mandated records, any audit done by the oversight agency would pick up potential violations.

Requiring licensees to file the extensive income

information is akin to asking the personal taxpayer to report his income on a weekly basis on the PA-40. We are not suggesting that the requirement to list the proceeds be altered.

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PANCO believes that House Bill 1891 would be an ideal vehicle to make several necessary changes to the Small Games Act. Such changes would include the concepts included in Representative Dan Moul's bill, House Bill 1313, as well as the aforementioned changes.

Several seemingly innocuous changes have been brought to my attention. Number one is amending the definition of costs being able to be deducted from gross revenue to include costs associated with operating a raffle; and two, to allow a club licensee to operate small games off premises on limited occasions.

In defining "proceeds," the money available either for charitable or club purposes, only the cost of purchasing the game as well as the prize payouts are permitted to be deducted before determining the proceeds. This may work well for most types of small games, but when it concerns raffles, there are numerous occasions when the organization provides other amenities within the price of the raffle ticket. In most of these occasions, we're talking about providing some type of food, whether it's a sit-down affair or a buffet style.

Where the cost of providing these amenities may be deducted is not clearly defined. Should they be deducted as a cost of the game prior to determining proceeds or as a part of the club portion, the 40 percent of the proceeds? We would argue that it represents a legitimate cost of the game and should be deducted prior to determining proceeds.

Many of our more rural members had historically operated small games of chance at community fairs. Act 2 eliminated the historical provision which had previously allowed club licensees to participate in that style of fundraising at those events. We would suggest either restoring the historical provision or the creation of a special-occasion permit that would allow the same.

Again, I appreciate the opportunity that you have provided and would like to commend the Chairman and the Committee on the extensive time and energy that you have put in for the gaming in Pennsylvania, and in particular, everything you have done for us on behalf of small games.

MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Thank you.

Questions for Tom?

Seeing none, we'll -- whoops.

Representative Kortz.

REPRESENTATIVE KORTZ: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Thank you, sir, for your testimony.

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1 You mentioned in the beginning that one of the 2 major concerns is the inability to obtain a binding legal opinion on matters? That's the major concern of your 3 organization? MR. HELSEL: I have a number of my members that 5 6 have tried to get an opinion on various matters of small 7 games, and we really have never been able to get a legal opinion from, at this point it's the Department of Revenue. 8 9 Obviously, PLCB cannot give us one because they have no oversight on that. Our only recourse at this point 10 11 is to go to Revenue, and at this point in time, there is no 12 requirement for them to give us a binding legal opinion. 13 REPRESENTATIVE KORTZ: Well, do you believe the 14 Gaming Control Board can do that for you? 15 MR. HELSEL: I would believe that either agency, 16 depending on whoever has the agency oversight, would be 17 able to do that. But at this point, there is no requirement for them to do so. 18 19 REPRESENTATIVE KORTZ: Okay. Thank you. 2.0 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 21 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Thank you. 2.2 Thank you, Tom. 23 MR. HELSEL: Thank you. 24 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Next, we'll move on to

the Pennsylvania Federation of Fraternal and Social

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1 Organizations. Ted, all yours. 2 MR. MOWATT: Good morning. 3 I'm going to similarly try to keep us on schedule 4 today. 5 MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Thank you. MR. MOWATT: I know it's a busy morning for many 6 7 of us. Chairs Payne and Kotik and the Members of the 8 9 House Gaming Oversight Committee, I am Ted Mowatt, 10 Executive Director of the Pennsylvania Federation of 11 Fraternal and Social Organizations. 12 I very much appreciate this opportunity to 13 comment on now House Bill 1891 to move the oversight of the 14 Local Option Small Games of Chance Act to the Gaming Control Board. 15 16 The PFFSO is a statewide organization of 17 approximately 500 social clubs, veterans clubs, fire 18 companies, and other nonprofit service organizations 19 throughout the State. Our clubs provide numerous 2.0 charitable works in the local communities, funded largely, by law, by small games of chance. 21 2.2 We generally agree with the prior comments of 23 Tom Helsel, and my remarks should be seen as supplementary. 24

Our members are now nearly a year into reporting under the updated Local Option Small Games of Chance Act,

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and by and large, it appears that it's going rather smoothly. We do have some suggestions on possible changes to the reporting requirements and appreciate the opportunity to share them with you today.

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Although we do recognize that the system in place for applying, reporting, and enforcement involves a handful of unrelated agencies and understand the desire of a more streamlined approach to small games of chance, we have some reservations about moving charitable gaming under the umbrella of for-profit casino gambling.

The Department of Revenue has for nearly 30 years now had some responsibility for setting regulations and now for receiving reports regarding the small games of chance, even though there is little "skin in the game" for them since only the tavern-gaming portion is subject to tax.

We would, of course, like to keep small games of chance for nonprofits out of the tax discussion and retain the charitable purpose of the raffles and the pull-tabs proceeds. We feel that moving the reporting and regulatory functions of the Gaming Board will result in small games of chance being "lost in the shuffle," so to speak, behind the weightier issues of casinos for the Board and the staff and could further subject the charities to the mindset of the casino interests, when the two industries are distinct.

The bulk of this proposed legislation deals

primarily with the registration and conduct of distributors and manufacturers, but we believe that putting small games of chance under the Gaming Board would eventually lead to a complete takeover of the charitable gaming infrastructure that our local communities depend on by the Board and the casino industry that is currently generating a lot of money itself for property tax reform and for tourism, but again, is distinct from the local community tradition and culture of small games. We ask that you consider carefully the potential ramifications of this well-intended idea.

Let me be clear: We do not oppose this legislation, but we want to be sure that the current structure and culture of small games of chance is preserved.

Thank you again for this opportunity, and I would welcome any questions.

MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Thank you, Ted.

Questions?

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Thank you.

MR. MOWATT: Mission accomplished.

MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Next, we have

22 Kevin O'Toole, the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board.

And while Kevin is coming up, let me just state for the record, the Chair, and I believe I can even speak for Nick, our intent here is to streamline the process of

reporting: to lower the dollar amount required for application; to remove the provision for a violation that's on the liquor license instead of the Gaming Control -- I mean, instead of the gaming license; and to, if we can, make all the reporting easier, quicker, and more efficient.

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I believe the Gaming Control Board is the correct place for that. I believe gaming is gaming. If you have a gaming addiction, that's no different whether it's in a casino or a punchboard or a scratch-off ticket or the lottery.

And on that, Kevin, it's all yours.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR O'TOOLE: Thank you, Chairman.

Good morning, Chairman Payne and Chairman Kotik and Members of the House Gaming Oversight Committee.

As you know, I'm Kevin O'Toole. I'm the

Executive Director of the Pennsylvania Gaming Control

Board. I'm pleased to be here this morning to testify on

House Bill 1891 as introduced by Executive Director Shelly.

Our written comments have been submitted. They were a little bit more expansive than HB 1891, but I gather that that is the specific topic for this morning, so I will limit my comments to the Small Games of Chance Act.

But first of all, I would like to thank the Committee for their consideration of this proposal, because it does show confidence in the Gaming Control Board's

ability to regulate gaming activity. It is much appreciated by members of the Board and by my staff to see our agency recognized in such a positive way.

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However, you know, gambling need not and should not be considered equal in all contexts, and it does justify different models of regulatory oversight.

The Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board was created as a result of legalized commercial gambling in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania over 10 years ago. It's a big job. It's a big industry. It has generated billions of dollars in revenue and billions of dollars in gaming taxes to the Commonwealth, and it has benefited an enormous number of constituencies throughout the Commonwealth in the relatively short history of legalized gaming.

Turning to the Small Games of Chance Act,
consolidating that type of gaming activity into the full
jurisdiction of the Gaming Control Board does not
necessarily fit well into the construct of the Board. In
regulating the casino industry, it's important to have
stringent and comprehensive oversight in a number of
different areas -- licensing, operations through internal
controls, testing of gaming equipment, investigations,
audits, enforcement. It's quite comprehensive.

So our position is that in the current state of small games of chance, it's a different scope. And so long

as that scope remains at a relatively modest level -- we certainly are familiar with the tavern gaming legislation. We appeared last week in conjunction with some amendments to the tavern-gaming portion of the Small Games of Chance Act. And so long as the gambling is limited to pull-tabs, daily drawings, and monthly raffles with limits on the price of the pull-tab or the price of a drawing ticket, limits on the maximum payout, and limits on the weekly amount of payouts, we don't think that the Gaming Control Board's full oversight necessarily benefits taking over that component of gambling within the Commonwealth.

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understand that if there was any consolidation of regulatory oversight with the Board, we have been able to carve out an adequate and very limited ability to pay for the background investigations that the Board conducts on the Tavern Gaming Act side. But if that were to expand beyond that, you know, there would have to be a more comprehensive separation to ensure that the casino industry does not foot the bill of regulating small games of chance.

And in a concluding note, I would like to emphasize that the casino industry would have no role in regulating either, you know, small games of chance. So with all due respect to the previous testifiers, that point would not be relevant.

1	So I thank you very much for inviting us today
2	and certainly would answer any questions.
3	MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: Thank you.
4	And yes, today's hearing is only on House Bill
5	1891. So I appreciate your testimony.
6	Questions?
7	Seeing none, thank you very much.
8	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR O'TOOLE: You're welcome.
9	MAJORITY CHAIRMAN PAYNE: With that, the Chair
10	will ask if the Members have any other questions of any of
11	the speakers?
12	Seeing none, the motion for adjournment. So
13	moved.
14	This hearing is adjourned.
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16	(At 11:21 a.m., the public hearing concluded.)

1	I hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings
2	are a true and accurate transcription produced from audio
3	on the said proceedings and that this is a correct
4	transcript of the same.
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7	Debre B. Meller
8	Debra B. Miller
9	Transcriptionist
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23	* * *
24	DBM Reporting
25	dbmreporting@msn.com